

# ROMAN PROVINCIAL COINAGE

CONSOLIDATED SUPPLEMENT

I-III

(1992 - 2015)

Pere Pau Ripollès  
Andrew Burnett  
Michel Amandry  
Ian Carradice  
Marguerite Spoerri Butcher

2015

[http://rpc.ashmus.ox.ac.uk/supp/rpc\\_cons\\_supp\\_1-3.pdf](http://rpc.ashmus.ox.ac.uk/supp/rpc_cons_supp_1-3.pdf)

# ROMAN PROVINCIAL COINAGE

CONSOLIDATED SUPPLEMENT

I-III  
(1992 - 2015)

# ROMAN PROVINCIAL COINAGE

CONSOLIDATED SUPPLEMENT

I-III

(1992 - 2015)

Pere Pau Ripollès  
Andrew Burnett  
Michel Amandry  
Ian Carradice  
Marguerite Spoerri Butcher

2015

[http://rpc.ashmus.ox.ac.uk/supp/rpc\\_cons\\_supp\\_1-3.pdf](http://rpc.ashmus.ox.ac.uk/supp/rpc_cons_supp_1-3.pdf)



ISBN: 978-1-910807-06-4

To  
*Rick Witschonke*  
and  
*Leandre Villaronga*

# CONTENTS

Preface	v
Acknowledgements	vi
Introduction	viii
Julio-Claudian period ( <i>RPC I</i> )	1
Spain	2
Gaul	48
Italy	51
Sardinia	52
Sicily	53
Africa	56
Cyrenaica and Crete	63
Achaea	66
Macedonia	80
Thrace	87
Moesia	92
The Northern Black Sea	96
Bithynia and Pontus	99
Asia	107
Lycia-Pamphylia	135
Galatia	138
Cappadocia	141
Cilicia Tracheia	143
Kingdoms of Asia Minor	145
Cyprus	149
Syria	150
Judaean Kingdom	172
Egypt	174
Uncertain	178
Flavian period ( <i>RPC II</i> )	185
Crete	187
Achaea	188
Macedonia	191
Thrace	195
Moesia	196
The Northern Black Sea	197
Latin Coins from Thrace	198
Bithynia and Pontus	199
Asia	204
Uncertain of Asia Minor	213
Lycia-Pamphylia	214
Galatia-Cappadocia	215
Cilicia	218
Cyprus	221
Syria	222
Judaea	224
Egypt	225
Uncertain	228
Concordance <i>RPC II</i> / <i>RIC II</i> , <sup>1,2</sup>	230
Gordian I to Gordian III ( <i>RPC VII.1</i> )	232
Asia	233
Index to Cities	250
<i>RPC I</i> and <i>II</i>	251
<i>RPC VII.1</i>	266

# PREFACE

The occasion of the publication of *RPC III* in September 2015 has prompted the production of this *Consolidated Supplement I-III (1992-2015)*. As in the case of *Supplement II* and *III*, it is published online.

The *Consolidated Supplement I-III* brings together all the material published in *Supplement I* (1998), *Supplement II* (2006) and *Supplement III* (2014). The *Consolidated Supplement* does not include any new material, except in the case of *RPC VII.1* (where any new type has been catalogued as S4-VII.1-xxx).

The text of the previous *Supplements* has been deliberately left unchanged, to help avoid bibliographic confusions, except in the rare cases where the entries were contradictory. In addition, minor mistakes have been corrected, and some references which were ‘forthcoming’ at the time of original publication have also been added.

The production of the *Consolidated Supplement* is entirely the work of Pere Pau Ripollès, and we are all very grateful to him for taking on this very considerable task.

We will not be producing any further Supplements. Plans are currently being made to retroconvert all of *RPC I*, *II* and *VII.1*, and to add them to the *RPC Online* database. The timetable for this is not yet certain, and we have not yet decided how to incorporate supplementary material, but, as ever, we would be very grateful to anyone who can send it additions.

We are very grateful to the University of Oxford for hosting the *Consolidated Supplement*. Oxford seems now the natural place, since it is the location of *RPC Online*.

Future volumes will be published both online (catalogue only) and on paper. At the time of writing, *RPC IX*, Decius to Uranius Antoninus (AD 249–54), by A. Hostein (Paris), J. Mairat (Oxford) and commenced by †E. Levante (Paris), is already online and paper publication is expected in 2016. The next volumes to appear will be *RPC VI* Elagabalus to Maximinus (AD 218–38) by D. Calomino (London), with contributions by S. Matthies (Berlin) and A. Burnett (London); and then *RPC IV* The Antonine Period (AD 138–92), by C. Howgego (Oxford) and V. Heuchert (Oxford).

Michel Amandry	<a href="mailto:michel.amandry@noos.fr">michel.amandry@noos.fr</a>
Andrew Burnett	<a href="mailto:andrewmburnett@hotmail.com">andrewmburnett@hotmail.com</a>
Chris Howgego	<a href="mailto:chris.howgego@ashmus.ox.ac.uk">chris.howgego@ashmus.ox.ac.uk</a>

General Editors  
September 2015

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to express our warm thanks to the following scholars, dealers and collectors for correcting mistakes and giving us new information. We apologise if we have inadvertently omitted anyone.

R. Abdy	S. Frey-Kupper
P. Agallopoulou	O. Gavrailov
J. Aiello	S. Gjongecaj
J.-C. Alphonse	J. Goddard
S. Altunluk	M. Gozalbes
E. Apostolou	C. Grandjean
C. Arnold-Biucchi	V. Heuchert
M. Arslan	W. Holt
R. H. J. Ashton	C. J. Howgego
D. Barag †	R. Hudson
S. Barbara	A. Humphries
P. Beliën	H. Ihl
S. Bendall	P.-F. Jacquier
M. Bennett	F. Jarman
M. Blet-Lemarquand	St. Karwiese
L. Bricault	J. Kagan
K. Buraselis	I. Karayotov
F. Burrer	L. Keppie
K. Butcher	A. Keshet
D. Calomino	U. Klein
M. Campo	J. Knowler
P. J. Casey	K. Konuk
F. Chaves Tristan	F. Kovacs
T. Cheesman	S. Kremydi
A. Chéné	M. Kreuzer
J. C. Christiansen	A. Kushnir-Stein †
C. L. Clay	F. Leybold †
G. Cores	B. E. Levy
R. Cortés	N. Litinas
M. H. Crawford	M. M. Llorens
H. Cuvigny	C. Marcos
A. D'Hautcourt	R. Martini
K. Dahmen	R. McAlee
B. L. Damsky	K. McDevitt
B. C. Demetriadi	A. Meadows
P. Donovan	S. Middleton
T. Drew-Bear	J. Montañés
R. Effler	J. Moorhead
C. England	J. Muona
W. Fisher-Bossert	B. Murphy
M. Fox	Y. T. Nercessian

J. Noory  
P. Otero Morán  
E. Papaefthymiou  
O. Picard  
R. Pincock  
G. Plankenhorn  
G. Poenaru Bordea †  
M. Prieur †  
K. Ramage  
P. Requier  
C. Rhodes  
J.-P. Righetti  
C. Roettger  
G. B. Rogers †  
A. Ronde  
D. Salzmann  
H.-D. Schultz  
F. Sikner  
T. Sisó  
H. Sneh  
K. Sommer  
A. Spaer †  
W. M. Stancomb  
D. Stepaniuk  
D. Syon

O. Tekin  
G. Terzian  
P. Thackray  
A. Tricarico  
A. Tsarabopoulos  
A. Velázquez  
J. Vico  
L. Villaronga  
P. Villemur  
B. Vincens  
E. Vink  
L. Vonck  
K. Vondrovec  
J. S. Wagner  
E. Walczak  
M. Weder  
R. Weigel  
A. Wenniger  
K. Wetterstrom  
R. Whiting  
J. Wiercinska  
R. J. A. Wilson  
R. B. Witschonke †  
B. Zäch

Photographs of the casts were made, as usual, by Dominique Biasi (Paris). Most of the digital photos come from [www.coinarchives.com](http://www.coinarchives.com), a wonderful tool.

# INTRODUCTION

## To *RPC Supp. I*

The reprinting of the original edition of *RPC I* has been the occasion to publish the first *Supplement*, with corrections and additions. Minor corrections to the text have been incorporated into the reprint, but for the sake of clarity they are also listed here (p. x-xii).

We are grateful to Richard Ashton and John Casey for allowing us to use their unpublished catalogues of coins in the Sinop, Fethiye and Afyon museums. ‘Field-testing’ *RPC* in this way, and in particular the considerable number of coins of Phrygia in Afyon, have reinforced our confidence in the good coverage of *RPC I*, since they included only a very few corrections to readings that were previously uncertain, and nothing at all that is completely new. Thus we believe that our original view that anything not in *RPC* was not only rare, but extremely rare, has been vindicated.

Reviews of *RPC I* have been published by I. Murray (*NCirc.* Dec. 1992, pp. 349-51); R. Albert (*NMB* 41/12 Dezember 1992, p. 345); A. Marques de Faria (*Arqueologia* 22, 1992, pp. 33-7; *Vipasca* 2, 1993, pp. 140-46); C. Howgego (*JRS* 83, 1993, pp. 199-203); K. Butcher (*NC* 1993, pp. 292-99); S.Y. Lerdahl (*NMF-Nytt* 1, 1993, pp. 71-3); J. van Heesch (*RBN* 139, 1993, pp. 345-49); M.P. García Bellido (*AEspA* 66, 1993, pp. 341-45); R. Calciati (*Panorama Numismatico* 70, dic. 1993, pp. 23-4); B. Overbeck (*JNG* 42/43, 1992/93, pp. 373-74); M. Crawford (*Athenaeum* 82, 1994, pp. 593-5); L. Villaronga (*AN* 24, 1994, 229-34); H.-M. von Kaenel (*SNR* 73, 1994, pp. 209-16); W. E. Metcalf (*JRA* 8, 1995, pp. 348-58); F. Rebuffat (*RN* 1995, 282-5); J. Kroll (*AJN* 5-6, 1993-4 [1995], pp. 241-8). There is also a discussion by H.D. Schultz in (eds) C. Morrisson, B. Kluge, *A Survey of Numismatic Research 1990-1995* (Berlin, 1997), pp. 220-21.

The review by W.E. Metcalf includes a detailed concordance between the plates of *FITA* and *RPC*.

We have not taken detailed account here of R. Martini and N. Vismara, *Monetazione provinciale romana II (Collezione Winsemann Falghera)* (1992), or R. Martini, *Monetazione provinciale romana III (Bibliografia generale)* (1992) and *Monetazione provinciale romana IV (Prontuario delle zecche imperiali romane provinciali)* (1992). A very full discussion of them has been given by A. Walker, *SNR* 72 (1993), pp. 229-43, who has included a detailed comparison of these works with *RPC*, especially the coins which are said to be omitted from *RPC*. Relevant points are noted below.

See also A. Mlasowsky, ‘Nomini ac Fortunae Caesarum Proximi. Die Sukzessionspropaganda der Römischen Kaiser von Augustus bis Nero im Spiegel der Reichsprägung unter der Archäologischen Quellen’, *JDAI* 111 (1996), pp. 249-388. Proper reference should also have been made previously to D. Kienast, ‘Der heilige Senat. Senatskult und ‘kaiserlicher’ Senat’, *Chiron* 15 (1985), pp. 253-78.

This is not the place to enter a new discussion of the issues raised in the original chapters of the introduction to *RPC I*. But a few additional points or corrections can be made:

p.4 Table of imperial honorary magistracies: delete Tiberius at Paestum (610-11: a flamen of Tiberius; cf. p. 159 and C. Howgego, *NC* 1989, p. 203 n.12); add Drusus Minor (Acci 137) and Germanicus (Acci 137). Change subsequent word from ‘Usually’ to ‘Sometimes’.

pp. 26ff Denominations: see also now R. Ziegler, 'Methodologische Überlegungen zur Rekonstruktion von Nominalsystem der Stadtischen Aes-prägung in Osten des römischen Reiches', *LMV* 4 (1992), pp. 189-213, and R. Ziegler, *Kaiser, Heer und Städtisches Geld* (1993), pp. 25-58; J. Kroll, 'Hemiobols to Assaria: the Bronze Coinage of Roman Aigion', *NC* 1996, pp. 49-78.

p. 43 Second column, seven lines from bottom: 151 is not an *imperial* statue.

Concordance between Roman governors of Anatolia in *RPC* I and G. Stumpf, *Numismatische Studien zur Chronologie der Römischen Statthalter in Kleinasien* (1991) (see also commentary on individual issues above):

Stumpf			<i>RPC</i>	
138-9	P. Sulpicius Q. f. Rufus	46/5 BC	2107, 2155	c.46/5 BC
140	M. (Sempronius) Rutilus	44 BC (Cilicia) following Syme	3517, cf. 5407	40s BC
142	M. Tullius Cicero	29/28 BC?	2448	early 20s
143	Potitus Valerius Messalla	23/22 & 22/21 BC	3067	c.25 BC
144-50	Paullus Fabius Q.f. Maximus	10/9 BC	2930-342	10-9 BC
151	C. Asinius C.f. Gallus	6/5 BC	2447	5 BC
152	P. Cornelius P. f. P. n. Scipio	5-2 BC	2392	c. 8/7 BC?
153	M. Plautius M.f.A.n. Silvanus	AD 4/5	2364	AD 4/5
154-60	P. Vedius Pollio	31-29 BC	2634-	8early Augustan
161	Pompeius Macer	Augustan	2687	late Augustan
162-74	Thorius Flaccus	c. 28 BC	2027-30, 2062-3	c. 25 BC
177	Ap. Claudius Pulcher	28/7 BC	2009	27 BC
178-9	M. Granius Marcellus	AD 14/15	2097	AD 141/5
180-1	Q. Poppaeus Q.f.Q.n. Secundus	before 20	2368	17/18? (181 fake?)
182-4	M. Aemilius Lepidus	26/7 & 27/8	3219	26/8 (not Roman?)
185-6	P. Petronius P.f.	28-36	2369, 2469	c. 29-35
187-8	P. Vitellius	17/18	2064	c. 17-19?
189-90	Priscus	17-24	3552-3	18 or 21-3
191-6	Basila	before 37	3546-51, S-3571	14-15 or 35-7
197-9	C. Calpurnius Aviola	37/8	2471-3	37/8
200-2	C. Asinius C. f. Pollio	after 38/9	2995	28/9?
203-4	L. Pedanius Secundus	49/50 or 50/1	2461-2	52/3 (? not Roman)
205-12	Cn. Domitius Cn. f. Corbulo	51-4	3211-2	50/1
213-20	L. Mindius Pollio	41	2031, 2065-72	c.42
221-33	L. Mindius Balbus	43/4 or 44/5	2043-6, 2076-9	c.48-9?
234-8	P. Pasidienus Firmus	45/6 & 46/7	2047-8, 2080-1, 2089	c.50
239-57	C. Cadius Rufus	47/8	2032-42, 2073-5	c.47/8
-	C. Sertorius Brocchus	-	S-2101A	c. 49-54
258-9	L. Dunius Severus	Claudian	2098-9	c.50
260-76	M. Annius Afrinus	49-54	3541-3, 3555-61	c.49-54
277	Marius Cordus	c.55?	3136	55/6 (not Roman?)
278-9	M. Vettius Niger	56-8?	3137-8	56/7
280-5	P. Volasenna	62-3	3111-3	62/3?
286-94	M? Acilius C.f. Aviola	65/6	2626-32	65/6
295-30	Ti. Attius Laco	soon after 54	2050-3, 2091-3,	c.54/5
304-7	M. Tarquinius Priscus	before 61	2056-9	c.56-9
308	L. Montanus	Neronian	2083	c.60

## ABBREVIATIONS

(in addition to those listed in *RPC I*, pp. ix-xi)

<i>CNH</i>	L. Villaronga, <i>Corpus Nummum Hispaniae Ante Augusti Aetatem</i> (Madrid, 1994)
Franke-Nollé	P.R. Franke, M.K. Nollé, <i>Die Homonoia-Münzen Kleinasiens und der Thrakischen Randgebiete</i> , vol. I: <i>Katalog</i> (Saarbrücker Studien zur Archäologie und Alten Geschichte 10) (Saarbrücken, 1997)
Hahn, <i>Frauen</i>	U. Hahn, <i>Die Frauen des römischen Kaiserhauses und ihre Ehrungen im griechischen Osten anhand epigraphischer und numismatischer Zeugnisse von Livia bis Sabina</i> (Saarbrücker Studien zur Archäologie und Alten Geschichte 8) (Saarbrücken, 1994)
Leschhorn, <i>AA</i>	W. Leschhorn, <i>Antike Ären. Zeitrechnung, Politik und Geschichte im Schwarzmeerraum und in Kleinasien nördlich des Tauros</i> (Historia, Einzelschriften 81) (Stuttgart, 1993)
<i>NNB</i>	<i>Numismatisches Nachrichtenblatt</i>

### Minor corrigenda

This list includes minor errors, such as mistaken numerals or letters. These mistakes were corrected in the reprint (1998) of *RPC I*.

- p. 9 Note 22: for *RIC* 1-25, read *RIC* 1-10.
- p. 18 Right column, second paragraph: ‘fifteen in Africa’, not ‘fourteen in Africa’.
- p. 19 Right column, line 12: read ‘from the quadrans up to the sestertius’ not ‘from the semis up to the sestertius’.
- p. 26 Spain, second paragraph: for *RIC* 1-25, read *RIC* 1-10.
- p. 38 Right column, second paragraph: read 2569-73, not 2669-73.
- p. 69 Left column, second line: for ‘(Dio III.25)’ read ‘(Dio LIII, 26,1)’.
- p. 79 70/3: for L 2029, read L 2069.
- p. 86 Patricia, fourth line: for *AJN* 1980, read *AJN* 1982.
- p. 88 Acci, first line: for ‘Latin right’, read ‘*ius Italicum*’.
- p. 93 Heading of 158-9 should be *Conduc Malleol Iviri quinq.*
- p. 95 174, heading: read *Turullius* instead of *Turullio*.
- p. 101 204, right column, sixth line: delete ligature on BAEB.
- p. 105 Emporiae, right column, second line: for ΕΜΠΙΟΠΙΤΟΝ, read ΕΜΠΙΟΠΙΤΩΝ.
- p. 112 267: the reverse legend is L CAL SEX NI [AED].
- p. 115 Left column, table of weights: the weight of 303 (21mm, 5.09 g) is in the wrong position.
- p. 118 Right column, before 345: for Catus read Cato.
- p. 123 345, heading: for M. Catus, read M Cato. Another specimen: Aureo 1/3/1995, lot 142, 24.95.
- p. 127 Left column, last line: for 398-91, read 389-91.
- p. 139 Left column, 8<sup>th</sup> line: for 141 read 242.
- p. 140 455: the reverse legend is CLVNIA L SEMP RVF CN AE GRACILI AED.
- p. 141 First column, in the heading of 462: for L Caeli Alacris, read L Caelius Alacer.
- p. 143 476/70: for *BSAA* read *BSEAA*.
- p. 158 602: read *FTTA* 61-64, not 43.
- p. 177 661: torch is in front of head, not behind.
- p. 180 674/1: for p. 601 read p. 607.
- p. 181 676/1: for L 1928- read L 1938-.

- p. 192 737/1: for L 1937-4-15-6, 10.98, read L 1938-5-12-6, 11.84.  
738: read 'As 731' not 'As 732'.  
742, 743: D D/P P (i.e. as 731-5), not P P/D D.
- p. 196 762/4: the weight is 32.98 (not 24.5).  
763/3: the weight is 17.85 g.
- p. 204 806/2: G, not H.
- p. 207 833/3: the weight is 7.74, not 7.54.
- p. 221 919: the reading should be ΑΥΛΟΣ ΠΟΥΠΙΟΣ L, not ΑΥΑΟΣ ΗΟΥΠΙΟΣ L.
- p. 227 Right column, exclusions: correct Petellius to P Atellius.
- p. 232 964/3: for L 1926-1-16-31, read L 1926-1-16-37.  
965/5: for L 1926- , read L 1920-.
- p. 237 982/1-4: for 1947-6-6-753 and 754, read 1947-6-6-754 and 755.
- p. 262 1289/3: for L 1939-, read L 1929-.
- p. 271 1357/2: for L 1929-, read L 1920-.
- p. 272 Nicopolis, left column, 6<sup>th</sup> line: for *NC* 1975 read *NC* 1976.
- p. 282 1433/2: for L 1839-12-2-249, read L 1839-12-24-249.
- p. 292 1517/1: for L 1919-5-1-2, read L 1919-5-13-2.
- p. 310 1656/8: for L 1974-8-21 read L 1974-8-2-1.
- p. 314 1715/1: for L 1913-21-2-6, read 1913-6-21-2.
- p. 315 1721: read ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΟΡΟΣ, not ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΡΟΡΟΣ.
- p. 322 1775/1: for L 1910-7-2-1, read L 1910-7-12-1.  
1779/1: for L = BMC 99, read L = BMC 61.
- p. 349 Nicomedia, left column, 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph, last line: For (See also) addenda, 2031, read addenda, 2068A.
- p. 358 2128/1: for vA 232, read vA 233.
- p. 366 Right column, after 5, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, 8<sup>th</sup> line: for *Monnaies Grecques*, p. 10, read p. 100.
- p. 379 2219: for 479-82, read 483-534.
- p. 387 2268/3 is G Uncertain 60 (not 59).
- p. 394 2326/1-2: the weights have been interchanged.
- p. 402 2362: temple with two columns (not four columns).
- p. 403 2364/2-4: for L = BMC 243, 245-6, read L = BMC 243, 242, 245.  
2371/3: for 1844 read 1840.
- p. 418 Left column, second paragraph (at end): 2476 (not 2477).
- p. 420 2481: ZMY not ZM.
- p. 448 2698: for *GIC* 349, read *GIC* 377.
- p. 449 Miletus intro 5b: Weber 6059 not 6659.
- p. 454 Rhodes, right column, line 10: for late read later.
- p. 455 Left column, lines 1-2: for 2749-67 read 2748-69.
- p. 459 2782: specimen 3 should be specimen 2 (P 1991/700).  
2784: W rather than Ω in ΜΥΛΑCΕWN.
- p. 466 2835: headings of entry not in correct size of type.
- p. 479 2918: for ΑΓΡΙΠΠΕΙΝΑ read ΑΓΡΙΠΠΕΙΝΑ.
- p. 480 2921: laureate not laurete.
- p. 483 2945: for ΛΥΝΚΕΥΣ read ΛΥΓΚΕΥΣ.
- p. 486 2979, 2981, 2983: for ΑΓΡΙΠΠΕΙΝΑ read ΑΓΡΙΠΠΕΙΝΑ.
- p. 493 3026: lituus is to r., not to l.
- p. 501 3079: (as) 3078 not (as) 3080.
- p. 507 3127 and 3128: for bare head read laureate head.
- p. 508 Eumeneia, right column, last line: 3150 not 3050.

- p. 510 3151: for ΑΓΡΙΠΠΙΝΑ read ΑΓΡΙΠΠΕΙΝΑ.  
 p. 515 3185/5 is Wa 6536, not 6356.  
 p. 519 3223-4, 3226: Cybele sits to l., not r.  
 p. 526 3331: for ‘branch and arrow’, read ‘bow and arrow’; for ‘221 (no branch), read ‘222 (no branch)’.  
 p. 557 3647: reverse legend begins DIVOS CLAVD, not DIVOS CLAVDIVS.  
 p. 559 Hierapolis (Comana), left column, 2<sup>nd</sup> line: for *Le Déese* read *La Déesse*.  
 p. 576 Read Ptolemy IX Soter II (not Ptolemy XI) in left column, 2nd paragraph, 4<sup>th</sup> line.  
 p. 596 4062-3: for *GIC* 23, read *GIC* 102.  
 p. 603 4102 Obverse reads IMP ·AVGVST ·TR ·POT not AVGVST ·TR ·POT.  
 p. 622 First column, under ‘a’: for ‘AD 65/6 (year 115)’ read ‘AD 65/6 (year 114)’.  
 p. 625 4250-51: read ΚΑΙΣΑΡ, not ΚΑΙΣΑΡΙ.  
 p. 630 4313: for *GIC* 727, read *GIC* 729.  
 p. 632 Dates in table need correction: 30/29 not 20/29; also add BC dates for years 284-5.  
 p. 642 4476, 4479: for *GIC* 264, read *GIC* 204.  
 p. 643 4481, 4486, 4488-9: for *GIC* 264, read *GIC* 204.  
 p. 665 4798, 4800-1: for *GIC* 117, read *GIC* 114.  
 p. 762 ΘΕΟΝ ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΟΡΑ, second entry for Uncertain should be 5448 not 5443.  
 p. 783 For Sabinus C M Imp II qui. Carthago Nova 149, read Sabinus C M Imp Carthago Nova 149. For Turullio, P. read Turullius, P.  
 p. 784 For Ἀκκόδας, read Ἀκόδδας.

Plate 19 For 260/77, read 260/78.

Plate 39 UNCERTAIN should be above 668, not 669.

Plate 94 Amastris (not Amstris).

Plate 152 Aegeae spelled incorrectly.

Plate 195 Mistakes in the captions: 2605 should read 2605/2 (it is of Ephesus not Nysa); 2660A is Nysa (not Miletus); Miletus starts with 2712A/1.

## To *RPC Supp. 2*

Reviews of *RPC II* have been published by K. Butcher *SNR* 79 (2000), pp. 199-204; W. E. Metcalf, *JRA* 13 (2000), pp. 584-88; B.M. Levick, *NC* 162 (2002), pp. 442-5; B. Rémy, *RN* 159 (2003), pp. 482-3.

The Leypold collection has now been published by W. Szaivert and C. Daburon, *SNG Österreich. Sammlung Leypold, Wiener Neustadt*. Band I: *Pontus-Lydia* (Vienna, 2000) and Band II: *Phrygien-Komagene* (Vienna, 2004) (= SNG Leypold). Only the more unusual specimens are included in the Supplement.

The Hunterian collection of provincial coins has also now been published by J. Goddard, *SNG XII. The Hunterian Museum, University of Glasgow*. Part I: *Roman Provincial Coins. Spain-Kingdoms of Asia Minor* (London, 2004). A very interesting touch is the inclusion in the list of the mints of all the mints within their respective province or conventus, rather than just those in the Hunterian.

The metal analyses referred to in *RPC* have now been published in M.R. Cowell, P. T. Craddock, A. W. G. Pike, A. M. Burnett, ‘An analytical survey of Roman provincial copper-alloy coins and the continuity of brass manufacture in Asia Minor’, in (eds) B. Kluge and B. Weisser, *XII. Inter-*

*nationaler Numismatischer Kongress Berlin 1997. Akten - Proceedings - Actes* (Staatliche Museen zu Berlin Preussischer Kulturbesitz, Berlin, 2000), pp. 670-77.

On 'Alliance coinages' (*RPC* I, p. 48; *RPC* II, pp. 6-7), see also P. Weiss, 'Festgesandtschaften, Städtisches Prestige und Homonoiaprägungen', *Stadion* (International Journal of the History of Sport) XXIV.1 (Colloquium 'Agonistik in der römischen Kaiserzeit' Landhaus Rothenberge bei Münster 25.-27. Oktober 1995) (1998) [1999], pp. 59-70; see also P. Weiss' review of U. Kampmann, *Die Homonoia-Verbindungen der Stadt Pergamon* in *Klio* 81 (1999), pp. 554-55.

On the question of authority, see now P. Weiss, 'Euergesie oder römische Prägegenehmigung? Αιτησάμενου-Formular auf Städtemünzen der Provinz Asia, Roman Provincial Coinage (*RPC*) II und persönliche Aufwendungen im Münzwesen', *Chiron* 30 (2000), pp. 236-54; the same author has returned to a similar subject in 'The Cities and their Money' in the Oxford conference cited below, pp. 57-68.

Many individual matters and general considerations are raised by the authors of the papers, originally given at a conference at Oxford, in *Coinage and Identity in the Roman Provinces*, (eds) C. Howgego, V. Heuchert, A. Burnett (Oxford, 2005). Mention should also be made of two other conferences, which focus on the geographical areas of Syria and Egypt, but which give a good sense of continuity and change from before and after the early imperial period. The first was organised in Damascus 1999 and has led to the publication of *Les Monnayages Syriens. Quel apport pour l'histoire du Proche-Orient hellénistique et romain?*, (eds) C. Augé, F. Duyrat (Beirut, Institut Français d'Archéologie du Proche Orient, Bibliothèque Archéologique et Historique, Tome 162, 2002). The second was organised in Alexandria in 2002 and has now been published as *L'exception égyptienne? Production et échanges monétaires en Égypte hellénistique et romaine, Actes du Colloque à Alexandrie 13-15 Avril 2002*, (eds) F. Duyrat, O. Picard, (Alexandria, Études alexandrines Tome 10, 2005). Finally, a general account of 'Latin on coins of the western empire' was published by A. Burnett in the conference proceedings *Becoming Roman, Writing Latin?* (ed) A.E. Cooley (*Journal of Roman Archaeology* Supplementary Series Volume 48, 2002), pp. 33-40.

Although it is not appropriate to refer here to more specific studies, mention should be made of the long-awaited publication of K. Butcher, *Coinage in Roman Syria: northern Syria, 64 BC - AD 253* (London, 2004) [abbreviation: Butcher, *CRS*]. Although the book focuses on Syria and Antioch, it throws light on many broader aspects of provincial coinage, and the relationship of provincial mints to Rome.

### **To *RPC* Supp. 3**

The second part of the Hunterian collection of provincial coins has been published by J. Goddard, *SNG XII. The Hunterian Museum, University of Glasgow. Part II: Roman Provincial Coins. Cyprus-Egypt* (London, 2007).

The new edition of *RIC* II (Part 1: *From 69 to AD 96, Vespasian to Domitian*), published by I. Carradice and T. Buttrey (Spink, London, 2007), provides updated catalogue, information and discussion on the following series included in *RPC*: Latin coins from Thrace (501-543); Asia, aurei and denarii (801-858) and cistophori (859-875); Denarii with O (1451-1469); Orichalcum coins of 77/8 (1470-1488); Syrian aurei and denarii (1901-1935); Antioch orichalcum (1982-2005). Concordances between *RPC* and *RIC* are provided p. 186, and pp. 230-1.

The book by A. Johnston, *Greek Imperial Denominations, ca. 200-275, A Study of the Roman Provincial Bronze Coinages of Asia Minor* (RNS SP 43, London 2007) contains many insights relevant not only to *RPC* VII.1 but also to vols. I-II.

For a general discussion of the material included in *RPC* I, especially of the inscriptions used for the different emperors, see A. Burnett, 'The Augustan revolution seen from the mints of the provinces', *JRS* 101 (2011), pp. 1-30.

K. Martin, *Demos. Boule. Gerousia. Personifikationen städtischer Institutionen auf kaiserzeitlichen Münzen aus Kleinasien I-II* (Bonn, 2013), provides a catalogue of 3 800 coins from 107 cities, mostly from the province of Asia, partly relevant to vols. I-II and VII.1.

Many contributions published in the *Proceedings of the First International Congress of the Anatolian Monetary History and Numismatics, 25-28 February 2013, Antalya* edited by K. Dörtlük, O. Tekin and R. Boyraz Seyhan (Istanbul, 2014) refer to vols. I-II and VII.1.

Michel Amandry

Andrew Burnett

Ian Carradice

Pere Pau Ripollès

Marguerite Spoerri Butcher

[michel.amandry@noos.fr](mailto:michel.amandry@noos.fr)

[andrewmburnett@hotmail.com](mailto:andrewmburnett@hotmail.com)

[iac@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:iac@st-andrews.ac.uk)

[ripolles@uv.es](mailto:ripolles@uv.es)

[margueritespoerri@gmail.com](mailto:margueritespoerri@gmail.com)

# Roman Provincial Coinage

Volume I

# SPAIN

Four important collections have been published: the Real Academia de la Historia, by P.P. Ripollès, J.M. Abascal, *Monedas Hispánicas*, Madrid, 2000 [= RAH, here]; the Instituto Valencia de Don Juan by M. Ruiz Trapero, J. Santiago Fernández, *Las monedas hispánicas del Instituto de Valencia de Don Juan*, Madrid, 2000 [= IVDJ, here]; the Royal Coin Cabinet, Stockholm, by P. P. Ripollès, *Sylloge Nummorum Graecorum, Sweden II, The Collection of the Royal Coin Cabinet National Museum of Economy, Stockholm. Part 6, The G. D. Lorichs collection*, Stockholm, 2003, and the Bibliothèque nationale de France, by P. P. Ripollès, *Monedas hispánicas de la Bibliothèque nationale de France*, Madrid, 2005 [= BnF, here].

Other collections: E. Arslan, M. Cunegatti, L. Pozzi, *Museo Civico 'Carlo Verri'. Catalogo delle collezioni numismatiche. Le monete greche. Parte I. Hispania-Sicilia*, Comune di Biassono, 2002.

A Spanish version of the coins in *RPC*, which were minted in Spain, was published by Pere P. Ripollès, *Las acuñaciones provinciales romanas de Hispania*, Madrid, 2010, in which all issues were arranged following *RPC* entries, updating it with new material and integrating all the addenda coins published until 2010, including the specimens that are in *Supplement 3*.

The Roman provincial issues of Hispania have also been included in another publication, forming part of a catalogue on the ancient coinages of Hispania which cover all the coinage made from 5th century BC until the V AD: L. Villaronga and J. Benages, *Ancient Coinage of the Iberian Peninsula*, Barcelona, 2011 (here abbreviated *ACIP*). The coverage of the Roman provincials issues, written by J. Benages is mostly just a copy of the book previously published by Pere P. Ripollès, summarizing the text, following the same structure and scanning more than 250 images.

The coin collection of the Hispanic Society of America (New York), noted in *RPC* as NY HSA, is no longer kept in the American Numismatic Society (New York). It has been sold and a selection has been auctioned by Vico on 26 June 2012, 9 Oct. 2012 and 14 Nov. 2014, *Numismatica Ars Classica* 66, 17 Oct. 2012, CNG EA 316, 4 Dec. 2013 and more auctions are forthcoming. A considerable number of coins have been returned to the ANS on loan.

## LUSITANIA

### Uncertain mint (NW?)

**1-4** See now C. Pérez González, E. Illaregui Gómez and A. Morillo Cerdán, 'Reflexiones sobre las monedas de la Caetra procedentes de Herrera de Pisuerga (Palencia)', *La Moneda Hispánica. Ciudad y Territorio. Anejos de Archivo Español de Arqueología* XIV (1995), pp. 199-206. S. Ferrer, *XXII Congreso Nacional de Arqueología* (Vigo, 1993), pp. 283-8, and L. Sagredo, *Hispania Antiqua* XIX (1995), pp. 37-75 have discussed these coins and suggested that 1-3 were struck in c. 19 BC in Lucus Augusti (Lugo), because of the finds there, especially a flan for making coins like 3. T.R. Volk, 'Hispania and the gold and silver coinage of Augustus', *La moneda en temps d'August* (Barcelona, 1997), pp. 73-4, has suggested that the metrology, fabric and style of the coins suggest that they were probably struck by workers detached from the 'Patricia' group.

**1/2**. Cores coll., 38.19 (= Baldwin, MM, Vecchi, New York Sale Auction 2, 2/12/1999, lot 140). The legend is IMP AVG DIVI F and the palm is somewhat effaced. Although *RPC* I/1 is very worn it seems that both coins were struck with the same obv. and rev. dies; **3**. **Museu Diogo de Sousa, Braga, NI 2005.0462**, 37.3 (published by R. S. Centeno. Um novo sestercio de Augusto com a caetra no reverso, aparecido em Braga, *Bracara Augusta* (R. Morais), Braga, 2010: 171-173. F. Cebreiro, La emisión de sestercios del Noroeste a la luz de un nuevo hallazgo, *Saguntum* 44, 2012: 203-206). Struck with the same obv. and rev. dies as previous coins 1 and 2.



**2/15-16**. IVDJ 3500-3501, 22.76, 17.10; 17. Montañés coll., 19.32; 18. Áureo 1/2/2006, lot 215, 17.88.

3/38. IVDJ 3502, 9.33; 39. Cores coll., 9.93 (Two times cmk: **D** on the obv.); 40. CNG EA 2 April 2008, lot 172, 10.20; 41. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1132, 9.53; **42. CNG EA 214, 15/7/2009, lot 268**, 8.85 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.).



4/56-59. IVDJ 3503-3506, 12.10 (cmk: **U** on the obv.), 10.57, 10.65 (cmk: **U** on the obv.), 10.44; 60. M. León 251, 10.94 (cmk: **U** on the obv.); 61. Álvarez coll., (= *Saguntum* 19, 1985, lám. IV-34), 10.84 (cmk: **U** on the obv.); 62. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1133, 14.08. **63. Áureo 29/10/2008, lot 267**, 12.02 (incuse) (cmk: **U** on the obv.).



10.86 (priest ploughing r.; [AVGVST]A E]MERITA; PERM CA AVG) .



5/13



5/19



5/22

**S2-I-5A** AE. 10 mm. 2.6 g (1). Axis: 10 (1) [0]

**Emerita**

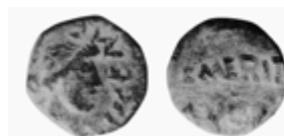
See a discussion about the foundation date and the name of Emerita, in A. M. Faria, *R. P. Arq.* 9.2, 2006, pp. 212-217. A recent monograph has been published by M. A. Cebrián, *La Ceca Romana de Augusta Emerita*, Montpellier, 2013. The die study is of little use, since the collection of material is poor and many mistakes have been made (see, for example, obv. dies 43, 47, 54, 56 or 70; rev. dies 51, 57, 74 or 97).

**5/13. NY Newell 63932**, 11.32, AVG EMERI; 14. NY HSA 23645, 10.92, AVG EMERI; 15. Herrero 19.5.1994 lot 134, 12.31, AVG EMERI; 16. IVDJ 3385, 9,80 (priest ploughing l.; [AVGVSTA] EMERIT[A]; [PER]M CAES [AVG]); 17. Herrero 14/12/2004, lot 92, 14,64 (priest ploughing r.; [AVGVST]A EMERITA; PER CAES AVG); 18. Herrero 19/5/2005, lot 58, 12.41 (priest ploughing r.; [AVGVSTA] EMERITA; PER CAE AVG); **19. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 48**, 12.43 (AVGVSTA EMERITA; PER CAE AVG); 20-21. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 47, 49, 12.77 ([AVG] EMERI; PE[ ]AVG), 15.73 (AVGVSTA EM[ERITA] / PER CAES AVG); **22. Herrero 24/5/2012, lot 53**,

[A]VG EME; female head r.  
EMERITA AVGV.

**1. Barcelona trade, 2.6** (EMERIT[AVGV]; **2. Herrero 5/5/2011, lot 50**, 2.67 (EMERITA [ ]VGV).

Not seen, verification needed. The rev. legend seems tooled. A forgery or just a tooled coins?



5A/1



5A/2

**6/11. Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 207**, 14.33 (PERM CAESA AVG); **12. MNAR. Mérida 31631**, 14.60 . (cmk: **U** on the obv.). **13. Áureo & Calicó 8 March 2012, lot 2226**, 15.97 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.); 14. Herrero

11/12/2014, lot 50, 15.19.



6/12



6/13

7/3. **Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 51**, 13.41.



8/5. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1127, 5.26 ([PERM] CAESA AVG); 6. Áureo 20/9/2001, lot 503, 5.37 (PERM CAESA AVG); 7. Cores coll., 5.4 (PERM CAESA AVG); 8. **Universidad de Sevilla** 6.17 (F. Chaves, *La colección numismática de la Universidad de Sevilla*, Sevilla, 1994, 324), [AES AV[G]; E [M] / AV - G) (cmk: Ⓐ on the obv.) (= Chaves 1994: 324 = Cebrián 161); 9. **Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 52**, 8.82 (PERM CAESA AVG).



9/5. Áureo 1/7/1999, lot 141, 2.20; 6. Áureo 17/4/2002, lot 363 (= **Herrero 10/10/2002, lot 62**), 2.96; 7. Cores coll., 2.5; 8. Áureo 31/5/2006, lot 2114, 2.45; 9. Montañés coll., 2.77; 10. **MNAR. Mérida 36438**, 2.30 (AVGV); 11. Vico 6 March 2008, lot 19, 3.10 (AVGV); 12. **Herrero 15 Nov. 2006, lot 44**, 2.96 ([AVG]V); 13. **Herrero 8 May 2013, lot 71**, 2.52; 14. **Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 53**, 1.89; 15. Áureo 17/3/2011, lot 1042, 2.60.



10/4. IVDJ 3392, 16.20; 5. Vico, 1/6/2000, lot 11, 23.60; 6. CNG 19/5/2004, lot 1003, 21.13; 7. Cores coll., 20.2; 8. **MNAR. Mérida 31601**, 18; 9. **Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 54**, 21.87.



**S2-I-10A** AE. 30 mm. 17,07 g (1). Axis: 6 (1). [0]

PERMISSV CAESARIS AVGVSTI; facing head; in front amphora pouring; all within wreath.

AVGVSTA / EMERITA; priest ploughing, l.

1. **Ba 09787**, 17.07. The coin seems genuine; according to its weight and size it must be a dupondius.



11/56. Cores coll., 10,07 (cmk: Ⓢ on the obv.); 57. **Hervera 15/11/2005, lot 113** (= **Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 45**), 15.29; 58. **Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 57**, 10.79, apparently [AVGVSTA E]MRITA.



12/8. Ibergold 27 Nov. 1990, lot 271; 9. Áureo 21 Oct. 1997, lot 1130, 21.44; 10. Italo Vecchi 5 June 1998, lot 952, 27.48; 11. Áureo 26 Jan. 1999, lot 304, 23.64; 12. **Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec.**

2012, lot 2166, 18.50; **13. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 58**, 21.19.



**13/34-36.** IVDJ 3398-3400, 7.10, 12.18, 9.41; 37. Cores coll., 10.50 (cmk:  $\text{M}$  on the obv.); 38. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 61, 10.22 (cmk  $\text{S}$  on the obv.).



**14/5.** One more, IVDJ 3403, 5.48 (E-M / A-V); **6. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 62**, 7.57 ([A-V/] E-M).



**S3-I-14A** AE. 21 mm. 5.30 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

PERM / CAES AVG; laureate head r.  
LE - G / V - X; aquila between two standards.

**1. MNAR. Mérida 30792**, 5.30.



**15/3.** Cores coll., 4.7 (on the rev. EMER L[E] V X), the reading AVG on the rev. is wrong.

**16.** Five new coins with CO A E LE V X: 35. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1134, 4.47; 36. Vico 15/03/2001, lot 20, 4.5; 37. Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 364, 6.20; 38. Áureo 31/5/2006, lot 2113, 4.65; **39. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 66**, 6.96.



**17/5.** Cores coll., 5.7; **6. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 67**, 5.32, AVGVSTA EMERITA, apparently on column to the left side of the aquila LEG / V / [X] and to the right side - LEG / X / V.



**18/9.** IVDJ 3409, 4.64; 10. IVDJ 3410, 7.21; 11. Montañés coll., 5.60; **12-13. Ibercoin-Tarkis 29 Nov. 2011, lots 164**, 2094, 4.93, 6.52 (CO [A] E); 14. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 68, 5.60; 15. Herrero 7/5/2015, lot 47, 4.35.



**S2-I-18A** AE. 17 mm. 2.32 g (3). Axis: 5/6 (2) [0]

PER CAE AVG; head l.  
EMERITA AVGVSTA; within wreath.

1. Áureo 8/5/2001, lot 2153 (= Áureo 17/4/2002, lot 364), 2.16; **2. Cores coll.**, 2.5; 3. Cores coll., 2.30; 4. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 69, 2.45; **5. Herrero 28/5/2014, lot 36**, 2.52.



18A/2



18A/5

**S3-I-18B** AE. 16 mm. 2.30 g (1). Axis: 4 (1) [0]

PER CAE - AVG; head l.  
EMERITA AVGVSTA; simpulum and apex.

**1. MNAR Mérida 30793**, 2.30 (= Blázquez 2002: 107 corr. = *DCPH* II: 125 corr.).



**19/4.** Áureo 17/4/2002, lot 365, 3.32; **5.** Herrero 4/4/2002, lot 34, 2.83; **6.** Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 366, 2.90. **7.** Vico 27/3/2003, lot 138, 3.1; **8.** Cores coll., 3; **9.** Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 55, 2.91; **10.** Montañés coll., 3.05; **11.** Pliego 3 April 2008, lot 334, 3.34; **12.** Vico 7 June 2007, lot 11, 2.50 (= Vico 12 Nov. 2009, lot 60); **13.** Áureo 25 April 2007, lot 1057, 2.17; **14.** Vico 2 April 2009, lot 377, 2.90; **15.** Ibercoin 24 Nov. 2010, lot 199, 3.10; **16.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 70, 2.02; **17.** Herrero 7/5/2015, lot 48, 2.92.

**20/5.** Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1137, 18.30; **6.** Hervera 20/5/2004, 21.3; **7.** IVDJ 3413, 19.57; **8. Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 558** (= ex HSA 23825), 23.87; **9-10.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 71-72, 26.20, 14.93.



**21/16.** Vico 11 Nov. 1993, lot 77, 22.80; **17.** Vico 10 Nov. 2011, lot 3077, 25.40; **18.** Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 555, 24.87 (ex HSA 23827); **19.** Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 7 May 2013, lot 2239, 18.30; **20.** Áureo & Calicó 23-24 Oct. 2013, lot 206, 23.71; **21-22.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 73-74, 22.12, 22.27.

**22/26.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 75, 12.55.

**23/32.** VQR 773; **33.** Cores coll.; **34. Cayón 11 April 2002, lot 371**, 10.20 (cmk:  $\Gamma$   $\int$  on the obv.); **35. ANS 1944.100.63996**, 22.21 (DIVVS AV[GVSTVS] PATER  $\odot$ ); **36-40.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 76-79, 83, 17.26 (DIVVS AVGVSTVS PATER  $\odot$ ), 19.81 (DIVVS AVGVSTVS PAT-ER  $\odot$ ), 17.76 (crude style, DIVVS AVGVSTVS PATER  $\odot$ ), 15.43 (crude style, DIVVS AVGVSTVS PATER  $\odot$ ), 20.21 (DIVVS AVGVSTVS PAT-ER  $\odot$ ); **41. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 80**, 22.90 (DIVVS AVGVSTVS PATER  $\odot$ ); **42.** Herrero 7/5/2015, lot 32, 20.21 (DIVVS AVGVSTVS PAT-ER  $\odot$ ).



23/34



23/35



23/41

**24/8.** IVDJ 3422, 19.03; **9.** IVDJ 3423, 20.60; **10.** IVDJ 3424, 18.95 (legend CAESAR [ ]TER PATRI on the obv.); **11.** Borrás list 1998/99, lot 28 (IVSTVS PATER); **12.** Montañés coll., 22.70; **13.** Hervera 15/11/2005, lot 115, 15.6; **14. MNAR Mérida 3610**, 13.80; **15.** Vico 2 April 2009, lot 3039, 23.00; **16.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 81, 17.82 (DIVS [AVGVS] TVS PAT PATRIA  $\odot$ ).



**25.** The obverse legend is DIVVS AVGVSTVS PATER. **4.** Áureo 29/9/1998, lot 664, 26.01; **5.** Áureo 30/5/2000, lot 2059, 18.73. Both share de obverse die. **6.** IVDJ 3426, 28.93; **7.** MNAR 34739, 33.20; **8.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 82, 21.99.



**26/40.** Variant with obv. legend DIVVS AV[G<sup>V</sup>STV] S IMPERA, CNG 26/6/1992, lot 454, 10.29; 41. Cores coll., 15.4; 42. VQR 776; 43-47. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 84-88, 11.51 (PATER ☉), 11.38 (PATER ☉), 10.70 (PA-TER ☉), 9.49 (PA-TER ☉), 7.62 (PA-TER ☉); **48. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 89**, 16.01 (apparently EMERTTA, but tooled?).



**27/5.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 90, 11.96.

**28/32.** Montañés coll., 15.23; 33. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 92, 16.53 (DIVVS AVGVSTVS PAT-ER; PER AVG PROVIDENT ☉).

**29/15-17.** IVDJ 3440-3441, 3489, 15.36, 12.59, 11.40 (3440-3441 share the obv. die [D]IVVS AVG PA[TER] inverted; AETERNTAT AVGVST[AE] CAE) (the second specimen has the rev. erased); 18-19. The Hague (BM cast); 20-21. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 93-94, 14.20 (DIVVS AVGVSTVS PAT-ER ☉; AETERNITATI AVGVSTAE), 12.83; **22. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 95**, 13.35 (DIVVS AVGVSTVS PAT-ER ☉; AETERNITATI AVGVSTAE; temple with central stairs; on the apex and the corners of the pediment, statues).



**30/23. Áureo 16 Sep. 2009, lot 292**, 22.79 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.); 24. MPV 27632, 20.15; 25-26. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 96-97, 22.83, 26.60 (both, DIVVS AVGVSTVS PATER CAE ☉).



**31/7.** IVDJ 3449, 14.01 (AVGVS); 8. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 98, 8.84 (AVGVSTVS).

**32/3. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 99**, 15.74.



**33/5.** IVDJ 3452, 14.19; 6. Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 371, 10.20 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.); 7. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 100, 9.48.

**34/29.** VQR 779; 30-31. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 101-102, (both, DIVVS AVG PATER C A E; PERMI AVG PROVIDENT).

**35/6.** IVDJ 3464, 7.62. 7. Áureo 17/4/2002, lot 372, 11.22; **8. MNAR Mérida 30784**, 19.60; 9. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 103, 12.94.



**36/6.** Vico 8/7/1999, lot 62, 16.44; 7. IVDJ 3465, 11.70; 8. Áureo 28/4/2004, lot 2282, 8.84; 9. Moreda 30/4/1993, lot 290, 10.5; 10-11. MNAR Mérida 31710 and 31716, 13.80, 12.00; 12-13. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 104-105.

**37/2.** IVDJ 3411, 6.82; 3. IVDJ 3466, 5.72 (DI[VVS AVGVST]VS PATER C A E; ]LE ☉); **4. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 106**, 6.04.



**S2-I-37A.** AE. 19 mm. 5 g (1). Axis: 1 (1) [0]

PER AVG CAE; radiate head l.  
C A E L E V X; aquila between two signa.

**1. Cores coll.**, 5; **2. Vico 13 Nov. 2008, lot 90**, 4.50 (PER AVG CAE; CO A E L E V X); **3. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 107**, 5.36.



37A/1



37A/2

**38/5.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 108, 20.90 (= Herrero 7/5/2015, lot 35); **6.** Hervera 3/5/2011, lot 2260, 23.90.

**39/20.** Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 52, 17.49; 21-22. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 109-110, 20.47, 22.60.

**40/16.** CNG EA 163, 25 April 2007, lot 92, 12.26; 17. CNG EA 219, 30 Sep. 2009, lot 323, 12.05; 18. Martí Hervera 5 July 2011, lot 2225; 19. Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 565, ex HSA 23814, 12.78; 20. Pliego 10 July 2013, lot 2180; 21. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 111, 12.32 (= Herrero 7/5/2015, lot 43).

**41/23.** Another specimen in Tunisia, in Bardo Museum, with legend going  $\odot$ , as *RPC* 41/22 (= *IVDJ* 3472); **24.** *IVDJ* 3471, 21.09 ( $\odot$ ); **25. MNAR Mérida 30757**, 20.60 (cmk:  $\odot$  on the obv.) ( $\odot$ ); 26-27. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 112-113, 18.14 ( $\odot$ ), 22.58 ( $\odot$ ); Herrero 7/5/2015, lot 36, 22.37 ( $\odot$ ).



**42/93-97.** *IVDJ* 3474-3478, 14.09, 13.74, 11.69 (AVGVSTV on the obv. legend), 15.70, 17.68; 98. Áureo 21/5/1998, lot 2174, 15.19. *RPC* 42/13 (= *IVDJ* 3481 = Vives 146-4, has XV in the camp gateway,

7.60; 99. Pliego 3 April 2008, lot 332, 12.56; 100. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1117, 11.06; 101. MNAR Mérida 30810, 9.10. **102. Valencia, MPV 41573**, 5.57; **103. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 120**, 9.63 (TI CAESAR AVG PON MAX [IMP]; COL AVGVSTA EMERITA, on the doors L E V X) (= Hervera 7/5/2015, lot 46). On coins 101 and 102 the portrait of Tiberius is radiate and legend goes  $\odot$ ; both share the obv. and rev. dies.



42/102



42/103

**43/4.** *IVDJ* 3479, 17.52, with obv. legend ]AVG PONT MAX[; 5. CNG 14/6/2000, lot 1063, 12.16, a variant with obv. legend TI CAESAR AVGV PON MAX IMP; 6. Berna (= *SNG* II, 21), 12.69, obv. legend [TI CAES]AR AVG PONT MAX IMP; 7. MNAR Mérida, 11.60, TI CA[ESA]R AVG PON MAX IMP; 8. Vico 136 7 Nov. 2013, lot 3035; 9. Vico 7 Nov. 2013, lot 110, 17.40.

**44/6.** Hervera 18/11/1999, lot 2057 (= Áureo 27/5/1999, lot 110), 13.6, TI CAESAR AVGVS PON M[AX] IMP; 7. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1161, 13.32, TI CAESAR AVGVS PON MAX IMP; 8. NY 1953.171.1437, 14.63, TI CAESAR AVGV[ ] PONT MA IM (cmk:  $\odot$  on the obv.); 9. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 122, 15.45.

**45/7.** Cores coll., 10.2 (TI CAESAR AVG[ ]; PERMISSV AVGVST[ I P ]ROVDI[NT]); 8. *IVDJ* 3485 (TI CAES[AR AVGVS P]ON MAX IMP; PERMI [AVG P]ROVID[ENT]), 13.51; 9. NY HSA 21697, 11.69; 10. MNAR Mérida 31753, 13.20 (TI CA[ESAR AVGVS] PON MAX IMP; [PERMI] AVG PROVID[NT]); 11. MNAR Mérida 34757, 14.00 (TI CAESAR AVGVS PON MAX IMP; [PERMI] AVG PROVID[ ]); 12-13. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 123-124, 7.88 ([TI CAESAR AVG PO]N MAX IMP  $\odot$ ; PERMISSV AVGVSTI [ ], 13.37 (TI CAES[AR AVGVS] PON MAX IMP  $\odot$ ; PERMI AVG PROVIDEN).

**46.** As we have pointed out, Vives 146-7 is the result of joining the obv. of *IVDJ* 3484, 10.26 (= S de C

320) with the rev. of another coin still not identified, nevertheless the type as described in *RPC* exists; the legends are: TI [CAESAR AVGV]S PON MAX IMP; PERMI AVG PROVIDEN[T]; 2. Aureo 21/10/1997, lot 1163, 11.98.

**47/10.** IVDJ 3494 (TI CAESAR AVG PON MAX IMP  $\Omega$ ; AETERNITATI AVGVSTAE), 13.88; 11-12. Herrero 11/12/2014, lots 125-126, 11.50 (TI CAESAR AVG PON MAX IMP  $\Omega$ ; AETERNITATI AVGVSTAE C A E), 11.16 (TI CAESAR AVG PON MAX IMP  $\Omega$ ; AETERNITATI AVGVSTAE).

**48/30.** Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 127, 10.16 (TI CAESAR AVG PON MAX IMP  $\Omega$ ; AETERNITATI AVGVSTAE).

**49/6.** IVDJ 3495, 7.38 (rev. legend CAE inverted); 7. IVDJ 3496, 5.68; 8. Herrero 11/12/2014, lot 129, 5.93. Coin *RPC* 49/5 has the rev. letters of the legend inverted.

**S3-I-49A** AE. 21 mm. 5.50 g (1). Axis: 4 (1) [0]

PER TI CAESARIS AVG C [A] E; laureate head l.  
[C] A E / L-E / V-X; aquila between two signa.

**1. MNAR Mérida 28815**, 5.50.



### Ebora

**50/23.** Montañés coll., 18,44; 24. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 208, 25,16 (EB - OR); 25. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1115 (= Herrero 11 Jan. 1996, lot 83), 19.40; 26. Herrero 10 Dec. 2008, lot 51, 18.05 (EBO - R).

**51/106.** Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 352, 12.00 (cmk:  $\Omega$  on the obv.); **107. NAC 64 17-18 May 2012, lot 1427**, 14.65 (cmk:  $\Omega$  on the rev.); **108. Vico 28 Feb. 2013, lot 3043**, 10.75 (cmk:  $\Omega$  on the obv.); 109. Aureo & Calicó 22 Sep. 2011, lot 286, 11.95 (cmk:  $\Omega$  on the obv.); 110. Lusitania Ancient Coins ([www.vcoins.com/lusitania/store/viewItem.asp?idProduct=265](http://www.vcoins.com/lusitania/store/viewItem.asp?idProduct=265)), 10.74 [12 Sep. 2011] (cmk:  $\Omega$  on the obv.); 111. *ACIP* 3418 (LIBERAL / ITATIS IVLIAE / EBORA), the rev. legend could be tooled.



51/107



51/108

### Imperatoria Salacia

The Municipium Salacia Imperatoria (Alcacer do Sal, Portugal) was of Latin right (Pliny, *NHIV*.117). Although there is no evidence for its foundation, it is possible that this happened in the Caesarian period. This city, before the creation of the province of Lusitania, made a short issue of asses and semisses (?). The dates proposed are in the neighbourhood of 44 BC (A. M. Faria, *Conimbriga* 1988, pp. 79-80, *Vipasca* 4, 1995, pp. 95-6).

Some scholars have wished to attribute to this city, rather than Salpensa, the production of some late Republican denarii (*RRC* 477) (Faria, *loc. cit.* 1988).

L. Amela, *R. P. Arq.* 7.2, 2004, 245-250 and A. M. Faria, *R. P. Arq.* 9.2, 2006, pp. 228-230 have published new discussions about this mint. The first denies that this issue and the name Imperatoria Salacia are related to Sextus Pompeius; whereas, the second agrees with the absence of evidence about Sextus Pompeius as the founder, but points out that he gave the epithet Imperatoria; Faria also maintains that Salacia received the Latin right between 27 and 15-12 BC and thereafter became a municipium, perhaps *post* 5/4 BC.

**S-51A** AE. 26 mm, 10.74 g (11). Axis: var. [4]

Vives 84-9 and 10, *NAH* 476, *CNH* 135, no. 13

Head of Neptune, with trident behind, r.  
IMP SAL between lines (or without) and two dolphins

1-3. M 27393 (= Vives 84-9), 27391 (= Vives 84-10), 27394, 9.99, 13.13, 9.10; **4. M 27392**, 13.8; 5-8. FNMT, 11.67, 11.70, 9.90, 11.10; 9. Cardim coll., 14.50; 10. Calicó 18-19/6/1979 lot 1052, 10.56; 11-15. Villaronga photofile 1343-

13-1, 1088-25-1, 1002-7-1, 321-21-3 and 1216-21-1, 9.10 (broken), 13.30, 11.40, 10.75, 11.30. 5 was overstruck at Baesuri(s): see S-53A/1; 16. Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 161, 12.64 (with lines); 17. Cores coll., 7.7 (without lines); 18. Áureo 24-25/10/2000, lot 258, 9.65 (with lines); 19-20. IVDJ 1770-1, 12.08 (without lines), 10.77 (with lines). Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 436 (= *RPC* S-51A/10 = Calicó 18-19/6/1979, lot 1052), 10.53, has no lines above and below rev. legend). 21. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 263, 12.06; 22. Áureo 22/10/1998, 2172, 11.33.

There are two groups of rev. with the legend between or without lines (A. M. Faria, *R. P. Arq.* 2.1, 1999, p. 268).



**S-51B** AE. 22 mm, 8.25 g (2). Axis: var. [1]

Vives 84-11, CNH 135, no. 14

Head of Neptune, with trident behind, r.  
IMP, above dolphin; below, SALAC

**1. M 27395** (= Vives 84-11), 7.81; 2. Cardim coll., 8.70 (= CNH 135/14; 3. Áureo 5/3/2003, lot 1069 (= Vico 4/11/2004, lot 147 = *ACIP* 990), 8.75 (IMP SAL on the obv.; if the legend is complete it is a variant).

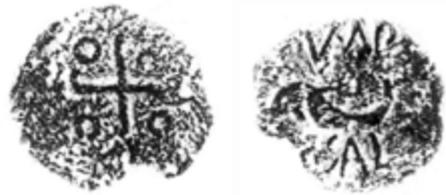


**S2-I-51C** AE. 26 mm, 7.20 g (1). Axis: - [0]  
Gomes, 1998, Sal 03.1.

Cross, ended with brackets to right, with small circles in the quarters.

Dolphin, l.; above IMP and SAL below.

**1. Villaronga photofile** (= A. Gomes, *Moedas do território português antes da fundação da nacionalidade*, Lisboa, 1998, p. 44, Sal 03.1, 7.20.



### Pax Iulia

**p. 74** See now A.M. Faria (*Vipasca* 4, 1995, pp. 89-91), who defends a later date for the foundation (31-27 BC). For 'He also added that it had been erased, ..., make it impossible to decide if that is so' read: 'We have found one specimen on which it is possible to read the legend CAESAR, engraved in low relief'.

**52/5.** Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 160, 12.88; 6. Vico 19/6/2003, lot 93, 10.8; 7. Herrero 16/10/2003, lot 123, 19.60; 8. Áureo 29/9/2004, lot 289, 12.20; 9. Cores coll., 11.80; 10. Lusitania Ancient Coins ([www.vcoins.com/lusitania/store/viewItem.asp?idProduct=112](http://www.vcoins.com/lusitania/store/viewItem.asp?idProduct=112)), 11.88 [12 Sep. 2011]; 11. Áureo 28 Jan. 2009, lot 201, 19.07.

**S-52A** AE. 28-29 mm, 16.90 g (1). Axis: 4. [0]

[C]AESAR; bare head, r.

PAX IVLIA; female figure standing l., holding caduceus and cornucopia

**1. Trade** (Barcelona), 16.90.



**53/3-4** Two additional specimens are published by M. de Faria, *Conimbriga* XXVIII (1989), pp. 101-09 (10.99, 8.60 g); 5. Herrero 16/10/2003, lot 124, 6.71; **6. Lusitania Ancient Coins** ([www.vcoins.com/lusitania/store/viewItem.asp?idProduct=113](http://www.vcoins.com/lusitania/store/viewItem.asp?idProduct=113)), 6.34 [12 Sep. 2011]; 7. Vico 2 April 2009, lot 223, 10.40.



**Baesuri**

The coinage of Baesuri(s) (Castro Marim, Portugal) has recently been discussed by A. M. Faria (*Vipasca* 2, 1993, pp. 144-45), who rejects the identification of the town with the stipendiary city of Baesaro, mentioned by Pliny (*NH* III, 15).

The city made an issue of asses before the creation of the province of Lusitania. Of the rare coins which are known, one was overstruck on an as of Salacia (which indicates that the coinage of Baesuris should be dated later than *c.* 44 BC). If the name in the obverse legend could be securely read and identified with Antyllus, the eldest son of Mark Antony (Faria reads the legend and proposes the same expansion as R. Mowat, *O Archeologo Português* 5, 1900, pp. 17-24: M(arcus) ANT(onius) ANT(ullus) ET CONL(egae)), then one could fix the date more precisely.

Caesariago *et al.*, *Catálogo de plomos monetiformes de la Hispania antigua* (Madrid, 1987), pp. 121-2, attribute to Baesuris a piece of lead (4.2 g), with a palm on the obverse, and a ship with BAES on the reverse.

A. M. Faria, (*R. P. Arq.* 9.2, 2006, p. 217) has published new comments about this mint.

**S-53A** AE. 26 mm, 9.10 g (2). Axis: 5 (1). [1]

Vives 104-1, CNH 400, no. 1

M.ANT[ ] ET/CON[ ] in two lines above, fish  
BAESVRI between two corn ears

**1. FNMT**, 11.67 (struck over a coin of Salacia: see above, S-51A/5) (M.ANT[ ]/CON[?]; BAESVRI); **2.** M 6365 (= Vives 104-1 = GMI 860), 6.52 (struck over a coin of Laelia, as Vives 103-1) (M ANT [ ] ET/[C]ON[?]; ]SVRI); **3. Barcelona trade**, 7.0 (]ANT ET/[ ]ONL (struck over a coin of Osset, *RPC* 58).

It is amazing that the three known specimens are all overstruck. Found in Alcolea del Río. This coin reinforces the possibility of this issue having been struck during Augustus' reign.

The obv. legend is M AN ANT ET CONL as can be deduced from both this and the M 6365 specimens (= *RPC* S-53A/2). We agree with C. Castillo, *Vestigia Antiquitatis: escritos de epigrafía y literatura romanas*, Pamplona, 1997, p. 5, n. 7, *DCPH* II, p. 50 and A. M. Faria, *R. P. Arq.* 9.2, 2006, p. 217 that a personal name could be identified in the first part of the legend.

Áureo 5/3/2003, lot 1033, 4.63, has auctioned a lead piece with types of Baesuri.



53A/1



53A/3

**BAETICA****Laelia**

The arrangement of the Laelia issues struck *post* 44 BC, as stated in *RPC* (vol. I and *Suppl.* 1), is still far from certain, since the type *CNH* 380/8, could also belong to this period and *RPC* S-54A (= *CNH* 379/4) could be earlier. The order of the issues of Laelia proposed by *CNH* pp. 379-380 and *DCPH* II, 262 is more likely.

The similarity of the reverse designs and the technical characteristics of the engraving have led us to propose that the coins *CNH* 380/8 should be associated with *RPC* 54, as was also proposed in *DCPH* (II: 261-262). Chaves (2005: 61-62) did not consider this possibility believing that it is unreasonable to think that the mint would have given lesser prominence to Octavian/Augustus and that Laelia would have relegated his portrait to an inferior position. For this reason she proposed a dating during the civil wars or a little earlier. But, although this has logic, there are exceptions: some other cities did not mint using the portrait of the emperor (*e.g.* Emporiae and Carteia) or did so only later (Carthago Nova and Saguntum). The most significant of all the arguments that suggest that 53b can be dated later than 31 BC is the overstrike of the issue of Baesuris (53a) over a coin of Osset with the portrait of Octavian/Augustus (58). The average weight of 7.37 g does not contradict that the two types are linked, since 53b could be the unit of the series. Also included in this group, based on the average weight, are the fractions with the portrait obverse and palm reverse (54a), although the style of the portrait does not seem to offer any connection and it is possible that they were made earlier (*CNH* 379/4; *DCPH* II: 261).

Given the problems of including this issue in the reign of Octavian /Augustus, it is obviously difficult to give any date at all to the issue. Nevertheless, Grant (*FITA* 335, n. 6) suggested that it was related

to the visit of the emperor to Hispania in 15-14 BC. The denominations that make up this issue are also problematic, since their average weights, of 7.37 g for the heavier piece, 3.71 g for the medium and the 2.34 g for the small one, are difficult to fit into the weight patterns of the period, even though they should probably to be considered as units, halves and quarters. This atypical metrology could be related to the provincial issues from Osset (58-59) and from Irippio (55-56), which are also different from the weight standard followed by the rest of Baetican mints, and be considered as an idiosyncratic feature. The reason for issuing at a reduced weight could perhaps be explained as a continuation of a weight standard of 7/8 g, used previously in some mints of the late first century BC, like Cerit, Carissa, Acinipo, Onuba or Oripio (CNH 387/1-2, 408-410/1-12, 392-393/1-12, 387-388/1-7, 394/4-7).

**S3-I-53B** AE. 25/27 mm, 7,37 g (24). Axis: var. [0]

Vives 103-1. CNH 280/8.

Horseman with spear, r; all inside a wreath.  
Two palms to l.; between them LAELIA; all in wreath.

**1. IVDJ 2260** (= Vives 103/1); 2-4. P 551-553, 9.24, 6.52, 6.97. 5. L 2089, 6.49; 6. Mu 293, 7.42; 7-9. Stockholm 255-257, 9.66, 7.13, 6.48; 10. RAH 433, 6.14; 11-12. Universidad de Sevilla 6.51, 6.61 (F. Chaves, *La colección numismática de la Universidad de Sevilla*, Sevilla, 1994, 206-207); 13. Áureo 9 April 2003, lot 3336, 8.34; 14. Afinsa 9 Oct. 2003, lot 365, 7.10; 15. Vico-Pliego 20 Nov. 2002, lot 1492, 8.58; 16. Herrero 10 Oct. 2002, lot 120, 8.41; 17. Áureo 15-16 Dec. 1999, lot 4162 (= Áureo 22 Oct. 1998, lot 4128), 8.53; 18. Áureo 21 Oct. 1997, lot 858, 7.50; 19. Tarkis 21 March 1996, lot 42, 8.71; 20. Áureo 15 Dec. 1994, lot 2225 (= Herrero 19 May 1994, lot 79), 7.90; 21. Vico 10 March 1994, lot 1094 (= CNG 29 Sep. 1993, lot 242), 9.29; 22. Tarkis 26 March 1992, lot 42, 8.60; 23. ANE 19-21 Dec. 1998, lot 204; 24. Rauch 22-24 April 1987, lot 4; 25. Calicó 18-19 June 1979, lot 945, 6.08; 26-27. Calicó 8-9 Nov. 1978, lot 626 (= Calicó 16-18 Dec. 1960, lot 50), 6.27, 6.98, 6.33; 28. Vico 3 March 2011, lot 85, 7.10; 29. Vico 9 June 2011, lot 124 (= Vico 11 Nov. 2010, lot 226), 10.20; 30. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 5 Nov. 2009, lot 65, 8.58; 31. Pliego 19 May 2001, lot 104, 7.10; 32. Cayón 11 April 2002, lot 455, 7.30; 33. Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Nov. 2008, lot 1119, 8.00; 34. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 17 Dec. 2013, lot 2141, 7.63. The diameter of the obverse dies is wider than

the blanks and is difficult to see the wreath that incloses the design, but it is possible to see it on the coins that are a little off-centred, like in Áureo 9 April 2003, lot 3336 or in CNH 380/8. Countermark: Uncertain on the obv. of P 551: it seems a type similar to  and appears to be altered.



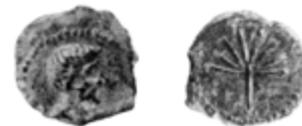
**54.** The obverse design is inside a wreath border. 17. Vico 25/11/1996, lot 20; 18. Tarkis 8/2/1996, lot 63, 4.03; 19. Áureo 21/5/1998, lot 381, 4.36; 20. Hervera 27/5/2003, lot 66, 3.9; 21. Herrero 5/2/2004, lot 71, 4.10; 22. Áureo 15/12/2005, lot 4194, 4.33.

**S-54A** AE. 16 mm, 2.30 g (10). Axis: 12 (4). [0]

Vives 103-7, CNH 379, no. 4

Bare head, r.  
Leaf

1. Numismatica Ars Classica 1985 lot 442, 1.99; 2. Vico XI (1992) lot 84, 2.4; 3. Cercle III (1992) lot 478, 2.25; 4. Vico X (1982) lot 128, 2.06; 5. Villaronga photofile 1187-29-2, 2.48; 6-7. Villaronga photofile 807-15-3 and 1185-31-2, 2.55 and 2.45; 8. Winsemann Falghera 24, 2.05; 9. Tarkis 13.2.1997 lot 47, 2.21; **10. Herrero 11.1.1996 lot 191**, 2.6; 11. Áureo 2/7/2002, lot 2359, 2.60; 12. Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 461, 2.30. 13. Cores coll., 2.7; 14. Áureo 3/3/1999, 3298, 2.18; 15. Áureo 21/10/1997, 855; 16. Áureo & Calicó 25 June 2010, lot 95, 2.60; 17. Vico 4 June 2009, lot 56, 2.60; 18. Áureo 29 Oct. 2008, lot 254, 2.42; 19. Vico 7 June 2007, lot 22, 2.00; 20. Cayón 11 April 2002, lot 461, 2.30.



### Irippio

**55/167.** IVDJ 2245, 6.75 (cmk:  on the obv.); 168-

169. Cores coll., 7.9 (cmk: ) on the obv.), 10.7 (cmk: ) on the obv.); 170. MPV (=CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1119), 8.11; 171. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1120, 5.12; 172. Cores coll. 6.80, from Nescania hoard.

56/21. *Áureo* 29/9/1998, lot 762, 3.90 (OII). 22. *Áureo* 28/5/2003, lot 3298, 4.36 (OII). 23. Cores coll., 5 (OII). 24. IVDJ 2250, 5.34 (OII); 25. IVDJ 2251, 4.70.

### Hybrid or Irippo

**S2-I-56A** AE. 22 mm, 4.45 g (1). Axis: 3 (1) [0]

[-]RIPP[-]; female head, r.  
Female figure seated l., holding cornucopia and pine-cone.

1. **M. Blanco and J. A. Sáez**, *GN* 138, 2000, pp. 33-40, 4.45. The authors have proposed that this is a hybrid coin with an Orippe obv., and an Irippo rev., in view of the similarity of the style of the female head with that used in the latest Orippe issues. However, we prefer to think that the legend should be restored as [I]RIPP[O] and that what is unusual is the female head, probably copied from a coin minted by Orippe (*CNH*, 394, no. 4-7) on which the legend is always on the rev.; 2. **Forum OMNI 25 Jan. 2009** [7/2012], the first letter is out of flan, so the uncertainty about the reading (Orippe or Irippo) remains, although we prefer [I]RIPPO.



56A/1

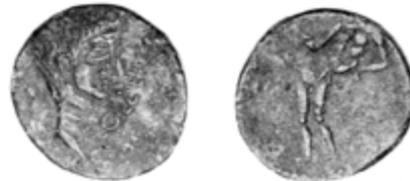


56A/2

### Osset

**58/ 112. *Áureo* 1.7.1997 lot 101**, 6.11, with reversed letters SS in obverse legend; 112. IVDJ 2226, 7.17 (cmk: ) on the obv.); 113. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1204), 5.73 (cmk: ) on the obv.); 114. Cores coll., 10.70 (cmk: ) on the obv.); 115. Cores coll., 6.2 (cmk: ) on the obv.); **116. Cores coll.**, 11.40, del tesoro de Nescania

(cmk: ) on the rev.); 117. Cores coll. 3.43 (cmk: ) on the obv.).



58/112



58/116

**59/5. *Áureo* 21/10/1997**, lot 940 (OSSIT), 4.66; 6. *Áureo* 15-16/12/2004, lot 292, 6.97 (reversed letters SS in obverse legend); 7. Cores coll., 3.7 (OSSET); 8. Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 115, 5.55; 9-10. IVDJ 2232-3, 5.10, 4.87; 11. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 450, 5.48.

### Hybrid (obv.: Osset; rev.: Irippo)

**S-59A** AE. 20-22 mm, 5.23 g (2). Axis: var. [0]

Vives 111-12, CNHAA 396, no. 11

As **58**, but on the rev. female figure seated l., holding cornucopia and pine-cone.

1. See L. Cancio, *Gaceta Numismática* 61 (1981), p. 12; 2. **Stockholm**, 3.74; 3. CNHAA p. 396, no. 11, 6.72; 4. Cores coll., 4.2.



### Italica

See an overview of the Italica types and their meaning in Chaves, F., (2008): 'Lupa Romana. Municipium Italicense. Una mirada al pasado', in E. La Rocca, P. León, C. Parisi, *Le due patrie acquisite. Studi di archeologia dedicati a Walter Trillmich*, Roma, 2008, pp. 117-127; Chaves, F., (2010): 'Numismática italicense', in A. Caballos (ed), *Italica-Santiponce. Municipium y Colonia Aelia*

*Augusta Italicensium*. Roma: 127-135

**p. 77** Another forgery of the dupondius in V (Dembski, *KHM* 526) exists in the Museo Civico di Brescia: see P.P. Ripollès, *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 17 (1995), pp. 355-7.

**62/14**. Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 448, 6.70; 15. Herrero 9/6/2004, 6.24; 16. Vico 9/3/2006, lot 43, 6.6; **17. Cores coll.** (ITAL[ICA] / MVNIC).



**63/8**. Herrero 9/6/2004, lot 93, 2.97. 9. Cores coll., 3.5; 10. Montañés coll., 2.77.

**65/182** = *M.* 3, 671, 1 (= *SNG* Glasgow 18): wt 15.83, not 18.82; 183. IVDJ 3349, 12.72 (cmk: **Ɔ** on the obv.); 184-185. NY HSA 21593, 57.5027, 12.05, 12.53 (both with cmk: **QR** on the rev.); **186. Cores Coll.** 16.13 (= Pliego 12 April 2012, lot 239) (cmk: **BS** y **Ɔ** on the obv.).

The countermark on the obv. of coin **Cores**, 10.7 (= *RPC* 65/115 = Chaves 1978a: n° 202) is **NCAP** not NCAPR as stated.



65/186



65/115

**S2-I-67A**. AE. 36 mm. 20.06 g. (1). Axis: - [0]

Giessener 11/10/1999, lot 667.

PE[RM ...]R DIVVS AVGVSTVS PATER;  
radiate head, r., star above, thunderbolt in front.  
IVLIA AVGVSTA [GENETRI]X ORBIS;  
Livia seated, l., holding patera and cornucopia.

**1. Giessener Münzhandlung 97, 11/10/1999, lot 667**, 20.06 It is very strange that this coin does not mention the name of the mint; in addition, the rev. legend is unique in Roman Spanish cities and belongs to Colonia Romula (*RPC* 73). There is also a problem with the Latin on the obverse. Not seen and confirmation needed: it may be a tooled or false coin.



**72/18**. Pliego 3 April 2008, lot 349, 4.43; 19. *Áureo* 15 March 2007, lot 2017, 3.92.

### Romula

**73/216-220**. IVDJ 3332-3336, 23.73, 19.28 (cmk: **D** on the rev.), 23.43 (cmk: **D** on the obv. and rev.), 22.33, 22.50; 221. F A Walters coll., 25,38 (BM cast).

**74/234**. IVDJ 3337, 11.21 (cmk: **D** on the obv. and rev.).

**76/13-14**. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1242-1243), 4.30, 4.03; 15. IVDJ 3341, 3.97; 16. Montañés coll., 2.28; 17. Pliego 3 July 2008, lot 280, 4.55; 18. Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2008, lot 381, 4.70; 19. Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2008, lot 382, 2.90; 20. Vico 17 June 2010, lot 3039 (= Vico 13 Nov. 2008, lot 152), 2.90.

### Gades

**77-97**. For metal analyses, see F. Chaves Tristán, B. Gómez-Tubío, 'Nuevos datos de la composición metálica de monedas hispanicas: el caso de Gades', *Mélanges C. Domergue, Pallas* 50, 1999, pp. 313-25.

**77/4**. *Áureo* 21/10/1997, lot 1181 (= Vico 13/11/2003, lot 53), 36.44.

**78/3**. Herrero 9/6/2004, lot 72, 35.14. The legend M AGRIPPA COS III MVNICIPI PAREN must be corrected to M AGRIPPA COS III MVNICIPI PARN, as can be seen on coin **M 1993/67-779** (= *RPC* 78/2 = Alfaro 3180).



**79/7.** Áureo 26/1/1999, lot 323, 20.51; 8. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 258, 21.89 (M AGRIPPA COS [III MVNICI] PARN); 9. ACIP 3309a (M AGRIPPA COS III MVNICI PARN), coin **M 1993/67-780** (= RPC 79/3 = Alfaro 3182) belongs to this variety; 10. ACIP 3309A (M A[GRIPPA C]OS III MVNICIPI PATRON); coins IVDJ 2365 (= RPC 79/4 = Alfaro 3183) and M 1973/24-4948 (= RPC 79/2 = Alfaro 3181) belong to this variety.



**80/10.** Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1183, 40.75; 11. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2012, lot 36, 31.08; 12. Áureo 21 June 2007, lot 2228, 38.98; 13. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 257, 39.07.

**81/12.** Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2012, lot 37, 21.42.

**82/4.** Tarkis 10/10/1996, lot 52, 23.19.

**83/8.** Áureo 19/12/1995, lot 2296, 29.23; 9. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1185, 39.83.

**85/57.** ACIP 3315c (PONT[I BALB]VS).

**86/17.** Cores coll., 22 (star between knife and simpulum); 18. Vico 8/6/2006, lot 3074, 26.0.

**88/6.** Herrero 9/6/2004, lot 74, 34.00; 7. Áureo 18/10/1994, lot 73, 40.79.

**89/6.** Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1189, 35.18. 7. Cores coll., 39,6.

**90/24.** Montañés coll., 17.32.

**91/25.** Cores coll., 18.4 (TI CLAVDIVS NERO and simpulum to r.).

**92/11.** Vico 27/3/2003, lot 139 (= Herrero 4/10/2001, lot 76), 37.8; **12. Herrero 15 Dec. 2011, lot 93** (= Herrero 12 Dec. 2013, lot 65, 38.79 (cmk: **B** on the rev.); 13. CNG EA 284 8 Aug. 2012, lot 133, 38.35; 14. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 256, 33.41.



**93/16.** Herrero 9/6/2004, lot 75, 20.29.

**94/4.** Herrero 5/2/2004, lot 32, 44.69 (tooled legend).

**95/12.** Herrero 4/10/2001, lot 77, 31.83; 13. Herrero 14/12/04, lot 97, 27.82; 14. Hervera 3 May 2011, lot 2292, 28.50; 15-16. Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lots 575-576 (= ex HSA 7768, 23560), 33.95, 27.40.

**96/8.** Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 54 (= Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1195), 33.71; 9. Herrero 9/6/2004, lot 73, 35.15; 10. Herrero 13 Dec. 2012, lot 72, 30.53; 11. Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 577 (= ex HSA 23867), 39.44.

**97/4.** Cores coll., 18.11 (= Herrero 4/10/2001, lot 78).

### Iulia Traducta

A new chronological arrangement of the issues has been proposed by Moreno Pulido, E., Quiñones Flores, V.A. (2011): 'La amonedación de Cayo y Lucio Césares en Iulia Traducta y el Mediterráneo. Un problema cronológico', *Numisma* 255, 2011: 9-63, although it is not entirely convincing since they give different chronologies to denominations that are clearly united by style, being the work of the same hand. We continue to think that two series exist, a crude one and another one of good style, whose denominations cannot be separated. A chronology around 6 BC would make the division of the series unnecessary.

**98/5.** Cores coll., 21.8.

**100/5.** Montañés coll., 12.20.

**105/3.** Pliego 22/4/2004, lot 166, 6.62 (bunch of grapes to l.).

**106/4.** Cores coll., 2.20 (but simpulum to r.);

5. Montañés coll., 3.36; **6. Forum OMNI 27 Oct. 2009** [7/2012], the types and the corrupted legends are inverted, implying a possible imitation or the work of an unskilled engraver; **7. Herrero 13 Dec. 2012, lot 93.**



106/6



106/7

**107/58.** Calicó 8-9/11/1978, lot 780, 18.29 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.).

**108/416-424.** IVDJ 3317-3325, 8.15, 12.41 (cmk: **AI** on the obv.), 7.92, 7.90 (cmk: **Σ**, **Λ**, **ϸ** on the obv. and **ϸ** **ω** **ϸ** on the rev.), 7.10 (cmk: **AA** on the obv.), 10.32 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.), 8.41 (cmk: **AA** on the obv.), 8.11 (cmk: **ϸϸ** on the obv. and **ϸϸ** on the rev.), 6.63 (mark **Δ** on the obv. and cmk: **KN** on the rev.); 425-433. Cores coll., 7.5 (cmk: **AA** on the obv.), 10.2 (cmk: **ϸϸ** on the obv.), 8.6 (cmk: **ϸϸ** on the obv.), 8.6 (cmk: **ϸ** on the rev.), 12.90 (cmk: **Σ** and **ϸ** (two times) on the obv. and **ϸ** **ω** **ϸ** on the rev.), 10.0 (cmk: **OU** on the obv. and **ϸ** **ω** **ϸ** on the rev.), 12.6 (cmk: **ϸϸ** on the obv. and **ϸϸ** on the rev.), 11.24 (cmk: **ϸϸ** on the rev.), 8.15 (cmk: **AI** on the obv.); 434-435. Ba 45193, 300676, 8.33 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.), 9.56 (cmk: **OU** on the obv. and **ϸ** **ω** **ϸ** on the rev.); 436. Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 612, 8.10 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.); 437. Mi (= *SNG* Mi 396) 8.44 (cmk: **OU** **C** on the obv.); 438. M 11943, 7.96 (cmk: **ϸ** on the rev.); **439. Herrero 13 Dec. 2012, lot 92** (= Herrero 8 May 2013, lot 102), 8.12, overstruck on Patricia; 440. Madrid, Museo Cerralbo 9374 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.). **441. Cores coll.** 7.22 g, overstruck on Ebusus (M. Campo, *Las monedas de Ebusus*, Barcelona, 1976: group XIX).



108/439



108/441

**109/95.** Another specimen with retrograde rev. legend, IVDJ 3327, 4.79.

**110/8.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1284), 2.34; 9. *Áureo* 2/7/2002, lot 2358 (= *Áureo* 24/1/200, lot 308), 1.95; 10. *Áureo* 30 Jan. 2008, lot 147, 2.77; 11. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 312, 2.40; 12. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1123, 1.24.

### Carteia

The coin auctioned by CNG 57, 4/4/2001, lot 768, and labelled as a 'rare representation of a fisherman' and 'apparently unrecorded' is in fact a known coin minted by C. Mini(us) IV C. Vibi(us) it IIIvir (*CNH*, p. 418, no. 52; Chaves, 1979, no. 788-791; L. Amela, *Gac. Num.* 156, 2005, pp. 3-16). It has been dated by Chaves to 55 BC, and because of this it was excluded from *RPC*.

**111/5.** Herrero 14/2/2004, lot 83, 8.02; 6. *Áureo* 20/9/2001, lot 469, 8.98.

**112/13.** *Áureo* 21/10/1997, lot 1042, 6.10 (EX S C); 14. Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 166, 6.50 (EX S C); 15. Vico 17 June 2010, lot 13 (= Vico 4 June 2009, lot 36), 6.70 (EX S C F C); 16. Cayón 11 April 2002, lot 166, 6.50 (EX S C F [C]); 17. Herrero 12 Dec. 2013, lot 52, 5.38 (without EX SC).

**113/41.** The Hunter coin, *M.* 3, 662, 15 (pl. 98.23) (= *SNG* Glasgow 31), 4.82 g, not cited in *RPC*, has rev. with C E rather than C F.

**115/25.** Cayón 11/4/2002, lot 169, 5.40.

**117/4.** Vico 19/6/2003, lot 30, 3.9; 5. IVDJ 2682, 3.5.

**118/40-1.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1342-3), 3.85, 3.34.

**122/296.** MSV 17/12/1981, lot 396 (ex coll. Cardim), 9.12 (cmk: **ϸ** on the rev.); 297-298. IVDJ 2692-2693, 7.11, 9.93 (cmk: **P** on the rev.); **299. Cores coll.** 8.71 (cmk: **R** on the obv.).



**Sexi**

From the end of the third century BC, Sexi Firmum Iulium (Almuñecar, Granada) struck an abundant series of bronze. The latest of these has the usual types of the city (head of Melkart-Heracles and two tunny fish), but the legend is in Latin rather than Punic: F I SEXS. The two first letters are to be expanded as Firmum Iulium, since this was the additional name of the city according to Pliny (*NH* III. 8). If this is the correct expansion of the legend, then the date of the coinage will derive from the date at which the city received its privileged status; the name of the city and the tribe *Galeria* in which the citizens were enrolled (J.L. López, *Hispania Poena*, Barcelona, 1995, pp. 299-350) suggest that this was under Caesar or Octavian. The types (the absence of an imperial portrait) and the weight (14.65 g) suggest that it is an issue of the middle of the first century or the 40s BC.

**S-123** AE. 26 mm, 14.65 g (15). Axis: 4 and 10. [7]

Vives 83-1, NAH 430, CNH 106, no. 22

Head of Melkart-Heracles, l.

F I SEXS in a rectangle between two tunny fish to l.; above, *aleph* and below, *yod*

1. IVDJ (= S de C 810 = Vives 83-1); 2-3. P 1123, 1125A, 16.01, 9.64; 4-5. L 1614-15, 15.38, 14.82; 6. NAH 430, 12.37; 7. ANE 11-12/1961 lot 174; 8. Moreda 30/4/1993 lot 643, 13.40; 9-10. Berrio, Almuñecar 32-33, 15.30, 15.18; 11. Villaronga photofile 1284-3-2, 14.00; 12-13. FNMT, 16.90, 14.90; **14. FNMT**, 16.00; 15-17. M 2896-8, 19.92, 14.96, 11.08.

**Abdera**

**124-26** The issues of the city, both Punic and Roman, have been discussed by C. Alfaro, *Numisma* 237 (1996), pp. 11-50.

**124/14.** RAH 2425, 8.24 (cmk: **VA** on the obv.); 15. Universidad de Sevilla 10.80 (F. Chaves, *La colección numismática de la Universidad de Sevilla*, Sevilla, 1994, 348); 16. Cádiz, Museo de Cádiz, 11.42 (A. Arévalo, *La moneda provincial romana de Hispania en el Museo de Cádiz*, in *La colección de monedas del Museo de Cádiz*,

Cádiz 2005, 5).

**125/19.** Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 4, 7.96; 20-21. IVDJ 3262-3263, 9.75, 12.35 (cmk: **Σ** on the rev.).

**126/18.** Pliego 6/11/2003, lot 38, 13.99; 19-21. Stockholm (= *ΣNG* 1361-1363), 7.88, 9.46, 11.24; 22. Cores coll., 10.6.

**Patricia**

**127/11.** Herrero 10/10/2002, lot 50, 42.93; 12. Vico 9/3/2006, lot 57, 39.5; 13. Pliego 3 July 2008, lot 282, 39.23

**129/385.** Ba 45208, 13.66 (cmk: **GN** on the rev.); 386. Cores coll., 11,18 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.); **387. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 28 Jan. 2010, lot 82, 8.00, overstruck on Iulia Traducta; 388. NY HAS 12098, 8.07, overstruck on Iulia Traducta.**



129/387



129/388

**130/275.** Cores coll., 3.8 (simpulum and apex instead of apex and simpulum as usual); 276. M 10500, 4.73 (cmk: **DX** on the rev.).

**131/61.** Stockholm (= *ΣNG* 1393), 3.18.

**TARRACONENSIS****Castulonian Mines**

**132/4. Áureo 29 Oct. 2008, lot 248, 17.22.**



## Acci

On the Punic countermark see now García-Bellido, M. P., (2006): 'Sobre la perduración de la escritura púnica en Hispania meridional. Una contramarca *tglyt* sobre moneda tiberiana de Acci', *Numisma* 250, 2006, pp. 139-150.

**133/33.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1394), 8.12 (AVG); 34. *Áureo* 5/4/1995, lot 183, 11.17 (AVGVSTVS); 35. *Áureo* 21/10/1997, lot 1216, 9.17 (AVGVSTVS); 36. Herrero 14/12/2004, lot 50, 8.32 (AVGVSTVS); 37-38. IVDJ 2833 (AVG), 2834 (AVGVSTVS), 8.36, 8; 39. Forum OMNI 11 Nov. 2008 [7/2012] (cmk: **CA** on the obv.).

**134/6.** Cores coll., 5; 7. IVDJ 2836, 5.19.

**135/44-46.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1396-1398), 11.88, 12.60, 14.04; 47-48. IVDJ 2828-2839, 14.78, 13.56 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 49. M 7664, 16.66 (cmk: » on the obv.).

Coins *RPC* 135/20 and 22 have cmk; 22: **III** on the rev. (laterally struck); 20: **V** on the obv.

**136/31.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1400), 5.46.

**137/33.** Vico 4/11/2004, lot 2, 22.4 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 34. NY 0000.999.30694, 30.84, cmk: **CA** on the obv.; 35. Cores coll., 21.59 (cmk: **CS** on the rev.); 36. *Áureo* 21/9/2006, lot 168, 26.50 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 37. Pliego online XVIII 9/12/2004, lot 88 (cmk: **CS** on the rev.).

**138/29-30.** IVDJ 2843, 2845, 24.29, 23.03 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 31. ANE 16-18/6/1992, lot 26 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 32. Calicó 8-9/11/1978, lot 9, 29.32; 33. Cores coll., 25,50 (cmk: **CA** on the obv. and **CL** on the rev.); 34. M 7690, 25.88.

**139/52-54.** IVDJ 2846-2848, 15.30, 17.66, 19.09 (2847-2848 have cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 55. NY Newell 69844, 21.23 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 56. Tarkis 28/5/1998, lot 2 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 57. Cores coll., 18.6; 58. Ba 30787, 14.58 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.). 59. Montañés coll., 14.20; 60. Calicó 8-9/11/1978, lot 10, 13.70 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.); 61. *Áureo* 7/3/2001, lot 5, 17.72 (cmk: **CA** on the obv.).

**140/26-28.** IVDJ 2849-2851, 6.94, 9.01, 7.85 (double struck); 29-30. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1408-1409), 8.46, 6.20; 31. M 7727, 7.72; 32. Hervera 10 April 2008, lot 231, 7.20 (it is not certain that the obverse legend finishes with the word AVGVSTVSS, since it could be tooled, be part of the end of the neck or an illusion).

**141/21-23.** IVDJ 2853-2855, 13.79, 20.02, 18.47 (cmk: **CA** on de rev.); 24. NY HSA 57.5515, 13.68 (cmk: **CA** on de rev.); 25. Ba 43475, 26.87 (cmk: **CL** on the rev.); 26. M 7743, 18.51 (cmk: **CL** on the rev.); **27. Áureo 3-4 Dec. 2013, lot 1256**, 22.38 (C CAESAR AVG GERMANICVS) (= *Áureo* & Calicó 11/12/2014, lot 2473); **28. Vico\_10/11/2011, lot 3004**, 27.60.

The coin that *ACIP* 3009 has used to illustrate the variant without P P is in fact a specimen minted from a die with P P (cf.: 141/28).



141/27



141/28

**142/4.** Stockholm, 21.95 (AVG GERMANICVS); 5. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1412), 21.95; 6. IVDJ 2852, 11.94.

**144/15-16.** IVDJ 2859-2860, 9.79, 12.73.

**145/8.** M 7752, 7.55; 9. Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 503 (= ex HSA 11808), 7.28.

## Carthago Nova

**146-86** See now M. del Mar Llorens Forcada, *La Ciudad de Carthago Nova: las emisiones romanas* (Murcia, 1994); J. M. Abascal, *Mastia* 1, 2002, pp. 21-44, who proposes to move *RPC* 151 just before 174, in the reign of Tiberius, and who argues that the city was promoted to the rank of colony by Pompey in ca. 54 BC.

**Cayón 21 Jan. 2011, lot 2090**, 2.80, 20 mm, has auctioned a coin from a Carthago Nova coin collector supposedly struck in this mint. M ACI / MAX on the obv. and hammer, patera? and tongs on the rev. Although possible, it is not sure that the coin was struck in Carthago Nova.



**146/32. Áureo 5.3.1997 lot 119**, 6.40 (P ATEL). Other specimens, whose legends are off flan, may perhaps also come from this die.



**148/3.** Vico 27/3/03, lot 121, 4.3; 4. Cores coll., 3.45.

**153/5. Cayón 21 Jan. 2011, lot 2096**, 2.00



**155/30.** CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1092, 6.90.

**156/2. Herrero 8 May 2013, lot 57**, 2.90, the legend is complete: II / L APPVLEI / QVINQ; II / C MAECI / QVINQ.



**158/58.** Gotha, 5.25.

**159/8.** Vico 19/6/2003, lot 26, 7.2; 9. Áureo 29/9/2004, lot 216, 2.04; 10. CNG EA 188 28 May 2008, lot 130, 2.24; 11. Áureo & Calicó 25 Jan. 2012, lot 1357, 2.72; 12. Cayón 21 Jan. 2011, lot 2089, 2.90; 13. Cayón 21 Jan. 2011, lot 2088, 3.20.

**160/51.** Stockholm, 6.41 g; M 8973, 4.20 (II V QVIN/ II V QVINQ); 52. Áureo 27/2/2002, lot 138, 4.78 (II VI V QVIN; II V QVINQ); 53. IVDJ 2498, 4.19 (II VIR QVIN; II V QVIN); 54. Villaronga coll., 5.20 (II VIR QVIN; II V QVIN); 55. Universidad de Sevilla 5.68 (II V QVIN; II V QVINQ) (F. Chaves, *La colección numismática de la Universidad de Sevilla*, Sevilla, 1994, 55).

**161/2.** Cores coll., 2,7 (HIBERVS [ ]N; C LVCI P F [ ]IN).

**163/12.** Cayón 21 Jan. 2011, lot 2104, 5.60.

**165/9.** Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 33 (= Herrero 4/10/2001, lot 59), 2.18. 10. Cores coll., 2.9; 11. Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 45, 3.70.

**167/102.** Áureo 27/2/2002, lot 137, 10.81.

**169/58.** Ba 109081, 5.27 (II V QV / II V Q; 59. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1096, 4.99 (II V Q / II V Q); 60. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach /28 Jan. 2010, lot 3113, 5.50 (incierta; II Q).

**170/54.** Cores coll., 11.62 (uncertain circular cmk: on the rev.).

**175** Three more specimens with the legend TVRVLL V I N K/POSTV: Stockholm 4.96, 5.06, 5.14.

**176/12 = M.** 3, 647, 11 (pl. 98.3) (= *SNG* Glasgow 59), 4.17 not 5.37 g.

**178/7.** Variant with legend [V]IN[K ALBIN] QVINQ [ITER] on the reverse, IVDJ 2788, 2.49. 8. Herrero 4/4/2002, lot 22, 2.18; 9. Vico 4 March 2010, lot 76, 2.60 (ALBI[N QVIN] / ITER / V I N [K]).

**179.** Countermark DD is on 179/69 not 179/68. 94-95. P (= *BnF* 1595-1596), 12.40 (countemark **LS** on the rev.), 9.54 (cmk: **SE** on the obv. and **l** on the rev.); 96. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1496), 12.12 (countemark **LS** on the rev.); 97. *Class. Num. Rev.*, summer 1995 (contermark **l** on the obv.); 98. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1246, 12.70 (cmk: **LS** on the rev.).

**182/50. NY HSA 57.5214**, 9.49 (= Llorens XVIII A-40a), new variety of obverse legend with: TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVGVST P M); 51. Áureo 19.12.1995, lot 2242, 15.8; **52. Stockholm**, 17.44, a new variety of reverse legend with C CAESAR TI N QVINQ [ ] I N KAR; 53. Áureo 3/3/1999, lot 1189, 15 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVGV P M / C CAES TI N QVINQ IN V I N K); 54. Cores 178, 14,56 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVGVSTV P M / C CAESAR TI N QVINQ IN V I N K); 55. FNMT 252, 13.55 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVGV P M / C CAESAR TI N QVINQ IN V I N K); 56. Herrero 11/1/1996, lot 69, 15.8 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVGVST P M / C CAESAR TI N QVINQ IN V I N K); **57. CNG EA 163 25 April 2007, lot 104**, 12.97 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVGV P M; C CAESAR TI N QVINQ C V I N K); **58. Cayón 21 Jan. 2011, lot 2125**, 13.30 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGV F AVGV P M / C CAESAR TI N QVINQ IN V I N K).



182/50



182/52



182/57



182/58

**183/20.** Vico 13 Nov. 2008, lot 71, 5.50 (AVGV P M; QVINQ).

**184/19.** Montañés coll., 3.87 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGV F / C CAESAR TI N QVI IN V I K); 20-21. Cores coll., 3,24 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGV F / C CAESAR TI N QV IN V I N K), 2,63 (TI CAESAR DIV AVGV F / C CAESAR QVINQ N K); 22. Áureo 3/3/1999, lot 1190, 2.72 (TI CAES[AR DIVI] AVGV F / C CAESAR TI N QVI IN V I N K); **23. Hervera 10 April 2008, lot 245**, 3.50 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGV F / C CAESAR TI N QVINQ K); **24. CNG EA 163 25 April 2007, lot 105**, 4.46 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGV F / C CAESAR TI N QVINQ K).



184/23



184/24

**185/82.** Cores coll., 12.6 (cmk:  on the obv.); 83. NY Newell 66825, 12.56 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.); 84. Tarkis 28/1/1999, lot 10, 13.53 (cmk:

 on the rev).

**186/27.** CNG 6-7/6/1996, lot 650, 5.79; 28. IVDJ 2813, 5.81.

### Ilici

Several papers have been published in recent years dealing with the colony of Ilici. The most relevant is R. Ramos and J. Uroz, *Dialoghi di Archeologia* 10, 1992, pp. 95-104, arguing that Ilici had been granted the colonial status in 40 BC. In a recent paper, G. Alföldy (*Canelobre* 48, 2003, pp. 35-57) deals with the foundation of Colonia Ilici and its issues, and he has proposed that it was probably established in 42 BC, thinking that Lepidus could have been involved to some degree; but A. M. Faria (*R. P. Arq.* 9.2, 2006, pp. 220-224) discussed reasons in favour of dating its foundation as a colony to 29-28 BC, by *T. Statilius Taurus* as a *deductor* or *adsignator*, as M. Grant suggested (*FTIA* p. 214).

Another forgery, cast from the same mould as P 850, exists in the Museo Civico di Brescia: see P.P. Ripollès, *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 17 (1995), pp. 354-55.

**187.** The identification of the obv. object as a *sportula*, by M. Torelli (see R. Ramos and J. Uroz, *Dialoghi di Archeologia* 10, 1992, pp. 99-100) is far from certain, since *simpula* with two long handles appear on coins minted in Eborac (RPC 50), Iulia Traducta (RPC 109) and Patricia (RPC 130). We maintain that the object is a *simpulum*, although we recognize the unusual shape depicted on Ilici coins and on the other mentioned mints as well (for *simpula* see, M. Castoldi, M. Feugère, *La Vaisselle tardo-républicaine en Bronze*, Dijon, 1991, pp. 61-88; C. Pérez González, *Arqueología militar romana en Europa*, Segovia, 2005, pp. 75-88).

**187/13.** Áureo 2/6/2004, 2236, 6,14; 14. Villaronga coll. (= Alföldy, *Canelobre* 48, 2003, p. 39, fig 5) (TERENTVS).

**190/60-611.** IVDJ 2816-2817, 6.54 (PETRONI), 5.98 (PETRO).

**192/59** = *M.* 3, 650, 1 (= *SNG* Glasgow 65), 8.22 (not 6.82 g, as in *M.*); 123. IVDJ 2821, 6.35 (TER).

**196.** Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 63, 10.50, with variant SETAL, has been tooled, since it was struck with the rev. die Llorens R29 which has SETTAL.

**p. 99.** Add 'q.' at the end of the heading for L Terentius Longus and L Papirius Avitus Ilviri.

**198.** The object between the two togate figures

previously described as an altar is in fact a thymiaterion (see A. M. Faria, *R. P. Arg.* 9.2, 2006, p. 222). 54. IVDJ 2832, 6.30.

**198/93.** Hervera 10 April 2008, lot 270, 12.50 (cmk:  on the obv.).



### Saguntum

**200-204.** See now, P. P. Ripollès, M. M. Llorens, *Arse-Saguntum. Historia monetaria de la ciudad y sus territorio*, Sagunto, 2002 [Ripollès-Llorens, here].

The new readings of some Latin legends show that Saguntum was a colony during a short period, dropping the Iberian name Arse. According to Cicero (*pro Balbo* IX, 23), in 56 BC, the city still had a federate status and from an inscription (*CIL* II<sup>2</sup>/14, 305), of 4/3 BC, we know that it had obtained municipal status; so, some (or all) colonial coins could have been minted after 44 BC (P. P. Ripollès and J. Velaza, *ζPE* 141, 2002, pp. 285-291). As far as the quarters are concerned, it is not possible to attribute any to this period with certainty. The new coins that have been included have a diverse metrology (some of them were overstruck on coins from other mints, with very extreme weights), lighter than the initial standard of 19-21 g for this type of coins.

*RPC* 485, attributed to a Spanish uncertain mint, is now proposed to have been struck in Saguntum, since finds surrounding this city have increased in number (Ripollès-Llorens, p. 478).

**S2-I-199A** AE. 30 mm, 17.26 g (16). Axis: var. [0]

Vives 18-5, *MAS* 110, *CNH* 75, Ripollès-Llorens 388.

L AEM [-] BAE AED COL; female helmeted head, r.

SAGV; prow, r.; in front, caduceus.

**1. Trade** (= Ripollès-Llorens 388a), 20.36; 2. C. F. coll. (= Ripollès-Llorens, 388 OE no. 2), 19.70; 3-15. See Ripollès-Llorens 388b-m and OE no. 1). 16. Trade (Valencia), 21.2.



**S2-I-199B** AE. 28-30 mm; 17.61 g (9). Axis: var. [0]

Vives 18-3, *MAS* 98, *MI* 199, *CNH* 66, Ripollès-Llorens 389-90.

M FABI AED - M AEMILI; female helmeted head, r.

SAGV; prow, r.; Nike above; in front, caduceus.

**1. RAH 1034** (= Ripollès-Llorens, 389a), 10.92; 2. NY 24151 (= Ripollès-Llorens 389b); 3-11. Ripollès-Llorens 389c-h, 390 and OE no. 1.



**S2-I-199C** AE. 29-33 mm, 14.26 g (31). Axis: var. [4]

Vives 18-1, 2, Hill 23-2, *MAS* 96-97, *MI* 200, *CNH* 64-65, Ripollès-Llorens 391-397.

CN BAEBI GLAB L CALPVRN AED C S or L CALPVR AED COL CN BAEBI; female helmeted head, r.

SAGV; prow, r.; Nike above; in front, winged caduceus.

CN BAEBI GLAB L CALPVRN AED C S: **1. Ex coll. Petit** (= Ripollès-Llorens 392d) 24; 2-32. Ripollès-Llorens 391-392a-c, e-r, 393-395, OE 1-2.



L CALPVR AED COL CN BAEBI: **33. Cores coll.** (= Arcanos 23/11/1989, lot 26 = Ripollès-Llorens 397b), 13.9; 34-35. See Ripollès-Llorens 396-397a. Forgery: Hervera (= Heiss 28-18) on which, in addition, the letters CVR on the obv.

legend were tooled.



201/10

**S2-I-199D** AE. 29 mm, 16.28 g (1). Axis: 3 (1). [0]

Ripollès-Llorens 407a.

[ ] BAEB GLOB [A]E[D COL] M POP RV[?];  
Female helmeted head, r.  
SAGV; prow, r; Nike above; in front, caduceus.

**1. Private coll.** (= Ripollès-Llorens 407a)  
16.28.



201/11



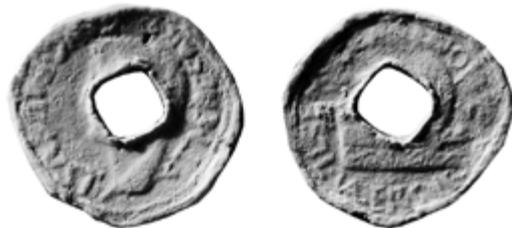
201/13

**200/14-18.** Variant with legend S M L SEMPR VETTO, Ripollès-Llorens, *Arse-Saguntum*, p. 476, no. 410-411 and no. 6 (other examples).

**201.** AVG F AVGVS / GEMIN: **7.** NY HSA 7607, 11.08 (= Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 420b); **8. R.C. Col. 18.80** (= Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 420a); 9. M 1993/67/12484, 15.62 (= Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 420d). AVG F AVGVS / GEMINO: **10. Stockholm 1552**, 12.32 (= Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 419a). AVG F AVGVS / GEMINO: **11. ex col. Balsach**, 15.07 (= *NAH* 1105 = *Áureo* 7 March 2001, lot 426 = Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 416a); 12. Vico 10 Nov. 2011, lot 66, 1.20. AVG F AVG - VST / GEMINO: **13. IVDJ 2744, 13.57** (= Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 417a). AVG F AVGVS - T / GEMINO: **14. J.Z. coll.** 13.00 (= Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 423a); 15. Ex Petit col. 13.24 (= Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 424a). AVG F AVGVST / GEMINO: **16. E. Viana coll.** (pierced) (= Ripollès, Llorens 2002: n° 422a).



201/14



201/16

**485/19-27.** Coin finds suggest Saguntum as the location where this issue could be struck, see Ripollès-Llorens 412c, 413d, and other pieces 1-3, 6-8, 11.



201/8

### Dertosa

**205-209.** See now M. M. Llorens, X. Aquilué, *Ilercavonia-Dertosa i les seves encunyacions monetàries*, Barcelona, 2001.

**205/23.** Áureo 7 March 2001, lot 313 (cmk:  on the rev.); 24. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 274, 9.13 (cmk:  on the rev.); 25. Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Nov. 2008, lot 1112, 9.10 (cmk:  on the rev.).

**206/2.** Cores coll., 4.6.

**207/62.** Áureo 7 March 2001, lot 187, (cmk:  on the rev.); 63. Vico 8 March 2007, lot 48 (cmk:  on the rev.); 64. CNG 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1016, 9.42 (cmk:  on the rev.); 65. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 275, 8.07; 66. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 276, 7.25 (cmk:  on the rev.); 67. Áureo 29 Oct. 2008, lot 160, 8.95 (cmk:  on the rev.); 68. Valencia SIAM 512590 (= Llorens y Aquilué 2001: II.1.13b) (cmk:  on the rev.); 69. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 31 March 2009, lot 85, 8.50 (cmk:  on the rev.); 70. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 5 Nov. 2009, lot 2208, 8.10 (cmk:  on the rev.); 71. CNG Mail Bid Sale 73 13 Sep. 2006, lot 607 (= CNG 1996/09/18, lot 894), 7.68 (cmk:  on the rev.); 72. CNG Mail Bid Sale 73 13 Sep. 2006, lot 685, 7.58 (cmk:  on the rev.); 73. Hervera 27 Oct. 2010, lot 3059, 7.40 (cmk:  on the rev.); 74. Hervera 27 Oct. 2010, lot 3060, 6.90 (cmk:  on the rev.).

Coin *RPC* **207/52** (= Schulten & co 2-4 June 1982, lot 555 = Llorens-Aquilué 2001: II.1.33a), with the cmk  has been auctioned again by CNG Triton XI 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 413.



**209/3.** NY 24362 is a forgery. The average weight of the *RPC* 209 is now 4.23 (3 pieces); **5. Ibercoin 12 Dec. 2012, lot 151, 3.74; 6. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 7 May 2013, lot 38, 4.40.**



209/5



209/6

## Tarraco

**210-33** See now J. Benages i Olivé, *Les Monedes de Tarragona* (Barcelona, 1994), pp. 172-78

**p. 102/11-12.** Two specimens belonging to the alleged local imitation of *RPC* 217 (217a on plate 16) in the M. Civico C. Verri (= E. Arslan, M. Cunegatti, L. Pozzi, *Museo Civico 'Carlo Verri'. Catalogo delle collezioni numismatiche. Le monete greche. Parte I. Hispania-Sicilia*, Comune di Biassono, 2002, no. 80-81), 2.17 and 1.14. The right reading of the rev. legend seems to be C A I B, on coin no. 81.

**211/43.** NY HSA 24568, 3.67; 44. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 31 March 2009, lot 2126, 5.30 CAESA - RE GEM).

**212/17.** Vico 13 Nov. 2008, lot 188 (= Vico 17 June 2010, lot 50), 4.80; 18. CNG EA 188 28 May 2008, lot 153, 3.70; 19. Vico 17 June 2010, lot 3046, 3.50.

**214/12.** M. Civico C. Verri (= E. Arslan, M. Cunegatti, L. Pozzi, *Museo Civico 'Carlo Verri'. Catalogo delle collezioni numismatiche. Le monete greche. Parte I. Hispania-Sicilia*, Comune di Biassono, 2002, n° 79), 1.95; 13. Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 91, 2.19; 14. Coll. R. A. (= P. P. Ripollès - M. Llorens, *Arse-Saguntum. Historia monetaria de la ciudad y su territorio*, Sagunto, 2002, p. 526, no. 128), 2.04; 15. Cores coll., 2.18; 16. Áureo 21 Sep. 2006, lot 199 (= Áureo 21 Sep. 2010, lot 178), 1.78.

**216/11.** Áureo 21-22/10/2003, lot 149 (= Áureo 31/5/2006, lot 59), 2.51; 12. Áureo 15-16/12/2004, lot 3340, 2.32; 13. Herrero 11/5/2006, lot 35, 3.15; 14. Montañés coll.



**217/6.** Cores coll., 3.21 (= Áureo 2/7/2003, lot 140); 7-8. IVDJ 2713-2714, 2.41, 1.75; 9. Áureo 29 Oct. 2008, lot 415, 2.33; 10. Vico 12 Nov. 2009, lot 98, 2.70; 11. C 3.12.

**219/20.** Herrero 5/2/2004, lot 63, 23.43.

**220/6.** Herrero (14.11.1996) lot 38, 24.99; 7. G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, n° 10, 24.3, 5 h.

**223/3.** J. Benages, *Les monedes de Tarragona*, Tarragona, 1994, p. 176, no. 6, 23.24.

**226/9.** Áureo 15-16/12/2004, lot 303, 27.79; 10.

Cores coll., 27.8 (= ANE 7-9/3/1989, lot 220); 11. *Áureo* 21 June 2007, lot 2277, 27.32.

**227/8-9.** IVDJ 2724-2725, 22.59, 21.17; 10. *Áureo* 21 June 2007, lot 99, 19.89.

**228/98.** Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 614, 6.87 (ex HSA 30200), the final part of the reverse legend on a piece struck with the same reverse die has been misinterpreted as C V T TAR in *ACIP* 30200.

**230/3.** *Áureo* 7-8/3/1994, lot 551, 9.34 (CTT); 4. Benages, 1997, p. 21, n° 14, 8.89 (CTT).

### Emporiae

**234** Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 27/2/2014, lot 113, with legend EMPORIT on line, is a tooled coin.

**236/47.** Ba 33669, 11.20.

**237/38-39.** IVDJ 2418, 2420, 12.44 ([E]MPORIT), 14.21 (EMPORIT).

**238/38.** *CNH p. 152 no. 8* (P L L L on line); 39. *Áureo* 21/10/1997, lot 278, 9.55 (P L L L on line); 40. Ba 20814, 11.70 (P L L L on line).



**239/71.** Ba 4577, 1.51.

**241/67.** L 94, 9.47; 68. Moreda 30/4/1993, lot 310, 11, cmk:  and **DD** on the obv.; 69-70. Ba 9754, 14337, 7.92, 11.60 (both with cmk:  and **DD** on the obv.).

**242/27.** Museo Civico C. Verri (= E. Arslan, M. Cunegatti, L. Pozzi, *Museo Civico 'Carlo Verri'. Catalogo delle collezioni numismatiche. Le monete greche. Parte I. Hispania-Sicilia*, Comune di Biassono, 2002, n° 41), 10.02; 28. M 4404, 10.87.

**244/27.** IVDJ 2458, 1.85.

**245/29.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1597), 5.81; 30. IVDJ 2431, 9.24 (EMPORIT).

**246** A specimen was found at the camp at Haltern, indicating a date before AD 9 (M.P. García-Bellido, *AEspA* 66, 1993, p. 345).

**247/25.** *Áureo* 21 June 2007, lot 82, 11.10 (cmk: **DD** on the obv.).



**248/35.** IVDJ 2436, 10.72.

**249/11.** Cores coll., 7.8; 12-13. IVDJ 2437-2438, 12.06 (EMPORI), 9.05 (EMPORIT); 14. Ba 20798, 9.18 (EMPORIT).

**250/23.** Museo Civico C. Verri (= E. Arslan, M. Cunegatti, L. Pozzi, *Museo Civico 'Carlo Verri'. Catalogo delle collezioni numismatiche. Le monete greche. Parte I. Hispania-Sicilia*, Comune di Biassono, 2002, n° 40), 12.67; 24. IVDJ 2439, 8.28; 25-26. Ba 5084, 109204, 8.55 (cmk: **D'D** on the obv.), 10.48.

**252/69-70.** IVDJ 2442-2443, 12.70 (CAR - Q; EMPORI), 10.03 (CAR - Q; EMPORI); 71. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1599), 9.93 (CAR - Q; EMPORI); 72. *CNG EA* 316, 4 Dec. 2013, lot 28, xxx (CAR - Q; EMPORIT).

**253/6.** **Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 248**, 12.10 (cmk: **DD** on the rev.); 7. Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 186 (= ex HSA 10249).



The coin Villaronga 1977, n° 119 (ex Almirall, now **Cores col.**, classified as *RPC* 257 is in fact an specimen of this type. The countermark on the obverse read as TIB. IMP by Guadán (1960: 63-64, n° 79) and as IMI-BT by Villaronga is **RIM:ET**.



**254/24.** P S de R (= *BnF* 1743), 6.84, cmk:  and  on the obv.

**255/4.** *SNG* Bern 9, 11.58.

**256/24.** Ba 20804, 12.00 (M A B M F - M Q).

**257/395.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1600), 12.13 (EMPORIT); **396. Stockholm** (= *SNG* 1601), 7.28 (EMPORIT); 397. IVDJ 2448, 13.88, cmk: **D•D** on the obv.; 398-399. P (= *BnF* 1762, 1764), 10.70 (cmk: **DD** on the obv. and rev.), 8.23 (cmk: **D•D** on the obv.); 400. Ba 20861, 9.55 (cmk: **DD**,  and  on the obv.); 401. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 245, 9.25; 402. Stockholm 1605, 8.16 (cmk:  on the obv.).



**258/37.** Ba 33709, 3.03.

### Ilerda

**259/21-22.** IVDJ 2872-2873, 7.42, 6.80.

**260/66-67.** The rev. legend on 260/66-7 is MVNI ILERDA without ligature; 81. Áureo 15/12/1994 lot 207 (MVNI ILERDA). All (66-67 and 81) seem to have the same rev. die; 82. Mi (= *SNG* Mi 299), 6.95 (IMP AVGVVS DIVI F; MVN ILERDA); 83. Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 311, 7.12 (IMP AVGVSTVS DIVI F; MVN ILERDA); 84. Vico 4/11/2004, lot 105, 7.3; 85. Montañés coll., 8.05 (IMP AVGVST - DIVI F; ILERDA); **86. Vico 2 April 2009, lot 396**, 8.10 (IMP AVG - VSTVS DIVI F; MVN / ILERDA); **87. Áureo 7 March 2001, lot 310** (IMP AVGVSTVS - DIVI F; MVNICIP / ILERDA); **88. Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 599** (= ex HSA 24072), 9.40 (IMP AVGVST - DIVI F; MVNI / ILERDA).



260/86



260/87



260/88

### Lepida / Celsa

L. Amela, *Kalathos* 20-21, 2001-2002, pp. 239-249, deals with the foundation date of the colony, proposing the second term of Lepidus (44-42 BC). M. P. García-Bellido, 'La historia de la colonia Lepida-Celsa según sus documentos numismáticos: su ceca imperial', *AEspA*, 76, 2003, pp. 273-290, tries to argue that the imperial aurei and denarii of 'uncertain mint 1 (Colonia Caesaraugusta?)' (*RIC* I<sup>2</sup>, 26-49) were struck at Celsa and that colonial bronze was minted to supply the army. These hypotheses, none of them proven, are heavily biased in favour of the army. We disagree with these points of view, see *RPC* I, pp. 9 and 16-17.

A possible lead test-piece of a reverse die of an as of Celsa has been published by E. Collado and M. Gozalbes 'Un plomo inédito de Celsa', *Gac. Num.* 122, 1996, 47-51.

Recently, T. Hurtado Mullor has defended in the Universitat de València his doctoral thesis *Las emisiones monetarias de la Colonia Victrix Iulia Lepida-Celsa*, Valencia, 2013, in which he presented a complete compilation of its coinages, proposed a coherent arrangement of the issues and made the die study. The monetary production of Lepida-Celsa was one of the most plentiful in Hispania, since for Lepida he has estimated the use of about 78 obverse dies and 152 reverse dies (from a sample of 1101 coins); whereas for Celsa he has estimated about 200 obverse dies and 707 reverse dies (from a sample of 2294 pieces).

**p. 110** Left column, lines 21-22, for 'coined by three colleges of praefecti pro Ilviris (asses)', read 'coined by four colleges of praefecti pro Ilviris (asses), one of them quinquennales'. Right column: delete lines 19-27 from 'The hybrid..' to '...by a forger' and substitute: 'The hybrid coins with a Calagurris obverse and a Celsa reverse (451A and 451B) are considered by Villaronga (*GN* 12, 1969, pp. 21-2) and Rodewald (*Money in the Age of Tiberius*, 1976, p. 131 n. 509) as the products of

co-operation between the two mints, but are regarded here as irregular coinages. For their description see Calagurris, below.

**261/37.** IVDJ 2517, 18.26 (CVIL on the obv.). 38. Cores coll., 17.6 (CVIL on the obv.); 39. Cayón 24 Dec. 2007, lot 6431 (cmk: ● on the obv.). **40. Vico 11 Nov. 2010, lot 150,** 20.80 (CVIL).



**264/60. Áureo 21.1.1997 lot 150,** 15.36 (PR I VIR); **61. MPV 28055** (= Áureo 3 March 2008, lot 1027), 15.69.

Áureo 21 Jan. 1997, lot 150 (= Vico 10 Nov. 2005, lot 1084 = RPC S 264/30), with legend PR I VIR on the reverse, according to Hurtado, has been tooled, and so he discards it as a variant.



**265/9.** Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 90 (= Áureo 16-17/12/1997, lot 1240), 7.80; 10. Áureo 21/1/1997, lot 151, 4.82; 11. Herrero 24/5/1990, lot, 40, 7.56; 12. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 447, 7.97; 13. Áureo 2/7/1996, lot 6.62; 14. Vico 19/11/1992, lot 34, 6.9, with uncertain cmk: on the obverse; 15. Áureo 31/5/2006, lot 43, 7.14; 16. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 350, 7.08; 17. Vico 17 June 1993, lot 81, 5.70; 18. Vico 11 Nov. 2010, lot, 6.70.

Forgery: 1. Áureo 7/03/2001, lot 165, 6.32 (this coin was cast from the IVDJ 2530, 6.77 or both are cast from an as yet not identified model; confirmation about genuineness of IVDJ 2530 needed).

**266/4.** Áureo 30/5/2000, lot 64 (= Áureo 3/3/1999, lot 1195), 5.18; 5. Herrero 16/10/2003, lot 89, 6.55, the legends seem tooled; 6. RAH 3090, 5.48; 7. Áureo 1/7/2004, lot 2118 (= Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 84), 5.19.

**267/2.** The direct examination of the coin **Herrero 19/5/1994, lot 65,** 7.84 shows that the legend is L

CALP SEX NI (without AED) (A. M. Faria, *R. P. Arq.* 2.1, 1999, p. 270). 3. Cores coll., 6.3.



**268/2.** Villaronga photofile 7230, 3.2 (CAL); 3. Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 85, 3.31 (CAL); 4. Herrero 5 May 2011, lot 67, 3.03 (CAL); **5. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 352,** 3.93 (CAL).



**269/67.** Variant with FRON on the rev., **Áureo 16-17/12/1997, lot 1241,** 18.66; 68. Another variant with POMPE on the rev., Vico 16/3/1999, lot 22, 15.20; **69. Áureo 1/7/1999, lot 2240,** 14.52, seemingly with BVC on the rev.; 70. Valencia SIAM 780, 11.72 (cmk: ☽ on the obv.).



269/67



269/69

**270/83.** CNG EA 2 April 2008, lot 167, 10.63; 84. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1103, 11.75; **85. eBay #160155055221** [12 Sep. 2007] (cmk: LA on the rev.); **86. Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 675** (= ex HSA 20650), 12.81 (cmk: ☽ on the rev.); **87. IVDJ 2889,** 14 (AVGVST C V I CELSA; L COR TERR M IVN HISP II VIR); **88. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach /28 Jan. 2010, lot 54,** 13.42 (AVGVST C V I CELS; L COR TER M IVN HIS II VIR); **89. Ebay # 8434336877,** 12.68 (AVGVST C V I CELS; L COR TER M IVN HISP II VIR).

On some coins only II V is legible, instead of II VIR;

we thought that it is because some letters were filled up with metal (II V R on Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 451, ex HSA 23173), or that the minting was made with irregular pressure, since Hurtado (coins 376a and b) includes coins struck with the same dies bearing the complete legend, for example compare Vico 4 Nov. 2004, lot 32 (= ACIP 3161o) and coin FV 429-15-2.



270/85



270/86



270/87



270/88



270/89

**273/135.** Cores coll., 11.8, (V I C[EL] / L BACCIO / [MN] FESTO) / II VIR) letters L and B, of L BACCIO, are inverted; **136.** Cayón 24 Dec. 2007, lot 6424 (cmk: **LA** on the obv.); **137.** CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1105, 14.69; **138.** Madrid, Museo Cerralbo 4808 (cmk: **LA** on the rev.); **139.** Ba 300624, 10.70 (cmk: **LA** on the rev.); **140.** M Sastre 6616, 10.08

(cmk: **LA** on the obv.).

Imitations: New specimens have been recorded that attest the existence of imitations. In addition to the published piece *RPC* S2-I-273/135, with the reverse legend V I C[EL] / L BACCIO / [MN] FESTO) / II VIR, from coll. Cores, we know a second one kept in the **SIAM coll.** (Valencia) 5/12040, 10.47 (= Hurtado 832), with the legends and the bull inverted; also a third one with the portrait and obverse legend inverted and the reverse legend with mistakes, from the **Villaronga coll.** These mistakes as well as the crude artistic quality suggest they are imitations.



273/136



273/139



273/140



SIAM



Villaronga

**275/8.** Áureo 18-19/12/2001, lot 294, 3.55. 9. Vico 13/6/2002, lot 31, 3.6; 10. Herrero 13/2/2003, lot

92, 4.10; 11. RAH 3155, 3.08; 12. Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 167, 4.11; 13. Vico 9/6/2005, lot 25 (= Hervera 27/6/2006, lot 91), 3.1; 14. Herrero 10 Dec. 2008, lot 107, 2.99; 15. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1106, 3.00.

**276/16.** MARQ (= CMTM, lám. 36-180), 3.80; 17. Áureo 26/4/94, lot 2143, 5.45; 18. Áureo 15-16/12/1999, lot 2073, 7.79; 19. Vico 11/3/2004, lot 32, 7.1; 20. Hervera 15/11/05, lot 99, 4.2.

**277/4.** Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1282, 3.13; 5. Áureo 22/9/1999, lot 209, 3.45; 6. Herrero 10/10/2002, lot 103 (= Áureo 19-20/10/1999, lot 1229), 4.89; 7. Áureo 2/7/2002, lot 2309 (= Áureo 1/7/2004, lot 2121 = Áureo 26/4/2006, lot 2139), 4.14; 8. RAH 3158, 3.55; 9. Áureo 21-22/4/1998, lot 131, 3.09; 10. Áureo 26/4/1994, lot 265, 4.17. 11. Cores coll., 4.3.

**278/107.** MARQ, 9.10 (cmk on the rev.) (= CMTM, pl. 36-186); **108. CNG EA 23/1/2008, lot 74**, 13.29 (CN DOMITIO C POMPEIO); **109. Montañés coll.** (CN DOMITI C POMPEIO).



278/108



278/109

**279/53.** Hervera 10 April 2008, lot 247, 13.10 (FRON); 54. NY Newell 68180, 9.71 (cm  on the obv.).

**280/16.** Áureo 22 Oct. 1998, lot 2138, 5.75.



**Osca**

**281-303** See now A. Domínguez, *Medallas de la Antigüedad. Las acuñaciones ibéricas y romanas de Osca* (Huesca, 1991).

Metal analyses (XRF) on coins kept in the Museo Arqueológico Nacional (Madrid), published by A. Domínguez, *Actas XI Congreso Nacional de Numismática*, Zaragoza, 2002, pp. 53-70, show they were struck in bronze without or with a low amount of lead (Augustus: *RPC* 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 289; Tiberius: *RPC* 291, 292, 293, 295, 296, 297, 298; Caligula: *RPC* 302, 303); in contrast, coin *RPC* 301 (Caligula) was struck on brass, as we predicted from the colour of the known specimens.

**281/18.** Mi (= *SNG* 309), 11.33; 19. Cores coll., 14.00; 20-21. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1680-1691), 11.02, 12.68.

**282/3.** Áureo 21-22/4/1998, lot 165 (= Áureo 28/10/1991, lot 158), 2.51 (obv. legend: MVN, but it seems tooled); 4. Áureo 4/3/1998, lot 1485 (= Vico-Pliego 20/11/2002, lot 118 = Vico 13/11/2003, lot 76), 2.35; 5. Áureo 3/3/1999, lot 1232 (= Áureo 24/1/2001, lot 328), 2.65 (obv. legend: MVN); 6. Vico 17/11/1994, lot 55 (= Áureo 14/6/1994, lot 2186) 3.0 (obv. legend: VV); 7. IVDJ 2507, 1.9 (tooled, but VV); 8. Montañés coll., 2,81; 9. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 114 (= Vico 11 Nov. 2010, lot 272), 2.64; 10. Áureo 21 June 2007, lot 95, 2.76.

We are not still sure about the reading of the obv. legend (VV, MVN, MV or MV (?)) because some coins seem tooled, but we prefer VV.

**283/23. CNG EA 28 May 2008, lot 151**, 21.91 (cmk  on the obv.).



**284/26.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1682), 10.44; 27. NY Newell 64534, 9.72 (cmk:  on the rev.).

**285/16.** IVDJ 3043, 12.59; 17-18. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1683-1684), 9.89, 12.63.

**286/23-25.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1685-1688), 6.66, 5.77, 5.96, 5.21.

**S3-I-286A** AE. 14.5 mm, 1.70 g (1). [0]

AVGVSTVS DIVI F; laureate head, r.  
OSCA.

**1. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 20 Dec. 2011, lot 97**, 1.70; not seen, it could be tooled, since the head truncation is different from the normal style.



**287/22-23.** IVDJ 3048-3049, 12.69, 11.95. 24-25. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1689-1690), 13.02, 11.42.

**288/4.** IVDJ 3050, 7.92; 5. Cores coll., 8.8.

**289/19-20.** IVDJ 3052-3053, 11.09, 10.66; 21-23. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1691-1693), 10.93, 8.97, 10.71.

**290/3. Herrero 12 Dec. 2013, lot 33, 2.70.**



**291/19.** Vico 5 June 2008, lot 115, 15; 20. CNG EA 163 25 April 2007, lot 111, 12.89; 21. Herrero 24 May 2012, lot 88, 11.33; 22. Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 627, 11.90 (= ex HSA 20728).

**292/9-10.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1695-1696), 6.51, 4.70; 11. Hervera 10 April 2008, lot 280 (= Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2008, lot 369), 4.90; 12. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 21 Dec. 2010, lot 3215 (= Moreda 1993/04/30, lot 128), 6.00; 13. Universidad de Sevilla 5.70 (F. Chaves, *La colección numismática de la Universidad de Sevilla*, Sevilla, 1994, 303).

**293/6.** Áureo 21.1.1997, lot 256, 2.79; 7. IVDJ 3057, 2.66; 8. Áureo 29/10/2002, lot 2306, 3.60; 9. Afinsa 9/10/2003, lot 300. 3.1; 10. Herrero 16/10/2003, lot 121, 2.98; 11-12. Áureo 26/1/1999, lots 356-7, 3.53, 3.13; 13. Herrero 18/5/1995, lot 73 (= Herrero 19/5/1994, lot 140 = Áureo 19710/1994, lot 1157), 3.08; 14. Áureo 29 Oct. 2008, lot 318, 3.35; 15. CNG EA 163 25 April 2007, lot 112, 3.08; 16. Vico 7 Nov. 2013, lot 170, 3.52 (ex HSA 24094).

**S-293A** AE. 16 mm, 2.52 g (1). Axis: 5 (1). [0]

Obverse as 293, reverse as 294

1. Stockholm, 2.52; 2. Herrero 13 Dec. 2012, lot 35, 3.36; **3. Herrero 12 Dec. 2013, lot 34, 2.70** (= Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 15/5/2014, lot 2307).



**S-293B** AE. 11 mm, 3.63 g (2). [0]

TI CAESAR P M; laureate head, r.  
OSCA, above and below, V V

**1. Vico 10.3.1994 lot 70, 3.60;** 2. Vico 10.3.1994 lot 1105; 3. A. Domínguez *et al.*, *El Patrimonio Numismático del Ayuntamiento de Huesca* (Huesca, 1996) no. 274, 3.65. 1-2 are from the same obverse die; 4. Cores coll., 3.5; 5. Áureo 21 June 2007, lot 2251, 2.78.



**294/2.** Tarkis 5/10/2000, lot 3, 3.12; 3. Hervera 10 April 2008, lot 281, 3.10; 4. Tesorillo.com [11/2012].

**295/25-26.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1698-1699), 10.47, 10.12; 27. Vico 8/6/2006, lot 3100, 11.8.

**296/32-33.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1700-1701), 11.88, 14.62.

**297/16-17.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1702-1703), 15.08, 12.75; 18. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 115, 17.13; 19. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 5 Nov. 2009, lot 2244, 12.60

**298/7.** IVDJ 3064, 5.78; 8. Montañés coll., 6.07; 9. Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 629 (= ex HSA 24096); 10. Ibercoin 22 Oct. 2013, lot 5072, 8.44.

**300/7.** Áureo 9/4/2003, lot 3343, 23.50, obv. and rev. damaged by a round punch mark.

**301/8.** IVDJ 3066, 11.88; 9. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 117, 12.70.

**302/25.** IVDJ 3068, 16.15; 26-27. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1705-1706), 11.52, 13.51.

**303/8.** IVDJ 3071, 5.93; 9. Áureo 14-15/1/1992, lot 781, 5.93.

### Caesaraugusta

M. Gómez Barreiro, 'El papel de la colonia de Caesaraugusta en el contexto imperial augústeo. El testimonio histórico de la numismática', *AEspA*, 76, 2003, pp. 291-307, discusses the date of settlement, giving support to 15-14 BC, and removing from it the imperial aurei and denarii of 'uncertain mint 1 (Colonia Caesaraugusta?)' (*RIC* I<sup>2</sup>, 26-49, dated 19-18 BC), because dates are incompatible. Gómez also deals

with finds, halved and countermarked coins.

Eight new coin analyses have been published by M. Gómez, *Actas XI Congreso Nacional de Numismática*, Zaragoza, 2002, pp. 104-109, with some interesting information for entries *RPC* 344, 363 and 365 (see below).

More ancient forgeries of *RPC* 352: Áureo 21/10/1997, 1309 (= Áureo 29/9/1998, lot 454), 6.23 (rev. die is the same as *NAH* 1090); of *RPC* 354-355, IVDJ no. 3001-3004, 8.48, 5.34, 5, 5.73 (no. 3002 = Gil Farrés no. 147).

**p. 119.** Left column, fourteen line, instead of Vives 137 read Vives 153.

**304/9.** IVDJ 2922, 12.12 (CAESARAVGVSTA, LVTAT, FABI). Coin *RPC* 304/7 has a laureate head, so must be included in *RPC* 305; 10. CNG EA 188 28 May 2008, lot 120, 12.13 (CAESAR - AVGVST[TA] / Q LVTAT M FABI[O] / II VIR); 11. Vico 12 Nov. 2009, lot 22, 13.00 (CAESAR - AVGVSTA / Q LVTAT M FABI / II VIR).

**305/17.** Lanz 94 (Benz), 1999, lot 121; 18. IVDJ 2923, 13.08 (CAESARAVGVSTA, LVTATI, FABIO); 19. Áureo 28/5/2003, lot 53, 12.52 (CAESAR AVGVSTA, LVTATI, FABI); 20. Liria Museo, 9.69 (= N. Lledó, *Saguntum* 33, 2001, n° 3, pl. I-3) ([CAESAR AVGVST] TA, Q LVTATI M FABI II VIR) (cmk:  en rev.).

**306/8-9.** IVDJ 2924-2925, 14.91 (cmk: ● on the obv.), 12.71.

**307/3.** Áureo 15/12/1994 lot 2143, 11.53.

**308/4.** Oslo, 8.12 (cast in BM).

**S-308A** AE. 28 mm, 11.76 g (1). Axis: 9. [1]

As 308, but priest ploughing l.

**1. NY Anderson 1414**, 11.76; **2. IVDJ 2927**, 11.56.



**309/30.** A new variety with VAL: Stockholm, 13.58; 31. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1712), 12.47 ([CAE]SARAVGVSTA [L CASSIO] C VALE FEN II VIR); 32-33. Cores coll., 13.8 (cmk:  on the obv.), 11.2 (cmk:  on the obv.); 34.

Ba 44686, 9.84 ([CAESAR AVGVSTA] L CASSIO C VALER FENE II VIR); 35. M 8013, 12.10 (CAESAR AVGVSTA L CASSIO C VALE FEN II VIR).

**310/4.** Stockholm ([AVGVSTA [ ]SSIO C VALER FEN II VIR), 8.92.

**311/15.** Herrero 20/5/1999, lot 15, 6.67 (II VIR to r.); 16. Áureo 16-17/12/1997, lot 3290, 8.31; 17. Áureo 2/7/2002, lot 2225, 7.31; 18. Áureo & Calicó 7 Jan. 2010, lot 145, 5.26 (CAESAR - AVGVSTA); 19. Áureo 7 March 2001, lot 71 (CAESAR - AVGVSTA)

**312/10. VQR 583**; 11. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 16/10/2014, lot 3118.



**313/5.** Áureo 15-16/10/1999, lot 2054, 3.31; 6. Áureo 26/1/1999, lot 241, 3.87; 7. IVDJ 2942, 3.71 (wrongly classified as *RPC* 316).

**314/37-39.** IVDJ 2935-2937, 7.22, 8.98, 12.31 (cmk:  on the obv.); 40. NY Newell 65138, 8.90 (cmk:  on the obv.); 41-42. Cores coll., 10.10 (cmk:  on the obv.), 14.80 (cmk:  on the obv.). 43. IVDJ 2958, 10.22 (cmk:  on the rev) (it is not *RPC* 322).

**315/60-63.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1719-1722), 5.84, 7.94 (cmk: ● on the rev.), 6.17, 6.35.

The alleged variant without II on the reverse (*ACIP* 3039c) corresponds to a coin struck with a die in which that part has filled up with metal or it has become blurred. On the illustrated coin it is possible to see a line at the top that defines the Roman numerals.

**316/24.** IVDJ 2940, 3.75; 25. Hervera 10 April 2008, lot 238, 3.40; **26. MPV 28347** (= CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1082), 3.50.



**317/11-14.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1724-1727), 14.05, 11.92, 14.00, 11.22 (cmk:  on the obv.); 15. ANE 11/12/1991, lot 40. 16. IVDJ 2943, 10.10; **17. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 14 July 2009, lot 2082**, 11.00 (PON MAX; ALLIARIO); 18. Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 501 (= ex HSA 20976), 12.49 (PON MAX; ALLIARIO); 19. Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 512 (= ex HSA 23194) (PON MAX; ALLIARIO).



**318/17.** IVDJ 2944, 13.61; 18. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1728), 14.94; 19. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1083 (= *Áureo* 26 April 1994, lot 195), 9.10 (PON MAX; ALLIARIO).

**319/8.** IVDJ 2946, 24.30; IVDJ, no. 2947 is a tooled or counterfeit specimen; 9. Vico 12/11/1998, lot 22, 27.00; **10. Villaronga coll.**, 23.4; 11. Herrero 10 Dec. 2008, lot 31, 23.16 (CAESAR).



**320/49.** Stockholm, 12.35 with CAESAVGV (obverse without DIVI F); 50. Lanz 94 (Benz), 1999, lot 122; 51. Variant with CAESAVGV on the rev., *Áureo* 29/9/1998, lot 451 (= *Áureo* 22/7/1999, lot 176, 14.43; 52. IVDJ 2949, 8.04 (countemark III on the rev.); 53-57. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1730-1734), 12.95, 10.67 (cmk: III on the rev.), 13.29, 12.58, 12.35; 58. M 8140, 9.57 (cmk: C on the obv.); **59. *Áureo* 7 Nov. 2007, lot 2171**, 12.70 (IMP AVGVSTVS TRIB POTES XX; CAES AVGVVS, VET LANC).



**322/46.** MMAG liste 518, 1989, lot 29, 13.74 ( [CAES]AR AVGVSTA; ITER, TITIO); 47-53. IVDJ 2951-2957, 11.87, 14.74, 12.73, 8.26 (cmk: C on the obv.), 10.17, 11.80, 10.46; 54-60. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1735-1741), 11.84, 13.31, 15.54, 9.81 (cmk: III on the rev.), 11.40, 12.30, 9.44; 61-62. Cores coll., 14.20 (cmk: C on the obv.), 8.30 (cmk: D on the obv.); 63. NY HSA 20975, 10.54 (cmk: III on the rev.); **64. Vico 15 Nov. 2007, lot 8**, 13.80 (CAESAR AVGV; ITER, TITIO); 65. Herrero 28/5/2014, lot 23, 8.33

(CAESAR AVGVSTA, ITER TITIO).



**323/7.** IVDJ 2959, 7.67.

**324/6.** <http://www.vcoins.com/ancient/ancientimports/store/viewitem.asp?idProduct=5940>, 4.10 [18 Nov. 2009]; 7. Herrero 5 May 2011, lot 32, 3.76.

**327/19-21.** IVDJ 2963-2965, 12.56 (cmk: LA on the rev.), 10.59, 13.10.

**328/21-24.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1746-1749), 11.97, 10.28, 11.50 (TIB FLAVO PRAEF GERMAN L IVVENT LVPERCO II VIR), 9.95 (cmk: ● and ● on the obv.); 25-26. IVDJ 2966-2967, 11.18 (TIB FLAVO PRAEF GERMAN L IVVENT LVPERCO II VIR), 12.42; 27. Cayón 24 June 2010, lot 1549 (cmk: LA on the rev.).

**329/8.** *Áureo* 2/7/2003, lot 85, 6.75; 9. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1750), 7.00.

**S2-I-329A** AE. 16 mm, 3.46 g (1). Axis: 4. [0]

AVGVSTVS DIVI F; laureate head, l.  
FLAVO ET LVPERCO; within wreath.

**1. Cores coll.** (= Herrero 28/5/1998, lot 63 (= Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 21), 3.46.



**330/17-18.** IVDJ 2970 and 2972, 8.48, 6.48 (variant with reverse legend TI CAESAR AVGV F; this variant was recorded in the *RPC* on a specimen from the Gómez Moreno coll.; 19. Herrero 14/12/2004, lot 74, 7.18 (AVGVSTVS C C A; TI CAESAR AVGVSTI F); 20. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1751), 5.38.

**331/3.** Cores coll., 7.3 (obv. AVGVSTVS CCA); **4. Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2008, lot 133** (= Herrero 10 Dec. 2009, lot 31), 4.60 (obv. AVGVSTVS CCA).



**333/17.** IVDJ 2973, 13.26; 18-19. Stockholm (= *SVG* 1752-1753), 10.24, 13.64 (mark ● on the obv.).

**S-333A** AE. 28-29 mm, 12.05 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

As 333, but laureate head, l.

**1. NY HSA 57.5113**, 12.05.



**334/21.** Herrero 5/2/2004, lot 17, 13.81.

**336/2. Tesorillo.com** [11/2012].



**337/2.** *Áureo* 2/7/2002, lot 7.48.

**338/5.** IVDJ 2977, 10.42; **6. *Áureo* 15 Dec. 2010, lot 68**, 16.34.



**339/14.** IVDJ 2979, 12.45; 15-17. Stockholm (= *SVG* 1757-1759), 12.20, 11.44, 10.36 (pierced); 18. ANE 11-12/1961, lot 64 (PRAEFEC).

**340/25.** NY HSA 7403, 10.49 (cmk: **VR** on the rev.); 26. IVDJ 2974, 12.67 (wrongly catalogued as *RPC* 334).

**341/35. *Áureo* 7 March 2001, lot 75**, 12.26 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS); **36. *Peus* 27 April 2009, lot 586** (= Herrero 2007 Dec. 12, lot 135), 12.32 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS); **37. CNG EA 163 25 April 2007, lot 115**, 11.83 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS).



341/35



341/36



341/37

**342/10.** Herrero 10/10/2002, lot 34, 12.09. 11. Cores coll., 12.6; 12. Stockholm (= *SVG* 1764), 12.40; 13. IVDJ 2981, 12.74; 14. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 136, 10.71; **15. Cores coll.** 12.60.



**343/22-23.** Stockholm, 12.12 and 12.94 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS; CCA NERO CAESAR DRVSVS CAESAR II VIR); **24. CNG 43, 24.9.1997 lot 907**, 13.04 (reverse legend with DRVSVS CAESAR); 24-27. IVDJ 2982-2985, 13.95 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS; NERO CAESAR DRVSVS CAESAR VIR), 10.59, 13.17 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS; NERO CAESAR DRVSVS CAESAR VIR), 11.30 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS; NERO CAESAR DRVSVS CAESAR VIR); 28. M 8305,

13.02 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS;  
NERO CAESAR DRVSVS CAESAR VIR).



**344/6. Herrero 11.1.1996, lot 220**, 24.87 (TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVGVST P M TR POT X[XX]) (monogram countermark (= cmk 92) on the reverse); 7. Vico 12/11/1998, lot. 23, 25.80 (TI CAES - AR DIVI AVGV F AVGVSTVS PO MAX TR POT XXX). 8. Cores coll., 23.6. (TI CAE[SAR DIVI AVGV F] AVGVST P M TR POT XXX; [PIETA]TI AVGVSTA[E CAE]); **9. Áureo 31/5/2006, lot 39**, 22.02 (TI CAES - AR DIVI AVGV F AVGVSTVS PO MAX TR POT XXX; PIETATIS AVGVSTAE C C A).

The BM analysis showed that this denomination was struck on brass (Zn 28.21 %), but in the M. Gómez analysis, a coin classified as *RPC* 344, has the following results: Cu 93.4 %; Sn: 0.24 %; Pb: 0.09 %; Zn 4.7 %.



**345/8. Áureo 1/3/1995 lot 142**, 24.95; **9. Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 74**, 20.37.

Another imitation of this type: **Forum OMNI** [7/2012].



**346/22. Herrero 5/2/2004, lot 16**, 24.75; 23-24. IVDJ 2989-2990, 19.88, 33.90.

**347/2.** From IVDJ 2991 coin we are sure that the correct reading of the legends is TI CAESAR DIVI AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS and M CATO L VETTIACVS / II VIR; C C A; 3. Calicó 8-9/11/1978, lot 717, 11.26.

**348/6.** Cores coll., 14.

**350/7.** Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 512 (= ex HSA 7428).

**352/2.** ANE 11-12/1961, lot 55. More ancient forgeries: see above, p. 17.

**353/15-16.** Cores coll., 6.80 (C C A on the aquila instead of between aquila and signa), 7.3; 17. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 5 Nov. 2009, lot 2102, 5.80 (C C A, below, between the aquila and signa); 18. Áureo 15 Dec. 2010, lot 69, 6.94 (C C A, below, between the aquila and signa).

**354/12-13.** IVDJ 2998-2999, 6.03, 5.35; 14. Vico 5 June 2008, lot 46, 6.70; 15. Vico 14/11/2012, lot 524, 6.89, ex HSA 23211; 16. Áureo & Calicó 5/2/2014, lot 440, 6.04.

More ancient forgeries: see above, p. 30.

**355/13.** IVDJ 3000, 6.25, 8.48; 14. CNG 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1007, 7.12; 15. Áureo 3-4 Dec. 2013, lot 1277, 5.09; 16. Herrero 24 May 2012, lot 2020, 6.58; 17. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 3 July 2012, lot 2070, 7.30; 18. Ibercoin 26 Sep. 2012, lot 128, 6.58; 19. NY ANS on loan, 5.89 (= Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 525, ex HSA 7410); 20. Áureo 3-4 Dec. 2013, lot 1277, 5.09.

More ancient forgeries: see above, p. 30.

**356/4. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Nov. 2008, lot 1081**, 6.40.



**357/4.** Áureo 6 Nov. 2007, lot 62 (= Áureo & Calicó 29 April 2010, lot 2353 = Áureo & Calicó 31 Jan. 2013, lot 2245), 3.97; 5. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 147, 2.67; 6. CNG EA 219, 30 Sep. 2009, lot 314, 3.40; 7. CNG EA 219 30 Sep. 2009, lot 314, 2.60; 8. ACIP 3084a (without C C - A).



357/4



357/6

**S-357A** As 357, but [CLEM]ENS ET RVFV[S]

**1. M. coll. (Barcelona)**, 3.97 (axis: 6). See J. Montañés *GN* 112 (1994), pp. 23-4; **2. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 8 May 2012, lot 29** (= Herrero 13 Dec. 2012, lot 39), 2.81. Rufus is the cognomen of Lucretius, mentioned on *RPC* I, 354-8.



357A/1



357A/2

**360/6.** IVDJ 3008 (= Gil Farrés, no. 162), 10.74; 7. Cores coll., 12.8.

**361/18-19.** IVDJ 3009-3010, 5.49, 6.72; 20. Cores coll., 5.7.

**S2-I-361A** AE. 4,05 g (2), 18 mm. Axis: var. [0]

TI CAES-AR; laureate head, r.  
Q ROSC C Q TVREL; in field, C C A.

**1. Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 34**, 4.90; 2. Cores coll., 3.2 (tooled). The reading is not completely certain.



**362/6.** Áureo 17/10/2001, lot 3155, 13.97; 7. Vico 17/11/1994, lot 10, 11.80; 8. Áureo 22/9/2003, lot 163, 14.09.

**363.** Metal analysis on a coin, published by M. Gómez (p. 106), shows that it was struck on brass (Cu 82.1 %; Zn 14.52 %); so, this denomination must be considered as a dupondius and the order of entries *RPC* 362 and 363 must be reversed.

**363/5.** Triton III, 30/11/1999, lot 729, 12,59; 6. IVDJ 3013, 9.59.

**365.** *RPC* proposed (with uncertainty) a sestertius, but it was struck on almost pure copper (Cu 96,4 %; Sn 0.98 %; Zn 0.76 %; Pb 0,58 %), according to the results of a coin published by M. Gómez (p. 107).

**365/10.** IVDJ 3014, 22.81; 11. Herrero 4/4/2002, lot 1010 (= Herrero 8/5/1997, lot 14 = Vecchi 5/6/1998, lot 968 = Herrero 21/12/2000, lot 17 = Hervera 25/9/2003, lot 78), 18; 12-13. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1782-1783), 24.25, 24.34; 14. Tarkis 9/6/1994, lot 99, 24.81; 15. Vico 16/3/1995, lot 11, 23.00; 16. Montañés, coll., 26.45.

**366/4.** A. Domínguez *et al.*, *El Patrimonio Numismático del Ayuntamiento de Huesca* (Huesca, 1996) no. 1640, 12.77; 5. IVDJ 3016, 10.20.

**367/30.** Cores coll., 14.2 (CCA LEPIDO ET GEMELLO).

**368/9.** Vico 12/11/1998, lot 25, 27; 10. Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 79, 24.36; 11. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 130, 22.85; 12. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 5 Nov. 2009, lot 49.

**369/11.** Áureo 7-8/3/1994, lot 271 (= Calicó 8-9/11/1978, lot 725), 22.48; 12. Áureo 1/7/1997, lot 2126 (= Áureo 16-17/12/1996, lot 81), 22.53; 13. Herrero 11/1/1996, lot 223, 23.47.

**371** A new variety with LICINANO: **72. Hervera 28.10.1995, lot 9**, 11.38; 72. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 21 Dec. 2010, lot 3282, 12.90 (cmk:  on the rev.).



**372/4.** G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 2, 12.40; 5. Ba 44712, 9.09.

**373/6.** Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 81, 23.13, pierced.

**376/11.** Vico 12/11/1998, lot 24 (= Argenor Numismatique S.A. 13/4/1999, lot 129), 26.40; 12. Herrero 11/1/1996, lot 222, 25.41.

**377/12.** Vico 12/11/1998, lot. 28, 13.60; 13. Áureo 2/6/2004, lot 2127, 13.09.

**380/14.** IVDJ 3033, 12.42; 15. Áureo 26/4/1994, lot 204, 12.66.

**381/26.** Áureo 6 Nov. 2007, lot 63 (= Herrero 15 Nov. 2006, lot 2019), 12.89 (ET MONTANO); 27. *ACIP* 3108c (ET MONTANO).



**383/4.** Tarkis 9/7/1998, lot 94, 26.11.

**385/7.** ANE 11-12/1961, lot 77; 8. ANE 1/12/1998, lot 51, 9.18.

**386/16.** Calicó 8-9/11/1978, lot 723, 12.94; 17. Pliego 3 April 2008, lot 306, 11.78.

### Bilbilis

**387/28.** IVDJ 2514, 12.36.

**388/31-35.** IVDJ 2509-2513, 12.88, 10.97, 12.19, 10.30, 15.22; 36-37. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1803-1804), 13.18, 11.16 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.); 38. Áureo 24/1/2001, lot 256, 10.83 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the rev.); 39. Áureo 29 Oct. 2008, lot 46, 10.62.

**389/20.** NY 1953.171.1634, 10.6 (genuine?) (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.); 21. IVDJ 3072, 11.78; 22. Cores coll., 9.8 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the rev.).

**390/29-30.** IVDJ 3075, 3078 (wrongly catalogued as *RPC* 391), 11.54, 7.99 (both, cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the rev.); 31-32. NY HSA 24369 y 24370, 10, 10.7 (both, with cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.).

**391/35.** Specimen countermarked with monogram cmk 93 ( $\text{☞}$ ) on the rev., A. Abascal, J.M. Alberola, *Moneda antigua y vida económica en las comarcas del Vinalopó*, Valencia, 1998, coin n° 62; 36. Vico 15/11/2001, lot 29, 13.00.

**392/81.** Áureo 15-16/12/2004, lot 3183, 12.92 (AVGVSTVS DIVI F PATER PATRIAE; MVN AVGVSTA BILBILIS M SEMP TIBERI L LICI VARO II VIR); 82-88. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1814-1820), 18.61, 12.77, 12.06, 11.76, 15.73, 13.10 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.), 11.07 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  and  $\text{○}$  on  $\text{€}$ , on the obv.); 89-90. NY 1953.171.1635, HSA 24376, 10.8 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.), 11.8 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.); 91. Universidad de Sevilla 9.37 (F. Chaves, *La colección numismática de la Universidad de Sevilla*, Sevilla, 1994, 262) (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.); 92. Áureo 3-4 Dec. 2013, lot 1274, 12.47 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.) (PATER PATRIAE; MVN AVGVSTA BILB M SEMP

TIBERI L LIC[I VARO] II VIR)

**393/8.** IVDJ 3083, 9.18; 9. Áureo 29 Oct. 2008, lot 48, 10.88 (BILBI); 10. *ACIP* 3018a (BILBIL).

**394/10.** Áureo 26/1/1999, lot 231, 5.47 (tooled legend? AVGVSTA BILB SE SEMP TIBERI L LICI VARO II VIR); 11. Craven-Bartle 1995, lot 1150 (MVN AVGVSTA BIL M SEMP TIBERI L LICI VARO II VIR); 12. Vico 25/11/1996, lot 8 (MVN AVGVSTA BIL M SEMP TIBERI L LICI VARO II VIR); 13. Áureo & Calicó 8 March 2012, lot 2186, 5.86 (MVN AVGVSTA BILB M SEMP TIBERI L LICI VARO II VIR); 14. Hervera 3 May 2011, lot 2129, 7.20 (MVN AVGV[STA BILB] M SEMP TIBERI L LICI VARO II VIR).

**395/65 = M.** 3, 642, 3 (= *SNG* Glasgow 110), 14.36 (not 13.53 (*RPC*) nor 13.71 (Macd.). 73-75. IVDJ 3085-3087, 13.04, 12.17 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.), 12.85 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.). 76-82. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1821-1827), 12.03, 12.00, 10.29, 13.10, 13.23, 12.68, 12.66 (cmk:  $\text{☞}$  on the obv.).

**396/18.** Moreda 30/4/1993, lot 94, 6.8; 19. Áureo 22/9/1997, lot 235, 7.77; 20. Áureo 4/3/1998, lot 1437, 6.93; 21. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1828), 6.64.

**397/37-38.** IVDJ 3089-3090, 13.91, 12.08; 39-41. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1829-1831), 14.33, 12.74, 13.38. 42. M 7959, 11.38 (CAP, TRANQ). Coin *RPC* 397/25 (= L 975) has the legend CAP, TRANQ and not CAPE, TRANQ.

**397A.** As proposed by A.M. Faria, *R. P. Arq.* 9.2, 2006, 225, the reading MANL is more suitable for the nomina of both magistrates than MAL, because the sloping position of the vertical stroke of letter L, whose lower part is in contact with the lower right stroke of A.

**398/20.** CNG 7/12/1994, lot 470, 11.98 (L ÆLIO SEIANO erased); 21-22. IVDJ 3092-3093, 12.23, 12.88 (ÆLIO SEIANO erased); 23-25. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1832-1834), 10.81, 14.26, 12.90.

**399/8.** IVDJ 3094, 6.76; 9. Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 498 (= ex HSA 11853).

**400/25.** Stockholm, 10.30 (MVN AVG BIL[ ] CORN REFE M HELV FRONT II VIR); 26-28. IVDJ 3095-3097, 10.67 (C CORN REFE M HELV FRONTO), 11.43 (C CORN REFEC M HELV FRONT), 11.02 (C COR REF M HELV FRONTO); 29-33. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1836-1840), 11.08, 11.58, 12.63, 12.20, 14.02; 34. Hervera 25/9/2003, lot 70, 12.80; 35. Vico 7/3/2002, lot 12, 13.80.

## Turiaso

**401-424.** M. Beltrán Lloris, 'IV. Augusto y Turiaso', *Caesaraugusta* 76, 2002, pp. 259-295, discusses the issues of Turiaso trying to explain the types chosen by the city.

**401/30.** IVDJ 2538, 11.38; 31. Montañés coll., 11.43.

**402/3.** Cores coll., 15.2.

**403/46-51.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1846-1851), 8.41, 12.36, 14.82, 15.31 (cmk:  on the obv.), 11.95, 12.12; 52. NY HSA 20925, 9.86 (cmk:  on the obv.); 53-54. IVDJ 3098-3099, 12.10, 14.27.

**404/9.** Tarkis 20/6/1996, lot 65, 4.56 (PATER PATRI); 10. Áureo 30/6/1993, lot 2213, 5.63 (P P).

**405/34.** IVDJ 3102, 13.97; 35. NY HSA 20927, 12.09 (cmk:  on the obv.); **36. Áureo & Calicó 31 Jan. 2013, lot 2324**, 12.97 (cmk:  on the obv.); 37. Madrid, Museo Cerralbo 9325 (cmk:  on the obv.); **38. Auctiones GmbH, EA 13, 17/2/2013, lot 38**, 9.92 (cmk:  on the obv.).



405/36



405/38

**406/10.** Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 536, 7.10; 11. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 534, 6.03.

**407/2.** Cores coll. (= Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1320), 3.56; 3. Herrero 4/4/2002, lot 100, 3.75 (letters PP on the obv. legend have been erased, probably when cleaning); **4. Herrero 12 Dec. 2013, lot 131**, 4.21 (TVR / IASO; the previous known specimens have TVRI / ASO).



**S2-I-407A** AE. 15 mm, 3 g (1). Axis: 10 (1). [0]

IMP AVG P P; laureate head, r.  
IMP; within wreath. Traces of letters above?

**1. Cores coll.**, 3.

**S3-I-407B** AE. 16,5 mm, 3,75 g (1). [0]

IMP AVG; bare head, r.  
TVRI / ASO; within oak wreath.

**1. ACIP** 3280.

**408/20-21.** Stockholm (= *SNG* 1857-1858), 14.88 (cmk:  on the obv.), 12.02 (cmk:  on the obv.).

**409/2.** Now in the IVDJ 3105, 6.42; 5. Stockholm 1860, 7.28; **4. Stockholm**, 5.38; 6. Vico 11 Nov. 2010, lot 345, 6.30; 7. MPV 41423 (= Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 658, ex HSA 24618), 7.71; 6. Vico 11 Nov. 2010, lot 345, 6.30; 7. MPV 41423 (= Vico 14 Nov. 2012, lot 658, ex HSA 24618), 7.71.



**410/7-8. IVDJ 3107-3108**, 12.28, 11.94 (cmk:  on the obv.). These coins are the only ones on which it is possible to read the upper left part of the rev. legend, since on other coins this part is off flan or has been poorly minted. *DCPH* II, pp. 374-375 has proposed the reading MVN AV, but it is not absolutely certain that in that part of the legend MVN AV has to be read, since: (1) the supposed crosspiece of the letter A is not like that on the other As whether on the obverse or the reverse; (2) on the better conserved piece the presumed crosspiece extends to the right and it does not reach the left side; (3) until now the possibility of this reading only occurs in the reverse of two coins, which share the same die, and no other die in Turiaso's output. It seems more logical to read MVN and to look for another type of explanation for the presence of the two small lines. The epithet AVGVSTA, complete or abbreviated, does not occur on any other coin of Turiaso or on any other recorded document.





9-11. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1861-1863), 11.73, 12.90, 11.36; 12. Ba 44778, 11.49 (cmk:  on the obv.).

**411/33** = *M.* 3, 653,2 (= *SNG* Glasgow 113): confirm Macdonald is correct with rev. MVN; 35-37. IVDJ 3109-3111, 13.55 (MVN), 14.14 (MVN), 12.69 (MVN); 38-44. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1864-1870), all coins with MVN on the rev., 10.07, 12.84, 12.23, 12.56, 13.00, 12.18, 11.18 (cmk:  on the obv.); 45. NY 1953.171.1622, 8.81 (cmk:  on the obv.); 46. Cores coll., 11.19 (cmk:  and S on the obv.).

**412/4. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 20 Dec. 2011, lot 2326**, 5.50; 5. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 2 July 2013, lot 2241, 5.26; 6. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 29 Oct. 2013, lot 2470, 5.91; 7. Ibercoin 11/2/2014, lot 2072, 5.81.



**413/ 68. Áureo 2/7/1996, lot 168**, 13.50 (SVLP LVCAN without ligatures); 69-76. IVDJ 3113-3120, 12.35 (AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS IMP; SVLP LVCAN), 12.89 (AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS IMP; SVLP LVCAN), 11.67 (AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS IMP; TVRIASO MN SVLP LVCAN M SEMP FRONT), 10.63 (AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; SVLP LVCAN), 13.51 (cmk:  on the obv.), 14.90 (AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; SVLP LVCAN), 12.03 (AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; SVLP LVCAN), 10.93 (AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; SVLP LVCAN); 77-80. NY HSA 11976, HSA 20946, 1953.171.1624, HSA 20944, 11.13 (cmk:  on the obv.), 7.99 (cmk:  on the obv.), 11.49 (cmk:  on the obv.), 11.51 (cmk:  on the obv.); 81-85. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1871-1875), 10.85, 10.65, 13.81, 12.29 (PONT), 11.12 (cmk:  on the obv.) (all coins with obv. legend TI CAESAR AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP); 86. Superior Galleries 7-10/6/1982, lot 444 (cmk:  on the

obv.); 87. Villaronga coll., 12.2 (TI CAESAR AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; MVN TVRIASO MN SVLP LVCAN M SEMP FRONT) (cmk:  on the obv.); 88. Cayón 24 Dec. 2007, lot 6477 (TI CAESAR AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; MVN TVRIASO MN SVLP LVCAN M SE[MP FR] ONT); 89. Hervera & Soler y Llach 10 July 2008, lot 2123 (= Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2008, lot 443), 14.50; 90. Vico 13 Nov. 2008, lot 191, 11.60 (TI CAESAR AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; MVN TVRIASO MN SVLP LVCAN M SEMP FRONT); 91. Áureo 21-22 Oct. 2003, lot 3399 (TI CAESAR AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS IMP; MVN TVRIASO MN SVLP LVCAN M SEMP FRONT); 92. Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2008, lot 444, 12.30 (TI CAESAR AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS IMP; MV[N TVRIA]SO MN SVLP LVCAN M SEMP FRONT) (cmk:  on the obv.); **93. CNG EA 163 25 April 2007, lot 118**, 12.13 (TI CAESAR AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; [MVN TVRI]ASO MN SVLP LVCAN M SEMP FR[ONT]) (cmk:  on the obv.); **94. Áureo & Calicó 16 Dec. 2009, lot 2366**, 13.14 (TI CAESAR AVGVSTI F AVGVSTVS IMP; MVN TVRIASO MN SVLP LVCAN M SEMP FRONT) (cmk:  on the obv.); 95. Art Coins 6, 10 Dec. 2012, lot 744, 12.33 (TI CAESAR AVG F AVGVSTVS IMP; MVN TVRIASO MN SVLP LVCAN M SEMP FRONT).



413/68



413/93



413/94

**414/12.** IVDJ 3121, 5.81. 13. *Áureo* 26/4/1994, lot 516, 6.27; 14. *Tarkis* 23/4/1998, lot 63 (= *Áureo* 16-17/12/1997, lot 1316), 5.97; 15. *Áureo* 26/1/1999, lot 401 (= *Áureo* 15/4/1997, lot 2204), 8.29; 16. *Herrero* 12 Dec. 2007, lot 535, 5.96; 17. *CNG EA* 163 25 April 2007, lot 119, 6.28.

**415/ 7.** *ANE* 19-21/12/1989, lot 269 (*MARIO*); 8. *Áureo* 21/10/1997, lot 1324 (= *Áureo* 29/9/1998, lot 986 = *Áureo* 24/1/2001, lot 364), 6.21 (*MARIO*).

**416/5-6.** *Stockholm*, 6.33 and 6.24.

**417/65-72.** *Stockholm* (= *SNG* 1879-1886), 12.40 (*SERE*), 12.78 (*SERE*) (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.), 13.90, 13.51 (*SER*), 11.84 (*SER*) (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.), 13.26, 13.30, 10.00 (cmk: Ⓐ on the rev.) (broken); 73-75. *NY* 1953.171.1626, *HSA* 20957, *HSA* 20950, 11.34 (cmk: Ⓛ on the obv.), 12.43 (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.), 9.42 (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.); 76-80. IVDJ 3123-3127, 9.99, 10.41 (*SERE*), 12.38, 9.08 (cmk: Ⓐ on the rev.), 14.97 (cmk: Ⓐ and Ⓐ on the rev.); 81. *Cores coll.*, 9.34 (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.); 82. *Ba* 100912, 13.68 (*SER*); 83. *Vico* 13/11/2003, lot 110, 11.20 (cmk: T on the rev.); **83. CNG Mail Bid Sale 70, 21/9/2005, lot 628**, 11.02 (cmk: Ⓒ on the rev.); 84. *Herrero* 12 Dec. 2007, lot 532, 11.75; 85. *Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach* 5 Nov. 2009, lot 2287, 11.00 (*SERE*) (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.); 86. *Vico* 136, 7 Nov. 2013, lot 3065, 11.80 (cmk: Ⓐ or Ⓐ on the rev.).



**418/62-65.** IVDJ 2128-3130, 10.86 ((Ⓒ) *MVN TVR* M PONT MARSO (↷) C MARI VEGETO (→) II / VIR), 6.41, 11.00 ((→) *MVN TVR* (↷) M PONT MARSO (↷) C MARI VEGETO (→) II / VIR) (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.), 12.73 (→) *MVN TVR* (↷) M PONT MARSO (↷) C MARI VEGETO (→) II / VIR); 66-72. *Stockholm* (= *SNG* 1887-1893), 13.84, 13.65, 11.35, 13.24, 10.59 (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.), 8.84 (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.), 11.84 (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.) (all coin with rev. legend (→) *MVN TVR* (↷) M PONT MARSO (↷) C MARI VEGETO (→) II / VIR); 73-78. *NY* 1953.171.1625, *HSA* 11939, 20967 (forgery?), 20968, 20972, 57.5518, 8.92, 10.64, 8.46 ((→) *MVN TVR* (↷) M PONT MARSO (↷) C MARI VEGETO (→) II / VIR), 11.18 ((→) *MVN TVR* (↷) M PONT MARSO (↷) C MARI VEGETO (→) II / VIR), 9.74 (→) *MVN TVR* (↷)

M PONT MARSO (↷) C MARI VEGETO (→) II / VIR), 13.21 (all with cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.); 79. *Calicó* 8-9/11/1978, lot 798, 10.39 (cmk: Ⓐ on the rev.).

**419/51-56.** IVDJ 3132-3137, 13.79, 13.98, 12.90, 11.41 (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.), 10.91, 14.16 (L CAEC AQVIN M CELS PALVD); 57-64. *Stockholm* (= *SNG* 1894-1901), 12.18, 13.61, 12.79, 8.84 (broken), 11.89, 14.58, 10.07, 15.30 (cmk: Ⓛ on the obv.); 65-67. *NY HSA* 20962, 57.5522 (forgery?) y 20963, 12.17, 10.90, 12.47 (all with cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.); 68. *Calicó* 8-9/11/1978, lot 800, 11.83 (cmk: Ⓐ on the rev.); **69. Hervera & Soler y Llach 18/12/2008, lot 440** (= *Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach* 14 May 2009, lot 2400), 12.50 (cmk: Ⓐ on the rev.); 70. *Madrid, Museo Cerralbo* 9315 (cmk: Ⓒ on the obv.).



**420/10.** *Áureo* 17/10/2001, lot 3221 (= *Áureo* 24/1/2001, lot 365), 6.35; 11. *Áureo* 16-17/12/2002, lot 3205, 5.78; 12. IVDJ 3139, 4.86 (broken); 13. *Stockholm* (= *SNG* 1902), 4.78; 14. *Vico* 16/3/1995, lot 71, 5.4; 15. *Áureo* 22/9/1997, lot 384, 4.61; 16. *Áureo* 21/10/1997, lot 1328 (= *Áureo* 29/9/1998, lot 987), 5.50; 17. *Áureo* 30/5/2000, 2112, 5.56; 18. *Áureo* 16-17/9/2001, lot 445, 5.25; 19. *CNG EA* 163 25 April 2007, lot 123, 4.10; 20. *Herrero* 28 May 2008, lot 91, 5.25.

**421/2. Museo Numantino de Soria no. 11409** (= *J. M. Vidal, AN* 27, 1997), 6.20 g (axis: 9); 3. IVDJ 3140, 3.77; 4. IVDJ 3141, 5.61; 5. IVDJ 3142, 5.47; 6. *Herrero* 10/10/2002, lot 153, 4.82; **7. Cores coll., 4.**



421/2



421/7

**S-421A** AE. 15 mm, 2.30 g (1). Axis: 12 (1). [0]

TI CAESAR AV[ ]; laureate head, r.  
MV TVRIAS

**1. Museo Numantino de Soria 11408** (= J. M. Vidal AN 27, 1997), 2.30.



**422/12.** Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 537, 24.54; 13. CNG 22/5/2002, lot 1179, 26.56 (pierced).

**423/32.** IVDJ 3145, 14.93 (MVN TVR); 33-34. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1903-1904), 13.24 (MVN TVR); 11.45 (MVN TVR[IIA][SO])

### Cascantum

**425/49-55.** IVDJ 3146-3152, 11.87, 11.55 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the obv.), 12.25 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 11.10 (cmk: **CAS** and  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 10.64 (cmk: **TI** on the obv.), 10.39 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.; and **CAS** and two times  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 9.83; 56-58. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1905-1907), 12.63, 11.78, 12.44; 59-63. NY HSA 20810, 11931, 1953.171.1627-1628, 23605, 10.92 (cmk: **CAS** and two times  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 11.39 (cmk: **CAS** and  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 11.92 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 10.31 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the rev.), 11.86; 64. Áureo 21/1/2004, lot 240, 13.66 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the rev.); 65. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 315, 12.24 (cmk: **CAS** and  $\bullet$  on the rev.).

**426/18.** IVDJ 3157, 6.85; 19. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1908), 4.72.

**427/64-66.** IVDJ 3153-3155, 13.58, 10.33 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the obv.), 12.58; 67-76. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1909-1918), 12.60, 10.20, 12.39, 16.14, 13.66 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the obv.), 13.18 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the rev.), 11.36 (cmk:  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 11.80 (cmk:  $\bullet$  and **CAS** on the rev.), 13.63 (cmk:  $\bullet$  and **CAS** on the rev.), 12.66 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the rev.); 77-98. NY 1953.171.1629, HSA 23602, 1953.171.1630, HSA 20808, 1953.171.1631, HSA 20814, Newell 69858, 69859, 69860, HSA 20813, Newell 69861, HSA 23603, 57.5535, 57.5536, 20812, Newell 69862, Anderson 2392, HSA 57.5538, 57.5539, 57.5540, 57.5541, 10.95 (cmk: **CAS** on the rev.), 11.48, 10.41 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 12.24, 9.79 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 13.75 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 7.78 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.),

14.65 (cmk: **CAS** and  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 12.31 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 13.40 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 13.78, 12.68 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv. and  $\Psi$  and **CAS** on the rev.), 9.91, 11.99 (cmk: **CAS** on the rev.), 12.34 (cmk: **CAS** and  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 12.64, 10.13 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 11.13 (cmk: **CAS** and  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 11.26, 13.83, 11.00 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.), 10.20 (cmk: **CAS** and  $\bullet$  on the rev.); 99-100. Cores coll., 10.9 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv. and  $\Psi$  on the rev.), 10.8 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the rev., two times); 101-102. Ba 11859, 44732, 13.48 (cmk:  $\bullet$  on the rev.), 11.17 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.); 103. Tarkis 13/2/1997, lot 13, 12.29 (cmk:  $\bullet$  and **CAS** on the rev.); 104. ANE 19-21/12/1989, lot 52 (holed and cmk:  $\Psi$  on the rev.); 105. Vico 12 Nov. 2009, lot 41, 11.40 (cmk:  $\zeta$  on the obv.).

**428/9.** IVDJ 3156, 5.91; 10. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1919), 5.48; 11. Áureo 22/9/1997, lot 253, 5.27; 12. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1332, 6.95.

### Graccurreis

**429/72.** P Y-708 (= BnF 2017), 9.45 (cmk: **GR** and  $\mathcal{G}$  on the rev.); 73-81. IVDJ 3158-3166, 10.39 (cmk: **GR** and  $\mathcal{G}$  on the rev.), 10.69 (cmk:  $\mathcal{C}$  on the obv.), 10.41 (cmk:  $\bar{\Gamma}$  on the obv.), 10.61 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.), 10.58 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.), 10.13 (cmk: **GR** on the rev.), 15.46 (cmk: **GR** on the rev.), 11.94, 9.31; 82-87. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1920-1925), 14.34 (cmk: **GR** on the rev.), 10.32, 12.05 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.), 10.45 (cmk: **GR** on the rev.), 14.86 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.), 10.93 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.); 88-96. NY 0000.999.30703, Newell 69865, HSA 7539, 7541, Newell 69866, 1953.171.1632-1633, HSA 57.5542, 57.5544, 11.20 (cmk:  $\mathcal{J}$  on the obv. and  $\mathcal{E}$  on the rev.), 11.92 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the obv.), 14.66 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.), 11.75, 10.86 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.), 11.39 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the obv.), 13.37 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.), 11.71 (genuine?) (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.), 10.08 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.); 97-100. Ba 44767, 23788, 105737, 30646, 11.91, 11.12, 9.40, 8.64 (all with cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.). 101. Ba 14997, 12.61 (cmk: **GR** on the rev.); 102. Áureo 26/4/1994, lot 327, 9.50 (cmk: **GR** on the rev.); 103. Áureo 7 March 2001, lot 274 (cmk:  $\mathcal{L}$  on the obv.); 104. Vico 15 Nov. 2007, lot 22, 10.60 (cmk: **GR** on the rev.); 105. M Sastre 6739, 13.48 (cmk:  $\Psi$  on the rev.).

**430/8.** IVDJ 3167, 7.19; 9. Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 56 (= Herrero 28/5/1998, lot 30), 5.83; 10. Herrero 5/2/2004, lot 34, 5.15; 1-12 NY HSA 24586, Newell 69868, 4.38, 7.56; 13. Ibercoin 24 Nov. 2010, lot 206, 5.34.

## Calagurris

**431/14.** Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 87, 15.05; 15. Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1334, 10.23; 16. Áureo 15-16/12/1999, lot 2055, 13.47; 17-18. Áureo 7/3/2001, lots 87-8, 15.05, 12.48; 19. Herrero 4/10/2001, lot 40, 14.28; 20. Herrero 14/12/2004, lot 114, 10.99; 21. IVDJ 2539, 12.37; **22. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 26 Feb. 2013, lot 2048, (CALAGVRRIS).**



**433/22 = M. 3, 644, 2 (= SNG Glasgow 121):** uncertain cmk: (not 78 or 96) on bull not noted in *RPC* nor in Macd. 45-46. IVDJ 2550-2551, 11.28 (VALER), 10.79 (VALERIO); 47. NY HSA 20755, 14.07 (cmk: ⚡ on the obv.); **48. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 18 Dec. 2008, lot 135 (= Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 14 May 2009, lot 2134), 12.30,** very crude engraving, it could be an imitation.



**434.** 29. P (= *BnF* 2025), 9.13 (cmk: ⚡ on the obv.); **30. R. Cortés coll.** has a very crude engraving, it shares the obv. die with imitations of 433 and 451A.



**435/23.** Ba 44717, 10.67 (cmk: T on the rev.).

**436/22-24.** IVDJ 2546-2547, 2549, 9.68, 10.43, 10.39 (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.).

**437/21.** NY HSA 23577, 9.61 (MEMMI, IVNI) (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.); 22. Cores coll., 12.4; 23-25. IVDJ 2543-2545, 11.28, 12.57, 10.63.

**438/27. Cores coll., 11.8,** imitation? The style is very crude, the letters are wrongly engraved, and the obv. die was also used to strike a hybrid coin with a Celsa reverse, see *RPC* S-451B/1; 28-31. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1944-1947), 12.08, 11.86, 10.82, 7.84 (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.); 32. M 8482, 10.61 (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.).

**439/29.** IVDJ 3168, 10.10; 30-33. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1948-1951), 12.30, 9.14, 13.25, 11.90; 34. NY HSA 23593, 14.39 (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.); 35. Cores coll., 11.40 (cmk: ♡ ♡ on the rev.); 36. J. Vicent, *Cuadernos de Prehistoria y Arqueología Castellonense* 6, 1979, pl. I-9; 37-38. Cores coll., 12.73 (cmk: Ⓢ on the rev.), 17.2; 39. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 26 Feb. 2013, lot 2049, 11.70 (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.); 40. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 10/7/2014, lot 2082 (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.).

**440/30-32.** IVDJ 3169-3171, 12.39 ((Ⓢ) MVN CAL (†) IMP AVGVVS), 13.21 ((Ⓢ) MVN CAL IMP AVGVVS), 14.35, ((Ⓢ) MVN CAL IMP AVGVVS); 33-37. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1952-1956), 11.16, 10.63, 10.79, 13.07, (all: MVN CAL IMP AVGVVS); 38. Montañés coll., 13.43 ((Ⓢ) MVN CAL - IMP AVGVVS); 39. Cores coll., 11.36 ((Ⓢ) MVN CALAG IMP AVGVSTVS).

**441/75.** *SNG* Bern 1, BRAEB (not BAEB); **76. Vico 7/3/2002, lot 15,** 11.00, variant with BAEB (perhaps the 'B' lobes were missed when engraved); 77-78. P (= *BnF* 2041-2042), 9.83 (cmk: ⚡ on the obv.), 13.97 (cmk: ⚡ on the obv. and Ⓢ on the rev.); 79-84. IVDJ 3172-3177, 15.54, 13.03, 11.00, 11.35 (cmk: Ⓢ on the obv.), 10.55 (cmk: T on the rev.), 12.85 (cmk: Ⓢ on the rev.); 85-90. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1957-1962), 11.93, 10.82, 9.53, 14.25, 10.73 (cmk: Ⓢ on the rev.), 8.91; 91. Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 38, 13.93; 92-94. NY Newell 69779, HSA 20828, 57.5405, 12.28 (cmk: ⚡ on the obv.), 11.42 (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.), 11.20 (cmk: Ⓢ on the rev.); 95. Cores coll., 12.90 (cmk: Ⓢ on the rev.). 96. Ba 44719, 7.63 (broken), (cmk: Ⓢ on the rev.); **97. Cayón 11 April 2002, lot 42,** 12.40 (cmk: Ⓢ on the rev.); 98. M 8664, 11.45 (cmk: ⚡ on the rev.); 99. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 15/5/2014, lot 2165, 8.09 (cmks T and Ⓢ on the rev.).



441/76



441/97

442/39-40. IVDJ 3178-3179, 5.69 (BROCCHO), 6.20 (BROC); 41-44. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1963-1966), 5.18 (BROCCHO), 6.15 (BROCCHO), 6.34 (BROCCHO), 5.04 (BROC).

443/4. CNG 85 15 Sep. 2010, lot 576, 3.36.



444/42. Stockholm (PATRIAE / CAPE-RVTI), 12.17, cmk ☞ on the obv.; 43. Variant without M C I behind the bull, **Áureo 4/3/1998, lot 3065**, 11.44; 44-46. IVDJ 3180-3182, 14.75 (PATRIA; CAPE, RVTI), 12.40 (PATRIAE; CAPEL, RVTIL), 12.50; 47-51. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1967-1972), 14.16 (PATRIAE; CAPEL, RVTIL), 14.05 (cmk ∩ on the obv.), 13.03 (PATRIAE; CAPEL, RVTIL), 10.28 (PATRIAE; CAPE, RVTI), 14.27; 52-54. NY 1944.100.69783, Newell 69784, HSA 23580, 11.42 (cmk: B and C on the rev.), 10.48 (uncertain circular cmk: on the obv.), 11.97 (cmk: ∩ on the obv.); 55. Cores coll., 11.07 (cmk: ☞ on the obv.); 56. **R. Cortés coll.** 11.50 (PATE PATRIA); 57. **Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 25 Oct. 2012, lot 2056**, 11.81 (PATE PATRIA); 58. CNG EA 188 28 May 2008, lot 127, 12.94 (PATE PATRIA); 59. **Vico 5 June 2008, lot 3016**, 11.40 (PATE PATRIA).



444/43



444/56



444/57



444/59

445/47-51. IVDJ 3183-3187, 12.43 (M CAL I), 10.27 (cmk: CAPL on the rev.), 13.88 (cmk: CAPL on the rev.), 10.83 (M CAL I) (cmk: ♁ on the rev.), 12.08 (M CAL I); 52-58. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1973-1979), 14.18 (M CAL I), 12.20 (M CAL I), 10.40 (M CAL I), 9.50 (M CAL I), 10.70 (MV CAL I), 11.39 (cmk: CAPL on the rev.), 8.54 (cmk: CAPL on the rev.); 59-60. NY HSA 20773, 20775, 10.64 (cmk: ☞ on the obv. and [C]A PL on the rev.), 11.29 (M C I) (uncertain cmk on the rev., perhaps LA); 61. León Museum 170, 11.01 (cmk: B on the rev.); 62-63. Cores coll., 10.8, 11.13 (cmk: B on the rev.); 64. M 8592, 12.35 (cmk: C on the obv.).

446/3. IVDJ 3188, 13.32 (IMP AVGVSTVS PATER PATRIAE; MVN CAL IVL L VALENTINO L NOVO II VIR). 4. Cores coll., 13.4 (IMP AVGVSTVS P PATRIAE; MV CAL IVL L VALENTINO L NOVO II VIR).

447/47. IVDJ 3189, 12.34; 48-53. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1980-1985), 11.12, 10.79, 11.97, 11.56, 11.50 (cmk: ∩ on the obv.), 10.48 (cmk: ♁ on the rev.); 54-57. NY Newell 69788, 1953.171.1619, HSA 20783, 11492, 11.62 (cmk: ☞ on the obv.), 11.66 (cmk: ☞ on the obv.), 12.92 (cmk: S on the obv.), 13.39 (cmk: ☞ on the obv.); 58. P (= *BnF* 2056), 10.40 (cmk: ☞ on the obv. and € on the rev.); 59. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 155, 10.73; 60. **Áureo 30 April 2008, lot 2126**, 11.77; 61. CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1090, 12.67; 62. CNG EA 188 28 May 2008, lot 129, 13.94; 63. Herrero 10 Dec. 2008, lot 37, 10.72 (cmk: ☞ on the obv.); 64. **R. Cortés coll.** 14.50 (IMP CAESA AVGVSTVS P P).

448/106-115. IVDJ 3190-3199, 11.52, 11.64, 13.38 (cmk: ☞ on the obv.), 9.73 (cmk: B on the rev.), 10.31 (cmk: ♁ on the rev.), 13.76 (cmk: ♁ on the rev.), 8.92 (cmk: TI on the obv.), 12.13 (CAESAR; SPARSO,

**SAT VRNINO**), 11.96, 10.30; 116-124. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1986-1994), 13.55, 12.44, 11.68, 12.77 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 13.51, 10.14, 13.28, 13.02 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 13.29 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.); 125-138. NY 1953.171.1620-1621, Newell 69793, HSA 20793-20795, 23579, 57.5421-5422, 57.5424, 57.5426, 57.5428, 57.5430-5431, 10.98 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 8.13 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.), 13.50 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.), 12.11 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 14.32 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 9.21 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 10.91 (cmk: ☉ on the obv. and ☉ on the rev.), 12.57 (**CAESAR**; **SPARSO**, **SAT VRNINO**) (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 12.37 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 10.65 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 12.32 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 10.88 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 12.59 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 10.71 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.); 139-143. Cores coll., 12.4 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.), 12.3 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 11.2 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 9.9 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.), 10.6 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.); 144. ANE 7-9/3/1989, lot 113 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.); 145. Madrid, Museo Cerralbo VH 4719 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.); **146. Vico 5 June 2008, lot 47**, 8.50; **147. Áureo 15 Dec. 2010, lot 70**, 12.55 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.).



448/146



448/147

**449/26.** IVDJ 3204, 6.41; 27. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1995), 6.60; 28-32. NY Newell 69800, HSA 11795, 20803, 20804, 23544, 6.35, 5.69, 8.52, 7.61, 7.76.

**450/69-70.** IVDJ 3200-3201, 11.95 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 11.96; 71-78. Stockholm (= *SNG* 1996-2003), 12.33, 12.05 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 13.20 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 12.51, 10.30, 13.55, 11.96 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 13.33 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.); 79-86. NY Anderson 2333, 0000.999.28981, Newell 69796-69797, HSA 20800, 20802, 57.5442, 23607, 13.39 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 10.03 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 14.28 (cmk: ☉ on

the obv.), 10.20 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.), 9.01 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 10.59 (genuine?), (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 12.07 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 13.66 (genuine?), (cmk: ☉ on the rev.); 87-88. Cores coll., 10.9 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.), 17.0 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.) 89-90. León Museum 181, 183, 12.68 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.), 11.81 (cmk: ☉ on the obv.); **91. Meister & Sonntag 1-2 Sep. 2008, lot 175**, 11.50 (**AVGSTVS**), coin *RPC* 450/1 belongs to this variant; **92. Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 97** (cmk: ☉ on the obv.); 93. M 8705, 10.69 (cmk: ☉ on the rev.).



450/91



450/92

**451/15-16.** IVDJ 3202-3203, 5.76, 8.10; 17-19. Stockholm (= *SNG* 2004-2006), 5.58, 6.03, 6.11; 20-23. NY Newell 69798-69799, HSA 23542, 57.5445, 6.43, 6.65, 8.35, 5.45; 24. Áureo 16-17/12/1997, lot 1219, 7.10; 25. Áureo 15-16/12/1999, lot 2056, 7.73; 26. Áureo 22/9/2003, lot 169, 6.09; 27. Herrero 16/10/2003, lot 32, 7.36; 28. Montañés coll., 7.10.

### Hybrid (obv. Calagurris; rev. Lepida)

We still maintain our previous point of view about the irregular minting of these hybrid coins and we regard them as accidental. Reusing dies in Calagurris by unskilled and illiterate workers moving from Lepida/Celsa (with some rev. dies?) would be an alternative to imitation, due to the poor quality of some coins of Calagurris. Sharing the same workshop or dies by both mints, in a hypothetical (and not proven) compulsory coinage supply for the army fighting against the Cantabri, is the explanation proposed by M. P. García-Bellido (*Arqueología militar romana en Europa*, Segovia, 2005, p. 39-40).

In any case, we reject an organized cooperation between Calagurris and Lepida/Celsa, because only coins with crude engraving features (style and lettering)

are involved and because the mixed results make no sense. The small number of hybrid coins (3 between 170 coins of the types involved: RPC 262, 269, 433 and 438) strengthens our point of view.

In addition to these hybrid coins, other related pieces are known, which according to their crude style and incorrect legend, could be judged to be imitations (Celsa: Oxford (= RPC I, 269/imitation); Calagurris: Cores coll. (= RPC S2-I-438/27), favouring the idea that at the time there was an episode of coin forgery.

All hybrid specimens seem to have been struck during or near the 20s BC, as can be deduced from the probable period when the magistrates held office (Balbus-Porcus: before Augustus's reign, before or near 36 BC, when the colony bore the name Lepida; and Bucco-Front: late Octavianic or early Augustan period, since the coins bear no emperor's name and the city changed its name to Celsa). For other hybrid coins, see RPC 57, S-59A, S2-I-56A and perhaps S-451A-B. The phenomena of imitations or irregular coinages also affected, at least, Osset (RPC 55-57), Irippa (RPC 58-59) and Caesar Augusta (RPC p. 118).

#### ca. 20s BC.

**S-451A** AE. 29-31 mm, 9.05 g (1). Axis: 5 (1). [0]  
Obverse as 433; reverse as 269

**1. Stockholm**, 9.05 (doublestruck; same obverse die as 433/20).



**S-451B** AE. 27-28 mm. [0]  
Obverse as 436; reverse as 269

**1. Cores coll.** (= NH 1, 1952, p. 248 = *Gac. Num.* 1969: 21-22).



**S2-I-451C** AE. 28-30 mm, - g. Axis: 3 (1) [0]

MV CAL IVL; bare head, r.  
C BALBO L PORCIO; bull, r.

**1. S. Vela coll.** (= P. P. Ripollès and M. M. Llorens, *Arse-Saguntum: Historia monetaria de la ciudad y su territorio*, Sagunto, 2002, p. 259, no. 145), found in Sagunt. Balbus and Porcius were PR IIVIR in Lepida (see RPC 262), but on this coin the magistracy is not stated, because on the original issue their magistracy was mentioned on the obv.

Countermark  on the rev



#### Clunia

**452/93-96.** IVDJ 3208, 3210-3212, 12.51, 12.12 (cmk:  on the obv.), 12.17 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 13.05 (cmk:  on the rev.); 97-106. Stockholm (= *SNG* 2007-2016). 12.73, 11.16, 11.92, 11.71, 12.58 (cmk:  on the obv.), 10.88 (cmk:  on the rev.), 14.53 (cmk:  on the obv. (two times) and  on the rev.), 11.64 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.94 (cmk:  on the rev.), 12.27; 107-118. NY HSA 23192, 23188, 7630, 7631-7633, Newell 69886-69887, 0000.999.30709, Newell 69888, 1953.171.1636, HSA 57.5575, 12.26 (cmk:  on the obv.), 10.45 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 14.02 (cmk:  on the rev.), 11.66 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.46 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 12.08 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 13.50 (cmk:  on the obv.), 10.74 (cmk:  on the rev.), 9.82 (genuine?) (cmk:  on the obv.), 12.81 (genuine?) (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 14.02 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 10.99 (genuine?) (cmk:  on the obv.); 119. León Museum 211, 7.35 (cmk:  on the obv.); 120. Montañés coll., 14.57; 121. Vico 8/3/2007, lot 3024, 12.00 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.); 122. Herrero 10 Dec. 2008, lot 48, 13.04 (cmk:  on the rev.); 123. Vico 12 Nov. 2009, lot 53, 11.60 (cmk:  on the obv.); 124. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach 15/5/2014, lot 2219, 11.50 (cmk:  on the rev.).

**453/18.** Áureo 3/3/2004, lot 1138, 6.46; 19-20. Stockholm (= *SNG* 2017-2018), 4.93, 4.96; 21. Herrero 11/1/1996, lot 77, 7.52; 22. Áureo 26/1/1999, lot 289, 6.09; 23. Herrero 21/12/2000, lot 30, 7.23; 24. Herrero 13/2/2003, lot 39, 6.99.

**454/102-111.** IVDJ 3215-3224, 13.47 (ME TO, MAT, CAEL CAND), 14,10, 11.26, 11.16 (ME TO, MATE, CAEL CAND) (cmk: ) on the obv. and  on the rev.), 12.60 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 10.79 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 10.76 (cmk:  on the obv.), 12.46 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.97 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 12.09; 112-121. Stockholm (= *SNG* 2019-2028), 10.86 (ME TO, MAT, CAEL CAND) (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 9.80 (cmk:  on the rev.), 9.95 (ME TO, MATE, CAEL CAND), 11.50, 11.18 (cmk:  on the rev.), 11.37 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 13.00 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 10.90, 11.65 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.70 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.); 122-142. NY HSA 23204, 7634, 7636-7637, 7641-7642, 57.5577-5580, Newell 69891-69892, 1953.171.1637-1640, HSA 7638-7640, 7635, 57.5581, 23203, 12.10 (ME TO, MAT, CAEL CAND) (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 10.51 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 10.65 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 12.29 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 13.57 (ME TO, MATE, CAEL CAND) (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 9.38 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.46 (ME TO, MATE, CAEL CAND) (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 9.52 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.04 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 9.55 (ME TO, MATE, CAEL CAND) (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.01 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.98 (cmk:  on the obv. and two times  on the rev.), 8.99 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 10.72 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 12.68 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 10.64 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 11.32 (cmk:  on the rev.), 11.69 (cmk:  on the rev.), 10.35 (cmk:  on the rev.), 12.25 (cmk:  on the rev.), 14.80 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 13.68 (cmk:  on the rev.).

**455** The reverse legend is CLVNIA L SEMP RVF CN AE GRACILI AED. 5. Stockholm 5.26 with CLVNIA [ ] VF CN AE GRACILI AED; 6. IVDJ 3225, 5.63 (the editors read CN AR GRACILI as the name of the second magistrate). 7. Cores coll., 5.3; 8. NY HSA 24089, 6.23.

**456/30-31.** IVDJ 3226, 3228, 11.59, 13.97 (cmk:  on the rev., with letters inside); 32-37. Stockholm (= *SNG* 2030-2035), 12.90, 9.19, 11.84 (cmk:  on , on the obv.), 11.34 (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 12.40 (cmk:  on the obv.), 10.16; 38-42. NY HSA 24088, 7644, Newell 69895, 1953.171.1641, HSA 57.5582, 10.40, 11.31 (cmk:  on the obv.), 9.59 (cmk:  on the obv.), 10.21 (cmk:  on the obv.), 10.67.

**457/6.** IVDJ 3227, 10.58; 7. Stockholm (= *SNG* 2036), 13.58 (AVITO) (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.); 8-10. NY Newell 69894, 7643, 7645, 12.11 (AVITO) (cmk:  on the obv. and  on the rev.), 12.69 (AVI) (genuine?), 11.04 ([A]VITO) (genuine?) (cmk:  on the obv.).

**458/7.** NY HSA 24090, 4.92 (CLVNIA); 8. Ibercoin 11/2/2014, lot 43, 7.09 (CLVNIA).

### Ercavica

**459-67** See now M. Gomis, *La Ceca de Ercavica* (Barcelona/Madrid, 1997).

**459/76.** P (= *BnF* 2084), 10.32; 77-78. NY ANS Newell 68223, HSA 7525, 10.39 (cmk:  on the rev.), 10.87 (cmk:  on the rev.); 79. Ba 106004, 10.90 (cmk:  on the rev.); 80-83. Stockholm (= *SNG* 2037-2040), 13.84, 9.62, 10.20, 10.56 (cmk:  on the rev.); 84-87. IVDJ 3230-3233, 11.42, 11.27, 10.15, 1197; 88. S de C 1513 (cmk:  on the rev.); 89. Pilartz XI, 24-26/3/1966 (cmk:  on the rev.); 90. M Sastre 6726, 9.12 (cmk:  on the rev.); 91-92. Cores coll., (cmk:  on the rev.), 10.88 (cmk:  on the obv.); 93. Hague (BM cast), 7.95; 94. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 250 (= Herrero 14 Nov. 1996, lot 25), 13.71; 95. MPV 28351 (= CNG 14 May 2008, lot 1118), 11.06.

**461/6.** Áureo 22/10/1998, lot 2145, 4.76; 7. IVDJ 3235, 6.39; 8. Cores coll., 6; 9. Stockholm (= *SNG* 2041), 3.40; 10. Herrero 24 May 2012, lot 55, 4.97.

**462/33. Herrero 8 May 2013, lot 2040, 13.08** (MVN).



**463/5.** Vico, 1/6/2000, lot. 35, 7.50; 6. IVDJ 3237, 7.96; 7-9. M. Gomis, *La ceca de Ercavica*, Barcelona-Madrid, 1997, no. 83a, c-d; 10. Herrero 12 Dec. 2007, lot 251, 12.59; 11. Áureo 7 Nov. 2007, lot 2191, 9.71; 12. Martí Hervera & Soler y Llach /28 Jan. 2010, lot 3197, 9.50; 13. Herrero 12 Dec. 2013, lot 64, 9.00.

**464/5.** NY HSA 24087, 15.31; 6. GMI 564; 7. Cores coll., 9.5.

**465/8.** *Gac. Num.* 147, 2002, pp. 21-22, 15.97 (MVN ERCAVICA IIII VIR C TER SVRA L LIC [CRACILE]); 9-10. NY HSA 7533, 7534, 16.69 (MVN ERCAVICA II VIR C TE[R SVRA L L]IC CRACILE), 9.39 (MVN ERCAVICA II VIR C TER SVRA L LIC CRAC[ILE]); 11. Áureo 19/9/1994, lot 474, 12.66 (MVN ERCAVICA II VIR C TER SVRA L LIC [CRACILE]); 12. Áureo 21/1/2004, lot 264, 11.59 (MVN ERCAVICA II VIR C TER SVRA L LIC CRACILE); 13-14. Stockholm (= SNG 2046), 12.07 (MVN ERCAVICA IIII V[IR C] TER [SVRA L LIC CRA]CILE), 10.66 (MVN ERCAVICA IIII VIR C TER [SVRA L LIC] CRACILE); **15. CNG EA 163 25/4/2007, lot 127**, 13.09 (MVN ERCAVICA II VIR C TER SVRA L LIC GRACILE), (cmk:  on the obv., but the auction catalogue describes the countermark as P and suggests a comparison with that found on the asses of Osicerda); 16. MPV 27933, 10.09.



**466/8.** Áureo 7/3/2001, lot 263, 14.63 (IMP / SVRA ET CRACILE). 9. NY Newell 68229, 11.90 (P P / SVRA ET CRACILE); 10-11. IVDJ 3240-3241, 14.80 (PP / C TER SVRA L LIC CRACILE), 12.74 ([ ] / SVRA ET CRACILE).

14,5

**467/9.** IVDJ 3242, 3.89. 10. Áureo 15/12/1994, lot 2206, 3.80; 11. Herrero 4/4/2002, lot 41, 4.85. 12. Cores coll., 3.6; 13. Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 62, 2.68; 14. Herrero 12/12/2007, lot 252, 2.72; 15. Vico 7/11/2013, lot 118, 4.11 (= Vico 9 Oct. 2012, lot 571) (ex HSA 24589).

**S-467A** Brass. 36-75 mm, 28.83 g (2). Axis: var. [1]

C CAESAR AVG GERMANICVS PON M TR PO P P; laureate head, l.  
AGRIPPINA DRVSILLA IVLIA; the sisters

of Caligula standing facing; in exergue, MVN ERCAVI

**1. Soria, Museo Numantino, 93/1/1352**

(= J.L. Argente, *Tiermes. Excavaciones Arqueológicas, Campaña 1993* (Soria, 1993), p. 50 fig. 39), 31.04;

**2. M.**, 26.63. The coin copies RIC 33. We have not seen the Soria coin, but it comes from the Tiermes excavations of 1993. Its provenance helps to dispel an initial reluctance to accept its authenticity, as does its variant obverse legend. The style is little guide, since it is very like that of its prototype (but the style of other Caligulan coins from Ercavica is very like that of the mint of Rome). The unexpected features are the design (Ercavica does not otherwise copy Roman reverses), the absence of any magistrates' names and the abbreviation Ercavi (rather than Ercavica). See now F.J. Rodríguez Morales, 'Un nuevo sestercio de Ercavica en Tiermes (Montejo de Tiermes, Soria)', *La Moneda Hispánica. Ciudad y Territorio. Anejos de Archivo Español de Arqueología XIV* (1995), pp. 219-23.



467A/1



467A/2

**Osicerda**

**468-469.** See now M. Gomis, 'Osicerda: un ejemplo de acuñaciones hispanoromanas en época de Tiberio', *GN* 122 (1996), pp. 29-46. J. A. Benavente, F. Marco and P. Moret, 'El Palao de Alcañiz y el Bajo Aragón durante los ss. II y I a.C.', *AEspA* 76, 2003, 231-246, discuss the site of Osicerda. They think Osicerda could be located

at El Palao (Alcañiz, Teruel).

**468/26-27.** IVDJ 3205-3206, 12.20, 10.98; 28-33. NY Newell 65142-65143, HSA 7564, 24074-24075, Anderson 1419, 10.60, 12.16, 11.18, 10.90, 10.64, 10.14; 34. Vico 8/6/2006, lot 3101, 11.6; **35. Vico 8/3/2007, lot 88**, 10.60 (cmk: P on the rev.).



**469/9.** Herrero 11/1/1996, lot 215 (= Herrero 18/5/1995, lot 75 = Áureo 7-8/3/1994, lot 452 = Lalana X/1993, lot 119), 5.00; 10. Herrero 10/10/2002, lot 134 (= Áureo 15/4/1997, lot 2182 = Vico 17/11/1994, lot 56 = Gomis 1996, 21a), 6.31; 11. Áureo 3/3/1999, lot 1233, 6.68; 12. Herrero 20/5/1999, lot 92, 4.37; 13. Áureo 15-16/12/2004, lot 3293 (= Áureo 2/6/2004, lot 68 = Áureo 1/2/2006, 228), 5.91; 14. Áureo 29/9/1998, lot 877 (= Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1364), 6.77; 15. Vico 10/6/2004, lot 75, 3.7; 16. Áureo 22/9/1997, lot 343, 6.25; 17. Herrero 5/2/2004, lot 111, 3.95. 18. Cores coll., 5; 19-20. NY Newell 65144, HSA 24532, 4.60, 5.34 (broken).

### Segobriga

**470-477** See now P.P. Ripollès and J.M. Abascal, *Las Monedas de la Ciudad Romana de Segobriga (Saelices, Cuenca)* (Barcelona/Madrid, 1996). The asses of Tiberius with head right (**474**) are die linked with some dies having head left (**473**).

From a fragment of pedestal, dated to 15 BC, in which an unknown *decretum decurionum* is recorded, J. M. Abascal, R. Cebrián and M. Trunk, *La decoración arquitectónica en las ciudades romanas de Occidente*, S. F. Ramallo (ed), Murcia, 2004, pp. 219-220, suggest Segobriga was already then a municipium of Latin right.

**p. 142** Right hand column: for 'RIC 545 (28 BC) and 487, 491 (27-26 BC)', read 'RIC 250, 254, 260 or 268 (c. 29 BC)'.  
**473/70.** L 1963-11-13-2, 9.45. 71-75. IVDJ 3246-3250, 14.36, 13.84, 12.09, 13.36, 14.90; 76. M 212590, 9.72 (cmk: **LS** on the obv.); 77. NY HSA 21030, 12.12 (cmk: **LA** on the rev.); **78. M 12601**, 14.14 (cmk: SI on the obv.).

In the list of countermarks, for 'on 12 (rev.)', read 'on 12 (obv.)'. Also add (under countermarks): LA (= cmk. 54) on the rev. on 70.

at El Palao (Alcañiz, Teruel).



**474/30-31.** IVDJ 3251-3252, 14.64, 14.23 (cmk: **LA** on the rev.).

**475/46.** Cores coll., 5.8 (cmk: **LA** on the rev.).

**476/74-76.** IVDJ 3257-3259, 13.53, 13.12, 12.26 (cmk: **LS** on the obv.); 77. Museu Arqueològic d'Elx, 12.76 (cmk: **LS** on the obv.); 78-82. Stockholm (= *SNV* 2062-2066), 15.56, 9.89, 11.73, 14.90, 9.08 (pierced) (cmk: **SE** and **yl** on the obv.); 83. Vico 1/6/2000, lot 54, 12.00 (cmk: **---** on the obv.).

Delete 476/21 (= L 1963-11-13-2), as it is of Tiberius, as *RPC* 473. Alter 476/70: for 'IVDJ (= BSAA 43, 1977, 99-100)' read 'Almagro coll. (= BSEAA 43, 1977, 99-100)'. In the countermarks, delete 'LA (= cmk. 54) on the rev. on 21'; add: S (inverted) (= cmk. 36) on the obv. on 22'. The countermark on 476/22 has not been altered and so one should include: SE (cmk. 66) on the obv. on 22.

**477/28.** Cores coll., 6.06 (cmk: **LS** on the obv.).

### Segovia

A survey of numismatic research in J. F. Blanco García, 'La numismática antigua segoviana en la bibliografía. Comentarios', *Numisma*, 245, 2001, pp. 115-138.

N. F. Marqués, 'Nuevos planteamientos cronológicos e interpretativos sobre la ceca latina de Segovia. Una emisión inédita'. *Numisma* 257, 2013, pp. 69 - 93, has unveiled a new issue minted after 29 BC., according to the portait style. On the forgeries and tooled coins from the Segovia mint, see: N. F. Marqués, 'Monedas falsas y retocadas de la ceca latina de Segovia' *OMNI* 7, 2013, pp. 57-64.

**478/35.** Cores coll., 9.

**478A** AE. 24 mm, 8.86 g (3). Axis: var. [0]

C L; bare head (of Augustus) r.  
 SEGOVIA; armed horseman with spear, r.

**1. Private coll.** (= Marqués 1), 9.98; 2. Private coll. (= Marqués 2), 10; **3. G Hunterian 137** (= Marqués 3), 6.



478A/1



478A/3

### Ebusus

**479/21-22.** IVDJ 2862-2863, 4.86, 5.89; 23. Cores coll., 4.4.

**480/33-34.** IVDJ 2864, 2867, 5.53 (AVGV?), 6.47 (AVGV).

**481/18.** CNG Item # 1244201807 (= [http://www.wildwinds.com/coins/greece/spain/ebusus/RPC\\_481.jpg](http://www.wildwinds.com/coins/greece/spain/ebusus/RPC_481.jpg) [visited: 11/09/2006]).

**482/10.** Áureo 21/10/1997, lot 1371, 6.94; 11. Áureo 24/1/2001, lot 283, 7.51; 12. Herrero 9/6/2004, lot 61, 7.12; 13. Sa Nostra coll., 199, 6.69 (= M. Campo, *La moneda de l'Eivissa púnica*, Palma, 1994, n° 199).

**482A/5.** Is now in the IVDJ, no. 2869, 6.50; 6. Áureo 16/5/1995, lot 88, 5.45; 7. Áureo 17-18/10/1995, lot 228, 7.12; 8. Pliego 22/04/2004, lot 122, 5.88; 9. Herrero 9/6/2004, lot 60, 7.77. 10. Cores coll., 7.5; 11. Herrero 19/5/2005, lot 56, 4.79.

### Uncertain

**483/42-43.** IVDJ 8.80 (praefericulum to l. and patera to r.), 9.13 (patera to l. and praefericulum to r.); 44. Cores coll., 12.63 (patera to l. and praefericulum to r.).

**484/21.** Herrero 1/12/2005, lot 60, 2.83.

**485** (attributed to a Spanish uncertain mint). This is now proposed to have been struck in Saguntum, since finds surrounding this city have increased in number (Ripollès-Llorens, p. 478). See p. 22.

### Cnaeus and Sextus Pompey

**486, 487, 671** See now R. Martini, *Monetazione bronzea romana tardo-repubblicana. II. Sextus Pompeius. Le emissioni hispaniche del tipo C.N. MAG, le serie di Eppius e gli 'assi' siciliani*, Glaux. Serie speciale I (Milan, 1995):

486	21.79 g (99)	108 coins, 61 obv. dies
487	17.03 g (62)	87 coins, 18 obv. dies
671	21.63 g (581)	819 coins, 193 obv. dies

# GAUL

See, in general, P. Arnaud, 'Sur la chronologie et la valeur des petits bronzes en Narbonnaise orientale dans la seconde moitié du Ier s. av. J.-C.', *RN* 153, 1998, pp. 61-74.

## Germanus Indutilli L.

**506** After a thoroughgoing study of the series, J.-M. Doyen, *Economie, monnaie et société à Reims sous l'Empire romain*, Bull. Soc. Arch. Champenoise 100 (2007), pp. 63-85, concludes that the series may be attributed to Durocortorum (Reims). For new information concerning particularly the geographical distribution of these coins, the type of sites on which they are found etc., see now P. Beliën, 'Authorised or tolerated? Some new perspectives on the GERMANVS INDVTILLI L. series' in J. van Heesch and I. Heeren (eds), *Coinage in the Iron Age. Essays in honour of Simone Scheers* (London, 2009), pp. 31-51. Beliën stresses rightly (pp. 42-3 and n. 72) that these coins must be considered as *semisses*, and not as *quadrantes* (as stated in *RPC*). This is also true for *RPC* 508 and 509.

**508** J.-M. Doyen, *op. cit.*, pp. 90-2 after E. Sauer, *Coins, cult and cultural identity: Augustan coins, hot springs and the early Roman bath at Bourbonne-les-Bains* (Leicester, 2005) where 1 499 coins of that type were found.

**509** J.-M. Doyen, *op. cit.*, pp. 85-90, attributes also this series to Durocortorum.

## Lugdunum

**511/4**. Lyon, 'Kybele's Sanctuary', 2002, 1.95 (= A. Audra, 'Trouvaille d'une monnaie de L. Munatius Plancus sur le site dit du 'sanctuaire de Cybèle' à Lyon (5<sup>e</sup>)', *BSFN* 61, 10, Dec. 2006, pp. 265-6). For a new interpretation of the reverse of this coin, see A. Desbat (ed), *Lugdunum naissance d'une capitale* (2005), pp. 47-9: Hercules fights against Acheloos, the river-god who changed himself into a furious bull. Hercules offered to the goddess Copia one of its horns, hence the name *cornucopia*.

**516/4**. The weight of the coin is 5.24 (axis: 2 o'clock).

## Vienna

**517** Add *G M.* 3, 703, 1 = *SVG* Glasgow 144, not cited in *RPC*. *Price/Trell*, p. 40 (Fig.62) give reverse as Prow, r., with city gate and harbour buildings behind.

**S-517A** Leaded bronze. 27-8mm, 14.15 g (2). Axis: 12. [0]

IMP DIVI F; bare head of Octavian, r.  
C I V; prow with superstructure, r.

**1. Lyon, Musée des Beaux-Arts** (M. Amandry, 'Une monnaie oubliée de la *Colonia Iulia Viennensis*', *BSFN* 1996/6, pp. 106-8), 14.69. This unique coin belonged to de Saulcy and was first published by L. de la Saussaye, *Numismatique de la Gaule Narbonnaise* (1842), p. 129 no. 3 and pl. XV. It is briefly mentioned by A. Pelletier, *Vienne antique* (1982) p. 37 n. 3, but obviously Pelletier thought the coin might be a modern forgery. Metal analysis by neutron absorption reveals the presence of a high percentage of antimony (1.42%), which is the characteristic of the metal used by coins of Vienne. As the portrait of Octavian conforms to the style of his other portraits on Gallic issues, this coin, though curious, is probably genuine. A date of c. 30-25 is proposed; **2. Alphonse coll.**, 13.61. A second specimen surfaced recently in a private collection, from different dies. This coin was also analysed by the Centre E. Babelon at Orléans and the results are coherent with the analysis performed on S-517A/1:

	Ni	Sn	Zn	Sb	Pb	Au	Ag	As	Fe	Cu
S-517A/1	-	2,2	-	1,4	18,7	-	0,21	0,14	-	77,2
S-517A/2	0,048	1,8	-	0,47	18,6	-	0,24	0,024	-	78,8



517A/1



517A/2

**Narbonne**

**p. 152** The C specimen with the alleged letters AR is 518/129 (not 128). The small hoard from Narbonne was discovered in 1968, not 1973.

**Nemausus**

For a new interpretation of the reverse types of 520 et 511, see M. Feugère, 'Les bronzes de Nîmes BN 2725 et 2735 et le sanctuaire guérisseur de Nemausus', in *Histoire, Espaces et Marges de l'Antiquité*, I. *Hommages à Monique Clavel-Lévêque* (Besançon, 2003), pp. 227-231. Feugère interprets the type of 521 as a cupping glass and the palms as the symbol of Apollo. The female figure on 520 is Hygeia. Both types are related to the sanctuary of the fountain of Nîmes whose healing waters were renowned.

**522-525:** for the metallic composition of the Nemausus dupondii and new propositions for dating group III (*RPC* I, 525), see now P.-A. Besombes and J.-N. Barrandon, 'Les dupondii de Nîmes: datation, diffusion et nature du métal utilisé', *RN* 157 (2001), pp. 305-328.

**526/4.** St Florian (cast in Winterthur). The style is poor, perhaps an imitation?

**Antipolis**

**p. 154** See H. Ciron, 'Le Monnayage d'Antipolis', in T. Hackens and G. Moucharte (eds), *Proceedings of the XIth International Numismatic Congress, Brussels 1991* (Louvain-la-Neuve, 1993), pp. 155-7.

**Arausio (?)**

**533.** See now V. Geneviève, 'Le monnayage colonial d'Octave à la proue et « à la tête de bélier' (Arausio ? *RPC* 533). Une nouvelle proposition d'attribution : Tolosa ?', in M. Paz García-Bellido, A. Mostalac and A. Jiménez (eds), *Del Imperium de Pompeyo a la Auctoritas de Augusto. Homenaje a Michael Grant, Anejos de AEspA XL-*

VII (2008), pp. 191-208. With an updated inventory of finds, from archaeological excavations and private collections, Geneviève challenges the attribution of this coinage to Arausio and its area, and offers, with quite good arguments, a new hypothesis for their minting place: the city of Tolosa (Toulouse).

**'Forum Iulii' (recte Matavo)**

**535corr.** AE. 10-14 mm, 2.29 g (7).

Laureate head of Apollo, r.

MATA; capricorn holding globe with cornucopia on back, r.; rudder below

1-2. Fréjus (see *RPC* I, 535/1-2); **3. Le Luc**, 2.57; 4. Cabasse, 2.09; 5-7. Fréjus Argentière 492, Aiguière 504 and 875, 2.29, 2.34, 2.32. The attribution to Forum Iulii must be abandoned in view of the new discoveries (nos. 3-7) and the coins given to the *pagus Matavonicus*, which was a part of the city of Forum Iulii. *Matavo* (the present Cabasse) probably issued this small coinage after 27 BC, as the first Augustan prototypes date from 27 onwards. The attribution to *Matavo* was first proposed by G. Bérard, 'A propos de trouvailles monétaires du *Pagus Matavonicus* et de *Forum Voconii* au Ier s. avant J.-C., communes de Cabasse et du Cagnet-des-Maures', *Cahiers Numismatiques* 90 (déc. 1986), pp. 206-11; and emphasized by G. Bérard, Y. Codou, J.-L. Fiches, G. B. Rogers and G. Sintès, 'Matavo (Cabasse, Var) et le *pagus Matavonicus*', *RAN* 26 (1993), pp. 301-37 (esp. 306-8).

**Massalia**

No account of the coinage of Massalia after 49 BC, when the city was defeated by Cesar, is to be found in *RPC* I. This shortcoming was noticed by J.-N. Barrandon and O. Picard, *Monnaies de bronze de Marseille. Analyse, classement, politique monétaire, Cahiers Ernest-Babelon* 10 (2007), p. 103, n. 26: 'Ces pièces ne sont pas prises en compte dans *RPC* I, qui, il est vrai, néglige plusieurs monnayages d'époque julio-claudienne où l'effigie impériale est absente'.

Here is an attempt to rectify our negligence. The coinage of Massalia was resumed after 49 BC, but the city struck only small bronze coins without any reference to its previous coinage. The type of the bull was abandoned. On the obverse of most of the different varieties figure Apollo and Athena. On the reverse, different types are used as dolphin, caduceus, tripod, lion, galley, eagle, owl, cornucopia etc.

Three aspects of this coinage were recently studied: its typology, its circulation and its metallic composition.

- Typology: see G. Depeyrot, 'Les bronzes de 2,50 g d'époque romaine', in *Les monnaies hellénistiques de Marseille*, Moneta 16 (Wetteren, 1999), pp. 105-111, types 69-88 and pl. 4;
- Circulation: see M. Py, *Les monnaies préaugustéennes de Lattes et la circulation monétaire protohistorique en Gaule méridionale*, Lattara 19, 1-2 (Lattes, 2006), pp. 357-365 (archaeological contexts show that this coinage was struck until the beginning of the first century AD); M. Feugère

and M. Py, *Dictionnaire des monnaies découvertes en Gaule méditerranéenne* (Montagnac/Paris, 2011); - Metallic composition: see J.-N. Barrandon and O. Picard, 'Petits bronzes d'époque impériale', *op. cit.*, pp. 103-11 and pp. 138-40 (the authors consider that this coinage was struck under Augustus, and that these 'small bronzes' might have passed as quadrantes, as their weight is about 2.50 g. These coins are leaded bronzes).

### Uncertain (Tiberius)

**537-8 + 5431, 5440-1**: see D. Gricourt and *alii*, *Le mobilier numismatique de l'agglomération secondaire de Bliesbruck (Moselle), fouilles 1978-1998*, Blesa 5 (Paris, 2009), pp. 558-9 who attribute all these series to a provincial officina in Belgica, probably at Trier. T A on 5431 might also be expanded in Tiberius Augustus.

# ITALY

---

**P. 157 introduction no. (3)** For the arguments that the unique coin in L of Agrippa/triskeles (= *FITA* 46) is a forgery, see M. Amandry, 'Agrippa et Tardani?', in T. Hackens and G. Moucharte (eds), *Italiam fato profugi Hesperinaque venerunt litora. Numismatic Studies dedicated to Vladimir and Elvira Clain-Stefanelli* (Louvain-la-Neuve, Publications d'histoire de l'art et d'archéologie de l'Université catholique de Louvain LXX, Numismatica Lovaniensia 12, 1996), pp. 1-4.

S. Frey-Kupper and C. Stannard, '« Pseudomints » and Small Change in Italy and Sicily in the Late Republic', *AJN* 20 (2008), pp. 351-404 and pl. 83-85. Two « pseudomints » of the first century BC are described: Pseudo-Ebusus/Massalia (almost certainly at Pompeii) and Pseudo-Panormos/Paestum (probably at Minturnae). The circulation of their coins, and a plethora of foreign coins, suggests that a relatively monetarized economy in Latium and Campania was pressing all available coin into service, in a context of a penury of small change. For Pompeii, see also now R. Hobbs, *Currency and Exchange in Ancient Pompeii* (London: Institute of Classical Studies Supplement 116, 2013).

## Clovius, Oppius

**602-3** The Italian attribution is strengthened by the presence of a specimen in a hoard found in Aleria (Corsica) in 1973. The coin was mixed up with 66 imperial bronzes and 1 denarius, ranging from Augustus to the beginning of the reign of Claudius. See M. J. Jehasse, 'Un dépôt de monnaies romaines des remparts d'Aléria', *Archeologia Corsa* 1, 1976, pp. 172-203.

**602A** A fourth specimen in Barcelona 4767, 9.94.

**601-3** See G. Veronelli, 'Note sull'emissione in oricalco di Q. Oppius (CRA 550/3a-c)', *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 1, Febbraio 1991, pp. 12-14; R. Martini, 'L'emissione in oricalco del prefetto di Caesar Q. Oppius (CRA 550/3a-c)', *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 2, Giugno 1991, pp. 25-7; R. Martini, 'Le emissioni bronzee di Iulius Caesar a nome dei prefetti C. Clovius e Q. Oppius, Note introduttive', in E. Arslan *Studia Dicata II* (Glaux 7, Milan, 1991), pp. 369-78 (attributing both coinages to Rome in 45 BC); R. Martini in G.R. Bellini, R. Martini, F. Pompilio (eds), *Minturnae Antiquarium. Monete dal Garigliano IV. Monete romane (Caesar-Ner), fonti epigrafiche e litterarie* (*Materiali, Studi, Ricerche* 16, Milan, 1999), p. 9 n. 12 (regarding them as asses, not dupondii). A die study of both coinages is being prepared by Martini.

See also B. Woytek, 'Iulius Caesar und das Nominaliensystem der römischen Reichsprägung in der Principatszeit', in H. Hefner and K. Tomaschitz (eds), *Ad Fontes! Festschrift für Gerhard Dobesch zum fünfundsechzigsten Geburtstag am 15. September 2004* (Wien, 2004), pp. 343-52.

## Cn Piso Frugi

**619** See now Luis Amela Valverde, 'RRC 547/1, de Cn. (Calpurnio) Pison Frugi', *Gaceta Numismática* 166/167, Septiembre 2007-Diciembre 2007, 15-20. This includes nothing new and the end of the article is simply a translation of the text of *RPC*, p. 160!

## Divos Iulius

**620/48** The same as 620/30, now Leu 57 (1993), lot 200.

# SARDINIA

---

## Turris Libisonis?

**622** Two specimens in Museo Archeologico 'G A Sanna', Sassari (F. Guido, *SNG Sassari I. Sicilia-Numidia* (Milan, 1994), 859-60). Add also B Fox, 20.27; 14. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 425.

**623/4.** One specimen in **Museo Archeologico 'G A Sanna', Sassari** (F. Guido, *SNG Sassari I. Sicilia-Numidia* (Milan, 1994), 861), 10.00.



## Caralis?

**624.** 34. G = M. 3, 600, 144 = *SNG* Glasgow 183, 28.92 (not 35.32 g, as in *RPC* and *M*); 35. G = M. 3, 600, 145 = *SNG* Glasgow 184, 28.68 (not 35.06 g, as in *RPC* and *M*). *RPC* gives axis as 6 or 12, but both G specimens (34-35) have axis 3.

Two specimens in Museo Archeologico 'G A Sanna', Sassari (F. Guido, *SNG Sassari I. Sicilia-Numidia* (Milan, 1994), 862-3). 624/44 now = MM Numismatics Ltd. Auction I (December 1997) lot 157.

## Uselis?

**625** Three specimens in Museo Archeologico 'G A Sanna', Sassari (F. Guido, *SNG Sassari I. Sicilia-Numidia* (Milan, 1994), 864-6).

# SICILY

Add, for many more specimens and good illustrations, R. Martini, *Monetazione provinciale romana I: Sicilia* (Glaux 5, Milan 1991); *id.*, 'Monetazione provinciale romana. I. Sicilia. Aggiornamento I', *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 14, 1994, pp. 288-94; R. Calciati, *Una collezione di monete in bronzo della Sicilia antica (Primo aggiornamento critico al CNS)* (Koinon 2, Milan, 1995).

G. Manganaro Perrone, 'Contromarche su *chalkos* siceliota e su *aes* augusteo in Sicilia', *Med. Ant.* 8, 1 (2005), pp. 265-81 and Tav. I-XII.

(P.M. Fraser and E. Matthews, *A Lexicon of Greek Personal Names* vol. IIIA (Oxford, 1997) 256). And BA on 668 (see below) might be the beginning of a Greek name and there are plenty of candidates (see *Lexicon*).

P. Pitotto, 'Un esemplare di Mussidio Longo per Augusto e la questione della zecca di Tindari', *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 22, Giugno 1996, p. 494. See also S2-I-670A.

## Tyndaris?

**627corr.** AE. 20mm, 7.97 g (5). [3]

AVGVSTVS [ ]; head of Augustus, r.  
L MVSSIDIVS PR•COS in wreath; around, L  
STATI P COTTA[ ].

1-4: see *RPC I*, 627/1-4; 5-7: see *RPC I*, 627/6-8; **8. L ex RBW**, 8.27 (axis: 9). See also Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 134-39. The new specimen from the RBW coll. (8) shows that there is a legend running around the wreath. The start of the legend L ST[ could be seen on the specimen published by Gabrici and Tusa Cutroni, who had proposed in 1984 to read L STATIVS. This was omitted by *RPC I*, and not accepted by Martini p. 71 n. 51. 8 clearly reads L STATI P COTTA[ ], the same two names that appear on the coins of Sisenna procos (*RPC I*, 668, where the resemblance with 627 was noted). There may even be a die-link between the two groups (see Martini), but that is not sure. The temptation to attribute both coinages to Tyndaris must, however, be resisted, since TVNDAR cannot, in fact, be clearly read on any of the specimens yet published. There are certainly some letters behind Augustus's head, as can be seen on the pieces in L (nos. 1 and 8); but they cannot be read, though something like AGR is tempting (Delete 627/5, and 627/9 = 627/1). R. J. A. Wilson advises us that Cotta is probably a Latinized version of a Greek name (and a ΚΟΤΗΣ appears at second century Agrigentum and Malta), while a ΚΟΤΑΣ is attested from the same period in Camarina



## Halaesa

See now A. Campana, 'Sicilia: Alaisa Archonidea', part of *Corpus Nummorum Antiquae Italiae (Zecche minori)* in *Panorama Numismatico* 102-3 (Nov.-Dic. 1996), pp. 81-111. He dates the coins of the duovir Caec Ruf (628-29) to 44/43, and accepts the illegible piece in Mu as another coin of the same issue (*ΣNG* 235; but see *RPC I*, p. 169). He dates the coins of M Paccius (630-33) to 2 BC - AD 7. He adds to 631 a reference to a coin from the Morgantina excavations (no. 106) with the countermark of a tetrastyle temple (*GIC* 286).

**628/4.** *ΣNG* Bern 134, 8.53.

**630-31** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 175-83 (regarding the head on the obverse as a portrait of Augustus). T. Buttrey *et al.*, *The Coins. Morgantina Studies II* (Princeton, 1989) p. 79 no. 106 cite a coin with a distyle temple countermark, but unfortunately the coin is unillustrated and so cannot be confirmed.

**630/7.** G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 42, 8.7 g.

**633/2.** Now RBW (ex Hess 249, 13 Nov. 1979, lot 68; CNG MBS 78, 14 May 2008, lot 1158); 4-5. See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 184-85; 6. CNG 57, 4 Apr. 2001, lot 774, 7.85. Only M PAC MAX is legible on the reverse,

so the new coin does not help with establishing the correct legend.

### Cephaloedium

**635** Martini, *Sicilia* 101-4 lists the specimens in P, B and a private collection; the end of the obverse legend remains unsure.

### Panormus

For the attribution of 5452 to Panormus, see below.

**p. 171, 2 (i)** was correctly described, and there is another specimen in the **RBW coll.** (2.73 g, axis: 12).



Metal analyses on specimens in P show that all are made of leaded bronze:

RPC	P	Cu	Sn	Pb	Zn	Sb	Au	Ag	As
639/1	1001	76.6	5.1	17.6	-	0.3	0.0012	0.035	0.21
640/2	997	76.9	4.14	18.4	-	0.21	0.0007	0.031	0.18
641/4	999	78.3	4.7	16.6	-	0.12	0.0009	0.032	0.13
642/181002		82.3	0.46	17.1	-	0.06	-	-	0.056
644/9	1004	77.0	4.08	18.3	-	0.2	-	0.055	0.14
5452	P	84.4	1.8	13.6	-	0.1	-	0.03	0.087

**639** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 212-19.

**640** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 220-39.

**641** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 240-307, attributing them to Tiberius.

**642** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 326-94, with more countermarks. An extremely fine specimen in **Art Coins Roma 8, 3 Feb. 2004, lot 467**, 9.39, on which the two ears of corn are clear on 'Livia/Demeter' head on the reverse.



**643** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 308-25, with some countermarks.

**644** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 397-415.

**645** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 416-43.

### Iaiton

**646-7** See now S. Frey-Kupper, 'La circolazione monetaria a Monte Iato dall'inizio della dominazione romana fino all'età tiberiana', *Giornate Internazionali di Studi sull'Area Elima (Gibellina, 19-22 Settembre 1991)*. *Atti* (Gibellina, 1992), pp. 281-98.

### Segesta

**648-50** The attribution to Segesta is doubted by A. Cutroni Tusa because of the lack of evidence for the cult of the Dioscuri at Segesta (well known at Tyndaris): see her 'La documentazione numismatica' in *L'impiego dei termini Apoikia e Katoikia nell'ambito della Sicilia romana* in *Kokalos* XLI (1995), pp. 365-6.

**649/7**. Now RBW, 7.56; 9. Lanz 135, 21 May 2007, lot 463, 7.24.

**652** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 105-110a.

### Entella

See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 63-88 (*RPC* 653) and 89-98 (654).

**653** R. Calciati (*Annotazioni Numismatiche* 10, 1993, p. 205) has argued that the forgery is genuine and dates to the period of Atratinus. He has also published specimens with the countermarks N and NE, and implausibly suggested that **654** consists of two different denominations.

Specimens in RBW coll. (6.27, 7.46) also suggest ears of corn rather than a patera.

### Lilybaeum

**655** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 1-62, erroneously giving the reading  $\pi\theta\iota\omega\nu$ : but ΠΥΘΙΩΝ is correct.

**657** See Martini, *Sicilia* 186-211. Add G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 43, 10.43. 15. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 421, 10.46.

### Agrigentum

**658/3**. RBW, 9.96

**660** See Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 140-74. Another specimen in Museo Civico, Verona (8.61; axis: 12). One of the

duoviri (Sextus Rufus) is now known as a duumvir from a Greek inscription from the gymnasium at Agrigento (R.J.A. Wilson, 'Archaeology in Sicily 1988-95', *Archaeological Reports for 1995-1996* (1996), p. 87). R.J.A. Wilson advises that *comithalis* is probably a title ('convenor of the comitium') rather than a name (see his *Sicily under the Roman Empire* (1990), p. 42 caption with fig. 32c.

### Henna

**661-64** A date early in the second century BC has been suggested by M. Caccamo Caltabiano, 'La cronologia del Municipium di Henna: discordanza tra il dato numismatico e quello storiografico,' in *Hestiasis. Studi di tarda antichità offerti a S. Calderone* (Messina, 1986), pp. 1-27.

**661/31**. Now RBW (ex Triton XII, 6 Jan. 2009, part of lot 1255).

**662/22**. Now RBW (ex Triton XII, 6 Jan. 2009, part of lot 1255).

**663/8**. Now RBW coll. (ex NAC O, 13 May 2004, lot 1297); 10-11. RBW, 3.71, 3.71; 12. Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 420, 4.43. The complete reverse legend is given by this specimen: M CESTIVS L MVNATIVS IIVIR, which is no surprise.

### Assorus

**665** and **666** are dated to c. 200 BC by Campana, 'Sicilia: Assoros (ca. 200 a.C.)', part of *Corpus Nummorum Antiquae Italiae (Zecche minori)* in *Panorama Numismatico* 108 (Maggio 1996), pp. 137-40). He rejects the late dating, followed by *RPC*, but does not explain the use of Latin at so early a date.

### Centuripae

**667** Another specimen now in L (ex Thackray, 0.98 g).

### Sicily, Uncertain mints

**668**. See also Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 111-133 (accepting the inclusion of the *praenomen* L), and now on **627**, above. Some specimens appear to have part of one of the duovir's names in the wreath: Martini 128-30, 129 curiously seeming to read ]STA B[. One (at least) has a star behind Augustus' head (Martini 132). See also above, on 627.

**668/12**. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 422; 15. Kestner Museum, Hannover (under Corinth); 16. Verona, Museo Civico (6.42; axis: 6); **17. Yale** (ex PRF, 7.78 on which the *praenomen* L seems clear); **18.**

**RBW**, 8.82 (the reverse legend is SISIINA/PR COS /L STAT/P COTA).



668/17



668/18

**671** Add specimens in G (Hunterian *M.*- (Republican) = *SNG* Glasgow 208-211, not cited in *RPC*). The Hunterian and the *RPC* plate have obverse MGN, not MAGNVS.

### Tyndaris

A. Crisà, 'La monetazione di Tyndaris romana con segni di valore e legende in lingua Latina', *RLN* 109 (2008), pp. 235-68.

**S2-I-670A/1**. The coin published by R. Martini, 'Emissione duumvirale della colonia(?) di Tyndaris a firma dei legati(?) di Sextus Pompeius A. Pomponius M.f. Vic(tor) ed A. (Flaminius?) Flamma', *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 29, Marzo 1998, pp. 666-70), 8.79, was recently cleaned and will be published again by P. Villemur, 'De quelques émissions coloniales romaines en Sicile: retour à Tyndaris' in *Festschrift R. Witschonke* (forthcoming). The attribution to Tyndaris was wrongly doubted in *Supp. I* as the legends clearly read: [ ] SEN IIVIR EX DD/A POMP A FL[ ]COL TVN. The reverse design is indeed a dolphin.



### Melita

**672/39**. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 423, 5.32.

**673/14**. cited as G p.601, no.32 = *M.* 3, 607, 32 (not *M.* 3, 601, 32) = *SNG* Glasgow 214.

**674/1**. cited as G p.601, no.33 = *M.* 3, 607, 33 (pl. 95.7) (not *M.* 3, 601, 33) = *SNG* Glasgow 215.

# AFRICA

## Cirta/Constantine

On this coinage, see A. Berthier, *Tiddis cité antique de Numidie* (Paris, 2000), pp. 303-313, which contains nothing really new since *La Numidie* (Paris, 1981) and has many errors. No weight is given for the 4 specimens found at Tiddis (but one specimen is located in P = *RPC* I, 701/2) and *RPC* is unknown to Berthier. See also J. Alexandropoulos, *Les monnaies de l'Afrique Antique 400 av. J.-C. - 40 ap. J.-C.* (Toulouse, 2000), pp. 314-318 and p. 468, cat. nos. 131-135, who returns to a dating of 46-44 and a portrait of the condottiere P. Sittius. The remark, p. 318, n. 20, that the sign read as an S on *RPC* 704 is not the mark of the semis, but a Punic sign, which is also found on *RPC* 720 and some bronze coins of Juba I (Maz 91 and 92), carries some weight. But interpreting this sign as the mark of the mint of Cirta is difficult to accept: why would *RPC* 704 be the only series, among the five denominations, to have it?

**703/2. Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 572** (ex CGF, *Monnaies* XXV, 26 Jan. 2006, lot 136), 7.22. The coin sold by CGF, acquired by PV, and then sold by Triton is without any doubt the coin described by Berthier (*Libyca* 1960, 93).



## Colonia Iulia Veneria Cirta Nova Sicca (?)

**706-8** C. Howgego (*JRS* 1993, p. 202) prefers an attribution to Carthage.

**706/6.** Vincens coll., 11.65.

**707/2.** Now NY 2008.24.13 (ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 573 = Spink *NumCirc* XCV.2, March 1987, lot 1330).

## Hippo

**709/2.** Now MM Numismatics Ltd. Auction I (December 1997) lot 317; 4. Gorny and Mosch 200, 10-12 Oct. 2012, lot 2274, 17.03.

**710/3.** Museo Nazionale Atestino, Este (a halved specimen) (see G. Gorini, 'La circolazione monetale atestina in età preromana e romana', *Este antica dalla preistoria all'età romana* (Padua, 1992), pp. 216-7 and fig. 163).

**713/ 12.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 574; 13 now = MM Numismatics Ltd Auction I (December 1997) lot 750.

## Utica

**S2-I-721A** AE. 24 mm, 10.40 g (1). Axis: 11. [0]

TI CAESAR DIVI F AVG IM; bare head of Tiberius, l.  
M M IVL VTIC P P D D; Livia veiled, holding patera and sceptre, seated r.

**1. PV, 10.40.**



**S-722A** As 722, but head of Tiberius, r.

**1. P 1991/598, 7.87** (axis: 12); **2. Carthage, 10.03** (axis: 6). 1-2 share the same obv. die; the legend on the reverse is arranged differently.



722A/1



722A/2

**723corr.** The obv. legend reads: TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVG IMP (not ..AVG F A IMP). 723/1 is from the same obv. die as S2-I-723A.

**S2-I-723A** AE. 24-5 mm, 11.42 g (1). Axis: 3. [0]

TI CAESAR DIVI AVG F AVG IMP; bare head of Tiberius, r.  
M M IVL VTIC P P D D; Livia veiled, holding patera and scepter, seated r.

**1. NY 2008.24.12** (ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 569), 11.42. Same obv. die as 723corr./1.



**S-724A** As 724, but rev. legend is M M IVL VTI D D P P

**1. Carthage**, 6.64 (axis: 12); 2. Tunis, 9.45 (axis: 12).



**728/2.** P1998/9, 2.85.

**729/5.** Rome, Museo Nazionale Romano 47051 (= S. Frey-Kupper, 'Monete dal Tevere - I rinvenimenti greci', *Bollettino di Numismatica* 25, 1995, p. 72 no. 122), 2.38.

**731/5.** Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 570, 11.50.

**733/29.** Specimen in Museo Civico, Verona (12.85; axis: 3).

### Carthage

**746** The countermark is unconnected with *GIC* 679 (of Apamea).

**751/1.** Now P 2007/48.

**753/3.** Carthage. Punic Port KL 12.002 C1058 (= J. W. Betlyon, *RN* 164, 2008, p. 331, n° 11).

**754/9.** M, 6.73.

### Colonia Iulia Pia Paterna

**759/2.** Now P 2007/49; **3. CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 1312**, 14.28 (6h) with a circular countermark on the obv.: capricorn holding globe attached to rudder to l., with cornucopia above its back (*GIC* -).



**760/3.** P 2007/50, 31.02.

**761/ 1.** Now P 2007/51; **3.** Auctiones A.G. Auktion 29, J.-P. Righetti coll., 12-13 June 2003, lot 403, 17.36.

**762/5.** Now Triton XI, Wagner coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 567.

**764/6.** Now Auctiones A.G. Auktion 29, J.-P. Righetti coll., 12-13 June 2003, lot 404.

**765/3.** Triton XIII, 5 Jan. 2010, lot 311, 27.48.

**766/2-3.** Tunis: 22.85 g, 19.92 g (= *RN* 1990, p. 71 figs. B and C).

**768/11.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 568 (ex Baldwin's 14, 14 Oct. 1997, lot 36).

**770/4.** Now CNG EA 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 169.

### Hadrumetum

**771corr.** Add 'simpulum on the obverse, to r.'. **4. Museo Civico, Verona, 19.91** (axis: 10); 5. Triton III, 30 Nov. and 1 Dec. 1999, lot 805, 29.50 (now NAC 64, 17-18 May 2012, lot 1064, ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 555).



**772a/2.** Now RBW (ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 556); 3. Now Auctiones A.G. Auktion 29, J.-P. Righetti coll., 12-13 June 2003, lot 400; 5. Vecchi, Nummorum Auctiones 15, 15 June 1999, lot 535, 13.41; 6. iNumis VSO 9, 23 Oct. 2009, lot 266, 17.99.

**772b/4.** Private coll..

**773/2.** Now Utrecht, 7.67; 5. Vonck coll. ex Vecchi, Nummorum Auctiones 13, 4 Sep. 1998, lot 538, 8.65.

**774/9.** Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 557.

### S2-I-774A

As 774, but Sol r.

1. Cop 60; 2. Vonck coll. ex Münzen und Medaillen Deutschland (Stuttgart) 3, 15-16 Oct. 1998, lot 131.

**775/5.** Now Roettger coll. (ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 558).

**776.** The correct reading of the reverse legend is P QVINTLI VARVS and not P QVINTLI VARI (as stated by *RPC*) or P QVINTILI VARI (as stated by Alexandropoulos).

**777/3. Künker 124, A. Wild coll., 16-17 March 2007, lot 8737, 59.82.** This third specimen adds part of the obv. legend : ]DIVI F AVGV[, which now may probably be restored as IMP [CAESAR] DIVI F

AVGVSTVS TR POT XVII.



**779/5.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 559.

**781corr.** The legend correctly reads ...PROCOS VII VIR EPVLO (i.e. VIR was missed out), as noted by Lanz 94, 22 Nov. 1999, lot 126 = Peus 333, 6-11 May 1992, lot 680. The legend of 780 is, however, correctly given (no VIR).

**782/6.** Now RBW coll. (ex Sternberg XXVI, 16 Nov. 1992, lot 258).

### Lepti Minus

**784/1.** Now P 2007/52.

**787/3.** CNG EA 281, 20 June 2012, lot 258, 12.76.

**789/3.** NY 2008.24.10 (ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 561 = Shore FPL 70, Apr. 1995, lot 49), 14.74.

**790/5.** Now Gemini III, 9 Jan. 2007, lot 338, 8.57.

**S3-I-790A** Obv. as 790 but head r.

**1. T. Cederlind BBS 150, 2 March 2009, lot 114** (ex T. Cederlind BBS 132, 4 Oct. 2004, lot 105), 10.65



### Thapsus

**794/6.** MM Deutschland Auktion 4, 19 March 1999, lot 211, 9.63; 6. Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008,

lot 565, 9.62.

**795/4.** Now CNG EA 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 168; 7. CNG MBS 82, 16 Sep. 2009, lot 896, 24.52.

**796/7.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 566; 8. Now Hess-Divo AG 307, P. A(rnaud) coll., 8 June 2007, lot 1412.

### Achulla

**798-801** See now M. Amandry 'Notes de Numismatique Africaine, VI. 8.Achulla', *RN* 1992, pp. 46-53.

**798/12.** Now Roettger coll (ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 553).

**799/5.** CNG 88, 14 Sept. 2011, lot 1109, 27.12.

**800/4.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 554; 5. Now CNG EA 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 164; 7. Tkalec, 29 Feb. 2008, lot 390, 13.66.

### Thaena

**803-10, S-805A.** See now M. Amandry, 'Le monnayage de Thaena/Thena', *Afrique du Nord antique et médiévale. Numismatique, langues, écritures et arts du livre, spécifité des arts figurés. Actes du VIIe coll. Int. sur l'Histoire et l'Archéologie de l'Afrique du Nord* (éd. S. Lancel), Paris, CTHS, 1999, pp. 52-65.

**803/2.** Now Auctiones A.G. Auktion 29, J.-P. Righetti coll., 12-13 June 2003, lot 401.

**804/3.** JSW, 8.49 (axis: 6).

**S-805A** Leaded bronze. 25 mm, 9.04 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

T'YNT; diademed bust (of Venus/Astarte), r.  
Temple with four columns

**1. P 1994/476** (ex Jacquier 16, 1996, lot 283), 9.04. Neutron activation analysis: Cu 68.4; Pb 27.6; Sn 3.6. The reverse design echoes *RPC* I, 803-5.



**S2-I-806A.** AE. 32 mm, 15.23 g (1). Axis: 2 [0]

CAESAR (r., upwards) DIVI F (l., upwards), bare head of Augustus, to r.; in front, lituus T'YNT; head of Serapis, to r.

**1. CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 1311, 15.23**



**807/8.** Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 564, 15.46.

**808/2. Künker 124, A. Wild coll., 16-17 March 2007, lot 8751, 28.07.** This second specimen offers the full obv. legend: IMP CAESAR DIVI F P P



**809/2.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 562.

**810/4.** NY 2008.24.11 (ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 563), 11.66.

### Sabratha

**814/10.** G = *M.* 3, 582, 4 = *SNG* Glasgow 247, 8.68 (not 9.46 g. as in *M.* and *RPC*).

**815/12.** G = *M.* 3, 582, 3 = *SNG* Glasgow 248, 8.99 (not 10.46 g. as in *M.* and *RPC*).

**816/1.** Now CNG MBS 63, 21 May 2003, lot 1105.

**819/5.** CNG 51, 1999, lot 1018, 17.04, with cmk. *GIC* 698.

**820/2. P 1999/578** (= V. Brouquier-Reddé, *Temples et cultes de Tripolitaine* (Paris, 1992), p. 48, fig. c.), 10.08.



**821/4.** CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1151, 5.85; 5. Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 552 (ex MM Deutschland 3, 15 Oct. 1998, lot 220), 5.55.

### Oea

**826/4.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 551.

**829/17.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 547.

**836/10.** Now Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 549 (ex Giessener Münzhandlung 100, Amadeus coll., 20 Nov. 1999, lot 242).

### Lepcis Magna

**841/3.** Now Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 542.

**845/5.** Now Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 543, 7.18.

**846** The rev. is described as 'Peacock r.; above, inverted, eagle, r.', following standard descriptions but the 'eagle' has long tail feathers, its beak is not hooked (expected given the reasonable representation of the peacock) and it is walking like some sort of pheasant (trailing one leg), rather than an eagle (which doesn't walk.) Thus 'pheasant' is probably a better description. (Ornithological information from Prof. John Knowler, Glasgow).

**848/8.** Now Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 545.

**850** A specimen with a countermark TIB CAE is published by R. Martini, *Homenatge al Dr L. Villaronga*, AN 21-23 (1991-93) [1993], pp. 259-66.

### Africa, Uncertain mints

**S-852A** AE. 19-20mm, 5.82 g (2). Axis: 6 (2). [0]

Head of Mercury, r.; behind, caduceus

Helmeted head of Roma, r.

**1. PV**, 5.72; 2. P 2007/53 (ex PV coll.), 5.92. Same dies: 1-2. The coins lack any legend, but probably come from Africa Proconsularis.



## MAURETANIA

See in general, M. Coltelloni-Trannoy, *Le royaume de Maurétanie sous Juba II et Ptolémée. Études d'Antiquités africaines* (Paris, CNRS, 1997). Some new specimens exist in the C. Atalaya coll.; others have been published by M. Amandry, 'Bilan des recherches récentes sur le monnayage 'romain' de Maurétanie', in *Homenatge al Dr Leandre Villaronga*, AN 21-23 (1991-3) [1993], pp. 239-46 = Amandry, 'Bilan'.

### Bogud

**853/2.** Nomos AG (100 Distinctive Numismatic Items, Winter-Spring 2008) lot 68, 3.63 g (axis: 6); 3. Gemini VI, 10 Jan. 2010, lot 393, 3.33; **4. Triton XV, 3 Jan. 2012, lot 1325** (ex G. Hirsch 263, 24 Sept. 2009, lot 2520), 2.96 (axis: 6).



**856/5-6.** Atalaya, 11.20, 9.80. An additional three specimens with helmeted head (Atalaya) are probably forgeries.

### Tingi

**857, 859, 861-4** J. Alexandropoulos, 'Le détroit de Gibraltar. Remarques d'iconographie religieuse', *MCV* XXIV (1988), pp. 5-18, interprets the so-called head of Baal on 857 and 861-4 as a representation of Ocean.

**859/1.** Now RBW (ex J. Schulman, Dos Santos coll. II, 5 June 1906, lot 2832; HAS 24668; CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 1060); 9-10. Atalaya, 12.00, 6.00 (half); 11. RBW, 9.26; 12. Vico 132, 13 Nov. 2012, lot 713, 11.60.

**860corr./5. Atalaya**, 8.80. In addition this new specimen shows that the reading COL may be wrong.

The last letter is D rather than L, and it is possible, but not certain, that we should read IVR D. See now C. Hamdouné, 'Note sur le statut colonial de Lixus et de Tanger', *Antiquités africaines* 30, 1994, pp. 81-7, who also doubts the reading COL and demonstrates that Tingi was a municipium until it was made an honorary colony by Claudius; **6. Private coll. accessed via [omni.bbfr.net](http://omni.bbfr.net)** on 4 Nov. 2006, 10.70; **7. RBW** (ex Künker 143, 6-7 Oct. 2008, lot 302), 10.61. These new specimens give the correct reading of the obverse which ends - E DD and of the reverse, where the name of the second aedilis is not M. CVRIVS but M. CLODIVS. Therefore the correct legends are as following: IVL TINGI FABVLLVS ANTISTIV-S IV VIR E D D/ L BAEBIVS COSA M CLODIVS L M AID.



860/5



860/6



860/7

**861/7.** Amandry, 'Bilan': 1 additional specimen; 8-11. Atalaya: 14.20, 13.20, 8.10, 5.30.

**862/2. Atalaya,** 23.40; 3. Atalaya, 20.40; 4. NAC 72, 16-17 May 2013, lot 559 (ex DNW 27 Sep. 2007, lot 2319), 11.87.

Coin 2 offers part of the name of the second duovir, ending ]ARIVS. IIV(ir) should not be regarded as certain.



**863/6.** Atalaya, 28.40; 7. M XXII-189-1-7, 27.13; 8. Cores coll., 28.44.

**864/7.** Amandry, 'Bilan': 1 additional specimen; 8. Atalaya, 17.00; 9. T. Cederlind BBS 149, 17 Dec. 2008, lot 130, 17.37.

### Colonia Iulia Constantia Zilil

On Zilil, see now G. Depyrot, *Zilil I. Colonia Iulia Constantia Zilil, Étude du numéraire*, (Rome, 1999).

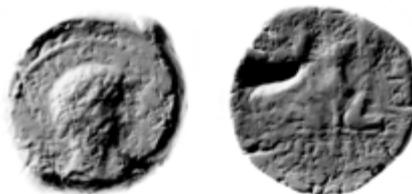
**866/1** = Depyrot, *op. cit.*, no. 83; **866/2** = Depyrot, *op. cit.*, no. 85.

**S-866A** AE. 26 mm, 18.39 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

[CAESAR] DIVI F CON[ST]; bare head of Octavian, r.

ANIAR[ ]; trophy; on l. and r., seated captive

**1. Dchar Jdid excavations 1978.1743,** 18.39 (see *RPC* I, plate 195, 866A = Depyrot, *op. cit.*, no. 82). The reverse design derives from the coinage of Caesar struck in Spain (*RRC* 468/1-2).



**866-6A** A. Akerraz, M. Amandry, G. Depyrot, N El Khatib-Boujibar, A. Hesnard, A. Kermorvant, M. Lenoir and G. Monthel, 'Dchar Jdid (Zilil): les découvertes monétaires. II,' *BSEFV* 1991/4, pp. 65-69, discuss these coins, and publish a third specimen (?) of 866.

### Lixus

**p. 212** On the coinage of Lixus/Semes, see now J. Alexandropoulos, 'Le monnayage de Lixus: un état de question,' *Lixus*, EFR, 1992, pp. 249-54 and F. El-Harrif and J.-B. Giard, 'Préliminaires à l'établissement d'un corpus des monnaies de Lixus', *op. cit.*, pp. 267-9.

### Colonia Iulia Campestris Babba

**867/1** = Depyrot, *Zilil I. Colonia Iulia Constantia Zilil, Étude du numéraire*, (Rome, 1999), no. 81 (but illustrated as no. 80 on the plate); **867/2** = Depyrot, *op. cit.*, no. 80 (but illustrated as no. 81 on the plate).

**868/3.** Gorny and Mosch 186, 8-9 March 2010, lot 1745, 43.12.

**869/5. M (uncertain)**, 7.34; 6. CNG EA 318, 15 Jan. 2014, lot 500 (ex CNG 94, 18 Sept. 2013, lot 952), 10.40.



**Eastern Mauretania. The Roman province**

**Bocchus II**

**873/7-8.** Amandry, 'Bilan': 2 additional specimens; **9. Atalaya**, 14.80 with a rectangular countermark with the letters C.I.T., probably for Colonia Iulia Tingi.



**875/4.** Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 344 (ex CNA XXI, 26 June 1992, lot 248), 4.38.

**The Roman Province**

**878/6.** Now RBW (ex Christie's, 26 Feb. 1991, part of lot 429; Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8 Jan. 2008, lot 573), 6.81 (in *RPC I*, the weight given was wrong). **9.** Amandry, 'Bilan': 1 additional specimen; **10.** Atalaya, 8.50; **10.** RBW, 7.94.

**879/4.** CNG EA 319, 29 Jan. 2014, lot 312, 6.69.

**Caesarea**

**880/7-10.** Atalaya, 13.60, 13.20, 11.20, 9.70

**881/4. Musée Bardo, Tunis** (see Amandry, 'Bilan'), variant clearly inscribed with the alternative reading CAESAREA (rather than KAESAREA); **5.** H.J. Berk 109, 20 July 1999, lot 422, 5.23 (another specimen with the reading CAESAREA).



**Cartenna**

**884-5.** See now M. Amandry, 'Le monnayage de Cartenna en Maurétanie césarienne: l'apport de nouvelles données', *Numisma* LVI, 250, Enero-Diciembre 2006, pp. 229-33.

**Africa: uncertain city**

**886/7. Private coll.**



# CYRENAICA AND CRETE

---

## Crete (I)

**901/1.** The correct weight of the coin is 15.94 g, not 11.99 g as given by Svoronos. See Dressel, *ZfN* 21, 1898, p. 214, n. 2.

## Cyrenaica and Crete

**904-6.** See now M. Asolati, 'A proposito di alcune questioni di numismatica cirenaica', *MAC* XXXVIII (2009), pp. 179-203 who stresses rightly that 4 provenances (all from Cyrenaica) were known before the publication of *RPC* I (although it is said, p. 217, that provenances are lacking). He adds 9 new specimens, located in the Archaeological Museum of Cyrene, illustrated Tav. 1, p. 197, n° 3-11. The metal analysis of the Padua specimen reveals a composition of copper and tin (Cu: 96.34%; Sn: 3.66%). With a mean weight of ca. 13.25 g (15), these coins resemble semiuncial asses.

**907/7.** Now RBW; 8. Now Veronelli coll. no. 273 (= R. Martini, *Caesar Augustus. Collezione Veronelli di monete di bronzo: catalogo critico*, Glaux serie speciale, Milan, 2001).

**908/B2.** RBW (ex Berk MBS 110, 8 Sep. 1999, lot 721), 23.04.

**908/H.3.** RBW (ex CNG MBS 78, 14 May 2008, lot 1243), 22.84.

**908/Θ3.** Now RBW (ex Auctiones 29, Righetti coll., 12 June 2003, lot 387); Θ 4: M, 21.72.

**909** No letter/no letter 15: see L. Rahmouni, 'Le monnayage de la Cyrénaïque. La collection du Musée national du Bardo', *Africa* 14, 1996, p. 24 no. 38 and p. 34, pl. III. B/Δ? 3: see Rahmouni pp. 24-5, no. 39 and p. 34, pl. III. Γ/ΙϚ 6: see Rahmouni pp. 25, no. 40 and p. 34, pl. III.

**909/Γ-ΙΓ.** 8. RBW (ex CNG XXXIII, 15 March 1995, lot 1221), 11.91; Γ/ΙϚ. 7. Now RBW (ex CNG MBS 78, Villemur coll., 14 May 2008, lot 1245), 10.13; 9. RBW (ex Vecchi 3, Sept. 1996, lot 635; CNG MBS

78, Villemur coll., 14 May 2008, lot 1244), 9.38.

**910** B/Δ. 6. RBW, 4.10.

**911.** ΙΓ: 1. Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 930.

**912** Uncertain 6: see Rahmouni p. 25, no. 41 and p. 34, pl. III.

**913/3** (A/A). Now RBW.

**914/41.** Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1050; 42. now = MM Numismatics Ltd. Auction I (December 1997) lot 314.

**916/5.** RBW, 8.73.

**917/6.** Now RBW.

**918/4:** see Rahmouni p. 25 no. 42 and p. 3, pl. III.

## Cyrenaica (II)

**919 corr.** The correct reading of the obv. legend is ΑΥΛΟC ΠΟΥΠΠΙΟC Λ.

**921/11:** see Rahmouni p. 25, no. 23 and p. 35, pl. IV.

**922/7:** see Rahmouni p. 26, no. 44 and p. 35, pl. IV.

**925/5.** RBW (ex Peus 386, 26 April 2006, lot 662), 5.23.

## Crete (II)

**929-37** On the countermark applied on *RPC* I, 929-937, see now N. Metendis, 'Überlegungen zu einigen frühkaiserzeitlichen Gegenstempeln auf knossischen Münzen', in eds B. Kluge and B. Weisser, *XII. Internationaler Numismatischer Kongress Berlin 1997. Akten - Proceedings - Actes* (Staatliche Museen zu Berlin Preussischer Kulturbesitz, Berlin, 2000), pp. 693-7.

**Cyrenaica (III)****938/3.** M, 8.42.**944/10.** see Rahmouni p. 26, no. 45 and p. 35, pl. IV.**S3-I-947A** AE. 19 mm, 3.80 g (1). Axis: 9 (1) [0]

As 947

As 947

1. Cyrene Archaeological Museum, 4.80 (= M. Asolati, 'A proposito di alcune questioni di numismatica cirenaica', *NAC* XXXVIII (2009), pp. 179-203 (more part. pp. 187-9 and Tav. II, p. 198, fig. 14 = Id., *Nummi Aenei Cyrenaici. Struttura e cronologia della monetazione bronzea cirenaica di età greca e romana [325 A.C. - 180 D.C.]*, Roma, 2011, p. 103, n° 170 and Tav. P. 146). This denomination completes the emission where a dupondius and an as were already known: *RPC* I, 946-7.

**Crete (III)**

S. Lefebvre, 'La réorganisation de la Crète après la bataille d'Actium. Le rôle de M. Nonius Balbus, patron de province', *Ktema* 38 (2013), pp. 83-106.

J. R. Melville-Jones, 'Inscriptiones Creticae 2, V 35: 'Cretan silver'', *Mediterranean Archaeology* 19/20 (2006/07), pp. 193-7, suggests that the phrase 'Cretan silver' in an inscription refers to the silver coins minted in the reigns of Tiberius-Nero.

ELEUTHERNA

**S3-I-953A** AR. 16-17 mm, 2.43 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

TIBEPIOC KAICAP CEBACTOC E KOP AY (square sigmas); laureate head of Tiberius, r.

ΘEOC CEBACTOC EAEYΘE (square sigmas); radiate head of Divus Augustus, r.

**1. F. Künker 136, Traeger coll., 10 March 2008, lot 58** (ex Dorotheum, Apostolo Zeno coll. III, 22-23 March 1957, lot 3896; Peus 382, 26 Apr. 2005, lot 608), 2.42. On Eleutherna, see now P. Themelis (ed), *Ancient Eleutherna. Sector I* (Athens, 2009), with a very short survey, by K. Sidiropoulos, of the 761 coins recovered in Sector I (pp. 97-9).



HIERAPYTNA

**S3-I-956A** AR. 15-16 mm, 2.70 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

[TIBEPI]OC KAICAP CEBACTOC E KOP AY (square sigmas); laureate head of Tiberius, r.

[ΘEOC] CEBACTOC KPHTHC IEPA (square sigmas); radiate head of Divus Augustus, r.

**1. F. Künker 136, Traeger coll., 10 March 2008, lot 135** (ex Hirsch 245, 4-5 May 2006, lot 388), 2.70

**964/12:** now Lanz 123, 30 May 2005, lot 433**969/2. Heidelberger Münzhandlung Herbert Grü 62, 14-15 Nov. 2013, lot 122, 2.28****975/7.** Specimen in Museo Civico, Verona (9.91; axis: 6).**Cretan bronze coinage**

**p. 233, after 975** A new specimen (private coll.) of the coins sometimes attributed to Ephesus for Livia indicates that the correct reading of the obverse legend is APT ΣΕΒΑ, presumably standing for APTEMΙΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗ and suggesting the identification of the head as Artemis. An attribution to Dictynna seems quite possible (cf. the coin of Domitian with ΔΙΚΤΥΝΝΑ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗ: Sv. *Province* 55; cf. 63?), or perhaps the Cretan Koinon. The style quite reminiscent of Julia on the coins of Titus/Julia (Sv. -). See *RPC* II, 45.

**Cnossos****980/7.** P 2002/198, 4.64.**984/6.** F. Künker 136, Traeger coll., 10 March 2008, lot 196 (ex I. Vecchi 9, 4 Dec. 1997, lot 328), 2.66.**1002/24.** Both this (*M.* 2, 178, 40 = *SNG* Glasgow 326) and *RPC* I pl. 56 have rev. with draped bust of Messalina rather than bare head.

**1009/7.** M, 2.38; 8. F. Künker 136, Traeger coll., 10 March 2008, lot 208 (ex Emporium 37, 22 May 1997, lot 71), 2.17.

**1029/8.** Ca HUAM 1986.382.146, 18.43.

**S3-1-1029A.** AE. 29 mm, 18.23 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

[ ]ΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ, bare head, l.  
ΑΥΓΟΥΣΤ[ ] ΣΕΒΑΣΤ[ ]; as 1029.

**1. Private coll. (Greece), 18.23.**



**Coinage without governor's name struck  
at Gortyn (?)**

**1034/9.** Lindgren 870 (Aezani), 4.04.

**Cretan Koinon**

**1039/12-13 G** (*M.* 2, 165, 7 & 8 = *SNG* Glasgow 344-5) and *RPC* I pl. 58 have obv *laureate* head of Nero rather than bare head

# ACHAEA

E. Papaefthymiou, 'La visite de Néron en Grèce: le témoignage numismatique', *Actas. XIII Congreso Internacional de Numismática, Madrid 2003*, eds C. Alfaro, C. Marcos, P. Otero (Madrid, 2005), 915-25.

## Messene

**pp. 248-9.** Augustan countermarks at Sparta and Messene are discussed by C. Grandjean, 'Contremarques et monnaies messéniennes et spartiates des débuts du principat', *BSFN* 1992, pp. 298-301.

The coinage of Messene has now been studied by C. Grandjean, *Les Messéniens de 370/369 au 1er siècle de notre ère. Monnayages et histoire*, BCH Supp. 44 (Paris, 2004).

To the five series listed in *RPC* under (a)-(e), which obviously form a single issue, given by C. Grandjean to the Julio-claudian period (serie XVI), should be added another one (serie XV), earlier, dated to the end of the 1st century BC or the beginning of the 1st century AD.

**S2-I-1115A.** AE. 15 mm, 3.07 g (3). Axis: var. [0]

Grandjean serie XV 674-676 corr. and pl. XXIV

Bare-headed bust of Heracles, r., with lionskin. Club; to l. and r., ME and wreath

**1. LHS 96, Coins of Peloponnesos. The BCD coll., 8-9 May 2006, lot 760;** 2-3. see Grandjean



**S2-I-1115B.** AE. 18-19 mm, 5.58 g (10). Axis: var. [8]

*RPC* (a); Grandjean serie XVI  $\alpha$  677-684 and pl. XXIV

MECCHNIWN ; veiled and draped bust of Tyche, wearing mural crown

Zeus standing, r., holding eagle on r. outstretched arm and thunderbolt in l.; in field, l. and r., wreath and tripod

**1. B I-B;** 2-13. see Grandjean.



**S2-I-1115C.** AE. 18-19 mm, 5.48 g (11). Axis: var. [6]

*RPC* (b) and (d); Grandjean serie XVI  $\beta$  685-688 and pl. XXIV

As S2-I-1115B

Zeus standing, facing, holding long sceptre, eagle on l. arm outstretched; in r. field, wreath

**1. LHS 96, Coins of Peloponnesos. The BCD coll., 8-9 May 2006, lot 761.2 ;** 2-10. see Grandjean



**S2-I-1115D.** AE. 18-19 mm, 5.46 g (5). Axis: var. [1]

*RPC* (e); Grandjean serie XVI  $\gamma$  689 and pl. XXV

As S2-I-1115B-C

Artemis standing facing, head r., wearing a short chiton, r. hand holding a spear, l. hand resting on column; at her feet, a dog

**1. Formerly Cancio coll. ;** 2-6. see Grandjean.



**S2-I-1115E.** AE. 18-19 mm, 5.35 g (22). Axis: var. [14]

RPC (c); Grandjean serie XVI δ 690-695 and pl. XXV

As S2-I-1115B-D

Asclepius standing facing, head l., holding serpent staff in r. hand; to r., wreath

1. L BMC 44 ; 2-22. see Grandjean.



### Aegium

J. Kroll, 'Hemiobols to Assaria: the Bronze Coinage of Roman Aigion', *NC* 1996, pp. 49-78 provides a full study of the coinage of Aigion/Aegium. He supports the dating of the coins (of four denominations) with the names of Theoxios and Kletaios (BMC 4-10) to the Triumviral period, taking the head of Dionysus as an allusion to Antony and the eagle as a Ptolemaic symbol like that on the contemporary coins of Patras in the name of Cleopatra. He also dates the HMIOBEAIN coins to the early third century and suggests a full scheme of denominations for the Hellenistic and imperial coinage, in the context of the pattern of denominations used throughout Greece.

### Corinth

Hahn, *Frauen* p. 355 no. 224 accepts as a coin of Corinth the description of Cohen p. 313 no. 4. However, the description is fragmentary and unconvincing and there is no good reason to accept it as a reliable record, or indeed to suppose that it is an otherwise unrecorded coin of Corinth.

**1123/2.** Now RBW (ex CNG EA 181, 6 Feb. 2008, lot 82).

**1135** Lanz 135, 21 May 2007, lot 495, reads M NOV-IO BASSO M ANTO HIPPARC. Only 2 obverse dies

were known for this emission, none of which with – ANTO.

### Patras

P. Agallopoulou has pointed that the statement on p. 258 that Pliny gives the name as Colonia Augusta Aroe Patrensis is incorrect. In her article, 'Colonia Augusta Achaica Patrensis. 'Pseudoautonoma nomismata tes Patras apo tis anaskaphes', *Archaia Achaia kai Eleia, Meletemata* 13 (Athens, Institut für Griechisches und Römische Antike. Nationales Hellenisches Forschungszentrum) (1991), pp. 211-16 she has examined the coins without emperor's head (RPC 1246-51) found during the Patras excavations of 1970-82. She concludes that some types are connected with the cult of Cybele and Attis which flourished under the Antonines, others with the cult of Dionysos and with Calydon, also in favour under the Antonines. One type, known from 7 specimens from Patras, is not in RPC: cista with phrygian cap/pedum and syrinx. We are grateful to her for allowing us to publish this type and a similar anepigraphic one here (S-1248A and S-1248B).

On Patras, see now *Patrasso colonia di Augusto e la trasformazioni culturali, politiche ed economiche della Provincia di Acaia agli inizi dell'età imperial romana*. Atti del Convegno internazionale, Patrasso 23-24 marzo 2006, Tripodes 8, Athens, 2009 with articles of A. Rizakis, 'La colonie de Patras en Achaïe dans le cadre de la colonisation augustéenne', pp. 17-38, and Ch. Papageorgiadou, 'Augoustos. Apoikiakè kai dunastikè politikè stè nomismatikè eikonographia tès Patras', pp. 257-68 *e.g.* See also Penelopè Agallopoulou, *Themata nomismatokopias kai nomismatikès kuklophorias tòn Patrôn 14 av. J.-C. – 268 ap. J.-C.*, Archaïologiko Institutouto Peloponnèsiakôn Spoudôn, Seira Monographôn kai Didaktorikôn Diatribôn T. 1 (Tripolis, 2012) who publishes stray finds from the Roman period found during excavations conducted at Patras between 1970 and 1982. 361 coins from Patras, ranging from Augustus to the Severan period, were unearthed and catalogued pp. 67-91. A concordance between Agalopoulou's catalogue and RPC I is given below :

Agallopoulou	RPC I
Augustus 1-12, p. 67 and Pl. 1	1252
Tiberius 1-27, pp. 67-8 and Pl. 1	1253
Claudius 1-44, pp. 68-9 and Pl. 2	1256
Nero 1-4, p. 70 and Pl. 3	1279
Nero 5-6, p. 70 and Pl. 3	1268
Nero 7, p.70 and Pl. 3	S3-I-1262A (see below)
Nero 8-9, p. 70 and Pl. 3	1260
Nero 10, p. 71 and Pl. 3	1258
Galba 1-5, p. 71 and Pl. 3	1282

**1245/11.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 455; 12.

CNG MBS 75, 23 May 2007, lot 801 (ex LHS 96, BCD coll., 8 May 2006, lot 532), 7.85.

On this series, see now E. Haug, 'Local Politics in the Late Republic: Antony and Cleopatra at Patras', *AJN* 20, 2008, pp. 405-20. E. Haug suggests that the magistrate who signed the series was Agias, the son of Lyson, known from Cicero's letters, a member of a leading family in Patras. The fact that Agias advertised that he was responsible for the coining of this series was 'a bold political move, since it publicized the connections he and Patras possessed with an enemy of Rome'. The coin shows that the Lyson family 'had redirected their allegiance to Cleopatra, to whom Antony was now allied, in order to protect their interests'.

**S3-I-1245A** AR. 15-16 mm, 2.27 g (18). Axis: var. [13]

Head of Aphrodite, r., wearing stephane, earring and necklace, her hair bound in a bun at the back

ΔΑ/MACIAC above Patras monogram within laurel wreath tied at the bottom

1-2. L BMC 2-3, 2.33, 2.30; 3-6. C McClean 6325-8, 2.30, 2.39, 2.27, 2.10; 7. P 1190a, 2.07; 8-11. P 1191-1192b, 2.41, 2.26, 2.34, 2.14; 12. Cop *SNG* 154, 2.18 ; 13. NY 1944.100.39432, 2.10; 14. LHS 96, Coins of Peloponnesos. The BCD Collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 525 (ex Coin Galleries, MBS 1 June 1979, lot 261), 2.37; 15. LHS 96, Coins of Peloponnesos. The BCD Collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 526 (ex C. Burgan MBS 17, 30 June 1984, lot 291), 2.37; 16. LHS 96, Coins of Peloponnesos. The BCD Collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 527 (ex J. Malter 49, J.S. Wilkinson collection, 15 Nov. 1992, lot 641), 2.37; 17. LHS 96, Coins of Peloponnesos. The BCD Collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 528 (ex Van Zadelhoff, H. Zwager collection, 14 Oct. 1985, lot M102), 2.31 ; 18. CNG MBS 81, 20 May 2009, lot 2194, 2.32. Not a complete list.

**S3-I-1245B** AR. 18-19 mm, 4.46 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [1]

Head of Zeus, r.

ΑΓΥC; Victory standing l., holding wreath and palm ; at her feet, a dolphin ; on r., the monogram of Patras.

1. NY 68.57.54, 4.46



**S3-I-1245C** AR. 15-16 mm, 2.38 g (14). Axis: var. [10]

Warren, *Travaux...offerts à G. Le Rider*, p. 387, n. 55

Head of Zeus, r.

ΑΓΥC/AICXPI/ΩNOC within a *corona navalis* ; in the center, the monogram of Patras.

1. L BMC 1, 2.30; 2-4. C McClean 6322-4, 2.35, 2.18, 2.30; 5. G = Hunter II, 125/1, 2.30; 6. P 1190, 2.41; 7-8. Cop *SNG* 152-3, 2.27, 2.66; 9. NY 1944.100.39430, 2.37; 10. NY 1944.100.39431, 2.24; 11. LHS 96, Coins of Peloponnesos. The BCD Collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 533 (ex J. Malter 49, J.S. Wilkinson collection, 15 Nov. 1992, lot 642), 2.40; 12. The BCD Collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 534 (ex Spink America, 6 Dec. 1999, part of lot 636, 2.53; 13. The BCD Collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 535 (ex NFA IX, 10 Dec. 1980, part of lot 695), 2.31; 14. The BCD Collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 536 (ex MM FPL 581, Nov./Dec. 1994, lot 392), 2.64. Not a complete list.

J. Warren, 'More on the «new landscape» in the late Hellenistic coinage of the Peloponnesos' in M. Amandry and S. Hurter ed, *Travaux de numismatique offerts à Georges Le Rider* (London, 1999), p. 387, n. 55, suggested that the civic issue of hemidrachms in the name of Agys was struck after Agrippa took Patras in 31 BC and that the *corona navalis* refers to the crown awarded for naval victories. The depiction of the crown was 'a flattering reference to Agrippa and to placate him and Octavian after the city's previous support of Antony and Cleopatra'. The 'discovery' of a drachm struck by Agys (S3-I-1245B) with a Victory on the reverse gives even more weight to J. Warren's suggestion.

1247/1-2. Reverse illustrations upside down on plate; 3. Auctiones A.G. Auktion 29, J.-P. Righetti coll., 12-13 June 2003, lot 318, 2.91.

**S-1248A** AE. 14 mm.

C A A P; cista with phrygian cap  
Syrinx and pedum

1. **Patras excavations 295**; 2-7. Patras excavations.



**S-1248B** As 1247A, but no inscription.

**1. Patras excavations 250;** 2-8. Patras excavations.



**1254/7.** Ca HUAM 1986.382.131, 10.11.

**1255/5** = Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 784; 1255/8 For L 1898-, read L 1893-.

**1257/4.** M, 8.61 (no IMP).

**1259/2.** Now CNG MBS 81/2, The BCD Collection of Coins of the Peloponnesos Part II, 20 May 2009, lot 2784, 7.31.

**1260/2. J. Noory coll.,** 8.46.



**1261** Add G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 168, 9.25.

**S3-I-1262A** AE. 21-25 mm, ? [0]

IMP NERO CAESAR; laureate head of Nero, l. GEN COL NER PAT; Genius with patera over altar and cornucopia

**1. Patras B.E. 572** (= Agallopoulou p. 70, 7 and Pl. 3).



**1265/6.** Berk 170<sup>th</sup> BBS, 29 July 2010, lot 503, 7.30 (same obv. die as 1265/1).

**1269/2. P 2001/66,** 7.59 (the obv. legend seems to be NERO CAESAR AVG GERM IM).



**1272/1** = Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 794 (11.10, not 7.24 g).

**1275/2.** Now LHS 96, Coins of Peloponnesos, The BCD collection, 8-9 May 2006, lot 548.5, 8.57; 3. Münz Zentrum 154, 13 Jan. 2010, lot 259, 8.58. Another specimen in G (Roman collection) has obv. legend IMP NERO CAES AVG. As it has been tooled, it cannot definitely attest this variant obverse legend.

**S-1275A** As 1275, but radiate head, l.

**1. Lerdahl,** 8.94. Same obv. die (small diameter) as 1268/1.



## Dyme

Penelopè Agallopoulou, *Themata nomismatokopias kai nomismatikēs kuklophorias tōn Patrōn 14 av. J.-C. – 268 ap. J.-C.*, Archaïologiko Institutou Peloponnēsiakōn Spoudōn, Seira Monographōn kai Didaktorikōn Diatribōn T. 1 (Tripolis, 2012) publishes stray finds from the Roman period found during excavations conducted at Patras between 1970 and 1982 : 6 coins from Dyme were unearthed and catalogued pp. 106-7 (and illustrated Pl. 15).

**1284** Specimen in Museo Civico, Verona (4.61; axis: 6); 6. CNG MBS 81/2, The BCD Collection of Coins of the Peloponnesos Part II, 20 May 2009, lot 2775, 4.74.

**1285/1 corr.** The correct legend of the obverse is CN OCTA M ANT ARIS II V[IR].

L. Keppie suggests that C I A D should be expanded Colonia Iulia Achaica (rather than Antonia) Dumaeorum, on the analogy of Patras (*RPC I*, 1246-7), in which case there would be no evidence for a refoundation by Antony. The same could apply to the same legend on coins of Augustus and Tiberius (1287-9), in which case there would be no evidence for a refoundation by Augustus either.

**1287/2.** Private coll., 4.05.

**1288/6.** Found on the island of Antidragonara, close to Kythira, among 220 coins.

**1289corr.** The obv. legend should read: AVG(V) (C I A D).

### Zacynthus

**1290/16** (Mu): weight is 6.17; 17. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 453; 21. Another example in Mu, 5.70.

**1292/3.** RBW coll., 4.66 (axis: 3).

**1293** A rather larger specimen (19 mm, 5.10) in private coll. I (ex Kunker 27, 1994, lot 527) is probably a forgery.

### Melos

**1294/5.** G (p. 207, no. 7) has a star in front of Athena. It is also on a larger flan (30 mm, 14.97 g).

**1295/2. Museo Civico, Verona,** 11.06 (axis: 6): authenticity also seems doubtful.



**1296/2.** M, 16.93.

**1299/3.** Bologna 48283 (Palagi), 13.07.

### Ceos

**S-1300A** AE. 17 mm, 4.87 g (1). Axis: 12.

CEBAC-TOC; bare head, r.  
KHWN; Apollo(?), standing r. playing lyre

**1. Christiansen** (Oslo), 4.87. Published by J. C. Christiansen, *NCirc* April 1993, p. 76 and Ch. Papageordiadou-Banis, *The Coinage of Kea Meletemata* 24 (Athens, 1997), p. 107 no. 151 (and pl. 4) (with some hesitations about accepting it).



### Tanagra

**1314/3.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 308a, 6.38; 4. Brac, Dominican monastery at Bol, 4.61 (see M. Bonacic Mandinic and P. Visona, 'The Coin Collection of the Dominican Monastery at Bol on the Island of Brac in Dalmatia: Additions and Corrections', *Vjesnik za Arheologiju i Historiju Dalmatinsku* 87-89, 1998, pp. 337-8, no. 2 and 346, fig. 1). The authors mention, p. 337, n. 7, four more specimens in B.

**1315/5.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 308b, 3.49.

**1316/10.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 309a, 5.72; 11. Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 309b, 7.58.

**1317/12.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 309c, 4.88.

**1318/14.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 310 (ex de Nicola FPL, June 1977, lot 50), 3.39.

**1323/3.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 311 (ex Pozzi 3229), 3.95.

**1324/7.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 312a, 1.81.

**1325/3.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 313 (ex Pozzi 3227), 1.99.

**1326/2.** Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 312b, 2.43 (the obv. legend seems to be ΤΑΝΑΓΡΑ and the head a female one, but it is not clear at all if this head is Livia).

**1327/6.** Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 312c, 2.91.

### Thebes

**1331, 1335** Countermark is *GIC* 489.

**1332/1.** Now CNG EAuction 290, 7 Nov. 2012, lot 249 (part of) (ex Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 589a, 6.10, 12h).

**1333/4.** Now CNG EAuction 290, 7 Nov. 2012, lot 249 (part of) (ex Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 589b, 7.25, 1h).

**1334/5.** Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 590, 9.64 (Nike on prow).

**1335/5-6.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 588 (588a, 8.71, 7h and 588b, 7.32, 9h); 7. now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 588a, 8.71.

**1336/9-10.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 587 (587a, 8.40, 11h and 587b, 5.65, 11h).

### Locri (Opus)

**1338/5.** NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 152, 11.37.

**S-1338A** AE. 19-20 mm 6.12 g (3). Axis: var. [0]

TI KAICAP CEBACTOC; bare head of Tiberius, r.  
 ΟΠΟΥΝ[ ]; male figure standing l., as *RPC I*, 1339-40

**1. NAC 55, the BCD collection, Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 153.2**, 5.97; 2. Now NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 153.1, 6.20; 3. BCD, 6.18. It is possible that the unique coin of Otho in Mu, whose authenticity has been questioned (*RPC I*, 1340), has been altered from a coin of Tiberius such as this. Countermark: poppy head on the obverse (*GIC* -: 1-2).



**1339/5.** NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 467.1, 6.79; 6. NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 154.2, 6.79; **7. NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 154.1** (with rev. legend ΟΠΟΥΝΤΙΩΝ ΕΠΩ [ ], sic), 7.60; 8. CNG EAuction 245, Wagner coll., 1 Dec. 2010, lot 254, 6.96 5-6. BCD, 6.79, 6.79.



**1341/3.** NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 155, 7.35.

**1342/9.** NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 156, 7.74; 10-14. NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 157, 6.42, 7.37, 7.14, 6.96, 5.94; 15. NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 467.2, 7.32.

**S-1342A** 14 mm, 4.12 g (1). Axis: 8. [0]

ΚΛΑΥ ΣΕΡΑΠΙΩΝΟC; caps of the Dioscuri  
 ΟΠΟΥ(N) ΕΠΙ; rudder

**1. NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris - Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 467.3**, 4.12; **2. NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lot 158**, 3.61.



1342A/1



1342A/2

### Elatea

**S3-I-1342B** AE. 20 mm, 6.48 g (4). Axis: 6 (2), 12 (1), 8 (1) [1]

*SNG Cop* 166.

Helmeted bust of Athena Kranaia, r.

ΕΛΑΤΕΩΝ; head of Poseidon, r.; trident on l. shoulder.

**1. Cop SNG 166**, 5.89; 2. A Alpha Bank, 7.34; 3-4. NAC 55, The BCD collection. Lokris-Phokis, 8 Oct. 2010, lots 436-7, 7.01, 5.67. *RPC I* omitted any coins from Elatea but it is probable that this coin belongs to the second half of the first century BC according to its style and fabric.



## Chalcis

**1343-54** O. Picard is sure that Picard 97-98, excluded from *RPC I*, belong here, since 97 has the ethnic and is stylistically similar to 95-6 and 98. 98/2 was found in a context of the end of the 1st century BC/beginning of the 1st century AD.

For a possible new coin from Chalcis for Augustus and Tiberius, see below on S5474.

**1344/4**. Now Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 274, 6.06, 12 h; 6. Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 275, 6.21, 2h.

**1346/7**. Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 277, 6.41, 12h.

**S2-I-1350A**. AE. 20 mm. 7.36 g. Axis: 9 (1). [0]

As 1349

As 1350

1. **Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 280**, 7.36.



**1351/3**. Now P 2002/526 (ex Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 281); 14. P 2002/527 (ex Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 282), 3.62.

**1352/4**. Now Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 283.

**S-1352A** AE. 20-23 mm, 9.97 g (1). Axis: ?

ΠΟΠΠΑΙΑ - [ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗ]; draped bust of Pop-paea, r.

Κ[ΤΡΑ ΤΙ ΚΛΑΥ] ΕΥΘΥΚΑΙ ΧΑΛ; Hera seated l., holding patera and sceptre; to r., A[?]

1. **CNG XXII (1992) lot 553**, 9.97. It is possible that there is another letter or symbol next to the A, perhaps A< = 1 1/2 asses? Now Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 284.



**1353/17**. Now CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 760 (= Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 285).

**1354/3**. Now P 2002/528 (ex Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 286).

## Carystus

**1355/4**. P 2002/420 (ex Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 599), 5.62.

**1357/9**. P 2002/421 (ex Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 600), 6.11; 10. Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 601, 6.11.

Countermark: ΔΟ on the obv. of 10, which probably stands for ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ. The reading of GIC 709 should therefore be corrected ('uncertain letters' read as ΟΣ or ΑΣ).

**S2-I-1357A**. AE. 19 mm. 6.59 g (1). Axis: 7 (1) [0]

As 1357

As 1358

1. **Lanz, Münzen von Euboia, Sammlung BCD, Auktion 111, 25 Nov. 2002, lot 602**, 6.59; 2. Weber 3341 (identified as Trajan), 7.12.



## Cephalenia (Proculeius)

**1360/12**. Now RBW.

## Delphi

J. Svoronos, *BCH* XX (1896), pp. 30-33, attributed

coins with no imperial portraits to the period of Augustus-Hadrian. Many of the coins he listed are quoted from old sources and need confirmation, but some do exist. A coin like his no. 37, with ΔΕΛΦΩΝ Apollo playing lyre/ΠΥΘΙΑ tripod, might be attributed to the reign of Nero and refer to Nero's visit to Greece, as the obverse echoes *RPC* 1275 of Patras and 1371 of Nicopolis. But in view of the occurrence of these types on the reverse of Hadrianic coins (compare, e.g. Svoronos pl. XXVII, 2 and 19), it seems more likely that they all date from that reign.

### Nicopolis

**1367/16.** Museo Civico, Verona, 3.39 (axis: 9); 17. CNG 47, 16 Sep. 1998, lot 869, 4.43.

**1368** For a variant, with, on the rev., ΕΠΙΦΑΝ[ ] above the galley and ΝΕΡ [C]ΕΒΑCΤ below: **Padova**, 10.12. See also G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 148, 10.4 g.



**1371/10.** M (uncertain), 9.86.

**1373/1:** NY 1944.100.17882 was bought from R. Ball Auction VI, 9 Feb. 1932, lot 670.

**1374/2. M (uncertain)**, 9.91. Same dies as 1374/1.



**S-1377A** As 1377, but reverse legend ΝΕΡΩΝΙ ΕΛΕΥΘΕΡΙΩ ΠΑΤΡ

**1. Vecchi 7 (1997) lot 1207**, 9.64. The new legend presents Nero as *Nero Liberator* (in a form more akin to the IVPPITER LIBERATOR of Patras (*RPC* I, 1279-80) or ΝΕ ΚΑΙ ΖΕΥΣ ΕΛΕΥΘΕΡΙΟΣ of Sicyon (*RPC* I, 1238-44) although Zeus is not present.



### Corcyra

Worn coin countermarked *GIC* 544 and 613/544 and head r. now in L (ex Thackray, 4.22).

### Buthrotum

On Buthrotum, see now S. Moorhead, S. Gjongecaj and R. Abdy, 'Coins from the excavations at Butrint, Diasporit and the Vrina Plain' in *Roman Butrint. An Assessment* (I. L. Hansen and R. Hodges eds) (Oxford, 2007), pp.78-94; R. Abdy, 'Monuments, myth and small change in Buthrotum (Butrint) during the Early Empire', in F. López Sánchez ed, *The City and the Coin in the Ancient and Early Medieval Worlds*, BAR Int. Series 2402 (Oxford, 2012), pp. 91-102.

**1378/14.** Now Yale; 15. Now RBW (ex Triton XII, 6 Jan. 2009, lot 1255); 16. RBW (ex NAC 40, 5 May 2007, lot 583), 6.38.

**S3-I-1378A** AE. 14 mm, 3.42 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

Two fishes  
NEPOS/ET SICVIVS/PRAE I D in 3 lines

**1. Private coll.**, 3.42 (= S. de Maria and S. Gjongecaj ed, *Phoinike* III. *Rapporto preliminare sulle campagne di scavi e ricerche 2002-2003*, p. 175, no. 321 and fig. 10.3, 321, p. 176). This specimen was found 'fortuitamente sulla collina di Phoinike' (p. 161) and certainly belongs to Buthrotum. The obverse type recalls Neronian issues (*RPC* 1416-7), but due to the absence of ethnic, this issue probably dates from the Triumviral period, as *RPC* 1378 (see also below).



**S3-I-1379A** AE. 16 mm, 3.24 g (1). Axis: 6 (1). [0]

[BVT?] PVB; two fishes.

D D; dolphin r.

**1. Kovacs**, 3.24. In view of the uncertain reading on the obverse, we cannot be sure of the attribution. F. Kovacs suggests (*in litt.*) *Buthrotum*. In favour of that attribution are: the two fishes (*RPC* 1416-1417: Neronian), and the dolphin (*RPC* 1392: Augustan) and the very unusual occurrence of the word PVB (*RPC* 1395-1397 have PVBL: Claudian; this seems to be the only occurrence of the word, whatever its exact significance, in *RPC* I), while D D is too general to help. A date in the Triumviral or Augustan period seems likely.



**1381/4**. Now Yale.

**1391/3**. Found at Diaporit, near Butrint (SF 615), 6.75. The lituus is positioned differently in relation to the inscription on the reverse.

Countermarks: CP on obv; AL retrograde on rev. (as 1391/2).

**1393/2**. Now Yale.

**1394/2**. Now RBW (ex CNG MBS 78, 14 May 2008, lot 1215).

**1396corr./2**. Rome (Museo Nazionale 107838, 10.92 g, axis: 6) completes the reverse legend: C C I B - PVBL, D D in exergue (see *Bollettino di Numismatica, Monografia* 6.1, 1989, p. 52 no. 83, under Babba); 3. Verona, 10.50 (D. Calomino, 'Monete dell'Epiro e dell'isola di Corcira conservate nella collezione numismatica del Museo Civico di Verona', *Verona Illustrata* 18 (2005), p. 15 and Tav. [1], 5). The seated figure holds a rudder, not a cornucopia.

**1397/2**. Verona, 7.80 (D. Calomino, *loc. cit.*, p. 15 and Tav. [1], 4).

**1399/7**. Phoenice inv. 8720, 2.96; 8-9. Private coll., 5.50, 3.30 (= S. de Maria and S. Gjongecaj ed, *Phoinike III. Rapporto preliminare sulle campagne di scavi e ricerche 2002-2003*, p. 175, n° 324-6).

**S3-I-1399A** AE. 23 mm, 10.37 g (1). [0]

[ ] CLAV[ ]; laureate head, r.  
[ ] – C C I B; figure of Artemis (?) standing l. with quiver and ?torch; behind, another smaller figure facing r.

**1. Butrint, Forum Excavations (SF 1005)**, 10.37. The interpretation of the reverse design is uncertain. The identification of the figure seems plausible as a quiver does seem definite. The corroded area on the left of the reverse looks like a horse, perhaps suggesting Artemis is in a biga; on the other hand, there does seem to be a ground line beneath her legs (and feet?), suggesting that it is a standing figure. There is something to the left of the smaller figure (R. Abdy and S. Moorhead suggest perhaps the top of the arches of the aqueduct).



**1404/4**. Private coll., 7.30 (= S. de Maria and S. Gjongecaj ed, *Phoinike III. Rapporto preliminare sulle campagne di scavi e ricerche 2002-2003*, p. 175, n° 329).

**1405/1** = Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 791.

**1411/5**. Now CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 758; 8. Private coll., 5.30 (= S. de Maria and S. Gjongecaj ed, *Phoinike III. Rapporto preliminare sulle campagne di scavi e ricerche 2002-2003*, p. 177, n° 333).

**1413/3**. Private coll., 5.60; 4. Phoenice inv. 8742, 4.02; 5. Phoenice inv. 8519, 4.61 (= S. de Maria and S. Gjongecaj ed, *Phoinike III. Rapporto preliminare sulle campagne di scavi e ricerche 2002-2003*, p. 175-7, n° 330-3 and fig. 10.3, 331, p. 176).

**S3-I-1415A** AE. 15 mm, 3.26 g (1). [0]

NE[RO CL]AVDI[VS] CAES[AR]; radiate head of Nero, r.

EX C [...]; Victory walking r., holding out wreath and palm

**1. Butrint, Forum Excavations 2006 (SF 516)**, 3.26. A variant of *RPC* I, 1415. Countermark B.AV (*GIC* 579) on neck, on obverse.



## Phoenice

**S3-I-1417A** AE. 16-22 mm, 3.57 g (7). Axis: 12 (1) [2]

ΦΟΙΝΕΙΚΑΙΩΝ; head of Zeus crowned with oak, r.

ΠΑΤΕΡΙΝΟ ΙΕΡΕΥ Ε; palm; all in a laurel-wreath

1. **L 1889-11-11-2**, 3.12; 2. **NY 1947.97.156**, 8.31; 3-7. Phoenice, 4.10, 2.40, 2.06, 2.38, 2.80, 2.93



1417A/1



1417A/2

**S3-I-1417B** AE. 16-20 mm, 3.41 g (2). Axis: ? [1]

BMC 4

ΦΟΙΝΕΙΚΑΙΩΝ; head of Zeus crowned with oak, r.

ΠΑΤΕΡΙΝΟ ΙΕΡΕΥ Ε ΠΙ; Π ΜΕΜΟ in r. and l. field; palm; all in a laurel-wreath.

1. **L BMC 4**, 3.01; 2. Phoenice, 3.81



**S3-I-1417C** AE. 14-16 mm, 1.24 g (2). Axis: ? [0]

ΦΟΙΝΕΙΚΑΙΩΝ.

ΠΑΤΕ; palm.

1. Private coll., 1.70; 2. Phoenice, 0.78

S. Gjongecaj, 'Quelques réflexions sur la politique monétaire de la ville antique de Phoinikè', in P. Cabanes and J.-L. Lamboley ed, *L'Illyrie méridionale et l'Épire dans l'Antiquité*

– *IV* (Paris, 2004), pp. 169-72 and ill. p. 174 ; *Ead.*, 'Le monnayage de Phoinikè sous l'empire romain', *RN* 166 (2010), pp. 383-4. P. Gardner was the first to publish a specimen of these coins (BMC 4) and he dated it to the Roman times. The coins were omitted from *RPC I errore*, and recently more specimens have come to light thanks to S. Gjongecaj. Unfortunately, they don't have any archaeological context, but a date in the second half of the first century BC seems likely. The mention of a *iereus* at this time on the coinage is an *hapax*. S. Gjongecaj divides S3-I-1417A-B into 3 different denominations, according to their weight. But the die study has probably to be revised and would prove that the dies used to strike the NY specimen on a heavy flan were also used to strike lighter coins. No account is really made of S3-I-1417B, whose reverse legend is different and difficult to read: Gardner suggested Γ Μ ΜΕΜΘ, Π Π ΜΕΜΟ seems another possibility. S3-I-1417C is no doubt a smaller denomination of S3-I-1417A-B.

**1418**/6-7. Phoenice inv. 8729-30, 10.67, 10.33 (= S. de Maria and S. Gjongecaj ed, *Phoinike III. Rapporto preliminare sulle campagne di scavi e ricerche 2002-2003*, p. 177, n° 336-7 and fig. 10.3, 336-7, p. 176).

6-7. The obverses of these two specimens are erased and it is therefore quite difficult to read the obv. legend as ΝΕΡΩΝ ΚΑΙ ΣΕΒΑ ΓΕΡΜΑ (commentary p. 163), whereas the legend indicated in the catalogue (p. 177) follows *RPC* 1418. The reverse legend is read as ΦΟΙΝΕΙΚΑΙΩΝ ΑΠΟ ΗΠ(ΕΙΡΟΥ) (p. 163 and p. 177), but the photos clearly show that the legend is ΦΟΙΝΕΙΚΑ ΑΠΟ ΗΠ(ΕΙΡΟΥ) The reverse type is interpreted as Zeus standing facing, naked, holding thunderbolt and resting on sceptre.

**1419**/3. L. M. Ugolini, *Albania Antica II. L'Acropoli di Fenice* (Milan-Rome, 1932), pp. 159-60 and fig. 95; 4. Phoenice, 5.72 (= S. Gjongecaj, 'Quelques réflexions sur la politique monétaire de la ville antique de Phoinikè', in P. Cabanes and J.-L. Lamboley ed, *L'Illyrie méridionale et l'Épire dans l'Antiquité – IV* (Paris, 2004), p. 172 and p. 174, fig. 13); 5-6. Phoenice inv. 8736/1 and 8736, 5.30, 5.72 (= S. de Maria and S. Gjongecaj ed, *op. cit.*, p. 177, n° 334-5 and fig. 10.3, 334, p. 176); 4. The obverse of this coin, found in Phoenice in 2001, is erased, but the legend of the reverse is clear: ΦΟΙΝΕΙΚΑ ΑΠΟ [Η]ΠΕΙ, except one letter which the author wanted to correct as ΑΠΕΙ ('sur la photo du n° 1418, la lettre est très large et pourrait faire croire à un Η, mais il ne fait aucun doute qu'il faut lire un Α'). The reverse type is interpreted as Nero: 'la tête

du revers est celle de Néron'; 5-6. The illustration of no. 334, p. 176, clearly shows that the reverse legend on this specimen (and on n° 335?) is ΦΟΙΝΕΙΚΑΙΩΝ ΑΠΟ ΗΠΕΙΡΟΥ as indicated in the commentary (p. 163) and the catalogue (p. 177). But the reverse type is now described as 'testa laureate di Artemide', which certainly needs a commentary; 7. T. Cederlind BBS 171, 7 Oct. 2013, lot 176 (ex T. Cederlind BBS 161, 25 Oct. 2011, lot 106), 7.09.

A catalogue of this coinage is now provided by S. Gjongecaj, 'Le monnayage de Phoinikè sous l'empire romain', *RN* 166 (2010), p. 385-7 and 391-3. New specimens found at Phoinikè are published together with coins previously published and it is sometimes hard to make a link between the different publications as a same specimen may have a different weight and inventory number from one publication to the other. Dividing 1418 between two different denominations seems unlikely.

### Magnetes

**S-1420A** AE. 22 mm, 7.53 g (1). Axis: 5. [0]

[ ]; laureate head (of Augustus?), r.  
CEBACTOC ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ; laureate head (of Tiberius?), r.

**1. BCD**, 7.53. If the coin depicts Augustus and Tiberius in the reign of Augustus, then the first word of the reverse legend is presumably carried over from the obverse (cf. S-1424A).



**S2-I-1420B**. AE. 11.19 g. Axis: 7. [0]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ; laureate head of Augustus, r.  
ΤΙΒΕΡΙΟΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; bare head of Tiberius, r.

1. BCD, 11.19

**1422/2**. BCD, 14.18; 3-4. BCD, 13.03, 9.36; 5. J. Noory coll., 12.80 (Axis: 12 (3), 6).

**1422A/1**. This specimen = BCD (a cast in Winterthur gives further information about that specimen which

was found in 1944 at Volos and sold in 1955 by Kricheldorf), 10.47 (Axis: 6).

**1423/3**. Mu 22071, 4.21; 4. Fethiye museum 6773; 5. BCD, 4.62 (Axis: 12).

The presence of a specimen in Fethiye is not, however, a reason to question the attribution to Magnetes rather than Magnesia in Ionia, as the design definitely belongs to the Thessalian mint.

**1424/2-6**. BCD, 9.60, 8.84, 8.57, 7.70, 7.49 (Axis: 6).

**S-1424A** AE. 25 mm, 24.65 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΝΕΡΩΝ; laureate head of Nero, r.  
CEBACTOC ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ; radiate head of Nero, r.

**1. BCD**, 24.65.



### Thessalian League

See now F. Burrer, *Münzprägung und Geschichte des Thessalischen Bundes in der Römischen Kaiserzeit bis auf Hadrian (31 v. Chr.- 138 n. Chr.)* (Saarbrücken, 1993), who uses a more complete collection of material to present a die study and gives different attributions to emperors. A particular point of interest concerns the artist's signature on 1443 and 1450, read as TEIMHTOC in *RPC*, but given as [A]TEIMHTOC by Burrer (see also, for a discussion of the Neronian issues and the signature, see P.R. Franke, 'Neron, Apollon kai Thessalia', *Diethnes Synedrio gia ten Archaia Thessalia (ste mneme tou Demetriou R Theochara)* (Athens, 1992), pp. 370-75. The concordance below notes alterations made by Burrer and lists out the varieties not included in *RPC*:

*RPC* *Burrer*

*Octavian*

**1427corr.** Em 1, p.104, 1-6 (KA(E)ΣΑΡ not ΚΑΙΣΑΡ)

*Augustus*

**1425** Em 1a, p. 105-8, 1-32 (series 1)

**S-1425A** AE. 17-8 mm, 4.20 g (8).

Burrer Em 1a, p. 109, 33-7 (series 2)

ΣΩΣΑΝΔΡΟΥ; helmeted head of Athena, r.  
ΘΕΣΣΑΛΩΝ; horse trotting r.

**1426** Em 1b, p. 110-3, 38-58 (series 1)

**S-1426A** AE. 29-32 mm, 17.86 g (6). Axis: 12 or 6.

Burrer Em 2, p. 114, 59-62 (series 1)

ΘΕΣΣΑΛΩΝ ΣΕΒΑΣ[ΤΟΣ]; laureate head, r.  
ΜΕΓΑΛΟΚΛΕ[ΟΥ]Σ[ ] around laurel  
wreath

**1428** Em 2, p. 114-21, 63-106 (series 2)

**1429** Em 2, p. 121, 107-8 (series 3)

**S-1429A** AE. 16 mm, 4.72 g (9). Axis: 6.

Burrer Em 2, p. 122, 109-11 (series 4)

ΘΕΣΣΑΛΩ; bearded head of Zeus, r.  
ΜΕΓΑΛΟΚΛΕ ΚΛΕΙ; head of Apollo, r.

1-2. ANS, ex Newell (= Rogers 67a), 5.16, 5.14;  
2-9: see Burrer.

**S-1429B** AE. 16 mm, 4.05 g (3).

Burrer Em 2, p. 122, 112-3 (series 5)

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗ ΘΕΣΣΑΛΩ; helmeted head of  
Athena, r.  
ΜΕΓΑΛΟΚΛ ΚΑΛΙΤ; Artemis with torches, r.

*Tiberius*

**1430** Em 1, p. 123-4, 1-11 (series 1)

**1431** Em 1, p. 125-7, 12-28 (series 2)

**S-1431A** AE. 22-4 mm, 8.71 g (11).

Burrer Em 1, p. 127-8, 29-35 (series 3)

ΘΕΣΣΑΛΗΩΝ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗΩΝ; laureate head,  
r.  
ΣΤΡΑΤΗΓΟΥ ΛΥΚΟΥΤΟΥ; Athena with  
Nike, spear and shield, l.

**8. BCD** (new obv. die and retrograde rev.).



**S-1431B** AE. 17-8 mm, 4.44 g (3).

Burrer -

ΘΕΣΣΑΛΩΝ; helmeted head of Athena, r.  
ΛΥΚΟΥΤΟΥ; Athena standing l., with Nike,  
spear and shield; in l. field, monogram

**1. BCD**, 4.24; 2. BCD, 4.92; 3. BCD, 4.24;  
4. P 81 (= Burrer pl. 21.7), 4.17; 5. Athens.  
Burrer (p. 49 and n. 142) knew three coins of  
this series, which he dated to the first century  
(?), but they were too worn to be identified pre-  
cisely. The new specimen (1431B/1) is clear  
and allows an attribution to the strategos Lyk-  
outos under Tiberius, as a new denomination.



**1432** Em 1, p. 126, 36 (series 4)

*Claudius* (but Tiberius in *RPC*)

**1433** Em 1, p. 129-31, 1-14 (series 1a) and p. 132-3,  
15-26 (series 1b)

**1434** Em 1, p. 134-6, 27-41 (series 2)

**1435** Em 1, p. 138-42, 53-86 (series 3, 1b)

**1436** Em 1, p. 136-7, 42-52 (series 3, 1a)

**1437** Em 1, p. 143, 87-90 (series 3, 2) and p. 143-4,  
91-5 (series 4)

**1438** Em 1, p. 144-5, 96-7 (series 5)

**S-1438A** AE. 17 mm, 4.07 g (1).

Burrer Em 1, p. 145, 98 (series 6)

ΑΝΤΙΓΟΝΟΥ; helmeted head of Athena, with  
aegis, r.  
ΣΤΡΑΤΗΓΟΥ; horse galloping l.; above, corn  
ear

Nero

**1439** Em 1, p. 146-50, 1-29 (series 1)**1440** Em 1, p. 150-1, 30-37 (series 2)**1441** Em 2, p. 155, 57 (series 1, 2)**1442** Em 2, p. 152-5, 38-56 (series 1, 1)**1443corr.** Em 2, p. 157, 64 (series 3, 1)([A]  
TEIMHTOC)**S-1443A** AE. 29 mm, 13.13 g (1).

Burrer Em 2, p. 157, 65 (series 3, 2)

NEPΩN KAICAP ΘECCAAΩN; laureate  
head, r.AAOYXOY CTPATHTFOY; Apollo sitting on  
stool, playing cithara, r.; before, tripod**1444** Em 2, p. 158-9, 66-77 (series 3, 3) and p. 160,  
78 (series 3, 4)**1445** Em 2, p. 163-4, 86-95 (series 5, 1)**1446** Em 2, p. 165, 96-7 (series 5, 2)**1447** Em 2, p. 157, 62-3 (series 2, 2)**1448/7.** CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 949, 18.60**1448** Em 2, p. 155-6, 58-61 (series 2, 1)**1449** Em 2, p. 162, 81 (series 4, 3) and p. 162-3,  
82-5 (series 4, 4)**1450corr.** Em 2, p. 161, 79 (series 4, 1)([A]  
TEIMHTOC)**S-1450A** AE. 29 mm, 9.29 g (1).

Burrer Em 2, p. 161, 80 (series 4, 2)

EIPHNH CEBACCTH ΘECCAAΩN; bust of  
EireneAAOYXOY CTPATHTFOY; Apollo sitting r.  
on stool, playing cithara**1451** Em 2, p. 165-6 (series 6, 1)**1452** Em 2, p. 166, 102 (series 6, 2)

Since the publication of Burrer's book, two new types have come to light; both are signed with the same name, Lykos, and probably belong to the Julio-Claudian period:

dian period:

?Claudius

**S-1438B** AE. 15-17 mm, 5.54 g (5). [0]AYKOY; laureate head of Apollo, r.  
ΘECCAAΩN; wolf, r.

**1. BCD**, 9.46; 2-5. BCD, 5.20, 4.93, 4.19, 3.93 (same dies). The reverse is clearly a *type parlant*. The coins might represent an assarion; a date in Claudius's reign is suggested by the form of the N (see Burrer p. 85).

**S-1438C** AE. 16 mm, 3.54 g (3). [0]AYKOY; helmeted head of Athena, r.  
ΘECCAAΩN; horse, r.

**1. BCD**, 3.37; 2-3. BCD, 3.66, 3.60. A helmeted head of Athena occurs on coins under Augustus (Burrer p. 109, 33-7, *RPC* -) and Claudius (Burrer p. 145, 98, *RPC* I, -; here 1438A).



**1447-1452** The head of Eirene is regarded as that of Agrippina the younger by Hahn, *Frauen* p. 348 no. 177.

### Mark Antony's 'fleet coinage'

L. Sempronius Atratinus

**1453-61, 1462-70** See R.A. Fischer, *Fulvia und Octavia* (Berlin, 1999), pp. 191-211. M. Amandry, 'Le monnayage de L. Sempronius revisité', *A7N* 20 (2008), pp. 421-34 and pl. 86-95 with and updated catalogue and new thoughts on the minting location, date and denominations of the coinage.

**1453/1.** Now Stack's, The Vermeule, Ward and Mexico Maxico Collections, 11 Jan. 2010, lot 256.

**1457/1.** Now P 2009/169 (ex CNG MBS 78, Villemur coll., 14 May 2008, lot 1236); **3. RBW**, 5.59.



M. Oppius Capito

**1462/4** = Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 791.

**1467/4**. NAC 59, 4-5 April 2011, lot 1813, 1.91 (described as a quadrans of Bibulus!).

**1468/1**. Now NY 2008.24.3 (ex Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 451).

**1470**. Another specimen found in Athens during excavations: *To Mouseio kai è anaskaphè. Eurèmata apo ton chóro anegersès tou neou mouseiou tès Akropolès* (Athens, 2006), p. 45, n° 90.

# MACEDONIA

## Dyrrhachium

S. Gjongecaj, 'Le trésor de Lleshan (Elbasan)', *RN* 163 (2007), pp. 111-2, considers that the coinage of Dyrrhachium ceased in the thirties (and not after Pompey's defeat, as stated in *RPC I*, p. 289) and that the bronze coinage was reformed in 38/37 BC and adapted to the Roman monetary system created by Mark Antony as was the case at Apollonia (see S. Gjongecaj and O. Picard, 'Le trésor de Dimalla 1973 et le passage du monnayage hellénistique au monnayage impérial à Apollonia d'Illyrie', *BCH* 122 (1998), pp. 511-27).

## Apollonia

On the coinage struck at Apollonia under the Roman Empire, see now S. Gjongecaj and O. Picard, 'Le monnayage d'Apollonia sous l'empire romain' in P. Cabanes and J.-L. Lamboley eds, *L'Illyrie méridionale et l'Épire dans l'Antiquité – IV* (Paris, 2004), pp. 135-148 ; *Eid.*, 'Les monnaies d'Apollonia' in V. Dimo, P. Lenhardt and F. Quantin ed, *Apollonia d'Illyrie. 1. Atlas archéologique et historique*, Collection de l'Ecole Française de Rome 391 (2007), pp. 97-106.

**p. 289** The hoard from Le Mans has now been published by M. Amandry and G. Aubin, *Rev. archéol. Ouest* 10, 1993, pp. 115-21

### Augustus

**1501** gives 'head r.': some have a bare head (*RPC* pl. 75), and some a laureate (*RPC* 1501/5 = *M.* 2, 3, 25 = *SNG* Glasgow 633).

**S3-I-1501A** AE. 24-25 mm, 15.04 (5). Axis: var. [0]

Ceka 109

CEBACTOY ; bare head of Augustus, r.  
ΑΠΟΛΛΩ ↑ to l. NIATAN ↑ to r.; cornucopia,  
bound with fillet

1. A BG NP 3157, 14.75; **2. Tirana 4357**, 16.80;  
3. Tirana 4357 (2) (= Ceka pl. VIII, 1), 15.75; 4.

Tirana 4565, 14.47 ; 5. Tirana 4357 (3), 13.54



**S3-I-1501B** AE. 24-25 mm, 11.45 (18). Axis : 6, 12 [4]

Ceka 111

CEBACTOC ; laureate head of Augustus, r.  
ΑΠΟΛΛΩ ↓ to r. NIATAN ↓ to l.; cornucopia,  
bound with fillet, in wreath

1. G *SNG* 633, 13.07 ; 2. Cop *SNG* 417, 12.22 ;  
3. V GR 37700, 9.79 ; 4. B 1372/1914, 13.54 ;  
5. Zagreb 5481, 7.64 ; 6. Tirana 6964, 17.16 ; 7.  
Tirana 3258, 15.14 ; 8. Tirana 3105, 14.63 ; 9.  
Tirana 3062, 13.86 ; **10. Tirana 1851** (= Ceka  
pl. VIII, 3), 11.59 ; 11. Tirana 2212, 10.90 ; 12.  
Tirana 2006, 10.73 ; 13. Tirana 3072, 10.08 ;  
14. Tirana 2436, 10.05 ; 15. Tirana 5739, 9.75 ;  
16. Tirana 1851, 8.99 ; 17. Tirana 3244, 8.70 ;  
18. Tirana 3826, 8.35



**1502** AE. 24-25 mm, 13.36 (3). Axis: var. [1]

Ceka –

CEBACTOC ; laureate head of Augustus, l.  
ΑΠΟΛΛΩ ↓ to r. NIATAN ↓ to l.; cornucopia,  
bound with fillet, in wreath

1. V GR 11310 ; 2. Tirana 4359, 14.36 ; 3. Tirana  
1852, 13.09 ; 4. Tirana 4359 (2), 12.63.

Tiberius (?)

Dium

**S3-I-1502A** AE. 24-25 mm, 10.65 (3). Axis: 6 [1]

Ceka 110 (Augustus) and 112 (Tiberius)

CEBACTOC ; bare head of Tiberius (?), r.  
ΑΠΟΛΛΩ ↓ to r. NIATAN ↓ to l.; cornucopia,  
bound with fillet, in wreath1. P 90 (= *RPC* I, pl. 75), 11.90; **2. Tirana 1853**  
(= Ceka pl. VIII, 4), 10.33; 3. Tirana 3079 (= Ceka pl. VIII, 2), 9.71

The important number of coins discovered at Apollonia leaves no doubt (*pace* *RPC* I, p. 289) that the coins inscribed CEBACTOC / CEBACTOY with ΑΠΟΛΛΩΝΙΑΤΑΝ, cornucopia were issued at Apollonia in Illyria. Gjongecaj and Picard distinguish 5 series, without giving a precise catalogue. Here they are catalogued under 4 entries. The series with CEBACTOY (S3-I-1501A) is much heavier than the 3 others and might have been struck first. The series with CEBACTOC, bare head (S3-I-1502A) is here tentatively attributed to Tiberius as the portrait of the emperor looks more like Tiberius than Augustus.

*Coinage without imperial portrait*

Gjongecaj and Picard (*loc. cit.*, pp. 136-8 and pp. 99-100) assign to the reign of Nero (?) 10 emissions without imperial portrait, representing 4 different denominations, which are signed with Greek names (Alexiôn, Kallên, Philonidas-Biôn, Teisiôn-Theophilos, Biôn-Herakleidas, Stephanos, Nikan-Arkesilas) but also Roman names: Ti. Claudius Forianus, T. Pedoukaius Cestianus. These coins were not mentioned in *RPC* I for the good reason that almost all the material is at Tirana.

But again no real catalogue is given and some denominations are missing from their list: a series signed Ti. Claudius Forianus with Apollo/obelisk (Ceka 108), a series signed Gaius and Stephanos with Artemis/tripod (Ceka 104) or a series signed by Gaius with Apollo/obelisk (Ceka 105).

See now S. Kremydi, *E nomismatokopia tes romaikes apoikias tou Diou* (Athens, 1996), and S. Kremydi-Sicilianou, 'Colonia Iulia Diensis: e nomismatiki marturia', *Nomismatika Chronika* 14 (1995), pp. 33-69. A concordance and corrections follow:

*RPC Kremydi (with relevant comment)*

**1503** Without imperial portrait 7-11. Diana is not trampling over a vexillum. Average weight: 3.31 g (12); new specimen: PV, 3.97 g; 12. Now RBW.

**S-1503A** AE. 12 mm, 2.71 g (1).

Kremydi -

As 1503, but smaller (12 mm) and D D in reverse field

**1. RBW** (ex PV), 2.71. Probably a smaller denomination.

**1504** Augustus 1-5. Average weight: 8.09 g (8).**1504/4.** CNG MBS 45, 18 March 1998, lot 815, 9.87.**1505** Augustus 6.**S-1505A** AE. 15 mm, 3.34 g (3). Axis. 12. [0]

Kremydi 'Without imperial portrait' 1

COL IVL AVG DIEN; jug between strigiles  
C I A D in a laurel wreath

**1. Kovacs coll.**, 3.40; 2-3. Dium excavations, 3.21, 3.40; 4. P 1999/760 (ex Jacquier 23, Herbst 1999, lot 235), 4.39.



**S-1505B** AE. 15 mm, 4.20 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

Kremydi 'Without imperial head' 2

COL IVL; jug  
D D; two strigiles**1. Dium excavations**, 4.20.**1506** Tiberius 1-13. Average weight: 6.85 g (20).**S-1506A** AE. 17 mm, 4.15 g (2). Axis: 12.

Kremydi 'Without imperial portrait' 6

COLONIA DIENSIS; plough to r.  
D D; Athena holding patera and spear, l.**1. Dium 7249**, 3.70; 2. Dium 151a, 4.60.**1507** Claudius 1-3. Legend can be completed and corrected: TI CLAVDIVS CAISAR AVG GER. Average weight: 9.39 g (3).**S-1507A** AE. 21-3 mm, 8.52 g (16). Axis: 12, 6. [0]

Kremydi Claudius 4-9

TI CLAVDIVS CAE; bare head of Claudius, l.  
COL AVG DIENSIS D D; Athena holding patera and spear, l.**1. Dium 669**, 10.40; 2-16. Dium excavations.**S-1507B** AE. 17-9 mm, 4.42 g (5). Axis: 11. [0]

Kremydi 'Without imperial portrait' 3

COL DIENSIS; plough to r.  
DEANA BAPHYRI; Artemis with bow to r.**1. Dium 1960a**, 4.80; 2-5. Dium excavations.**1508** Nero 1-14. Cmks PVB or PCP occur on 7 specimens out of 17. Average weight: 9.19 g (17)**S-1508A** AE. 17 mm, 5.40 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

Kremydi 'Without imperial portrait' 4

COL DIENSIS; horse's head, r.  
No legend; sickle and vase with handle**1. Dium excavations 5786**, 5.40; 2. Sternberg XXIX, 30-31 Oct. 1995, lot 65, 5.87.

### Cassandrea or Dium

**1509-1511** See now S. Kremydi-Sicilianou, 'Quintus Hortensius Hortalus in Macedonia (44-42 BC)', *Tekmèria* 4, 1998/9, pp. 61-76 and pl. 1-3 where a full list of the specimens known is given. In addition, S. Kremydi argues that Hortensius' activity as founder of a colony should be assigned to Caesar's initiative, not to Brutus' and, therefore, his emission dated to 44 BC, not 43/42 BC. But the question to which colony these coins refer still remains open; though provenances favour Dium (where eleven out of the thirty-two known coins of Hortensius were found), the obverse type of the smaller denomination favours Cassandrea.**1509-10** are discussed by S. Kremydi, *E nomismatokopias romaikes apoikias tou Diou* (Athens, 1996), pp. 217ff.:

RPC	Kremydi	Comment
-----	---------	---------

**1509** Hortensius p. 217, 1-13 15.28 g (13)**1510** Hortensius p. 218, 1-6 Obv. reads COLONIA FELIX; 8.25g (6)**1511** Hortensius p. 219, 1-5 4.33 g (5); new speci-

men in PV coll. (6.54 g, axis: 6).

**1509/5.** Now Lanz 88 (Benz), 23 Nov. 1998, lot 814.

**Cassandra**

**1511/ 6.** Now RBW; 7. Yale (ex PRF), 5.58.

**1514** New specimen in PV coll. (2.81 g, axis: 6).

**S-1515A** AE. 20-23 mm, 9.23 g. Axis: 6. [1]

TI CLA CAESAR AVG GERM; laureate head of Claudius, r.  
COL IVL AVG CASSANDR; head of Ammon, l.

**1. Spink Geneva (15 Feb 1977), lot 282,** 7.73; **2. L 1995-8-5-118 ex Thackray ex Glendinning 2.3.1994 lot 459,** 10.73.



**S3-I-1515B** AE. 22 mm, 9.33 g (2). Axis: ? [0]

As 1515  
COL IVL [AVG CASSAN]DRE; head of Ammon, l.

**1. Lanz 150, 13 Dec. 2010, lot 236,** 9.11; **2. Jacquier Auktion 38, 13 Sept. 2013, lot 175,** 9.55



**1516** The G specimen (1516/2) has CASSANDRE (and perhaps CASSANDREN) at the end of the reverse legend.

**1517/4-5.** G (= *M.* 1, 273, 4-5 = *SMG* Glasgow 640-1) are listed as having IMP but have no IMP.

**Edessa**

See now Eleni Papaefthymiou, *Edessa de Macédoine. Etude historique et numismatique* (Athènes, 2002).

RPC *Papefthymiou*

<b>1518</b>	Augustus 1	1 obv. die	4.97 g (1)
<b>1519</b>	Augustus 2-12	6 obv. dies	8.84 g (14)
<b>1520</b>	Augustus 13-25	5 obv. dies	8.19 g (22)
<b>1521</b>	Tiberius 1-6	1 obv. die	8.31 g (8)
<b>1522</b>	Tiberius 7-9	1 obv. die	7.93 g (3)
<b>1523</b>	Tiberius 10	1 obv. die	10.28 g (1)
<b>1524</b>	Tiberius 11-13	1 obv. die	7.55 g (7)
<b>1525</b>	Tiberius 14-18	1 obv. die	8.79 g (8)
<b>1526-7</b>	Tiberius 19-31	6 obv. dies	7.92 g (18)

**1520/10.** NY 2008.24.9 (ex CNG E Sale 181, 6 Feb. 2008, lot 61), 9.61.

**1521/3. Yale** (ex PRF), 7.40 (no specimen illustrated in *RPC*); **4. Münz Zentrum 161, 11 Jan. 2012, lot 237,** 8.98.

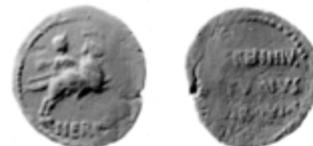


**Pella or Dium**

**1530/8.** Israel Museum 4914, 3.73.

**1531/3.** Gorny and Mosch 108, 3 Apr. 2001, lot 1470, 6.59.

**1532corr./2.** Šeldarov coll. 70, 5.39; **3. P 2004/432,** 4.98. The obv. legend can now be read as NER[ ], a reference to Nero Claudius Drusus, son of Tiberius.



**1534-44** These are discussed by S. Kremydi, *E nomismatokopia tes romaïkes apoïkias tou Diou* (Athens, 1996), pp. 220-29 nos. 1-65. The attribution to Dium seems unlikely as only 2 out of the 87 specimens known were

found in the course of the excavations conducted at Dium by the University of Thessaloniki.

**1538/4.** Now CNG EA 250, 23 Feb. 2011, lot 209.

**1539/5.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 446. New specimen in PV coll. (3.86 g, axis: 12).

**1541/7.** CGB Monnaies 55, 17 Oct. 2012, lot 114, 11.34 (cmk O on the obv.).

**1542/8.** Now in MM Auction 81 (1995), lot 434 = Freeman and Sear FPL 4 (Summer 1996) lot D58 = CNG MBS 55, 13 Sep. 2000, lot 905.

**1543/8.** Now Lanz 94 (Benz), 22 Nov. 1999, lot 136.

**1549/10.** *SNG* Euphrosina 1214, 5.12.

### Pella

**1545/8.** RBW (ex DNW 8, 5 Oct. 2008, lot 5682), 25.29.

**1550/4.** F. Kovacs stock no. 4961, Dec. 2007, 4.23.

### Thessalonica

**S2-I-1551A** AE. 27 mm, 15.10 g (1). [0]

ΑΓΩΝΟΘΕΣΙΑ; head of Agonothesia, r.  
[M ANT AYT] Γ ΚΑΙ AYT; Nike advancing, l,  
with wreath and palm.

**1. CNG MBS 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 825,**  
15.10. A hybrid with the obv. of 1552 and a rev.  
of 1551. The diameter and weight are right for  
1551.



**1555** Countermark A to be deleted: one ex. not countermarked, the other uncertain.

**S2-I-1561A.** As 1562, but laur. head of Tiberius, l. [1]

**1. P 2004/179,** 9.06



**S3-I-1569A** AE. 22-23 mm, 10.42 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

As 1569 and 5442, but head l.  
As 1569 and 5442.

**1. Weigel coll.,** 10.42



**1572/4.** CNG EA 246, 15 Dec. 2010, lot 210, 7.12.

**S-1582A** As 1582, but with head of Antonia to l.

**1. Vecchi 7 (1997) lot 1176,** 5.37 g



**1586/2.** P Coll.

**1591** Another specimen: CNG 38 (1996) lot 660, 16.54.

**S2-I-1595A** As 1596, but horse r. [0]

**1. Jacquier 22, Frühjahr 1999, lot 275,**  
3.78.



**S-1599A** As 1599, but obv. legend ΝΕΡΩΝ  
ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ

**1. Giessener Münzhandlung 67 (2.5.1994)**  
**lot 433,** 12.17. This is presumably a variant on  
1599, since it has a similar obverse style.  
Countermark: ΘΕC (= *GIC* 537 on face).



**1607/2.** G (= M. 1, 371, 50 (pl. 25.10) = *SNG* Glasgow 681; 17.22 g) is cited as 1602/2 in the text but illustrated as 1602/1 on pl.79.

### Macedonian Koinon

**1610/3.** CNG MBS 55, 13 Sep. 2000, lot 925, 19.84.

**1612/49.** Righetti.

**1613/8.** CNG MBS 53, 13 March 2000, lot 1025, 19.00.

**S3-I-1616A** AE. 23-24 mm, 9.69 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΟΥΙΤΕΛΛΙΟΣ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟΣ; laureate head of Vitellius, l.  
As 1616.

**1. Gorny and Mosch 152, 9 Oct. 2006, lot 1675, 9.69**



**1618/4.** CNG MBS 55, 13 Sep. 2000, lot 926, 9.41; 5. Righetti, 8.92.

### Amphipolis

Hahn, *Frauen* p. 327 no. 55 regards a coin with a head of Artemis as possibly representing Livia. But the coin is earlier.

The coin described by Classical Cash (Boston) Auction IV (1997) lot 456 (with emperor riding down enemy/Artemis) as a coin of Caligula is actually a coin of Trajan; a coin in L (1974-1-2-8) shows that the correct reading of the obverse inscription is KAICAP TPAIANOC.

**1628/6.** CNG MBS 54, 14 June 2000, lot 1071 (Φ in exergue), 10.02.

**1630/1.** Now CNG MBS 78, 14 May, 2008, lot 1183, 6.58.

**S3-I-1630A** AE. 19 mm, 5.96 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head of Caius Ceasar, r.  
ΑΜΦΙΠ upright l., ΟΛΕΙΤΩΝ down l.; Caius riding, r.; feet of horse on altars (?).

**1. Gorny and Mosch 186, 8-9 March 2010, lot 1562, 5.96**



**S3-I-1632A** AE. 20-21 mm, 9.66 g (1). Axis: 1 (1) [0]

As 1632.  
Same legend as 1632; Artemis Tauropolos on bull, l.

**1. Lanz 135, 21 May 2007, lot 504, 9.66**



**S3-I-1632B** AE. 20-22 mm, 6.50 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

Same legend as 1632; laureate head of Tiberius, r.  
As 1632.

**1. Rauch Sommerauktion 2009 Katalog I – Antike, 17 Sep. 2009, lot 609, 6.50**



**S3-I-1635A** AE. 21 mm, 6.68 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

As 1635  
As 1631

**1. Effler coll., 6.68.** This coin, from the same obv. die as 1635/8 (illustrated on pl. 80), associates the reverse of *RPC* 1631 (reverse legend as ΑΜΦΙΠΟΛΙΤΩΝ), which proves that *RPC*

1631 and 1635 were contemporaneous.



**1638/3.** CNG EA 256, 25 May 2011, lot 213, 4.15.

### Philippi

**1646/7.** RBW (ex Malloy XXXIII, 19 June 1992, lot 2), 7.90; **8. RBW** (ex F. Robinson 59, 2 March 2004, lot 164), 7.98; 9. P 2013/488 (ex RBW), 7.22; 10. RBW (ex Peus 369, 31 Oct. 2001, lot 1027), 10.85  
Countermark: clasped hands (*GIC -*) on 8-9.



**1647/18.** RBW (ex Van der Dussen 24, 1 June 1995, lot 3864), 7.32; 19. RBW, 10.03; **20. RBW**, 4.62; 21. RBW, 7.15; 22. RBW, 8.17  
Countermark: hand holding caduceus (*GIC -*) on 20. Same cmk as on 6, 9, 14-15.



**1648/9.** RBW, 3.96.

**1649/6.** RBW, 3.27.

**1651** Variant with PHILIP now in L (1995-6-5-84 ex Thackray, 5.18 g). **Walter Holt** Old Money VCoins 396109 with the legend PHILIP on the reverse (and not the usual PHIL).



**1652/3.** CNG EAuction 181, 6 Feb. 2008, lot 70 ex PV coll. (2.45 g, axis: 6); 4. CNG EAuction 119, 27 July 2005, lot 75, 2.54; 5. CNG EAuction 248, 26 Jan. 2011,

lot 268, 3.05 (axis: 12); 6. CNG EAuction 249, 9 Feb. 2011, lot 245, 2.54 (axis: 12).

**1655/6.** A 1328, 12.54; 7. A 1910-1911 LZ' 21, 11.96.

### Uncertain (Philippi?)

D. Savas Lenger, 'Parium o Filippi? A proposito di una discussa attribuzione', *Annali* 54, 2008 [2010], pp. 255-9, publishes the finds from Assus: the 28 coins include 12 of this group (7 Augustus, 4 Tiberius, 1 Tiberius and Drusus). He also surveys other finds from the Troad: Ilium, Akpınar, 'Troad', Apollo Smintheus, Parium (30/51 coins from the necropolis and 21/72 coins from recent excavations) and the 71 coins in the Çanakkale museum; and so suggests Parium was indeed the mint (though perhaps another mint in Philippi).

A sequestration from a lorry coming from Bulgaria and stopped in Brindisi is reported in *Annali* 46, 1999, pp. 240-1, and the coins were in the Museo Provinciale di Brindisi: they include 2 of Augustus; 6 of Tiberius, together with other Greek coins (2 of Severus from Nicopolis; 1 of Augustus from Amphipolis; 1 of Augustus and 1 of Domitian from Philippi, as well as other Hellenistic Greek and Roman coins down to the Byzantine period). This group seems to support a northern Greek source for the coins.

**1655/5** Now in MM Auction 81 (1995) lot 435, 10.24.

**1656/89.** PV coll., with countermark PHLP (*GIC -*) = Philippi?; 90. Sinop Museum (no. 7-47-71: information from John Casey); 91-3. From 'Istanbul', from Çankirikapi, and Amasra Museum (see A.T. Tek and M. Arslan, M. Arslan, and S. Ireland and S. Atessogullari, in ed R. Ashton, *Studies in Ancient Coinage from Turkey*, London, 1996, p. 25 no. 138, p. 109, no. 19, and p. 121 no. 26); 91. L 1999-3-8-2, 5.03. The coin has the cmk. on rev. HPA (*GIC -*); 90 (see *Supplement* 1) For the specimen from Sinope, see J. Casey, *Sinope. A Catalogue of Greek, Roman and Byzantine Coins in Sinop Museum (Turkey) and Related Historical and Numismatic Studies* (London, 2010), p. 13 no. 5. (Augustus/priests ploughing). Another specimen was found in Akurgal's excavations at Kyme in the early 1950s (E. Ünal, *NC* 2009, 412 no. 70).

**1657/29. P 2004/34**, 4.84. On the obverse, a rectangular countermark inscribed HPAK (*GIC -*).



**1660.** For a specimen from Sinope, see Casey, *op. cit.*, p. 13 no. 6.

# THRACE

## Thracian kings

### *Koson*

**1701.** See now C. Preda, 'Ein neuer Vorschlag zur Chronologie der Koson-Münzen', in (ed) U. Peter, *Stephanos nomismatikos. Edith Schönert-Geiss zum 65. Geburtstag* (Berlin, 1998), pp. 555-61. J. Hourmouziadis, 'KOΣΩΝ Gold staters and silver drachmae – a die study', *RN* 166 (2010), pp. 287-96. For the (declining) fineness of the gold, see now A. Vilcu *et al.*, 'Some considerations on Dacian gold coins of Koson type in the light of compositional analyses', *RN* 166 (2010), pp. 297-310. Hourmouziadis and Vilcu *et al.* have differing views as which is the obverse; probably the side with victors as there are only 3 dies, but more for the eagle side. Silver drachms with the same designs, and from the same dies, appeared on the market in the 2000s, for which see Hourmouziadis. There are also some new silver coins, based on coins of the Roman province of Macedonia, with the same name (e.g. Triton XI (2008) lot 84; Lanz 150 (2010) lot 87, 4.18): Macedonian shield with bust of Artemis, r.

KOΣΩΝ ΔΡΟΥΕΙΣ; club in oak wreath

**1703** The correct description is 'trophy'. Another specimen (1703/4) in Museo Civico, Verona (3.28; axis: 12).

### *Rhoemetalces I*

**1704-5** Add 'with globe' to description of capricorn.

**1705/3.** RBW (ex Hirsch 256, 5 May 2008, lot 457), 3.02.

The reference to Cop 1196 has been placed under 1704 in error.

**1711** Countermark is *GIC* 632.

**1715** laureate not bare.

**1717** Countermark = *GIC* 54?

**1718** Countermark PK (= *GIC* 632): *SNG* Evelpidis 1125.

### *Rhoemetalces III*

**1722/4** For MM 41/1980, read MM 41/1970; 5. Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 765, 21.35; 6. Yale (ex PRF), 21.64; 6. Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 445, 22.69..

**1723/5.** MM Deutschland Auktion 3, 15-16 Oct. 1998, lot 198, 16.71; 6. Lanz 112, 25-26 Nov. 2002, lot 310, 15.55.

**1725/5. Gorny and Mosch 126, 13-14 Oct. 2003, lot 1659**, 5.84 (Victory is on globe).



### Abdera

On the coinage of Abdera, see now K. Chryssanthaki, *L'histoire monétaire d'Abdère en Thrace (VIe s. avant J.-C. - IIIe s. après J.-C.)*, Meletèmata 51 (Athènes, 2007). The figures concerning the Julio-Claudian coinage are:

<b>1727</b>	7.49 (11)	4 obv. dies
<b>1728</b>	6.24 (10)	4 obv. dies
<b>1729</b>	3.42 (7)	1 obv. die
<b>1730</b>	5.61 (17)	3 obv. dies
<b>1731</b>	2.57 (5)	1 obv. die

**S3-I-1731A** AE. 17 mm, 4.37 g (1). Axis: 6 (1)

As 1731, but Nike r.

**1. CNG EA 256, 25 May 2011, lot 202**, 4.37.



### Lemnos: 'Hephaestia'

**p. 316** Evelpidis 1079 (Nero/horseman) is wrongly attributed to Hephaestia; it is a coin of Julia (*RPCI*, 3191).

### Imbros

**1734** /5. Rosenberger (Gadara) 11.

**1735**/6. B 107/1977 (= S. Schultz, *Erwerbungen des Münzkabinetts (Abteilung Antike), Forschungen und Berichte* 27 (1989), p. 4, n° 4), 8.14.

**1737**/5. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 444.

**S3-I-1737A** AE. 16 mm, 4.27 g (1). Axis: 12 (1)

[ΓΑΙ]ΟΣ [ΚΑΙΣ]ΑΡ ΣΕΒ; laureate head r.  
[            ]; jugate and helmeted busts r.

**1. Kovacs**, 4.27. Cmk. Incuse star (*GIC* 431 or 440). The tentative attribution to Imbros (F. Kovacs) depends on the countermark which seems like those used there; the style of engraving is similarly crude. Kovacs thinks the heads are one male and one female, but, if they are, rather, both male, then an identification as the Dioscuri is possible (pilei occur on *RPC* 1736). Kovacs identifies the emperor as Caligula since he reads the first word as [ΓΑΙ]ΟΣ; however it is very unclear.



### Aegospotami

**S-1738A** The coins attributed to Aegospotami in *RPC Supplement 1* are probably coins of Artaxata in Armenia: see below, **S2-I-3844A-D**. So there are no coins from Aegospotami after all.



### Sestos

**1742**/5. **Righetti**, 5.83 (axis: 12) (very good specimen,

unlike that illustrated in *RPC*).



### Perinthus

**1748**/2. CNG MBS 49, 17 March 1999, lot 929, 21.47; **3.** Berk 170<sup>th</sup> BBS, 29 July 2010, lot 502; **4. P 2006/74**, 25.22.



**1753**/5. CNG MBS 53, 13 March 2000, lot 1042, 19.81; **6. Yale** (ex PRF), 18.78.



**1757/2 corr. Lanz 123, 30 May 2005, lot 469**, 20.58 (the obv. legend can be read as ΝΕΡΩΝ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; laureate head of Nero, to r. [not l.]).



**1758**/2. CNG MBS 43, 24 Sep. 1997, lot 1825, 19.99; **3.** CNG MBS 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1541, 25.31 (probably same rev. die as 1758/1); **4.** Lanz 112, 25-26 Nov. 2002, lot 330, 22.27; **5.** CNG MBS 75, 23 May 2007, lot 1010, 29.46 (axis: 1; cmk: *GIC* 527 on the obv.); **6. P 2009/229** (ex Rauch Sommerauktion 2009 I. Antike, 17 Sep. 2009, lot D 640), 25.90 (cmk: *GIC* 527 on the obv.).



**S2-I-1758A** AE. 25 mm, 27.12 g (1). Axis: 9(1). [1]

[ ] CAESAR AVG GERMP M TR P IMP  
P P; laureate head of Nero, r.  
Two horsemen galloping r.

1. O (ex Rauch 71, March 2003, lot 551), 27.12. Countermark: Standard ? and ΓΑ ΑΥ (*GIC* 525). The coin belongs to the group of coins with Latin legends but attributed to 'Perinthus' in *RPC I*, 1758ff., on the basis of countermarks. However the new piece has a countermark that suggests Nicomedia and is reminiscent of a similar coin with Greek inscriptions (*RPC I*, 2103-4).

**1759/2**. L 1997- 12.11 (axis: 6); 3. H. Berk, 143rd BBS, 18 May 2005, lot 322, 12.92.

**S3-I-1759A** AE. 28 mm, 12.83 g (4). Axis: 12 [2]

As 1759 (*Securitas Augusti*), but dupondius with radiate head.

1. L G 2135, 12.13; **2. P 2005/240** (ex H. Berk, BBS 143, 18 May 2005, lot 322), 12.92 ; 3. CNG EAuction 143, 12 July 2006, lot 206, 11.49 ; 4. Hirsch 267, 5 May 2010, lot 527 ; 5. Gorny and Mosch 191, 11 Oct. 2010, lot 2067, 14.76.

In fact, 1759A and 1759 might refer to the same coin. The coin published by MacDowall (*NC* 1960, 107/2), whose weight is 16.56, must have been a dupondius, but is described as 'laureate head'. Unfortunately, the coin kept in Sofia is not illustrated.



**1760/4**. CNG MBS 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1547, 12.09; 5. Lanz 112, 25-26 Nov. 2002, lot 332, 9.17 (- TR P); 6. Künker 182, 14 March 2011, lot 582 (ex CNG EA 126, 9 Nov. 2005, lot 287), 10.61; 7. Gorny and Mosch 152, 10 Oct. 2006, lot 2040, 10.40; 8. Beffler coll., 10.57.

**1760 var.: P 2000/316** (NERO CLAVDIVS CAESAR AVG GERM on the obv.), 9.28.



**S-1760A** As 1760, but with a legend that is perhaps different

**1. O** (= Annual Report of the Ashmolean Museum, 1995-6, p. 40 and plate XI.1) ex CNG 37 (1996) lot 1463, 9.48.



**S-1761A** As 1761, but obv. legend NERO CLAVDIVS CAESAR AVG GERM P M

**1. Private coll.** (see *The Anvil*, News Letter of The Ancient, Classical and Medieval Numismatic Society) 1.2 (May 1991), 3-4, illus.). From Rusa, Bulgaria.



**1762/6**. Gorny and Mosch 134, 11 Oct. 2004, lot 2620, 11.77; 7. CNG EA 210, 13 May 2009, lot 246, 7.51.

**S2-I-1762A** AE. 26 mm, 8.95 g (1). [0]

[NERO CLAVDI]VS CAESAR AVG GERM

P M TR[ ]; laureate head, l.  
 GENIVS AVGVSTI; Genius standing l., holding patera over altar and cornucopia

**1. CNG MBS 49, 17 March 1999, lot 1486**, 8.95. The rough fabric and unusual obverse legend show that this is not a coin of Rome or Lyon, and that it belongs with the group of similar style given to Perinthus in *RPC* I. (It may well originally have had SC in the exergue.)

Countermark: capricorn r. The capricorn in this large square(ish) punch does not seem the same as any in *GIC* 297-311.



**S2-I-1763A** As 1763, but with H P A on the obv.: CNG 51, 1999, lot 845, 6.12.

**S3-I-1764A** AE. 23 mm, 5.77 g (5). [0]

As 1764

ΠΕΡΙΝΘΙΩΝ; Hera advancing r.

1. Sch 81; **2. CNG EA 188, 28 May 2008, lot 179**, 5.28 ; 3-5. Sch 82-84 (but thyrsos on Dionysus' l. shoulder). *RPC* I incorrectly grouped Schönert 76-84 into one type, but there are indeed two varieties of Hera: one with a statue of Hera facing (*RPC* 1764, Schönert 76-80) and one with Hera walking r. (S3-I-1764A, Schönert 81-84)



### Byzantium

**1775/8**. Kagan coll., 3.80 (same dies as 1775/1).

**1777** Is this the same as Calchedon **1784**?

**1778/2**. A Stamules 194, 11.97 (11.79 by error).

**S2-I-1782A** AE. 20 mm, 5.76 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

NE[ ] ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΝ; laureate head of Nero, l.

ΒΥΖΑΝΤΙΩΝ; prow, r.

**1. Gorny and Mosch 142, 10-11 Oct. 2005, lot 1865**, 5.76.



### Calchedon

**1787/2**. Gorny 95, 9 March 1999, lot 547, 7.07; 3. Freeman and Sear MBS 5, 15 May 1999, lot 93, 6.80; **4. Gorny 101, 6 March 2000, lot 586**, 6.21. 3 allows the obv. legend to be completed: ΤΙ ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΥ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ.

Countermark PKA (cf. *GIC* 611: 2; ??? also on 3??, 4).



### Mesambria

No Julio-Claudian coinage was known to the authors of *RPC* I. But thanks to the recent publication of I. Karayotov, *The Coinage of Mesambria. II. Bronze Coins of Mesambria* (Burgas, 2009), rare coins struck by Augustus and Rhometalces have come to light.

**S3-I-1789** AE. 27 mm, 18.40 (2). Axis: ? [0]

Karayotov 1-2

Κ[ΑΙΣΑΡΟΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ]; bare head of Augustus, r.

ΜΕΣΑΜ[ΒΡΙΑ]ΝΩΝ; bare head of Rhometalces, r.

**1. Nesebar N 922**, 14.49 ; 2. Sofia, 22.30  
 Cms : ear of corn (*GIC* -), veiled female head, l. (*GIC* -) on 1-2.



**S3-I-1790** AE. 27 mm, 11.40 (1). Axis: ? [0]

Karayotov 3-4

ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟΣ [ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ]; bare head of Augustus, r.  
ΜΕΣΑΜΒΡΙΑΝΩΝ; Apollo standing l., holding plectrum (?) in r. hand and lyre in l.

**1. Nesebar N 1132**, 11.40; 2. Nesebar N 1028.  
Cmks: ear of corn (GIC -), veiled female head, l. (GIC -) on l.



# MOESIA

## Odessus

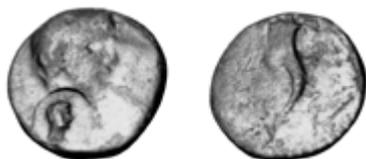
**1801/2. RBW** (different style), 9.43; **3. L 1997-12-6-1** (ex Stancomb: again a different style and portrait; conceivably Nero?), 7.45 (axis: 6); **4. Kovacs** coll., 5.78 (countermark: male head, r.), now P 2002/201; **5. P 2002/200**, 7.42; **6. Giessener 87, 2 March 1998, lot 341**, 7.49 (= Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 430); **7. Gorny and Mosch 191**, 11-12 Oct. 2010, lot 1720, 8.84.



1801/2



1801/3



1801/4



1801/6

## Dionysopolis

For a conspectus of the rare coinage of Dionysopolis, see D. Draganov, 'The bronze coinage of Dionysopolis', *NCirc* 1982, pp. 371-77. It is possible that some of the

coins he lists may belong to the Julio-Claudian period, but there seems to be no good dating evidence

No coinage was attributed to Dionysopolis in *RPC* I or II, but it is possible that pseudoautonomous coins were struck during the first century: see D. Draganov, 'The bronze coinage of Dionysopolis. Typology', in eds B. Kluge and B. Weisser, *XII. Internationaler Numismatischer Kongress Berlin 1997. Akten - Proceedings - Actes* (Staatliche Museen zu Berlin Preussischer Kulturbesitz, Berlin, 2000), p. 279, nos. 39-41. The three series have stylistic resemblances with coins of Tomi dated to the first century AD. They have in common to be countermarked with an object variously described as a 'T', a 'hammer' or a 'poppy head' (*GIC* 484).

**S3-1-1801A** AE. 24 mm, 6.28 g (4). Axis: 12 (1) [2]

AMNG 371, Draganov 41

Veiled head of Demeter, r.; to r., torch  
ΔIONY/COΠIO/AITΩ/N in wreath

**1. C SNG 1547 (Leake)**, 7.34; **2. B 1060/1902**, 6.78 ; **3. V GR 19833 (T 3686)**, 4.72 ; **4. Lanz 146**, 25 May 2009, lot 48, 6.27. Not a complete list.

ΔION/YCOΠ/OΛEI in wreath on 4.

Cmk: T, hammer or poppy-head (*GIC* 484) on the obv. of 1.



## Callatis

Coinage with imperial portrait was struck under Nero (*RPC* I, 1802) and maybe under Vespasian (*RPC* II, 2810). It was then resumed under Antoninus Pius.

Many series without imperial portrait were catalogued by Pick, loosely dated to the Roman times. None of them was catalogued in either *RPC* I or II. But it seems obvious that certain series belong to the first or

beginning of the second century.

**1802/5.** Münz Zentrum 100, 2 March 1999, lot 172, 7.35; 6. Spinks *Numismatic Circular* April 2000 lot 1409; 7. Lanz 97, 22 May 2000, lot 492, 6.72; 8. CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 917 (ex CNG MBS 47, 16 Sep. 1998, lot 832).

**S3-1-1802A** AE. 21-22 mm, 7.58 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

Veiled and draped bust of Demeter, r; to l. and r., ear of corn  
 KAA/ΛATI/ΝΩΝ (*sic*) in wreath

**1. Stancomb coll.**, 7.58.

Compare the style of the letters with *RPC I*, 1802



**S3-1-1802B** AE. 25 mm, 9,25 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

Veiled and draped bust of Demeter, r; to r., ear of corn  
 KAA/ΛATIA/ΝΩΝ in wreath

**1. SNG Stancomb 864**, 9.25



### Tomi

Over the last few years several new specimens have appeared suggesting the following imperial attributions:

- Augustus S-1823A (no personal name)
- Tiberius S2-I-1829corr (Dionysios)
- S2-I-1831A, 1805-6 (Chairion)
- perhaps 1828 (Chairoxenos)
- 1830-31 (Mikkos: attributed to Claudius in *RPC I*)
- Caligula 1825-7 (Hegetoris)
- Claudius S2-I-1831B and 1834 (Britannicus)
- (Hero[us]) 1832-3 (Antonia, no personal name)

1835 (Agrippina II) (Phaidro[us]): could be reign of Nero

Nero 1836-9 (Hestiaios, Epistra[us])

The status of 1824 remains unsure, indeed doubtful.

**1823** The obverse legend can be read OMONOIA EYETHPIA: see **7. Ex PV**, 3.37 (axis: 6) = Kovacs List 29 (1997), lot 30 = Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 432; **8. RBW**, 2.06; 9. Stancomb, 2.78. On 7, only ]ONOIA could be seen, and the restoration ΠΠONOIA was suggested. In fact, the type was published in full by M.C. Sutz, *Analele Academiei Romane, Memoriile Sectiei Istorice* 38 (1916), 1-11 (continuous pagination 523ff); see also M. Paucker, 'Monete Pontice Inedite Sau Putin Cunoscute', *Cronica numismatica si arheologica: foaie de informatii a Societatii Numismatice Romane*, Anul XII, 109 (Jan-March 1938), pp. 22-3, who published a variant with a corn-ear below the cornucopia (both references are owed to W.M. Stancomb). As Kovacs points out, the heads can now be seen both to be female, presumably identified by the legend as the two personifications, but possibly assimilated to, e.g. Julia and Livia. An Augustan inscription from Halicarnassus records how the cities [of the empire] flourish as a result of the same two concepts of concord and plenty (*homonoia* and *eueteria*), together with good order (*eunomia*) (*IBM IV.894* = V. Ehrenberg and A.H.M. Jones, *Documents illustrating the Reigns of Augustus and Tiberius* (Oxford, 1955) no. 98a).



1823/7



1823/8

**S-1823A** AE. 19 mm, 2.77 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

[ ] KAΙΣΑΡ; bare head (of Augustus?), r.

[ ]-MI; temple with four columns; inside, an eagle on altar

**1. CNG MBS 78, Villemur coll., 14 May 2008, lot 1173** (ex Kovacs List 29, 1997, lot 29), 2.77. The identification of the head seems likely but not certain. There may well be more legend on the obverse.



**1826/6.** Stancomb, 2.31, now SNG XI. *The William Stancomb Collection of Coins of the Black Sea Region* (1999), no. 892.

**1827/7.** Stancomb, 1.35, now SNG XI. *The William Stancomb Collection of Coins of the Black Sea Region* (1999), no. 893.

**1828/2.** Stancomb, 3.32 (with obverse legend [ ] ΚΑΙΣΑΡ), 3.32.

**S2-I-1829corr./5. Lanz 86, 18 May 1998, lot 384** (this new specimen reads TIBEPHO[ ] on obv., confirming Grant's attribution to Tiberius. These are therefore the earliest definite coins of Tomi with an imperial portrait), 2.66; 6. Righetti (reading [ ] ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟΣ / ΤΟ[ΜΙ], ΔΙ[ΟΝΥ]ΣΙΟΥ), 4.57.



**1830/2. Stancomb, 3.73.**



**S3-I-1830A** AE. 20 mm, 4.08 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

TIBEPHOY ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΥ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟΣ;  
laureate head of Claudius, r.  
ΤΟΜΙ-ΤΩΝ/ΗΡΩ-ΝΥ/ΜΟ-Υ; Nike with  
wreath and palm on globe, l.

**1. Helios 7, 12 Dec. 2011, lot 474,** 4.08. The magistrate Ērōnumos probably struck the coin of Britannicus (*RPC* 1834).



**S2-I-1831A** 20 mm, 2.98 g (2). Axis: 6 or 12. [0]

TIBEPHOY [ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΥ Κ]; laureate head, r.  
ΤΟΜΙ, [Χ]ΑΙ ΠΙ [ ]ΝΟΥ; Nike advancing l.

**1. Righetti** (ΤΟΜΙ, [Χ]ΑΙ ΠΙ [ ]ΝΟΥ), 4.26;  
2. Righetti (ΤΟ[ ], ΧΑΙ[ ]), 1.96. The person-

al name could be completed as ΧΑΙΡΙΩΝΟΥ (as occurs on 'pseudo-autonomous' coins: *RPC* I, 1805-6). *RPC* I, 1828 is described as having very similar designs and legends and while the reverse could be restored as ΧΑΙΡΙΞΕΝΟΥ, the name 10, as given for 1828, can be ruled out. Attribution to Tiberius seems more probable.



**S2-I-1831B** 19 mm, 3.09 g (2). Axis: 6. [0]

TIBEPHOY Κ(?) [ ]; laureate head, r.  
ΤΟΜΙΤΩΝ, ΗΡΩ [ ]ΔΟΥ; Nike on globe, l.

**1. Righetti,** 3.31 (TIBEPHOY [ ] / ΤΟΜΙΤΩΝ, ΗΡΩ [ ]ΔΟΥ); 2. O 2000.8.1125 (TIBEPHOY Κ(?) [ ] / [ΤΟ]ΜΙΤΩΝ, [Η]ΡΩ [ ]ΔΟ [ ]), 2.86. Probably to be attributed to Claudius, in view of the extra letter Κ visible on 2 and since the personal name is probably the same as the ΗΡΩ [ ] found on coins of Britannicus (*RPC* I, 1834).



**1833corr.** On the reverse, three ears of corn between torches (not caps of Dioscuri); 3. Münz Zentrum-Rheinland 143, 16-17 April 2008, lot 307, 2.62. On the reverse, in the field, read ΜΙΚΚΟΥ.

**1834/5.** CNG MBS 49, 17 March 1999, lot 908 = Hauck and Aufhäuser 14, 6-7 Oct. 1998, 2.09; 6. CNG MBS 50, 23 June 2002, lot 1183, 2.16.

**1836/4. Righetti,** 3.81; 5. Righetti, 4.15. Both from same obv. die as 1836/1.



**1837/4.** Stancomb, 4.20 g, now SNG XI. *The William Stancomb Collection of Coins of the Black Sea Region* (1999), n° 894; **5. Righetti,** 4.11. The new specimen completes the obv. legend: ΚΑΙΣΑΡ.



**S3-I-1837A** AE. 15-16 mm, 3.90 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

NHPΩ KAICAP; laureate and draped bust of Nero, l., seen from rear  
TOMITΩN; Hermes standing l., nude but a mantle floating, holding purse in r. hand and caduceus in l.

**1. La Galerie Numismatique Bogdan Stambuliu Auction IX, 14 Jan. 2007, lot 322, 3.90**



**S3-I-1837B** AE. 15-16 mm, 3.36 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

NHPΩ KAICAP; laureate and draped bust of Nero, l., seen from rear  
TOMITΩN; Pan seated r. on rock, his r. arm resting on panther's skin and holding thyrsos in l. hand

**1. La Galerie Numismatique Bogdan Stambuliu Auction IX, 14 Jan. 2007, lot 323, 3.36**



### Istrus

**S-1841A** AE. 19 mm, 4.72 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

]OY KAICAPOC[ ; laureate head, r.  
Illegible; eagle attacking dolphin

**1. Private coll.**, 4.72. The coin, in a private German collection, seems to be a coin of Augustus from Istrus. Although the ethnic cannot be read, the reverse type of an eagle and dolphin is the characteristic design of coins of that city. The obverse is probably Augustus, to judge from the appearance of

the portrait, although one of his successors cannot be ruled out; 2?. Righetti, 3.43 (axis: 12). This coin has an illegible head r. on the obv., and on the rev. an eagle and dolphin l.; above, ΙΣΤΠΙ. The rev. design seems smaller than on S-1841A/1, but the portrait seems very similar.



**S2-I-1841B** 19 mm, 4.28 g (1). Axis: 6 [0]

Head of Dionysus, r.; behind, thyrsus  
Illegible; eagle l. and dolphin

**1. Righetti**, 4.28. The style and appearance of the rev. is very similar to S-1841A.



**S2-I-1841C** 21 mm, 5.39 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

Laureate head, r.  
ΙΣΤΠΙΗΝ[ ; eagle r. and dophin

**1. Righetti**, 5.39. The form of the sigma indicates a date before Antoninus Pius (AMNG 485), and the portrait has a first century look.



# THE NORTHERN BLACK SEA

---

## Kings of Bosphorus

See now N. Frolova, *Coins of the Bosphorus* (Moscow, 1997), which includes much material.

### *Asander*

We failed to take account of V.A. Anokhin, *Monetnoe delo Bospora* (1986), and see now K. Nawotka, 'Asander of the Bosphorus: his coinage and chronology', *AĴN* 3-4 (1991-2), pp. 21-48. He gives a much fuller listing, with fuller descriptions, and a discussion of chronology. There is also now N.A. Frolova, P.O. Karyskovskij and M. Delfs, 'Zur Chronologie der Herrschaft Asanders im Bosphoros', *Chiron* 23 (1993), pp. 63-81, who publish a die study and date his coinage to 49/8 BC to 21/20 BC. The chronology has also been discussed by W. Leschhorn, *AA*, pp. 44-64, 439-57, who dates the beginning of the era of Asander to 50/49 or 49/8 BC. The following points arise:

**1842** Year 4: it is arguable that Nawotka's 3a (ET Δ) is actually ET A (as *RPC* 1842), though see Nawotka pp. 31, 41. Frolova *et al.* also read ET Δ, as does Leschhorn.

**1843/2.** CNG 84, 5 May 2010, lot 576, 8.22.

**?S-1849A** ?Add year 8: accepted by Nawotka (8a) on the basis of a lead proof in NY.

**S-1851A-B** Add years 11 and 12: specimens in Tiflis with AI and with BI are illustrated by Frolova *et al.* nos. 19-20.

**S-1851C** Add year 13 (II): specimen in St Petersburg: see Nawotka 11a, Frolova *et al.* no. 21.

**S-1855A** Add year 19 (IΘ): specimen in Baku illustrated by Frolova *et al.* no. 35.

**1860** Year 25: not accepted by Nawotka.

**S-1863A** Nawotka adds a bronze coin in C (*SNG* 1604, 2.12 g) with Helios/pegasus ΒΑΣΙΛΕΩΣ ΑΣΑΝΔΡΟΥ.

### *Dynamis*

**S-1863B** There is also a gold stater of year 277 = 21/20 BC (V.A. Anokhin, *Monetnoe delo Bospora* (1986), no. 253; see K. Nawotka, 'Asander of the Bosphorus: his coinage and chronology', *AĴN* 3-4 (1991-2), p. 31.

### *Aspurgus*

**1882** Year 312 (BIT) is not accepted by Leschhorn.

**S-1883A** Add year 314 (ΔIT): see Anokhin 299.

**1903** The head of the king is diademed, not bare. A specimen of rough style (an imitation?) now in L 1995-6-5-88 (ex Thackray) 9.75.

**1903var:** as 1903, but on the reverse, the head is turned l., BI in l. field and monogram BAR in r. field: **Hirsch 214, 2001, lot 1606.**



**1904.** The head on the reverse is diademed. 3. G = M. 2, 229, 1: (Rhescuporis I) = *SNG* Glasgow 1027) has rev. Aspurgus diademed head not bare head; 15. NAC 72, Coll. P 16 May 2013, lot 1487 (ex Peus 368, 25 April 2001, lot 80).

### *Mithradates*

**S-1908A** Add year 337 (ZAT): see Anokhin 328.

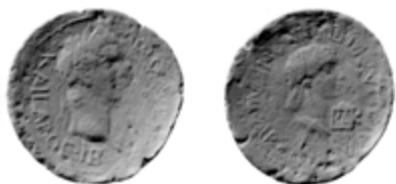
**1910** Rev has bow in case, rather than bow. Coin illustrated is 1910/7 not 1910/5.

*Cotys I*

**1924** Another example in Donovan coll.

**S-1924A** As 1925 (Claudius/Agrippina), but head r.

**1. Samsun Museum (21-1-1987).** The legend reads ΙΟΥΛΙΑΝ ΑΓΡΙΠΠΙΝΑΝ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟΣ; 2. *Nomisma Asta Numismatica* 22, 24-25/IX/2002, lot 291, 9.1; 3. Gorny and Mosch 156, 6 March 2007, lot 1717, 9.64.



**1928** Another example: P, 5.48.

**1932** Another specimen: Winsemann Falghera 625 (published incorrectly as a coin of Domitian - see R. Martini, *Homenatge al Dr L. Villaronga, AN* 21-23 (1991-2) [1993], pp. 259-66).

**1934** *Obv.* Chair with crown and sceptre = Curule chair with *wreath* and sceptre?

**Chersonesus**

The era is discussed by Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 64-72 and 457-8. He also includes coins with O, regarding it as a date.

**S2-I-1936A** AV. 19-20 mm, 7.95g (1). Axis: 12 (1). [0]

XEP; laureate head of Chersonas, l.  
Maiden standing l., with bow and arrow; to l., monogram of ΠΑΡ; above, BN

**1. Lanz 86, 18 May 1998, lot 385** (ex Giesener 90, 12-13 Oct. 1998, lot 559), 7.95. Year 52 = AD 28, during the reign of Tiberius and 19 years earlier than *RPC* I, 1937.

**Olbia**

**1946** Leschhorn, *AA* p. 77 rejects the idea of an era on the coinage of Olbia. Karyshovski, however (unpublished translation of manuscript), compares the two weight standards for the gold of Pharzoios (8.35, 7.7 g, 7.1 g, below 7 g) with the changes made to the aureus under Nero, and compares their style with bronzes of Olbia, which he regards as contemporaneous.

**1946-7** See V.A. Anokhin, *Ancient Coins from the North-western Black Sea* (Kiev, 1989) no. 340 for variants.

**Tyra**

Zograph, *Ancient Coinage* (1977), p. 176, mentioned copper coins of Augustus (with the head of Augustus on the obverse and an eagle with the inscription TYPANWN on the reverse) found at Belgorod Dniestrovski, but no illustration was provided. We failed to take account of V.A. Anokhin, *Moneti Antitchich Gorodov. Cerebro-Zapadnogo Pritchernomorja* (Kiev, 1989), where such a coin is illustrated as no. 483, but attributed to Vespasian. Given the fact that the obverse legend is KAICAPOC CEBACTO[Y], an attribution to Augustus seems more likely. There are two such coins in P, but ticketed as Severus Alexander! A third coin, also ticketed as Severus Alexander, might even provide a larger denomination of this Augustan issue (same legend, same designs, but with larger diameter and the mark of value H in the reverse field). However, V. Bârca, 'Considérations concernant les monnaies du Ier siècle ap. J.-Chr. à Tyras', *Thraco-Dacica* XX 1-2 (1999), pp. 369-382, considers that the coins with the legend KAICAPOC CEBACTOY must be attributed to Claudius I.

**S2-I-1947A** AE. 33 mm, 16.92 g (1). Axis: 6. [1]

KAICAPOC CEBACTO[Y]; laureate head of Augustus (or Claudius?), l.  
TYPANWN; eagle, with wings spread, standing to r. on palm; in field, H

**1. P 967**, 16.92.



**S2-I-1947B** AE. 25-6 mm, 13.66 g (4). Axis: 12. [2]

KAICΑPOC CEBACTO[Y]; laureate head of Augustus (or Claudius?), l.

TYPANWN; eagle, with wings spread, standing to r.

1. Anokhin 483 (pl. XXVII), 18.02; **2. Elsen auction 62, 24 June 2000**, lot 305, 12.24; 3-4. P 965-6, 14.04, 10.34.



# BITHYNIA AND PONTUS

---

For a discussion of the issues referring to Roman governors, see G. Stumpf, *Numismatische Studien zur Chronologie der Römischen Statthalter in Kleinasien* (1991). For different readings, see comments on 2092 below. Like *RPC* Stumpf did not include C. Sertorius Brocchus (see below, 2101A), proconsul of Bithynia under Claudius). For a concordance between Stumpf and *RPC*, indicating different dates and attributions, see p. ix.



## Caesarea Germanica

**2017** Th. Corsten, 'Caesarea Germanice', *Epigraphica Anatolica* 15 (1990), pp. 19-48, dates the coin of Germanicus to the reign of Hadrian, by comparing the monogram with the letters in field found on coins of Hadrian (Rec 3), and interpreting Σ as a regnal date. He also argues that the absence of a governor's name indicates a date later than Domitian. These arguments are not compelling. There are several instances of Bithynian coins without a governor's name. It is hard to believe that the Germanicus coins are Hadrianic since Hadrianic coins have the ethnic in a different case (the genitive) and with a different spelling (ΚΑΙΣΑΡΕΙΑΣ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΗΣ rather than ΚΑΙΣΑΡΗΑ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΗ). The monogram on 2017 does not seem like the letters in field on the Hadrianic Rec 3. Rec, tentatively, gave these as ΚΕ Σ, but another specimen (L 1919-4-17-58) gives a fuller form ΚΕΡΣΟ (Rec had already raised the possibility that E might be a ligature for EP). The significance of this abbreviation is unclear, unless it is an epithet of Zeus, who is depicted on both coins: see *RE* 330 sub Kersullos (Κερσουλλος). If this interpretation is correct, then the letters can have no connection with those under the city gate on 2017. But, even if a Hadrianic date is unlikely, it remains true that the date of issue is not certain.

**2017/4.** CNG MBS 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1229, 9.13.

## Cius

**2023-25** Reverse legend reads ΗΡΑΚΛΕΟΥΣ ΚΤΙΣΤΟΥ, not ΗΡΑΚΛΗΣ ΚΤΙΣΤΗΣ. The legend given correctly for 2022.

## Apamea

See also 5460.

**2001/6.** RBW, 3.70.

**2002/4.** Now RBW.

**2007corr./5. P 2013/489** (ex CNG EA 310, 4 Sept. 2013, lot 217), 9.56. The new specimen gives the exact and complete reading of the reverse legend: AVGVSTVS DIVI F COS VII IMP C DI F S C C RVE.



**2009/2.** Now Triton XI, Villemur collection, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 467.

**2010A/3.** CNG EAuction 213, 1 July 2009, lot 294, 9.81.

**2012/6** = E. Waddell list (December 1982) lot 30, 13.41.

**2013/8.** Museo Civico, Verona, 5.57 (axis: 12).

**2014/3.** Lanz stock 1990, 7.07; **4. Gorny and Mosch 125, 13 Oct. 2003, lot 310** (ex Lanz 112, 25-26 Nov. 2002, lot 317), 6.45 (obv. legend not retrograde); 5. Rauch 73, Teil I, 17-19 May 2004, lot D 445, 6.46

**2023**/3. Gorny and Mosch 118, 14-15 Mar. 2002, lot 1717, 13.54 (= NAC 72, 16 May 2013, lot 1504).

**2024**/6. Holyland Numismatics Vcoins 00701, 6.86.

### Nicaea

**2026**/18. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 468.

**2027**/4. cast in Winterthur.

**2030**/8. RBW, 5.83 (with the monograms and letter of RPC 2030/1-2)

**2031** (cf. 2065-9) J. Nicols, 'Patrons and Provinces in the early Principate: the case of Bithynia', *ZPE* 80 (1990), pp. 101-8, argues that the coins attributed by Rec to the Bithynian Koinon are all coins of Nicomedia, and points out that they would otherwise be the only cases known of provincial patrons in the early empire.

1. The unique coin in F has been published by D. Williams, *NC* 2009, p. 122 no. 58 and pl.23.

**2036**/4. Winterthur 7074, 7.16.

**2034**/2. Naville XI, Levis coll., 18 June 1925, lot 355; 3. Finarte Asta 995 [Fontana coll.], 27 Nov. 1996, lot 778, 17.08; 4. **Moruzzi Numismatica, Flavia 2007, Catalogui di vendita a prezzi netti, lot 4** (ex GNC MBS 73, 13 Sep. 2006, lot 709) (same obv. die as RPC 2034/1), 22.71. As 2074, the coin erroneously give Messalina the title Augusta.



**2038**/5. Gorny and Mosch 138, 7-8 March 2005, lot 1729, 14.00.

**S-2038A** As 2038, but reverse as 2037.

1. **Spink's Numismatic Circular May 1995 no. 2568**, 18.96.



**2039**/2. Gorny and Mosch 170, 13-14 Oct. 2008, lot 1751, 9.61.

**2046**/9. Amsterdam, 3.83.

**2049**/7. **Museo Archeologico di Bergamo** (N. Vismara and R. Martini, *Notizie Archeologiche Bergomensi* 5, 1997, p. 242, no. 16), 5.27 g (the altar seems to be inscribed with KA).



**2050**/5. Gitbud and Naumann Vcoins 11105, 27.00.

**2051** C. Howgego (*JRS* 1993, p. 202) suggests that the erasure of the legend makes it more likely that this is a coin of Tarquitiu Priscus, for whom erased coins are known.

**2052** Ligature line over NEIKA omitted; 5. Leu 54 (1992) lot 228, 12.78 (ΣΕΒΑΣ) = Peus 410, 31 Oct. – 1 Nov. 2013, lot 671; 6. CGB Monnaies 55, 17 Oct. 2012, lot 122, 13.49 (ΣΕΒΑΣ).

**S2-I-2052A** AE. 29 mm. [0]

N[ ] ΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤ[ ] ΜΑΝΙΚΟΣ; laureate head of Nero, l.  
ΕΠΙ ΑΤΤΙΟΥ ΛΑΚΩΝΟΣ ΑΝΘΥΠΠΑΤΟΥ ΝΕΙΚΑΙΕΩΝ; cista bearing capricorn with globe, cornucopia with wreath and thyrsus

1. Gotha (cast in Winterthur). Same size and designs as 2057 (Tarquitiu Priscus).

**2053**/8. Yale (ex PRF), 4.85.

**2056** Another specimen with partly erased inscription: Kovacs coll. (22.32 g, axis: 12).

**S3-I-2056A** AE. 30-32 mm, 26.32 g (1). Axis 12 (1) [0]

[ ] ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; laureate head of Nero, r.  
Ε Μ ΤΑΡΚΥΙΤΙΟΥ ΠΡΕΙΣΚΟΥ ΠΑΤΡΩΝΟΣ ΑΝΘ; NEIK in field, r.; goddess standing l., holding patera? over lighted altar? and cornucopia in l.

1. **Vincens coll.**, 26.32.

**Nicomedia**



**2057/3.** Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1056; 5. Gorny and Mosch 138, 7-8 March 2005, lot 1730, 9.56. For a specimen with an erased reverse inscription, see Vecchi I (February 1996) lot 845, 13.34 g.

**S-2057A** AE. 27 mm. 10.92 g (2) [0]

ΝΕΡΩΝ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΑΓΡΙΠΠΙ[ΠΙΝΑ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗ]; laureate head of Nero and draped bust of Agrippina II, jugate, l. ΕΠΙ Μ ΤΑΡΚΥΙΤΙΟ[Υ ΠΡΕΙΣΚΟΥ ΠΑΤΡ] ΩΝΟΣ ΑΝ; cista inscribed ΝΕΙΚ[ bearing capricorn with globe, cornucopia with wreath and thyrsus

**1. Malloy 40 (1995) lot 316** (corrected) = H.J. Berk 162nd BBS, 15 Jan 2009, lot 233, 10.85; **2 Kovacs**, 10.99 (catalogued by error under **S2-I-2057A**).



2057A/1



2057A/2

**2058** Add G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 224, 3.25. Reverse legend scraped off (see comment on S2-I-2057A).

**2060/3.** Münz Zentrum 91 (1997) lot 178, 10.1. This coin allows a fuller reading of the obverse legend: ΝΕΡΩΝΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙ. The reverse legend too has a fully legible legend; curiously the *sigmas* are both retrograde (Pop-paea is seated l.).

**2065-69** See above, on 2031.

**2062/4.** Now Yale (ex PRF).

**2065corr./3. Weigel coll.**, 8.56. The new specimen confirms the obverse legend and shows that Claudius's head is laureate, not bare.



**S-2068A** AE. 24 mm, 9.87 g (1). Axis: 1. [0]

[ΤΙ ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ] ΣΕΒ ΓΕΡ ΑΥΤΟΚ ΜΕΓ; laureate head of Claudius, l. ΕΠΙ Α ΜΙΝΔΙ[ΟΥ ΠΟΛΛΙΩΝΟΣ Α] ΝΘΥΠΙΑΤΟΥ Π; as 2068 (head of Zeus, r.)

**1. Tübingen SNG 2172**, 9.87 (see *RPC I*, plate 195, 2068A).



**S3-I-2072A** AE. 20 mm

ΤΙ ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΣΕΒ[ ] Π Π; bare head l. ΕΠΙ Α ΜΙΝΔΙΟ[Υ ΠΟΛΛΙΩΝΟΣ] ΑΝ; dolphin r.

**1. Kovacs.**



**2073/3.** CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 980, 10.59 (8h) = NAC 64, 17-18 May 2012, lot 2487.

**2074/4** Peus 400, 22 April 2010, lot 322, 11.74

2076/3. Lanz 153, 12 Dec. 2011, lot 394, 27.64.

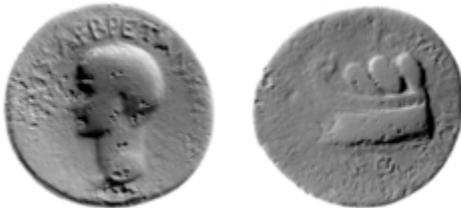
2077/3. Now Winterthur 6715.

**S3-I-2077A** AE. 27-28 mm, 10.70 g. Axis: 11 (1) [0]

[ ] ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΒΡΕΤΑΝ[ ]; bare head of Britannicus, l.

As 2077

**1. Private coll.**, 10.70. Reinach's annotated copy of Rec had recorded a variety with head l., but had given no source.



**2079** The obv. legend on *SNG* Bern 658 is certainly ΤΙ ΚΛΑΥΔ[ ] ΕΙΚΗ, suggesting that the correct reading is ΤΙ ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΥ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ ΝΕΙΚΗ: see commentary in *RPC*.

**2080/4** Delete '(Nicomedia)'.

**2081** Specimen in Museo Civico, Verona (4.70; axis: 6).

**2083/3**. Weiss (cast in Winterthur).

**S2-I-2083A** AE. 35-36 mm, 26.85 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

[ ] ΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡΜ; laureate head of Nero, l.

ΝΕΙΚΟΜΗΑΕ; Nero on horseback, r., followed by a soldier on horseback.

**1. Gorny and Mosch 134, 11-12 Oct. 2004, lot 1930**, 26.85.

Countermark: ΓΑΛ (*GIC*- cf. 525-6). This is a sestertius size coin from Nicomedia belonging to the group from Bithynia copying bronze coins from the mint of Rome (see *RPC* 2060-1, 2084 and 2103-4).



**S3-I-2083B** AE. 35 mm, 25.10 g (1). Axis: 1 (1) [0]

[ ] ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ [ ]; laureate head of Nero, r.

ΝΕΙΚΟΜΗΔΗΩΝ; Emperor on horseback r., holding spear; behind, soldier advancing r.; before, soldier advancing r.

**1. CNG 72, 14 June 2006, lot 1153**, 25.10 (axis: 1; cmk: *GIC* 527 on the obv.). Another sestertius size coin from Nicomedia belonging to the group from Bithynia copying bronze coins from the mint of Rome (see *S2-I-2083A* for a similar reverse type, but with the head of Nero, l.).



**S2-I-2086A** AE. 19 mm, 4.87 g (1). Axis: 6 [0]

ΝΕΡΩΝ ΚΑ[ ] ΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙ;

bare head, l.

As 2086

**1. Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1981.74.236 (H.B. Wells coll.)**, 4.87.



### Heraclea

**2092** The correct reading of the reverse legend is ΕΠΙ ΤΙ ΑΤΤΙΟΥ ..., as given by G. Stumpf, *Numismatische Studien zur Chronologie der Römischen Statthalter in Kleinasien* (1991), no. 295. As a result we know that the proconsul's praenomen was Tiberius.

**S-2092A** AE. 20-21 mm, 4.23 g (2). Axis: var. [0]

ΝΕ ΚΛΑΥΔΙΩ [ ] ΕΒΑΣΤΩ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙ;

laureate head of Claudius, r.

[ ] ΑΑΚΩΝΟΣ ΑΝΘΥΠΙΑΤΟΥ[ ]; Artemis running r. with torch

**1. BCD** (from Thessaly), 3.92; **2. Weigel coll.**, 4.54. Despite the provenance of 1, the

name of the *proconsul* makes the attribution to Bithynia certain. An attribution to Heraclea seems likely in view of the use of the dative and the ligature for NE on the obverse, both of which are characteristic of Heraclea.



2092A/1



2092A/2

**2093/2.** Now SNG Stancomb 1068.

### Uncertain of Bithynia

**2097/5.** Now Gorny and Mosch 104, 9-10 Oct. 2000, lot 661; 6. CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 780, 17.22; 7. NAC 72, 16-17 May 2013, lot 1428, 19.92.

**2099 corr.** The obv. legend ends with KAICAP. Specimen **2099/5** is illustrated.



**2099/7.** M. Arslan, 'Bithynia Bölgesi Şehir Sikkeleri', *Anadolu Medeniyetleri Müzesi 1996* (Ankara, 1997), p. 133 no. 71 with pl.VI.71, 10.48 g. The coin has two countermarks (no other specimen is countermarked); once with eagle facing, wings open, head r. (*GIC* -) and once with another countermark, probably the same one eagle. The countermark is similar to *GIC* 343, though that is found from the eastern *limes* (cf. C.J. Howgego, 'The XII Fulminata: countermarks, emblems and movements under Trajan or Hadrian', in (ed) S. Mitchell, *Armies and frontiers in Roman and Byzantine Anatolia* (BAR 156, Oxford, 1983, pp. 41-6).

**2100** A further specimen has been published by T.

Gökyıldırım (*Annotazioni Numismatiche* 11, 1993, pp. 223-6) from excavations at Maltepe near Istanbul. He interprets the coin as a piece of Perinthus (reading the monogram as a monogram of Perinthus) and interprets the reverse as Agrippina I (presumably wrongly as she was never *augusta*). The attribution to Perinthus is possible, as Perinthian coins are very similar to those from Bithynia, but by no means certain: the absence of an ethnic and the use of a monogram are more characteristic of Bithynia.

**2100/4** Now Donovan coll.; 5. Gotha (cast in Winterthur incerta).

**S-2101A** AE. 39 mm, 29.49 g (1). Axis: 12. [ 1 ]

[ΤΙ ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ Κ]ΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟΣ; laureate head of Claudius, l. ΕΠΙ Γ ΣΕΡΤΩΡΙΟΥ ΒΡΟΚΧΟΥ ΑΝΘΥΠΑΤΟΥ; Zeus seated on throne to r., holding sceptre; below feet, uncertain object; to r., same monogram as on 2101.

**1. P (Pergamum) 1205** = Mi 2.596.549, 29.49. This coin, dismissed on p. 402 of *RPC*, does exist in P (among large coins). Neither it nor 2101 belong to Pergamum, where they were attributed because of the monogram. They are, for example, the wrong size and weight for coins of Pergamum, but their metrology, style, long obverse legends and use of a proconsul's name fit very well in Bithynia. The proconsul is otherwise unknown, and is not mentioned by B. Thomasson, *Laterculi Praesidum*, B. Rémy, *Les Fastes Sénatoriaux* or G. Stumpf, *Numismatische Studien zur Chronologie der Römischen Statthalter in Kleinasien* (1991); Mionnet's entry is cited in *PIR* (1st ed.) no. 394, with the comment that the attribution to Pergamum is implausible. The associated issue of Agrippina places his governorship in the last five years of Claudius's reign. The mint is uncertain, since a seated figure of Zeus is un-specific and occurs elsewhere in Bithynia (e.g. Heraclea 2094; Uncertain 2098). The style is not the same as at other Bithynian mints such as Nicaea or Nicomedia. As noted in *RPC*, the monogram seems to include the letters E, Y, Π and P. Its resolution is not clear, though it could be compared with that on coins of Caesarea (2017). The coin has now been published by A. Burnett, 'Two missing governors', in *Character. Apheroma ste Mando Oeconomidou* (Athens, 1996), pp. 61-2.

**2104/1.** Now Peus 366, 25 Oct. 2000, lot 567.



**Amastris**

The era is discussed by Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 162-69 and 479-80 (cf. C. Marek, 'Katalog der Inschriften im Museum von Amasra. Mit Anhang: Die Inschriften von Amastris und die angebliche Pompeianische Ära der Stadt', *EA* 6 (1985), pp. 133-54). He plausibly rejects a Pompeian era in favour of Lucullan one, beginning in 71/0 BC, and giving the following dates:

<b>2105a</b>	32	40/39 BC
<b>2105b</b>	33	39/8
<b>2106a</b>	40	32/1
<b>2106b</b>	43	29/8 BC.

**Sinope**

The dates and era have been discussed by Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 150-62 and 475-79 (he begins the era in 45 BC). For a supposed coin of Agrippina (Hahn, *Frauen* p. 339 no. 127), see on Philadelphia.

A list of relevant material in Sinop Museum has been provided by John Casey (19.4.1991).

**2107/4-6.** Sinope (J. Casey, *Sinope. A Catalogue of Greek, Roman and Byzantine Coins in Sinop Museum (Turkey) and Related Historical and Numismatic Studies* (London, 2010), p. 27 nos. 294-6), 9.78, 7.54, 17.21.

**2108/2. Sinop 6-3-72.** Same dies as the only other specimen (in Berlin); confirms the attribution to Sinope. See now Casey, p. 27 no. 297, 5.86.



**2109/4.** Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1983.56.16 (H.B. Wells coll.), 14.90.

**2110/2. Sinop 5-2-73.** First available specimen; the portrait looks like Antony. The date is read as XVIII by Casey, p. 27 no. 300, but the X is not clear on the illustration.



**2111/2.** Now RBW; 3-4. Casey, p. 27 nos. 298-9; 3. Sinop 7-1-87; **4. RBW coll.**, 13.67.



**2112/5-6.** Casey, p. 28 nos. 301-2; 7. Triton XI, Ville-mur collection, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 464 (ex Aufhäuser 6, 5 Oct. 1989, lot 95), 6.26; 8. *SNG Stancomb* 1058, 6.10.

**2114/2.** Now NY 2008.24.4 (ex Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 465).

**2115/5-6.** Sinop 6-4-72, 5-5-72 (same dies?).

**2116/4-5.** Casey, p. 28 nos. 305-6

**2118/14-15.** Casey, p. 28 nos. 307-8.

**2120/5.** Sinop 8-78-74; 6. Amsterdam, 7.51.

**2121/2.** Sinop 7-13-71 (different reverse die from the specimen in C; both dies read year XXXVII, so they are both mistakes for [L]XXXVII, presumably); 3. Samsun Museum (8-3-1984); 4. Amsterdam, 5.80.

**2122/5-7.** Casey, p. 28 nos. 310-2.

**2123/3.** Sinop 24-6-80. Different dies from the only other specimen; different portraits.

**2124** Reverse type may be an altar rather than a vase.

**S3-I-2125A** AE. 30-33 mm, 20.95 g (1). Axis: 5 (1) [0]

DIVO AVGVSTO EX DD; laureate head of Divus Augustus, l; in l. field, thunderbolt. AVG [ ] C I F AN LXIII; male figure standing l., holding patera over altar

**1. J. Aiello coll.**, 20.95. This coin is dated year 64 = AD 18/19 and represents the largest denomination struck in AD 18/19 under Tiberius. A type for Tiberius might be expected. It is interesting to note that this denomination is similar to the coins of Divo Augusto under Nero (*RPC* 2136 and 2141).



**2127/2. Sinop 16-1-80.** Same dies as the only previously known example of Drusus (less clear, in C). Casey, p. 29 no. 313.



**2129/14-18.** Casey, p. 29 nos. 314-8.

**2130/1.** Now UBS 78, 9-10 Sep. 2008, lot 1466, 11.34; 2-3. Casey, p. 29 nos. 319-20; 4. MM Deutschland and Nomos Auktion 12, 11 Apr. 2003, lot 156 (ex Auctioes 10, 12-13 June 1979, lot 170), 12.73. Messalina is misspelled MESSALLINA. She is probably given the title AVGVSTA, in error (but it is not really visible on any specimen, including 1 (Augusti cannot be ruled out).

**2131/2.** Casey, p. 29 no. 321.

**2132/4.** Sinop 7-19-71. Casey, p. 29 no. 322.

**2134/2.** Now CNG MBS 76/1, Wagner collection, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1054.

**2135/4.** CNG MBS 81, 20 May 2009, lot 772, 7.43; 5. Nemesis Optimo accessed via [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) on 17 July 2009, 6.50.

**2137/8.** H. J. Berk, accessed via [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) on 13 July 2009, 6.13; 9-10. Casey, p. 29 no. 324.

**2138/2.** Casey, p. 30 no. 325.

**2139/4** Sinop 7-33-71. Same dies as *RPC* 2139/3. Casey, p. 30 no. 326.

**S-2139A** As 2139, but Octavia r.

### 1. Sinop 5-4-72.



**2141/2.** O (formerly under Orthosia), 13.98. Both the obverse and reverse legends on 2 are illegible.

**2142/3.** Casey, p. 29 no. 323.

### Amisus

For a discussion of the era, see Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 106-15 and 463-5.

**2143/6.** CNG 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 841, 22.36.

**2144/8-9.** *SNG* Stancomb 1042-3, 19.55, 12.73.

**2145/3.** Künker 83, 17 June 2003, lot 664, 12.22.

**2146/1.** This coin (Rec 50a = pl G.11) is housed in P 1176, under Pius, 2.93. The obv. design and legend are obscure; the reverse reads AMICHN[?QN] ET OY[C] ]. V. Heuchert informs us that the form of the A with a dropped bar would be unusual for the Antonine period, as would the form of the ethnic. On the other hand the A-form does not occur in the Julio-Claudian or Flavian periods, and during the first century we always have Σ rather than C. Perhaps a date early in the second century is possible. The question will be resolved when a specimen turns up with a clear date.

**2148/8.** NAC 72, 16-17 May 2013, lot 1419, 4.90.

**2149** There is a specimen in Sinop Museum (accession no. 33-3-80: information from John Casey).

**2150/6.** Now *SNG Stancomb* 1044.

### Uncertain of Pontus

**2155** G. Stumpf, *Numismatische Studien zur Chronologie der Römischen Statthalter in Kleinasien* (1991), no. 138 suggests a new reading for the obverse: PO[NT] PRO[C]OS.

**2156/ 5.** Now RBW (ex CNG EAuction 188, 28 May 2008, lot 204); 7. Now RBW, 7.64; 10. P (Gangra) 1431; 11. RBW ex G Hirsch 187 (19.9.1995) lot 389, 7.63.

**Comana**

Leschhorn, *AA* p. 124 agrees with the dating of the era to 34/5.

**S-2156A** As 2157, but A = year 1 = AD 34/5

**1. P 2013/31** (ex CNG 35, 20.9.95, lot 249),  
7.16 (axis: 12).



# ASIA

For a new discussion of the issues referring to Roman governors, see G. Stumpf, *Studien zur Chronologie der Römischen Statthalter in Kleinasien* (1991). Stumpf does not discuss *RPC* 2268, 2623 and 2887. For a concordance between Stumpf and *RPC*, indicating different dates and attributions, see Introduction, p. ix.

**p.366** bottom of left hand column: add ‘governor’ to read ‘... identification with a governor (rather than a local ...’

## Cistophori

**2201-2** See R.A. Fischer, *Fulvia und Octavia* (Berlin, 1999), pp. 173-81.

## Atratinus

**S-2226A** Bronze. 19 mm, 4.39 g (1). Axis: 6 (1). [0]

Beardless laureate head of Janus  
ANT AVG; prow r. with lituus above

**1. RBW**, 4.39. Neutron absorption analysis: Cu: 93.55, Sn 5.68. The style and typology of the coin make it likely that it is related to the series struck by Atratinus in 40/39 BC (*RPC* I, 2226). The lituus recalls Atratinus’ election to the augurate. It is perhaps a fraction of 2226.



## CA coinage

**2231.** Analysis of a certain number of specimens by XRF (R. Martini, ‘Monetazione bronzea orientale di Augustus tra emissioni imperiali, coniazioni provinciali. E produzioni locali: i ‘sesterzi’ della Lycia ed i ‘Dupondi?’ della serie AVGV/STVS (Asia Minor) alla luce di

nuove analisi metallografiche’, in O. Tekin ed, *Ancient History, Numismatics and Epigraphy in the Mediterranean World. Studies in memory of Clemens E. Bosch and Sabahat Atlan and in honour of Nezahat Baydur* (Istanbul, 2009), pp. 231-245, provide various results, which leads Martini to propose different groups:

- group A: Cu: 99,8% (pure copper);
- group B: Cu: 89-90%; Zn: 9-10% (brass);
- group C: Cu: 90%; Sn: 7%; Pb: 2% (bronze)
- group D: Cu: 90-91%; Sn: 8-9% (bronze)

**2233/19-21.** Afyon museum 4301, 330 from Dinar, 331 from Afyon, 23.7, 25.34, 25.85.

**2234** Another specimen in Stuttgart, MK 1998/89, 12.87.

**2235/23-24.** Afyon museum 6268, 922, 10.55, 8.55; 25-28. Beirut excavations (K. Butcher, *Small Change in Ancient Beirut* (2001-2002), nos 482-5, where they are attributed to Antioch).

One specimen analysed by XRF (R. Martini, *loc.cit.*) is assigned to group C: Cu: 88%; Sn: 8%; Pb: 3%.

## Miletopolis

**2237/3.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 471, 5.50; 5. Giessener 90, 12-13 Oct. 1998, lot 590, 8.89 (with owl cmk.).

## Cyzicus

**2239-51** See now F. Jodin, ‘Portraits impériaux et dénominations à Cyzique: d’Auguste à Hadrien’, *RN* 154, 1999, pp. 121-43.

**2240** Add ‘all within wreath’ to reverse description; vA 1245 and 7356 are two more examples, requiring an alteration of the average weight to 4.92 g (5).

**2241** For another example, see Lindgren 226.

**2242** Delete this entry, mistakenly taken over from von Fritze. It is actually a coin of Mytilene, as BMC 146, Cop 400.

**2245.** The four specimens found in the excavations at Cyzicus now finally confirm the attribution to Cyzicus (H. Köker, *NC* 2007, p. 306 nos. 4-7: one with *cmk* of an oinochoe on the obv.).

**2246/9.** Righetti, 2.05. 10. CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1059, 1.82.

**2247/6.** Righetti, 2.00.

**2248** Another example in Donovan coll.

### Poemanenum

*SVG* Leypold 440 includes a coin of Caligula from Poemanenum. Although the reverse reading given in the text [ ]MAXIM is altered to ...MANH... on the errata slip in the book, a reading MAXIM is quite possible, and raises the possibility that it is the bronze core of a plated denarius, and the letters read as ΓΑΙΟΒ... AV[ ] could as well be the Latin TI CAES[AR DIVI] AV[G F etc].

**2252** For a discussion of the localisation, inscriptions and coinage of Poemanenum, see now F.-M. Kaufmann and J. Stauber, 'Poemanenon bei Eski Manyas? Zeugnisse und Lokalisierung einer kaum bekannten Stadt', *Studien zum antiken Kleinasien II* (1992), pp. 43-85.

### Parium

On the epithet Gemella/Gemina, see U. Laffi, 'Le colonie romane con l'appellativo Gemella o Gemina', in U. Laffi, F. Printera and B. Vergilio ed, *Artissimum memoriae vinculum. Scritti di geografia storica e di antichità in ricordo di Gioia Conta* (Firenze, 2004), pp. 238-40.

**S3-I-2253A.** AE. 32 mm, 17.16 g (1). Axis: 3 [0]

C I P P E X D D; female head wearing stephane, r.; in field, r. II

[ ] P O B L I C I P M V C I I I I V I R I D Q V I N Q;  
founder ploughing with two oxen, r.

**1. RBW** (ex CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 783), 17.16.

This new and extraordinary coin might commemorate the foundation of the colony. The name [ ] Pobllici(us) is new but P. Muci(us) is presumably the same man as Muc who is named as one of the IIIIVIR on *RPC* 2253-4. The formula IIIIVIR I(ure) D(icundo) is the same. What is new is QVINQ(uennales). The name of the

colony C I P P must stand for Colonia Iulia Pia Pariana, Pia being appropriate for a colony founded by Caesar. The absence of G (Gemella or Gemina) is curious, but II must be some reference to Gemella/Gemina.



**2254/6.** RBW, 2.69; 7. RBW, 2.72.

**2255/6.** RBW, 6.32.

**2256/** 4. The correct weight is 4.12; 5. RBW (ex MM Deutschland 15, Righetti collection, 21 Nov. 2004, lot 524), 5.19; 6. RBW, 7.51; 7. RBW, 6.30; 8. CNG EA 310, 4 Sept. 2013, lot 219, 4.32.

**2257corr.:** No specimen was known except for the one cited by I-B, *MG* 251, n° 124, quoted from Sestini, *Lett. num.* III, p. 21, n° 1 and pl. I, 7. In fact, the description of the drawing of the coin on pl. I, 7 is as follows: CGPI (not CGIP); plough; beneath, ear of corn T ANICIO C MATVINO AED in three lines. The RBW collection has now 2 coins corresponding to that description: **1. 5.40**; 2. 4.27 (now P 2013/490).



**2259/17.** Now RBW.

**2260/12** = Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 723; 15-16. RBW, 14.27, 12.61.

**2261/2.** P 2013/491, 8.50; 3. RBW, 7.83 (MN.ACILII IVIR).

**2262/9.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 472; 13-15. RBW, 9.16, 8.48, 6.70.

**2264/6.** Now Jacquier Katalog 20 (Herbst 1997) lot 313, 2.46 g.

**2266/2.** The correct reading of the obverse does seem to be CLAV F (as given by Madonald Uncertain 67). Could it be a separate issue?

**2267/3.** CNG 64, 24 Sep. 2003, lot 601(ex Lanz 109, 27 May 2002, lot 334), 8.60.

### Lampsacus

**2268/3** (G) is *M.* 3, 738, 60 (pl. 102.26) (uncertain) = *SNG* Glasgow 1235, not G uncertain 59, as cited; 15. RBW (ex Lanz 82, 24 Nov. 1997, lot 248), 6.80; 16. RBW (ex Hirsch 236, 23 Sep. 2004, lot 2123), 8.00.

Countermark: cornucopia between C C on the obv. of 15.

**2269/ 6.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 470; 8. Lanz 88 (Benz), 23 Nov. 1998, lot 792.

**2271/2.** RBW (ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 10, 5 Oct. 1993, lot 329), 5.68; 3. RBW (ex MM Deutschland 15, Righetti collection, 21 Nov. 2004, lot 513), 7.41.

**2272/2.** RBW, 4.19 (not 4.11); 3. RBW, 4.26.

**2273/3.** Tom Vossen VCoins, 4.23 (cmk on the obv.); 4. A. McCabe coll., 4.30; 5. RBW (ex CNG EA 246, 15 Dec. 2010, lot 211), 4.19; 6. P 2013/492, 3.94.

**2276/6.** CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1061, 2.49.

**2278** Countermark is uncertain.

**2278/14.** Winterthur 6332, 3.12.

**2279** Uncertain object is perhaps bunch of grapes (on side).

### Abydus

**S2-I-2285A** AE. 12 mm, 1.90 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

CEBACTOY; bare head of Augustus, r.; to r., star

ABY; eagle, r.

**1. Munthandel G. Henzen lijst 161, 2005, lot 279,** 1.90



**2289** may well be the same as 2288. For an example from Erdek (= Cyzicus), see A.T. Tek and M. Arslan,

in (ed) R. Ashton, *Studies in Ancient Coinage from Turkey* (London, 1996), p. 21 no. 52: '[AB]YΔH (no N., *pace RPC*)'

### Ilium

**2302-3** Countermarks on 2303 are *GIC* 362 and 368; those on 2302 are probably the same.

**2305** or **2307** Add Cop. 384, 2.21 (but a different monogram).

**2314corr.** Small figure to r. field of reverse.

### Gargara

**S2-I-2324A** AE. 19 mm, 4.42 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

ΣEB; laureate head, r.

ΓΑΠΓ; bull, butting, r.

**1. L 2000-3-35-1,** 4.42. No coins have previously been recorded for the Julio-Claudian period for Gargara, the earliest imperial issue otherwise being for Vespasian (*RPC* II, 901). The head is presumably Augustus. Coins of Augustus are mentioned by Head and BMC (p. xxxviii), but not actually attested before this.

Cmk: incuse R (?) (*GIC* -). A Latin letter would be a bit unexpected, so perhaps B is a possibility. KM 39, 7 mentions a K on its side 'im Felde eingeritzt' for a coin of Vespasian, omitted in error for *RPC* II, 901/2, but visible on the illustration at the top of the reverse.



### Scepsis

**p. 293-4** Refer to omission of vA 7652 (capricorn r. with globe/tree).

**2325/2. RBW,** 3.40 g. RBW comments 'Interestingly, the obv. die is the same as the Berlin specimen illustrated in *RPC*, but the legend features Σs, rather than Cs (presumably strengthening the attribution to Augustus rather than Tiberius)': the obv. legend must be read as ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ, not CEBACTOC.



**2329** Capricorn (with cornucopia?).

### Adramyteum

**2330-32** See now J. Stauber, *Die Bucht von Adramytteion* (Bonn, 1996), pp. 183-241 for a full treatment of the coinage of Adramyteum. Stauber 161 = *RPC* 2331; 162 = *RPC* 2330; 164 = *RPC* 2332.

**2332corr./3.** Plankenhorn. ΓΕΣΣΙΟΣ is legible on the reverse, confirming the attribution to Augustus, and bringing the coin into relation with 2330-31. As noted in *RPC* I, p. 394, the portrait on 2332 seems different from that on 2330-31; unless it is just an aberrant die, then it was probably made at a different time showing that Gessios signed coins on more than one occasion.

**S-2332A** AE, 18 mm, 4.06 g (1). [0]

Stauber 163

ΣΕ[ ]; bare head (of Augustus?), l.  
Laureate head of Zeus, l.

**1. Plankenhorn**, 4.06. Stauber comments: 'Einteilung aufgrund der kaum erhaltenen Legenden und des Porträts bleiben fraglich; das Rs.-Bild ist dem vorhergehenden (*RPC* I 2330) sehr ähnlich. Nach Angaben des Vorbesitzers soll das Stück ursprünglich aus Edremit stammen.'



**S-2332B** AE, 19 mm, 4.47 g (1). [0]

Stauber 118

ΘΕΑΝ ΡΩΜΗΝ [ ]ΦΥ ΠΡ ΑΔΡΑΜ; turreted bust of Roma, r.  
ΘΕΟΝ ΣΥΝΚΛΗΤΟΝ ΣΤΡΑ ΑΦΦΙΑ(ΝΟΥ); draped bust of Senate, r.

**1. Münz Zentrum 74 (1992) lot 206**, 4.47. Stauber quotes the dating of the coin 'Frühe kaiserzeit, wohl augusteisch' and makes the

comparisons with the similar coins of Pergamum and Perperene (*RPC* I, 2373-78 and 2350), which perhaps suggest slightly later date, in the mid first century. It is not clear what the additional letters on the obverse might stand for.



### Eresus

**2336/2.** Münz Zentrum-Rheinland 143, 16-17 April 2008, lot 325, 4.18

### Mytilene

**2343** Another specimen from the Canadian excavations at Mytilene (*Echos du Monde Classique/Classical Views* 1991, 175-6).

**2345** Specimen with cmk. of terminal figure of Dionysus on prow (*GIC* 248), which otherwise occurs on Mytilenian coins of the Flavian period: Hudson coll., 4.56. Wrongly under Divus Augustus in index 2.1.

**S2-I-2332C** AE, 20 mm, 5.59 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ; bare head, with drapery (of Augustus?), r.  
Helmeted head of Athena, r.; monogram ΑΔΡ, l.; legend (?), r.

1. Hoyland coll., 5.59. For the obv., see S1, 2332A; for the rev., see *RPC* I, 2332. The portrait does not look like Augustus.

**2348/9.** Hanscotte (Hess 1967), 4.26 (cast in Winterthur).

### Perperene

The coinage of Perperene has now been listed by M.B Barth and J. Stauber, 'Die Münzen von Perperene', *Epigraphica Anatolica* 23 (1994), pp. 59-82; and also J. Stauber, *Die Bucht von Adramytteion* (Bonn, 1996), pp. 308-24, which uses the same catalogue numbers as Barth/Stauber. Barth and Stauber add some further specimens. The description of the head of Nero on 2353A (*RPC* I, p. 722) should be corrected to 'bareheaded'. Their

no. 13 probably belongs to the Julio-Claudian period: it is a coin in the Weber coll. (5235) with ΘΕΑΝ ΡΩΜΗΝ bust of Roma, r./ΠΕΡΠΕΡΗΝΙΩΝ bunch of grapes; it has a reversed N as on *RPC* 2350, and is probably a smaller denomination (2.26 g) (though it was assigned to the reign of Domitian by Forrer in the Weber catalogue).

RPC	Barth/Stauber
2350	12
2350	13-14
2351	25
2352	26
2353	27

**S-2353A** AE. 19 mm, 4.46 g (2). Axis: 12 (1). [0]

Barth/Stauber 28

ΝΕΡΩΝ ΚΑΙCΑΡ CΕBΑCΤΟC; bare head of Nero, r.  
ΠΕΡΠΕΡΗΝΙΩΝ; bunch of grapes with vine-leaf

**1. Tübingen SNG 2492**, 3.72 (see *RPC* I, plate 195, 2353A); 2. Amsterdam, 5.20; 3. G. Terzian coll., 5.42. The head was mistakenly described as laureate on *RPC* I, p. 722.



### Pergamum

Hahn, *Frauen* p. 328 no. 62 seems to accept the authenticity of the coin in L (BMC 250) with Gaius and Lucius, but see *RPC* I, p. 401.

**p. 398** The attribution of the anonymous issues is confirmed by the recent excavation and stray finds from Pergamum (see H. Voegtli, *Die Fundmünzen aus der Stadtgrabung von Pergamon* (1993), pp. 29, 83, 31 and 44):

Roma/Senate 47 in excavations and 17 stray (unfortunately, the different varieties are not differentiated)

Drusus/Germanicus 4 in excavations

Nero/Britannicus ('uncertain') 1 in excavations.

There are also 2 specimens of 2374 and 1 of 2375 in Afyon museum (6061, 6093, 4960), the last found at Gebceler village near Afyon.

**2354/1** has an altar rather than an owl.

**2361/1**. Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1063.

**2362** See U. Kampmann, *Die Homonoia-Verbindungen der Stadt Pergamon* (Saarbrücker Studien zur Archäologie und Alten Geschichte 9, Saarbrücken, 1996), pp. 14-17 and 118-9 nos. 104-24; Franke-Nollé pp. 152-5, nos. 1467-1508 (more specimens).

**2365** Specimen in Fethiye museum, no. 726 (information from R. Ashton).

**2367/17**. Winterthur 6917.

**S3-I-2370A** AE. 18 mm, 5.20 g (1).

ΚΛ[ΑΥΔΙΟΝ ΚΑΙCΑΡΑ C]ΕBΑCΤΟΝ; bare head of Claudius, r.  
ΘΕΟΝ CΕBΑCΤΟΝ ΔΙΟΓΕΝΗC CΤΡΑΘΗΓΩΝ; temple with four columns enclosing statue of Augustus.

**1. CNG EA 68, 9 July 2003, lot 150**, 5.20. The attribution to Pergamum is plausible, in terms of style, designs and epigraphy (including the use of the accusative case). The magistrate is not otherwise recorded for Pergamum, and it is the first use of the name of a strategos on the coinage of Pergamum, the magistracy which became the standard one used on the coinage of the city from the Flavian period onwards. Until this coin, no magistrate had been recorded for Claudius. CNG suggested that it was a commemorative issue struck under Domitian, because of the appearance of a strategos; but this seems implausible, and an attribution to Claudius seems simpler.



**2373-78**. For two groups of excavation coins from two different sites from near Pergamum see A. Yaraş and D.S. Linger, *JC* 2009, 402 (16 coins), and 405 (6 coins).

**2374** For countermark, see *GIC* 644.

### Germe

The coin classified as a coin of Claudius from Germe in *SNG* Bern 710 is, in fact, of Titus.

**Thyatira**

**2381/26. G Rohde** VCoins 10029 (with cmk = GIC 641).



**2383/7.** Now CNG EA 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 72.

**Hierocaesarea**

**S-2384A** AE. 19 mm, 5.35 g (1). [0]

NEPWN KΛAYΔIIOC KAICAP CEBACTOC;  
draped bust of Nero, r.  
IEPOKECAPEWN; Artemis pulling down  
stag by horns

**1. Lindgren III, 471**, 5.35 = Berk 170<sup>th</sup> BBS, 29 July 2010, lot 506. A hybrid of 2384 with 2388 (though different spelling of ethnic). Not the same dies, as stated in Berk's catalogue, but the same coin, with a much better illustration.



**S3-I-2385A** AE. 18 mm, 4.62 g. Axis: 12 [0]

NEPWN KΛAYΔIIOC KAICAP CEBACTOC;  
draped bust, r.  
IEPOKAICAPCWN EΠI KAPIITWNOC; Ar-  
temis standing r. with stag behind.

**1. Goddard coll. G297**, 4.62. Appears to be a new but feasible type, with bust of Nero (as *RPC* I, 2384/5) and reverse as that previously known only for Agrippina II (*RPC* I, 2388).



**2388A/2** Bern (B. Kapossy, *Römische Provinzialmünzen aus Kleinasien in Bern* (Milan, 1995) no. 44), 5.02.

**Pitane**

**2392/8.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 476. Countermark is GIC 70.

**2395/2.** L 1999-3-8-1, 3.20.

**S3-1-2395A** AE. 19 mm, 4.30 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΘEAN ΡΩ-MHN; turreted head of Roma, l.  
EΠI Γ ΦΟΥΡΙΟΥ ΠΙΤΑ[ΝΑΙΩΝ]; head of  
Zeus Ammon, l.

**1. MM Deutschland 27, 28 May 2008, lot 2199**, 4.30. A new type, without imperial portrait, with the name of the magistrate who signed *RPC* I, 2394-5.



**2396/2.** Now CNG EA 169, 25 July 2007, lot 80.

**Elaea**

See also 5462 and S-5480 below.

**S-2398A** AE. 15-16 mm, 2,62 g (2). [2]

ΕΛΛΑΙΤΩΝ; laureate head (of Augustus? of Elaea?), r.  
EΠI Π CΑΛΩΝIΟΥ; basket with poppy.

**1. Kovacs coll.**, 2.35; 2-3. P 386 = Wa 1322, P 334(7); **4. Jacquier**, 2.89. The style of these specimens of Salonios (otherwise regarded as second century in *RPC* introduction) is very close to 2401, suggesting that it may be Augustan.



**2399/2.** Trade (June 1991), 5.77 (reverse clear); 3. Plankenhorn, 4.64 (axis: 12), which can be read ΣΕ[ ]-ΕΛΛΑΙΤΩΝ; laureate head r./A[ ], poppy between ears of corn; 4. G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 285, 5.25.

**2400/2.** Plankenhorn coll. (4.81; axis: 12).

**2403** Add G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 286, 3.1 g.

**2404** /3. Coin ending ΕΛΑ: Auction van der Dussen 24, 1995, lot 3011 (identified as an unpublished coin of Sebaste); 4. Rauch Summer Auction 2011, 19 Sept. 2011, lot 542, 2.77.

**2406**/2-3. Plankenhorn coll. (3.22, 3.15; axes: 6,6); 4. Yale (ex PRF), 3.14.

**S3-I-2407A** AE. 15 mm, ?. Axis: ? [0]

ΘΕΑΝ ΡΩ[ΜΗΝ]; turreted and draped bust of Roma, r.

ΕΠΙ ΜΕΝΑΝΔΡΟΥ; basket with poppy between two ears of corn

1. [http://www.wildwinds.com/coins/greece/aeolis/elaea/Imhoof\\_232\\_234.jpg](http://www.wildwinds.com/coins/greece/aeolis/elaea/Imhoof_232_234.jpg). Menandros signed a series for Nero (*RPC* 2407).

### Chios

See K. Lagos, 'Chian coins and amphorae during the Hellenistic and Roman periods', *Nomismatika Chronika* 18 (1999), pp. 77-100, for the relationship between the shapes of real amphorae and those depicted on coins.

**2412-24** C. Lagos informs us that, on grounds of style, the following drachms should be associated with the issue of Rabirios (2414): ΑΡΤΕΜΙΔΩΡΟΣ (BMC 53, C McClean 8373, P Wa 2009, B; 3.05, 2.68, 3.22 and 2.97 g), ΜΕΝΕΚΡΑΤΗΣ (L, V 33586; 2.95, 2.82) and ΣΚΥΜΝΟΣ (P 3032, V 179925; 2.97, 3.15). He would also add some bronzes to this period, those signed by ΔΙΟΔΩΡΟΣ, ΣΩΣΙΝΙΚΟΣ, ΠΥΘΙΩΝ, ΠΤΟΛΕΜΑΙΟΣ, ΑΡΙΣΤΑΙΧΜΟΣ, ΑΡΟΙΣΤΟΚΛΗΣ, ΑΡΓΗΟΣ and ΣΩΣΤΡΑΤΟΣ.

**2423**/7. Tübingen *SNG* 3267, where it is dated to the 1st-2nd century, citing B. Holtheide, *Röm. Bürgerrechtspolitik u. röm. Neubürger in der Provinz Asia* (Freiburg, 1983), p. 275.

### Myrina

The coin in Paris with ΘΕΑΝ ΡΩΜΗ[ bust l./ ΜΥΡΙΝΑΙΩΝ helmeted head r. (P 383) might well belong to the Julio-Claudian period: the line border suggests an early date (cf. Pergamum).

**S2-1-2424A** AE. 18 mm, 5.58 g (3). Axis: 1. [3]

CEBACTOC; laureate head of Augustus r.

ΜΥΡΙΝΑΙΩΝ; Tripod

1. P Incertaines (= *RPC* I, 5426, illegible rev.), 5.68; 2. Lindgren 3, 1657 (= *RPC Supplement* 5426/2; CEBACTOC/[ ]PI[ ]A[ ]ΩΝ). 3. L 2002-2-1-1 (CEBACTOC/[MY]PI NAI[ΩΝ]), 5.64; 4. P 2002/387 (CEBACTOC/MYPI NAIΩΝ), 5.42. The coins seem all to belong to the same dies. They are distinct from the enigmatic 2424, whose attribution remains unclear.

**2425**/3. NY 2009.17.1, 3.57; 4. NY 2010.53.1, 3.67; 5. NY 2010.57.1, 5.33. On this series, see now D. L. Vagi, 'Tiberius Claudius Drusus († AD 20), Son of Claudius and Urgulanilla', *AJN* 22 (2010), pp. 81-92. The new specimens complete the obverse legend which is now read as ΤΙ ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΔΡΟΥΚΟΣ and confirm the proposed reading in *RPC*.

**S3-1-2425A** AE. 17-19 mm, 3.76 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΝΕΡΩΝ[Α CEB]ACTON; bare head, l.

ΜΥΡΙΝΑΙΩΝ; tripod with lebes on which laurel branch; in field, l., omphalos.

**1. A BG NP 2123**, 3.76.



### Aegae

**2427**/5. Athens (cast in Winterthur) (under Aegeae, Cilicia).

**2428**/ 1. Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1067; 3. RBW (ex Kunst und Münzen XXIX, 20 May 1993, lot 19), 2.48; 4. Münz Zentrum 152, 2 Sep. 2009, lot 281, 4.05.

**2430corr.** The obv. inscription has only one sigma, thus misspelling Messalina's name (*Mesaleina*), as well as erroneously styling her *Augusta*. Another example in Donovan coll.

**2431**/4. Now Winterthur 6902 (ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 5, 5-7 Oct. 1988, lot 247); 5: CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1071, 2.90.

**S2-1-2431A** AE. 20 mm, 4.31 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

ΕΠΙ ΝΕΜΚΟΝΙΚΟΥ; helmeted bust of Roma

(Athena?), wearing aegis, l.

AI[ΓA]CΩ[N]; Zeus standing l., holding eagle and sceptre

**1. L 2002-2-1-2**, 4.31. The name on the obverse is perhaps the father of the Apollonios Nemeonikou who appears on coins of the reign of Vespasian (*RPC* II, 965-9). Nemeonikos is there translated as referring to a Nemean victor, but this coin shows that it is actually a name. The possibility was considered that this might be the same man as the one who appears on the Flavian coins (cf. on the Claudian coins we have both ΕΠΙ ΑΠΟΛΛΟΔΟΡΟΥ ΠΟ ΥΙΟΥ ΧΑΛΕΟΥ as well as just ΕΠΙ ΧΑΛΕΟΥ, both referring to the same man: *RPC* I, 2429-31), but the reverse design and epigraphy is different from the Flavian coin, and in fact very similar to that on the Claudian coins. If Nemeonikos is the father of the Flavian Apollodoros, then a date for this coin in the Claudian period (plus/minus) would fit well with the coin's appearance. It is hard to be sure, as ever, whether the head is of Roma or Athena.



### Cyme

**2432** The name should be read CΕΚΟΥΝΔΗC, not -AC (RHJA).

**2435/23**. Zurich (cast in Winterthur).

### Phocaea

**S3-I-2443A** AE, 19 mm, 5.76 g (1). Axis : 12h (1) [0]

NEPΩN CEBACCTOC (sic); laureate head of Nero, r.

Same type as 2444.

**1. CNG EA 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 67**, 5.76.



### Temnus

**2447/24**. Hauck und Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 262, 4.43.

### Magnesia ad Sipylum

**2450/7**. Jacquier Katalog 35, Sommer 2007, lot 306, 3.90.

**2458** was incorrectly read as a coin of Nero with Agrippina, whereas it is correctly a coin of Nero with Poppaea, as has been pointed out by **D R Smith**, who has a second specimen (3.55 g), which also allows the ethnic to be completed: ΠΟΠΠΑΙΑΝ CCBACTHN ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ. It should be regarded as a smaller denomination corresponding to 2459, not 2457.



**2459** The text erroneously describes the second obverse figure as Agrippina II, whereas it is Poppaea as the inscription indicates.

### Mostene

**2462/3**. Yale (ex PRF), 2.48; 4. A new specimen (*SNG* Leybold 1082) has the variant obverse reading NEPON [ ] (rather than the more common NEON), confirming the identification of the head as the young Nero, and suggesting that NEON may in fact be a die engraver's mistake.

### Smyrna

**2469** Diameter should be 22 mm not 12 mm

**2474** Hirsch 191 (1996) lot 914 has no star on obv.

**S3-I-2490A** AE. 23 mm, 4.29 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

[ ] IEPΩNYM[ ]; temple with six columns [ ] AYΔIOY CΩC[ ]; river-god reclining l.; in field, below river-god, [ZM]YP

**1. Private coll.**, 4.29. This mule combines the reverse s of *RPC* 2489 and 2490. The letters ZM of ZMYP appear to have been obliterated by the impression of the edge of another coin. Both

sides have distinctly different legend placements from those recorded by Klose.



### Clazomenae

**2497/4. Kovacs**, 7.06. This shows clearly that there is no legend on the obverse; **5. Kovacs**, 7.57. This new, and better, specimen suggests that the head is wearing a diadem rather than a wreath. If so it should presumably be attributed to an earlier king of Asia, presumably in the second century.



2497/4



2497/5

### Teos

**2512** /10 and /11 are the same coin.

**2516**/18. Winterthur 7079, 9.07.

**2518**/8. CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1072, 4.66.

### Lebedus

**2521**/3. Yale (ex PRF), 5.73.

**S-2521A** AE. 19 mm, 4.95 g (1). Axis: 12 (1). [1]

TIBE - [PIOC? as on 2522]; laureate head, r.  
ΔΙΟΝΥΣΟΔΩΡΟΥ ΛΕΒΕ; Dionysus stg. l.,  
holding cantharus and thyrsus

**1. C SNG 4499 corr.**, 4.95. Omitted from *RPC I*.



### Colophon

**2523**/2. R. Weigel coll. (5.2 g).

### Metropolis

**2524**/2. Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 483 (ex Hirsch 180, 24 Nov. 1993, lot 581), 5.27.

### Hypaepa

**2527, S-2527A** Re-examination of the previously known specimens and a new specimen in the Weigel coll. suggest a modification to the position summarised in *RPC Supplement*, but the problem is not solved. We have (all inscribed *sebastos* on the obv.):

**2527**

ΧΑΡΙΞΕΝΟΣ ΜΕΝΑΝΔΡΟΥ; bare head.

1 specimen in P; 2. Jarman (2003).

**S3-I-2527A** AE. 14 mm, 3.71 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΣΕΒΑ[ ]; laureate head of Augustus, r.  
ΥΠΙΑΙΠΗΝΩΝ ΧΑΡΙΞΕΝΟΣ ΜΕΝΑΝΔΡΟΥ;  
facing cult statue of Artemis Anaitis.

**1. Hoyland coll.**, 3.71. This coin is very well preserved and the legend is absolutely clear. The reverse type was only known for the second group (*RPC* 2530, 2532, 2534). The magistrate name confirms the reading of *RPC* 2527.



**S-2527B**

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; bare head, r.  
ΧΑΡΙΞΕΝΟΣ ΜΕΝΕΚΡΑΤΟΥΣ

1. Plankenhorn coll., 4.16 (ΥΠΑΙΠΗΝΩΝ/ ]  
ΞΕΝΟΣ/ ]ΠΑΤΟΥΣ); **2. Plankenhorn**  
**coll.**, 4.37 ( ]ΑΡΙΞΕΝΟΣ ΜΕΝΕΚΡΑΤΟΥΣ/  
ΥΠΑΙΠΗΝΩΝ); 3. Plankenhorn coll., 4.48 (as  
2). See remarks on 2527 above.

**S2-I-2527C**

Laureate head, ΧΑΡΙΞΕΝΟΣ ΜΕΝΕΚΡΑ{Τ}  
ΟΥΣ; to r., Α on side.

1. Lindgren 3, 472 (ΧΑΡΙΞΕΝΟΣ ΜΕΝΕ[ ]  
ΑΟΥΣ); **2. Weigel** ([ ]ΕΝΟΣ [ ]Ε[ ]ΑΟΥΣ)  
(same rev. die as Lindgren 3, 472).

The simplest explanation is to assume that the engraver of the reverse die of S2-I-2527B has omitted the T from the patronymic. It would then be the same name as on S-2527A. However, it is far from certain that it represents the same man since the style and epigraphy of S2-I-2527B suggest that it might be rather later, and that the person mentioned is perhaps even a grandson. The mystery of the different patronymics on 2527 and S-2527A, coins that are stylistically similar, remains. The P coin (2527) does not seem to have been altered, so we seem to be left with two different men with the same first name signing coins at more or less the same time. The discovery of new specimens may help to bring some further explanation.



**S3-I-2527D** AE. 20 mm, 4.05 g (1). Axis: ? [1]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; laureate head of Augustus, r.  
ΥΠΑΙΠΗΝΩΝ ΠΛΟΥΤΙΑΔΗΣ ΣΑΚΑΙΟΥ;  
Zeus standing l., with thunderbolt

**1. Mu (ex Lanz 146, 25 May 2009, lot 352)**,  
4.05. See J. Nollé, 'Zum Kult der Anaitis Artemis von Hypaipa und zu einigen Patriatraditionen der torrhehischen Kaÿstertal-Stadt', *JNG* 62 (2012), pp. 127-95. The name Sakaios evokes the Persian festival of Sakaia, celebrated in honour of the goddess Artemis Anaitis.



**S-2528A** AE. 14 mm, 2.01 g (1). [0]

ΣΕΒΑΣ-ΤΟΣ; bare head r.  
ΥΠΑΙ/ΠΗΝΩΝ - ΑΘΗΝΑ/ΓΟΡΑΣ; head of  
stag with antlers in shape of 6-stringed lyre; to  
l., monogram ΟΠΑ

**1. Plankenhorn coll.**, 2.01. See also S-2528B.



**S-2528B** AE. 17 mm, 5.23 g (1). Axis: 12 (1). [0]

CEBACTOC; bare head, r.  
ΥΠΑΙΠ[ ] ΑΘΗΝΑΓ[ ]; laureate head of  
Zeus, r., monogram ΟΠΑ

**1. PV**, 5.23. See also S-2528A; 2. MM Deutschland 15, Righetti coll., 21-22 Oct. 2004, lot 742, 4.70.



**2535** The obverse is bare, not laureate.

**2535/2.** Leypold *SNG* 980, 4.20. For Lindgren 2527, described as a coin with obverse as 2535 and reverse as 2527, see 2527 above.

**2535/3.** AE. 20 mm, 4.19 g. Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΝ ΥΠΑΙΠΗΝΟΙ; bare head, r.  
[Ε]ΠΙ ΦΙΛΟΠΑΤΡΙΔ ΔΗΜΗΤΡΙΟ[Υ](?) ΣΤΡ;  
Zeus standing l., with thunderbolt; in field, ΤΟ  
Γ.

**1. Kovacs**, 4.19. The new coin creates a problem with 2535, to which it is very close. The third word on the reverse is written around the coin (on 2535 it is vertical) and seems to read Demetrio(u). It is just possible that this word was also present on 2535, but off flan; and there are very faint markings which allow (just) the possibility that 2538A may also

have had the same word vertically, originally. It would otherwise seem to be too much of a coincidence to find a different name preceded by Philopatris and followed by ΣΤΡ and ΤΟ Γ. If so we would presumably have the name of two people, Philopatris Demetrios and Kapnas, but this would be the only instance of this at *Hyphaera*. New specimen(s) may help clarify the question.



**2537, 2537A** Zeus is holding branch (?).

**2538/2.** CNG 38 (1996) lot 669, 5.68 (with obv. legend ΤΙΒΕΡΙΟΣ [ΣΕΒΑΣ]ΤΟΝ (*sic*); 3. Plankenhorn coll., 2.59. The coin confirms the reading ..ΣΑΚΑΝΤΗΣ; 4. Rauch Sommerauktion 2009 Katalog I – Antike, 17 Sep. 2009, lot 612, 3.52.

**S-2538A** AE. 19 mm, 4.64 g (1). [0]

ΤΙΒΕΡΙΟΝ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΑ - ΥΠΑΙΠ[ ; bare head, r.  
ΕΠΙ ΦΙΛΟΠΑΤΡΙΔΟΣ ΤΟ Γ - [ΔΗ]ΜΗΤΡΙΟΥ;  
Zeus standing l.; monogram ΠΟ

**1. Plankenhorn coll.**, 4.64.



**S3-I-2538B** AE. 19 mm, 4.24 g (1). Axis: 11 (1)

ΤΙΒΕΡΙΟΝ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΝ; laureate head, r.  
ΘΕΟΦΙΛΟΣ ΣΤΡΑ ΥΠΑΙΠΗΝΩΝ; bearded male figure standing l., with branch (?) and uncertain object

**1. Kovacs**, 4.24. The name is new; the identity of the reverse figure is puzzling, as it does not seem to be the normal Zeus or Dionysus.



**2541** The coin illustrated as 2541/1 is the coin in Ber-

lin (2541/2). 2541/1 (Mu) is not illustrated. The coin illustrated as 2541/2 is actually Miletus p. 449 no. 4.

**2541/3.** E.J. Waddell 75, 1999, lot 179, 2.36.

**S2-I-2543A** As 2543, but ΥΠΑΙΠΗΝΩΝ ΗΓΗΣΙΠΠΟΣ [0]

1. MMAG 86, 3-4 June 1998, lot 75, 13.67.

**S3-I-2543B** AE. 24 mm, 6.49 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

As 2543  
[ΙΟΥΛΙΟ]Σ ΗΓΗΣΙΠΠΟΣ [ΥΠΑΙΠΗΝΩΝ]; facing cult statue of Artemis, with supports; in field, Γ-P

**1. CNG EA 95, 4 Aug. 2004, lot 95**, 6.49



**2545/5.** Hauck und Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 281, 10.44.

**2546-8** Variant of reverse legend ΙΟΥΛ ΥΠΑ [ΓΡ] ΗΓΗΣΙΠΠΟΣ: P.-F. Jacquier 20 (Herbst 1997) lot 332, 5.60 g.

**S2-I-2546A** As 2546, but ΙΟΥΛ ΥΠ ΗΓΗΣΙΠΠ[ ] [0]

**1. Jacquier 22, Frühjahr 1999, lot 326**, 5.60.



**2550/3.** Rauch Sommerauktion 2009 Katalog I – Antike, 17 Sep. 2009, lot 646, 6.42.

### Dioshieron

**2556/3.** Now CNG EAuction 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 68.

**2557/2.** Private coll. I, 2.56 g.

**2558/7.** Museo Civico, Verona, 2.84 (axis: 12).

**2558A**/1. Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1073; 3. Gibbud and Naumann ebayitem. com/360708315527, 2.40

**2559**/7. Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 798; 8. Berk 170<sup>th</sup> BBS, 29 July 2010, lot 505, 6.20.

### Nicaea (Cilbianorum)

**2564**/1. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 486.

### Cilbiani Superiores

F. Leypold, 'Unedierte Münzen aus Lydien' *MONG* 32 (1992), pp. 5-12, at. p. 7 no. 7 publishes a new coin in his collection (7.20 g) which purports to be of Nero:

AYT NEP KA[ ] ; laureate head, r  
KLAB TQN ANΩ in wreath.

The portrait does not, however, look much like Nero, and the obverse legend unexpected (hardly any coins of Nero have an obverse legend beginning AYT). The coin should probably be re-attributed to Trajan; for a coin of Trajan reading AYT NEP KAI CEB TPAINOC ΓEP ΔAK, see *LS* p. 56 no. 2.

**2565**/4. Hudson coll., 5.56, with cmk, which is possibly a bird (cf. *GIC* 329, 349), a bee (cf. *GIC* 364-5), or even grapes; 5. Hirsch 258, 25 Sept. 2008, lot 2425; 6. Rauch Summer Auction 2011, 19 Sept. 2011, lot 557, 5.49; 7. CNG EA 313, 23 Oct. 2013, lot 159, 3.87.

**2566**/2. Now Winterthur 6948; 3. Yale (ex PRF, ex Münzen Auktion Essen Lagerliste 4, 1996, lot 135), 2.98.

### Mysomacedones

**2567**/3. Ca HUAM TL 36479, 5.71. On the obv., cmk (*GIC* 300).

**2568**/3. Aufhäuser 11 (1995) lot 207, 4.27.

### Ephesus

On the coinage of Ephesus, see now S. Karwiese, *Die Münzprägung von Ephesos* (Wien, 2012). Concordance between Karwiese and *RPC* I is the following:

Karwiese	<i>RPC</i> I
1	2569
2	2570
3	2571

4	2572
5	2573
6	2573
7	S-2572A
8	-
9	-
10	2592
11	2586
12	2590
13	2588
14	2577
15	2575
16	2578
17	-
18	2579
19	2574
20	2576
21	2580
22	2598
23	2597
24	2607
25	2595
26	2593
27	2594
28	-
29	2596
30	2611
31	2600
32	-
33	2602
34	2599
35	2601A
36	2601
37	2612
38	2608
39	2591
40	2585
41	2589
42	2587
43	2609
44	2610
45	-
46	2582
47	2583
48	2584
49	S-2584A
50	2581
51	-
52	2604
53	2606
54	2603
55	-
56	2605
57	-
58	2617
59	2615
60	2614
61	2618
62	2616
63	2613
64	2619
65	2620
66	2620
67	2621
68	2622
69	-
70	2623
71	2624
72	-
73	-
74	2625

75	2628
75A	S3-I-2628A (see below)
76	2626
77	2626
78	2626
79	2627
80	2630
81	2630
82	-
83	2629
84	-
85	-
86	2631
87	2632
88	-

It is unfortunate that Karwiese's doesn't explain his classification. Another volume will be devoted to commentaries!

**2569/10.** Now NY 2008.24.5 (ex Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 480); 13. Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 21-22 March 2000, lot 269, 3.24.

**2572/4.** P 2013/492, ex RBW (ex Spink 71, 11 Oct. 1989, lot 200), 4.87; 5. Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 21-22 March 2000, lot 270, 3.67.

**S-2572A** As 2572, but ΑΡΧΙΕΡΕΥΣ ΓΡΑΜ  
ΓΛΑΥΚΩΝ ΕΦΕ ΠΟΛΕΜΑΙΟΣ

1. PV; 2. RBW, 3.82 (misdescribed in introduction to Ephesus in *RPC* p. 432: '..ΟΛ Κ...?'); **3. RBW** ex Aufhäuser 11 (1995) lot 184 ('ΠΟΛΕΜΟ-'), 3.31; 4. RBW ex Auction van der Dussen 24 (1.6.1995) lot 2802, 2.97; 5. RBW, 5.68; 6. P 2013/494 (ex Hirsch 269, 23 Sept. 2010, lot 2662), 3.88.



**2573/8.** RBW (ex Auctiones 12, 29 Sep. 1981, lot 226); 9. RBW (ex Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 21-22 March 2000, lot 271), 3.40.

**2574** See R.A. Fischer, *Fulvia und Octavia* (Berlin, 1999), pp. 213-14; 3 (Octavia) Aufhäuser 11 (1995) lot 185, 1.45, now RBW; 4. Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 21-22 March 2000, lot 272 (ex Hauck und Aufhäuser 14, 6-7 Oct. 1998, lot 268), 1.35; 5. RBW (ex Hauck und Aufhäuser 17, 18 March 2003, lot 162), 1.60; 6. P 2013/495 (ex Hauck und Aufhäuser 19, 21 March 2006, lot 246), 0.92.

**2579/5. A 1892-93 Λ' 54,** 3.28 (no specimen was

illustrated in *RPC I*).



**2580/4.** Hauck und Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 258, 3.47; 5. A 5280a, 3.27.

**S-2584A** Denomination: 1-unit.

ΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΕΥΣ ΜΕΜΝΩΝ ΕΦΕ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ

**1. Münz Zentrum 70 (1990) lot 298,** 7.68 (see *RPC I*, plate 195, 2584A). Cf. KM, p. 57?



**2585/5.** Amsterdam.

**2586/3.** RBW, 3.89.

**2587/8. A 5279δ,** 7.82.



**S3-1-2597A** AE. 20 mm.

As but with ΦΙΛΩΝ ΚΩΚΑΣ.

1. W. Holt. The name Kokas is known with Philon from the different denomination *RPC* 2594.

**2605/2.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 481.

**2612/3.** L 1999-5-8-4 (ex RBW = Classical Cash 3, 8 Jan. 1997, lot 1621), 8.69.

**2617/2.** *SVG* Leypold 548, 3.91; **3. Yale** (ex PRF), 3.06. These specimens complete the personal name; previously read ANT[ ], the reading given by *SVG* Leypold is ANT-Λ-ΙΟΣ, Antlios. But ANTAΙΟΣ, Antaios, is a more likely possibility, confirmed by the Yale specimen.



**2619/2-3.** W. Holt.

**2624/25.** Amsterdam.

**S3-I-2624A**

As Claudius and Agrippina 2624, but with [E]-ΦE on the obverse (as on *RPC* 2623: a mule?).

1. W. Holt.

**2627/3.** CNG EA 115, 25 May 2005, lot 234, 8.22.



**2628** Head is laureate, not bare.

E. F. Vink suggests that the prominent bees symbolize the temple of Artemis. At the same time, they might just be symbols of Ephesus. However, if we accept the idea that bees = temple of Artemis (the bee was sacred to Artemis), then all the temples on this group of coins are more likely to be the same temple, hence Artemis. But it is actually quite possible that a temple of Nero might in fact be the temple of Artemis with an image of Nero added.

**S3-1-2628A.** 25 mm, 11.40 g (1). Axis: 7 (1) [0]

NEPΩN KAIΣAP, above EP (?); laureate head r. [ N]EOKOPΩN, EΦE; temple with six columns.

**1. E. F. Vink** (ex CNG EAuction 206, 11 March 2009, lot 241), 11.40. The letters above Nero's head seem to be EP, whose significance is unclear; unless they are actually EΦ[E], as on 2631 (though oddly repeated from the reverse); less plausibly perhaps they might be [Σ]EB[A], but there is no trace of the sigma, and Ephesus does not use this title for Nero. The letters around the reverse design are not legible, but presumably are the same as on 2626-7 etc, referring to the proconsul Aviola and to Aichmokes.



**2629** Variant of obverse type with Nero's laureate head on r. facing draped bust of Poppaea, l.; 1. B. Callegher, 'Una moneta di Nerone e Poppea della zecca di Efeso', *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 19, settembre 1995, pp. 416-7; 2. Giessener Münzhandlung 104, 9-10 Oct. 2000, lot 678, 9.20 (as 2629, but draped bust of Nero, r. facing draped bust of Poppaea, l.).

**2630/12.** Amsterdam.

**2631/5.** CNG 53, 15 March 2000, lot 1083, 7.72.

**2632/8.** MM 86, 3-4 June 1998, lot 69, 7.23, may well have Roma in a somewhat different pose on the rev. from normal, but does not seem at all to depict 'Zeus mit Szepter und Adler'. The figure is surely female and the inscription identifies her as ΠΩMH, as is normal. However the inscription is probably variant, since EΦEΣIΩN clearly appears to the r. of the figure, and it may well be that the coin omits any reference to the proconsul or the local 'magistrate', although there may be traces of some additional legend to the r. 9. Lanz 147, 2 Nov. 2009, lot 281, 6.41. In *RPC* I, it was guessed that the obv. legend was incomplete, but the Lanz specimen clearly demonstrates that the legend is only MEΣ-ΣAΛINAN.

### Tralles (Caesarea)

**2633/3.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 487, 11.37.

**2635/17.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 488, 5.83. G. Stumpf, *Numismatische Studien zur Chronologie der Römischen Statthalter in Kleinasien* (1991), no. 156 attests the alternative spelling OYHΔIOΣ for Vedius (Pollio's) name; 20. Florence (cast in Winterthur).

**2640/2.** NY 2008.24.6 (ex Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 489 = Hirsch 195, 5 May 1997, lot 387), 7.86.

**2645** Delete this entry. The legend, clearer on an example now in L (2.87 g, ex Thackray), reads ΔIOΣ ΛΑΡΑΣIOY KAI ΔIOΣ EYMEHOY. It is an earlier coin, as LS 169, no. 4. Another example in Kovacs coll. (3.39 g, axis: 12).

**2654** The figure of the reverse is conventionally described as Britannicus, but it is an adult togate figure, so presumably it is more likely to be a figure of the emperor Claudius; the inscription *Brettanikos* would then be a continuation of the obverse, carried over onto the rev.: *Ti Klau Kai Sebas/Brettanikos Kaisareon*.

### Nysa

**S-2660A** AE. 15 mm, 3.78 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head of Gaius, r.  
ΝΥΣΑΕΩΝ; bare head (of Lucius?), r.

**1. Coll B., Paris** (see *RPC I*, plate 195, 2660A). The identification of the head on the reverse is tentative. In view of the letter forms Ε, Σ and Ω, the coin should perhaps be associated with 2659 or 2660. It seems to be the same denominations as 2659.



**2671** Mention should have been made of the discussion by L. Robert, *RN* 1936, pp. 273-4. He shows that Julius Antoninus was almost certainly a known senator and benefactor of the Antonine period, and that the coin should therefore be dated to the second century; this certainly fits the general appearance and style of the coin much better.

### Mastaura

**2673/3**. Weight is 4.06. There is also a cast in Winterthur.

**2675/6**. Peus 398, 28 April 2009, lot 686 (ex Künker 67, 9 Oct. 2001, lot 677), 4.88.

**2676/3**. MM Deutschland 15, Righetti IV, 21 Oct. 2004, lot 791, 2.29.

### Anineta

The misattributed coin of Agrippina is still accepted by Hahn, *Frauen* p. 351 no. 206.

### Briula

**2679** See also 5444 below.

### Priene

**2687/2**. O, 1.60. Same dies as 1, and the obverse can again be read only as ]OC MAKEP.

### Magnesia (ad Maeandrum)

**2690/5**. RBW, 3.33.

**2692/6**. RBW, 2.11; 7. RBW (ex Künker 124, 16 March 2007, lot 8000), 2.02; 8. Herakles Numismatics, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) on 17 July 2009, 2.27

**2693** The reverse is regarded by Hahn, *Frauen* p. 327 no. 57 as possibly being a representation of 'Livia? als Artemis', but while the figure is identified as Artemis (a standard deity on the coinage of Magnesia) by the bow and quiver, it is not surprising that her hairstyle is like that of Livia; 4. Private coll., 4.11 (axis: 12); 5. RBW (ex Rauch 92, 22 April 2013, lot 1213), 3.56.

**2695/6**. L 1999-5-8-5 (ex RBW), 4.19; 7. Münz Zentrum 152, 2 Sep. 2009, lot 288, 5.37.

**S2-I-2695A** AE. 21 mm, 5.06 g (1). [0]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; laureate head of Augustus, r.  
[check letter forms]  
ΓΑΙΟΣ ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ; laureate head of Gaius Caesar, r.

**1. Gorny and Mosch 113, 18 Oct. 2001, lot 5476**, 5.06.



**2699/2**. Giessener Münzhandlung 97, 11 Oct. 1999, lot 765, 3.05.

### Miletus

**2704/7** = Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 758.

**S-2704A** As 2704, but bust of Caligula is to l., and there is no star visible (tooled off?)

1. **CNA XXI 26 June 1992, lot 465**, 6.15.



**2706/3**. Yale (ex PRF), 4.72.

**S-2712A** AE. 26 mm, 13.00 g (2). [0]

NEPΩN CEBACTOC; laureate head of Nero, l.  
 EΠI TI ΔAMA MIAHTOΣ; hero Miletos with aphaiston and spear standing l.; r. foot on prow; river-god behind

1. **Bankhaus Aufhäuser 7, 9-10 Oct. 1990, lot 379**, 13.25 ('Miletopolis'); 2. **Didyma finds** (H.R. Baldus, *Istanbuler Mitteilungen* 34 (1984), p. 293, 97 with Taf. 58: 'Miletopolis'); 3. Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 796, 12.75. For 1-2, see *RPC* I, plate 195, 2712A/1 and /2. The attribution to Miletus rests on the style and, particularly, the name of the magistrate. See L. Robert, *Hautes Etudes Numismatiques. Monnaies Grecques* (1967), pp. 47-52 for Damas and his interest in the restoration of old cults and customs; 4. Cast in Winterthur labelled 'Paris, 11.55' (not found in P).



2712A/1



2712A/2

**S-2712B** As 2712A, but head r.

1. **P Incertaines**, 11.77 (axis: 12).



### Halicarnassus

**2720/4**. Venice, Museo Civico (cast in Winterthur).

### Cos

See also under 'New Uncertain' (S-5481).

**2724-31** The coins of Nicias have been discussed by K. Buraselis, *Kos. Between Hellenism and Rome* (Transactions of the American Philosophical Society, Vol. 90, Philadelphia, 2000), pp. 30-7. He also mentions three specimens in Cos museum: 1 as 2724 (Antiochos), 1 as 2729 (Olympichos), and 1 with illegible name. He discusses the wreaths worn by Nicias and by Asclepius and suggests that Nicias wears a band of Asclepius. However, the band worn by Nicias seems slighter than the band (whatever it is) worn on the *same* coins by Asclepius. Nevertheless, some sort of heroic band, as suggested by Buraselis's discussion, seems quite likely. Buraselis also argues that the coin recorded by Sestini from the Wiczay coll. with the obv. inscription ΝΙΚΙΑΣ o ΔΑΜΟΣ should be accepted as authentic, and theorises that Nicias was closely identified with the people. However, this seems implausible and we prefer to think that Sestini was misdescribing a worn specimen. Sestini gives a reference to Wiczay's earlier publication, *Musei Hedervarii... Numos Antiquos* (Vienna, 1814) no. 5182, with the comment 'sed ibi male descriptus, et perperam sub Augusto'. The Wiczay publication describes the coin as 'ΚΑΙΣ... Caput Aug nudum sm'. That the same coin could be read in such different ways suggests that it was very worn, and we should hesitate before accepting Sestini's view.

For further discussion of the magistrates and date (30s BC) of the coinage of Nicias, see W. Leschhorn, 'Die Antiken Münzen von Kos. Aufschriften und Beamtennamen', in *To Nomisma sta Dodekanesa*, *OBOLOS* 8 (Athens, 2006), 90-1.

See also B. E. Stephanakè, *Nomismata-Nomismatikè Aigaiou. Kòs I* (Athens, 2012), a die study of the coinage of Kos from the end of the sixth century until the end of the first century BC, including the coinage of Nicias (Series XIX, 51<sup>e</sup> emission). A concordance between *RPC* and *Kòs I* is given below:

RPC	Kōs I
2724	2179-2187
2725	2236-2243
2726	2192-2199
2727	2188-2191
2728	2200-2214
2729	2244-2247
2730	2215-2220
2731	2221-2235

19 obverse dies and 44 reverse dies were identified, all illustrated on p. 493-7. The mean weight of the series is 20.97 g (65) (against 20.70 g [30] in *RPC*). In Series XIX, B. Stephanakè also includes coins of the type BMC Caria 194-5 (Laureate head of Asclepius, r./ΚΩΙΩΝ; coiled serpent, R. and magistrate's name ΕΥΑΡΑΤΟΣ ΔΙ [BMC 194], ΕΥΑΡΑΤΟΣ ΕΙ [BMC -] and ΠΥΘΟΚΛΗΣ [BMC 195 and Pl. XXXII, 12]), which she dates from c. 20-10 BC.

**2726/4.** Triton III, 30 Nov. and 1 Dec. 1999, lot 774, 21.46.

**2737/33** is actually a specimen of 2733; 39. Winterthur 7082, 10.05.

**2741/2** = Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 788 = **Requier coll.** (6.81; axis: 12). Hahn, *Frauen* p. 125 seems to cite a similar specimen for Publius Optimus B, from the Franke coll.



**2742/2.** Yale (ex PRF), 9.68.

### Astypalaea

**2743/8.** T. Cederlind BBS 171, 7 Oct. 2013, lot 169 (ex Cederlind BBS 161, 25 Oct. 2011, lot 103; BBS 164, 16 May 2012, lot 123), 16.52

### Rhodes

For the early imperial coinage, see now R.H.J. Ashton with A.-P.C. Weiss, 'The post-plinthophoric silver drachms of Rhodes', *NC* 1997, pp. 1-40.

**2746** dolphin and corn-ear, rather than palm branch?

**2747** with a poppy and corn ear (?), rather than a poppy.

**2748-9** The sigma is in the form [.

**S3-I-2749A** AE. 34 mm, 31.33 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

As 2749

ΡΩΔΙ-ΩΝ ΤΕΙΜΟΣΤΡΑΤΟΥ; Nike r., standing on prow, holding palm and aphlaston

**1. CNG 69, 8 June 2005, lot 468,** 31.33 (no TAMIA in the legend).



### Ceramus

**S-2773A** AE. 12-13 mm, 3.15 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

ΚΕΡΑΜΙΗΤΩΝ; laureate head, r. ΕΡΜΟΦΑΝΤΟΣ; eagle standing l. with open wings

**1. L 1990-7-17-1,** 3.15 (see *RPC* I, plate 195, 2773A). For other coins with the name Ἑρμόφαντος, see S-2773B and Münsterberg (pre-imperial and under Commodus). The identification of the emperor is uncertain, though it looks Julio-Claudian; perhaps Tiberius.



**S-2773B** AE. 16-17 mm, 4.07 g. Axis: 12. [0]

ΕΡΜΟΦΑΝΤΟΣ; female head r. [ΚΕ]ΡΑΜΙΗΤΩΝ; female bust, r.

**1. JSW,** 4.07 (axis: 12). The coin has the same name as that on the piece with an imperial head, but the identification of either head on S-2773B as an empress is not obvious. Perhaps earlier?



**S3-I-2774A** AE. 23 mm, 7.40 (1). Axis : ? [0]

ΝΕΡΩΝ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; laureate head, r.  
 ΚΕΡΑΜΙΗΤΩΝ ΑΡΞΑΣ ΕΥΑΝΔΡΟΣ; male  
 head with long locks of hair falling at the base  
 of the neck, r.

**1. Pecunem Gitbud and Naumann 15, 6 April 2014, lot 431**, 7.40. A smaller denomination of *RPC* 2774. The reverse type, new for that period, is used under Trajan.

**Stratonicea**

**2781/2. Bodrum Museum (1196/25-18-82); 3. Donovan coll.**, 6.29. Both confirm the reading of the reverse inscription as CTPATO CABEINIANOC ΠΥΘΕΑC.



2781/2



2781/3

**Mylasa****2793/2.** Winterthur G 7118, 7.84.**Iasus**

For a possible new coin of Iasus, see below Uncertain S-5479.

**Alinda****2801/4.** Yale (ex PRF), 3.52.**S-2802A** AE. 16 mm, 3.51. [0]

ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare bust r.  
 ΑΛΙΝΔΑΕΩΝ; lionskin around club

**1. Plankenhorn coll.**, 3.51. This new coin for Caligula may perhaps suggest that 2803 is Agrippina I.

**Alabanda**

R. Martini, 'Note sulla monetazione provinciale romana. I.', *Homenatge al Dr L Villaronga, AN* 21-23 (1991-93) [1993], pp. 259-66 has published two bronzes with the name ICOTIMOC, which he assigns to the Julio-Claudian period:

Apollo bust r. / Apollo standing 16.86 (Winsemann Falghera 446)

Apollo bust r. / Ceres standing l. 8.41 (Winsemann Falghera 447)

It is not clear what the date of these pieces is. See also B. Kapossy, *Römische Provinzialmünzen aus Kleinasien in Bern* (Milan, 1995), no. 30.

**2809/2** Hirsch 209, 3 May 2000, lot 406; 3. Yale (ex PRF, ex Peus 357, 28-30 Oct. 1998, lot 424), 5.80 (legends unclear too); 4. NY 2008.24.7 (ex Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 490 = MM 81, 18-19 Sep. 1995, lot 511), 3.75.

**2810/3.** RBW coll., 4.13 (axis: 12). This has a different monogram on the reverse; 4. RBW (ex Lanz 92, 4-5 June 1999, lot 351), 2.43 (axis: 12).

**2811** See R.A. Fischer, *Fulvia und Octavia* (Berlin, 1999), pp. 212-13.

**S2-I-2807A** AE. 15 mm [0]

[ ]ΙΟΣ ΚΑΙ[ ]; two small bare jugate heads, r.  
 ΑΛΑΒΑΝΔΑΕΩΝ; female head r.

**1. Winterthur 6947** (ex Schulten 18 Nov. 1989, lot 422). The female head seems very similar to that on 2807 (possibly even the same die??). The remains of the obv. legend suggest that the two

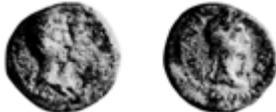
heads are Gaius and Lucius, thereby confirming the identification of the head on 2807 as Augustus, assuming that it is correct to associate the two issues. This association is based on the stylistic similarity of the head on the reverse and the same very small module of the coins.



**S-2816A** AE. 14 mm, 3.36 g (1). [0]

[ ]A; jugate heads of Gaius and Lucius, r. ΑΛΑΒΑΝΔΕΩΝ; 'Tychebüste, r.'

**1. Schulten 18.10.1989 lot 422**, 3.36. The piece indeed seems 'inediert', but the identification of the heads on the obverse is by no means sure



**2818/6**. Braunschweig (cast in Winterthur).

**2821/1**. The original from which a cast was made by Mionnet surfaced recently: P 2007/463, 7.58 (axis: 6). The flan was hammered but the coin might be genuine.

**2822**. J. Goddard points out that all three specimens have identical flans and metal breaks. So two at least must be old cast forgeries, perhaps all three if there is another as yet untraced original. On the other hand the brass used for the L specimen is found for other Alabandan issues.

### Harpasa

**S-2823A** AE. 18 mm, 6.31 g (1). [0]

CEBACCTOC (*sic*); laureate head, r. ΑΠΙΑΧΝΩΝ; veiled female figure seated r., holding sceptre (?) and uncertain object in outstretched hand

**1. Private coll. I**, 6.31. It is impossible to assign this to any particular emperor, since the portrait could represent any of them from Augustus to Trajan. We know coins of Harpasa for Domitian and Domitia (*RPC* 2, 1214-5), which have a similar lettering and general appearance, so perhaps a later date, say in the

reign of Trajan, is possible.



### Euippe

**S-2823B** AE. 17-19 mm, 4.84 g (1). [0]

[CE]BACCTOC; laureate head, r. ΕΥΙΠΠΙΕΩΝ; standing figure l.

**1. JSW**, 4.84. Countermark: ?



### Orthosia

**S2-I-2826A** AE, 18 mm, 4.31 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

[NEPΩΝ CEBACTO]C ΑΓ[ΠΙΠΠΙ ]; jugate draped busts of Nero and Agrippina II, r. [ΟΡΘΩΣΙ]ΕΩΝ; Dioscuri standing facing, between two horses

**1. P 2001/84** (= Jacquier Katalog 26, Frühjahr 2001, lot 202), 4.31; 2. G. Rohde, 3.46.



### Bargasa

**2827/2**. NY 2001.21.11 (*AJN* 13 [2001], p. 179, no. 7 and pl. 11, no. 6), 10.28. This specimen is in better condition than the Munich one (2827/1) and offers complete obv. and rev. legends.

**Antioch**

See also, perhaps, 'New Uncertain' S-5478.

**2832**/2. P Incertaines 2832.

**Aphrodisias-Plarasa**

See now D. MacDonald, *The Coinage of Aphrodisias* (London, 1992). For the Julio-Claudian period, a number of different attributions are given (those of *RPC* are in general favoured by A. Johnston, *NC* 1994, p. 307 and *NC* 1995, p. 45).

<i>RPC</i>		MacDonald
<b>2837</b>	Augustus	38 Augustus
<b>2838</b>	Augustus	45 Augustus
<b>2839</b>	Tiberius	41 Augustus
<b>2840</b>	Livia (under Tiberius)	42 Livia (under Augustus)
<b>2841</b>	Roma (under Tiberius)	40 Roma (under Augustus)
<b>2842</b>	Tiberius and Livia	43 Augustus and Livia
<b>2843</b>	Tiberius	44 Augustus
<b>2844</b>	Divus Aug, under Caligula	46 Divus Aug (under Tiberius)
<b>2845</b>	Caligula	39 Gaius Caesar, not Caligula; Gaius
-	Domitian and Domitia	47 Nero and Agrippina

**2839**/3. P 1993/441, 8.32. Same dies as 2839/1-2.

**2843**/29. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 491 (ex Weber 6401 ; Sotheby's, Virgil Brand coll. Part 7, 25 Oct. 1984, lot 372), 4.38.

**Attuda**

See also New Uncertain S-5482 for a possible new coin of Attuda.

**2846**/3. *SNG* Leybold 819, 3.73.

**Trapezopolis**

**2850**/2. F. Kovacs MBS XVI, 29 Sep. 2004, lot 250, 3.16.

**2851** The coin of Klaudios Orontes should be re-assigned to the reign of Vespasian (see *RPC* II).

**Heraclea**

**2857**/7. Gotha (cast in Winterthur).

**Cidrama**

**2875**/1. Weight of this piece is 3.20; 2. Trade (Kovacs): 3.74 g, axis: 12.

**2877**/8. CNG EA 145, 9 Aug 2006, lot 209, 4.71 (same obv. die as 2877/1-7; the reverse legend reads ΠΟΕΜΩΝ (*sic*) CEΛΕΥ ΚΙ).

**2879**/5. Now Peus 366, 25 Oct. 2000, lot 676.

**Cibyra**

For the era and dates, see Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 348-59 and 529-32.

A. Jürging, 'Beiträge zur kleinasiatischen Münzkunde I. Kibyra Minor – (k)eine Münzstätte? Ein Beitrag zur Unterscheidung der Münzprägung gleichnamiger griechischer Städte', *JNG* 60, 2010, pp. 119-42 and Taf. p. 143.

**2882-90** For Cibyra, see D. Erkelenz, 'Zur Provinz-zugehörigkeit Kibyras in der römischen Kaiserzeit', *EA* 39 (1998), pp. 81-95.

**2882**. See A. Jürging, *loc. cit.*, pp. 138-9, 6.

**2883** Obverse legend, in fact, has four-barred rather than lunate sigmas, as can be seen from the *RPC* plate and from another specimen in RHJA. 3. RBW, 5.46.

**2887**/3. (Arrontios) *SNG* Bern 1157, 3.63.

**2889**/3. Hirsch 181 (1994) lot 559 = Bankhaus Aufhäuser 9, 7-9 Oct. 1992, lot 183.

**2890**/6. Lanz 138, 26 Nov. 2007, lot 591, 4.54 ; 7. Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 494 (ex Stack's, The F. Knobloch coll., 10 June 1970, lot 376 ; J. Malter XXXIV, 13 Dec. 1986, lot 371), 4.66.

**Colossae**

**2891** JSW has pointed out that the obverse is the same as for the coins of Rhoemetalces in the name of Caligula (*RPC* 1725). The obvious conclusion is that the 'Colossae' coin has been altered in modern times from a Thracian one. As it is unique, *RPC* 2891 should be deleted (and so Colossae would disappear from *RPC* I). Apart from a few hellenistic bronzes, the first coins were made for Hadrian (vA *Phrygiens* II, 546-60; cf. 447-54).

**Laodicea ad Lycum**

**2892corr./7.** Now CNG EA 196, 1 Oct. 2008, lot 95. On the obverse, Scitalkas wears a ivy wreath.

**2893/13.** Now CNG EA 181, 6 Feb. 2008, lot 154, 6.57.

**2897/7.** Now CNG EA 245, 1 Dec. 2010, lot 272.

**2899/4.** Malter Galleries Inc. 86, 14 Nov. 2004, lot 620, 2.48; 5. A Mavromichalè coll. 1904/05 ig' 427, 2.45.

**2903** Rev. Altar surmounted by headdress of Isis: probably cista mystica rather than altar and there does appear to be a snake emerging l. (see G: = *RPC I*, 2903.15 = *M 2*, 490, 7 ('cista mystica') = *SMG* Glasgow 1940).

**2909/6.** CNG EA 181, 6 Feb. 2008, lot 156, 3.39.

**2912/1** = Franke-Nollé 1201; 2. Franke-Nollé 1202; 3. = Franke-Nollé 1204; 4. = Franke-Nollé 1199; 5. = Franke-Nollé 1209; 6. = Franke-Nollé 1203; 7. = Franke-Nollé 1211; 8 = Franke-Nollé 1198; 9. CNG EA 143, 12 July 2006, lot 130, 8.18.

**S-2913A** AE. 19 mm, 6.04 g (1). [1]

As 2913, but obv. legend ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ

**1. L 1991-2-7-4** ex Schulten (15.10.90) lot 512, 6.04 (see *RPC I*, plate 195, 2913A). The reverse legend is misread in the auction catalogue, but the obverse is a variant from the usual ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ. This suggests, in turn, that the coins signed by Pythes and Dioscourides (*RPC I*, 2901-11) should perhaps be reattributed to Claudius.



**2920-22** Delete the word ΛΑΟΔΙΚΕΩΝ from the reverse description.

**2920/4.** A Π 608, 11.81; 5. R. Effler coll.; 6. Gadoury sale, 1 Dec. 2012, lot 11 (ex Hirsch 248-9, 6 Feb. 2007, lot 1493; 253, 27 Sept. 2007, lot 2305; 256, 5 May 2008, lot 286; 266, 11 Feb. 2010, lot 1802), 12.21.

**2921** Obverse portrait is laureate.

**2922/4.** Gorny and Mosch 155, 5 March 2007, lot 219, 7.13.

**2928** See now Franke-Nollé pp. 118-121 nos, 1162-1197.

**Hierapolis**

**S3-1-2937A.** AE. 15 mm, 3.65 g (1). Axis: 12 [0]

As 2936

ΙΕΡΑΠΟΛΕΙΤΩΝ/ΑΡΤΕ/ΜΩΝ

**1. Abacus coll.**, 3.65 (= B. Woytek, *MÖNG* 51, 1, 2011, pp. 34-40).



**2941/5.** Gorny and Mosch 156, 6 March 2007, lot 1781, 3.85.

**2942/6.** Hauck und Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 261, 3.59 = Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 495, 3.48; 6. CNG MBS 73, 13 Sep. 2006, lot 722, 3.12.

**2945/4.** Giessener Münzhandlung 92, 20-21 Nov. 1998, lot 41: also has a monogram on the rev., perhaps combining P T A or T O A.

**2948/2. NAC 72, 16 May 2013, lot 1416, 2.79; 3. Rauch EAuction 14, 14 Dec. 2013, lot 156, 2.86.**



2948/2



2948/3

**2950/2.** Gemini III, 9 Jan. 2007, lot 342, 3.48.

**S-2953A** AE. 14 mm, 2.33 g. Axis: 12. [0]

ΓΑΙΟΣ; bare head of Gaius r.  
ΙΕΡΑΠΟΛΕΙΤΩΝ ΑΤΤΑΛΟΣ; laurel branch.

**1. Kovacs coll.**, 2.33 (the smaller denomination for 2953); 2. Lanz 117, 24 Nov. 2003, lot 523, 4.06.



**2957/5.** Münz Zentrum 152, 2 Sep. 2009, lot 304, 5.66.

**2965** Specimens in Afyon museum (1545) with branch before head of Apollo and with countermark: radiate head (*GIC* 11).

**2973** Specimen in Afyon museum with countermark: radiate head (*GIC* 11).

**2982/6.** CNG MBS 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1238, 5.72 (cmk: *GIC* 11).

**2983/3.** Künker 133, 11-12 Oct. 2007, lot 7825 (ex MM 79, 28 Feb. and 1<sup>st</sup> March 1994, lot 383), 3.98.

### Sardis (Caesarea)

**2988** For BMC 211 read BMC 213. See U. Kampmann, *Die Homonoia-Verbindungen der Stadt Pergamon* (Saarbrücker Studien zur Archäologie und Alten Geschichte 9, Saarbrücken, 1996), pp. 17-9 and 120-9, no. 125-33; Franke-Nollé pp. 184-5, nos. 1805-25.

**2988/6.** Yale (ex PRF), 6.26.

**2992/13.** now Peus 366, 25 Oct. 2000, lot 730.

**2994-5** One specimen of 2994 and two of 2995 (Drusus and Germanicus KOINOY ΑΣΙΑΣ) were found at Pergamum: see H. Voegtli, *Die Fundmünzen aus der Stadtgrabung von Pergamon* (1993), p. 42.

**2995** The variant legend ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦ occurs on a specimen in Brussels (11.25 g). For the date of Asinius Pollio, see now B. Levy, 'The date of Asinius Pollio's Asian proconsulship', *JNG* 44 (1994), pp. 79-89.

**2997/5** reads ΣΑΡΔΙΑΩΝ (*sic*).

**3005/1.** Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1077.

**S-3007A** As 3007, but ΕΠΙ ΤΙ ΜΝΑCΕΑ CΑΡΔΙΑΝΩΝ

1. Leypold *SNG* 1214, 4.20. It has the unexpected reverse legend CΑΡ[ΔΙΑ]ΝΩΝ ΔΙC ΝΕΟΚΟΡΩΝ instead of the normal CΑΡΔΙΑΝΩΝ ΕΠΙ ΤΙ ΜΝΑCΕΟΥ. The inscription seems clear from the illustration in *SNG* Leypold, and, although there is no personal

name on the coin, it is stylistically like the coins of Mnaseas, of c. AD 65. However it is very surprising to find the phrase 'twice neocorate' as early as the reign of Nero, and it is very hard to interpret it in the case of Sardis, whose second neocorate is not attested until the reign of Septimius Severus (BMC 205). The suspicion arises that there is something wrong with the coin.

**3009** correct reverse description to 'bust with wreath and lion-skin'

### Maeonia

**3011** For a specimen with ΝΕΡΩΝ rather than ΝΕΡΩΝ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ, see Aufhäuser 13 (1997) lot 307 (2.86 g).

### Philadelphia (Neocaesarea)

Hahn, *Frauen* p. 339 n. 127 accepts from Trillmich, *Familienpropaganda* p. 138 the report in Mi 6.675.430 (ex *Thesaurus Morellianus*) a coin of Agrippina as perhaps a coin of Sinope. However, the description is poor and strongly suggestive of a misread coin of Philadelphia as *RPC* I, 3032 (as Trillmich more or less accepted on p. 139 note 502).

**3017/4.** now Lanz 94 (Benz), 22 Nov. 1999, lot 167; 10. Hauck und Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 269, 2.73; 11. F. Kovacs, MBS XVI, 29 Sep. 2004, lot 252, 2.88. Probably the best preserved specimen, but the letters before the head are still not clear.

**3020corr./3. Private coll.**, clearly completing the legend as ΔΙΟΔΟΤΟC, thereby making the name of the 'magistrate' C. Iulius Diodotus. See now A. Geissen, 'Gaius Iulius Diodotos aus Philadelphia in Lydien (Zu dem Beamtennamen *RPC* I 3020)', *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 39 (2000), pp. 903-5.



**3022/3.** Hauck und Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 267 (no star), 4.43.

**3023/4.** Jacquier Katalog 35, Sommer 2007, lot 310, 5.07; 5. Münz Zentrum 160, 3 Aug. 2011, lot 504, 3.93 (no star behind Caligula's head).

**3024/5.** Giessener Münzhandlung 82, 29 April 1997, lot 199, 3.80. The reverse reads ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦΕΩΝ ΜΙ[

] ΦΙΛΟΠΑΤΡΙΣ. Although the personal name is still not clear it shows that it begins Mi[ rather than L[ ; 6. Jacquier Katalog 35, Sommer 2007, lot 311, 4.48; **7. G. Boersema Ancient Coins**, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com), 3.45; 8. G284, 3.44 g; 18 mm; axis 12. On 7-8 the personal name ΜΕΝΕΚΛΗΣ is clear.



**3025/3**. Now CNG EA 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 70.

**S-3027A** AE. 15 mm, 3.22 g. [0]

ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head, r.; to r., lituus  
ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦΕΩΝ ΜΟΧΧΙΩΝ; winged thunderbolt

**1. CNG XXIV, 9 Dec. 1992, lot 496**, 3.22. The small denomination corresponding to 3027.



**S-3028A** AE. 15 mm, 3.20 g. [0]

ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head, r.; to r., lituus  
ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦΕΩΝ ΚΛΕΑΝΔΡΟΣ[ ]; winged thunderbolt

**1. Plankenhorn coll.**, 3.20.



**S-3029A** AE. 13 mm, 3.54 g. [0]

ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head, r.; to r., lituus  
ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦΕΩΝ ΑΝΤΙΟΧΟΣ; winged thunderbolt

**1. Bankhaus Aufhäuser 9, 7-9 Oct. 1992, lot 279**, 3.54; 2. Auction van der Dussen 24, 1995, lot 2892. The small denomination corresponding to 3029.



**S2-I-3029B** AE. 17 mm, 3.35 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head, r.  
ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦΕΩΝ ΑΠΟΛΛΑ[ ΦΙΛΟ?]ΚΑΙΣ;  
laureate busts of the Dioscuri, jugate, r.

**1. V SNG Leypold 1113**, 3.35. The obverse belongs to group II, but the reverse belongs to group I. The name Apollodotos occurs as a patronymic on *RPC* I, 3029, but this is probably a different (and new) person; there are several possibilities beginning Apoll[ .



**3030/2**. Münz Zentrum 81 (1995) lot 192, 4.79.

**S2-I-3030A** AE. 15 mm, 3.46 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head, r.; to r., lituus  
ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦΕΩΝ ΖΗΝΩΝ; winged thunderbolt

**1. P 2002/202**, 3.46. The small denomination corresponding to 3030; 2. Ramage coll., 3.68.



**3031/1**. Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1076.

**3033/4**. Hauck and Aufhäuser 18, 5-6 Oct. 2004, lot 431, 3.33.

**3036/4. Terzian coll.**, 3.30 (axis: 6), without name of magistrate.



**S2-I-3039A** AE. 15 mm, 2.31 g (2). Axis: 12. [1]

ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head, r.  
ΦΙΛΑΔΕΛΦΕΩΝ ΧΟΝΔΡΟΣ; grapes

**1. P 2001/10** (= Jacquier Katalog 25, Herbst 2000, lot 341), 2.06; 2. Terzian coll. USA, 2.55. For the name Chondros, see *RPC* I, 3039. The coin represents a smaller denomination.



**3041/6.** Berk 170<sup>th</sup> BBS, 29 July 2010, lot 507, 4.24.

**S-3041A** AE. 18 mm, 5.84 g. [0]

NEPΩNA [ΣΕΒΑΣΤ]ON; draped bust, r.  
NEIKANP(*sic*) ΦΙ - ΛΑΔΕ[ ] ; as 3041.

**1. Plankenhorn coll.**, 5.84. As 3041, but obverse legend in accusative (not nominative) case, and omission of omega in name of Neikanor on reverse; 2. Tom Vossen, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) on 17 July 2009, 3.10.



**3042/1** The obverse reads ...ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗΝ. Cf. S-3041A; 9. Hauck und Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 282, 3.15.

**S2-I-3042A** As 3042, but TI NEIKANΩ[P] [0]

1. Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 21-22 March 2000, lot 298, 3.55. The *praenomen* was previously attested on 3041.

### Tripolis

**3051/5.** Yale (ex PRF), 5.59.

**3054/3.** CNG MBS 47, 16 Sep. 1998, lot 832, 5.98.

**3057** Laureate and draped bust, not head.

### Cadi

**3062** Monogram is misdrawn.

### Aezani

Lindgren 870 is actually a coin of Crete (*RPC* 1034).

On the cult statue of Zeus, see now H.-C. von Mosch, 'Das Kultbild des Zeus von Aizanoi', *SNR* 79, 2000, pp. 113-123 and Taf. 8-10.

**3066/7.** CNG EA 181, Villemur coll., 6 Feb. 2008, lot

143, 7.16; 8. CNG EA 255, 4 May 2011, lot 234, 6.97.

**3067** G. Stumpf, *Numismatische Studien zur Chronologie der Römischen Statthalter in Kleinasien* (1991), no. 143 reads ΠΟΤΙΤΟΣ not ΠΟΤΙΤ.

**3067/2** is now in Bern: see *SNG* Bern 1124; 4. Bankhaus Aufhäuser 13, 7-8 Oct. 1997, lot 292 (9.11 g), with the legend ΠΟΤΙ[ ]ΕΣΣΑΛΛΑΣ = Triton XI, Villemur coll., 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 493; 5. Hauck und Aufhäuser 14, 21-22 March 1998, lot 283, 9.15 (see Supp. 2 under 3067/4 *errore*).

**3068** Variants with (a) ΑΙΖΑΝΙΤΩΝ and (b) ΑΖΙΕΝΑΤΩΝ: RHJA. *RPC* did not distinguish between two varieties of placement of the reverse legend, either ↓ ↓, either ☉. The specimens appeared on the market with the ☉ legend have, on the obverse, a lituus in the r. field: see **Roma Numismatics Ltd 4, 30 Sept. 2012, lot 2022**, 6.87.



**3071/2.** CNG E 188, Wagner coll., 28 May 2008, lot 244, 2.65; 3. Rauch Summer Auction 2012, 20 Sept. 2012, lot 788, 3.73.

**3073-4** Correct obverse legend is: Γ ΚΑΙ ΣΕΒΑΚΤΟC ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟC.

**3081** Afyon museum 108 has spelling ΑΓΡΙΠΠΙΕΙΝΑ and no ethnic.

**3083** Countermark is not uncertain, but *GIC* 715 (monogram).

**3084** Reverse is probably Apollo.

**3089/2.** CNG EA 127, 23 Nov. 2005, lot 151, 5.43.

**3094/7** The reverse die has a large (23 mm) diameter; so the reverse die, as well as the flan, is unusually large.

**3096/2** Legend is TO NANNA (not TOY NANNA).

**3097/2.** M. Fox coll., 3.20.

**3100/15. P 2007/74**, 4.41 (reverse legend straight upwards on l. field).



**3104/4.** M. Fox coll., 2.59.

**3105/4-5.** M. Fox coll., 4.05, 2.49 (a XRF analysis on 3105/4 conducted at EDAX in New Jersey attests that these coins are made of orichalcum).

**S3-I-3105A** AE. 19 mm, 3.45 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

Same legend as 3105, but draped bust without diadem of Senate, r. (as 3106)  
AIZANITΩN; draped bust of Artemis, r.

**1. M. Fox coll., 3.46**



**3106/4.** CNG EA 104, 22 Dec. 2004, lot 145, 3.36.

### Ancyra

**3108-13** C. Howgego (*JRS* 1993, p. 202) suggests reversing the order of the two issues (following Robert's suggestion that the request for permission normally followed a gap in the coinage of a city). As for 3111-3 he suggests that the Artemis of Ephesus is represented because the embassy went to Ephesus, that ΕΦ refers to the visit to Ephesus rather than the magistracy (ephor: this should therefore be deleted from the index of magistracies), and that the third type represents a stele which was set up with an inscription recording the permission which had been granted. However, a stele also appears on undated coins (*BMC* 3): either the stele has some local significance, or else the grant of coinage was so important that it was celebrated at other times. In addition the cult statue of Artemis of Ephesus reappears on coins of Domitian (*RPC* 2, 1071).

The coins have also been discussed by P. Weiss, 'Zu Münzprägungen mit den Formeln ΑΙΤΗΣΑΜΕΝΟΥ und ΕΙΣΑΝΓΕΙΛΑΝΤΟΣ', in ed E. Schwertheim, *Studien zum antiken Kleinasien II*, Asia Minor Studien 8 (Bonn, 1992), pp. 167-80. He has pointed out that Bassilaos is not attested as a name, but that Basillos is, and that therefore we should correct the reading ΒΑΣΣΙΛΛΑΟΥ to ΒΑΣΣΙΛΛΟΥ, as is clear on a new specimen of **3112**, which can now be read as ΝΕΡΩΝ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ, ΟΥΟΛΑΣΕΝΝΑ ΑΝΘΥΠΙΑΤΩ ΙΟΥ ΑΝΚΥΠΙΑΝΩΝ ΑΙΤΗΣΑΜΕΝ ΤΙ ΒΑΣΣΙΛΛΟΥ ΕΦ (= Aufhäuser 8, 1991 lot 361, misread). J. Nollé, 'Städtisches Prägerecht und Römische Kaiser. Suchten die Städte Kleinasien beim römischen Kaiser um das Recht nach, Bronzemünzen zu prägen? Überlegun-

gen zu dem Formular αίτησαμένου του δεινός', *RIN* 1993, 487-504, at p. 494, suggests reading TI as an abbreviation for T(ib.) I(ulius), but TI seems more likely. Weiss also rejects the expansion of ΕΦ as ἐφ(όρου), and prefers the more plausible ἐφ(ηβάρχου), while Nollé suggests ἐφ(εστῶτος), meaning more or less the same as ἐπιμεληθέντος; however, Howgego's association with Ephesus is very tempting, given the portrayal of Artemis. Weiss does not agree with Howgego's suggestion that the order of Basillus' coins (3111-13) and of Claudios Artemidoros (3108-10) should be reversed, and agrees with the order given by *RPC*, mainly on the grounds of the more youthful portrait.

**3110/1.** Actually reads ΕΠΙ ΤΙ ΑΡΤΕΜΙΔΩΡΟΥ, thereby attesting the otherwise unknown praenomen Ti for Klaudius Artemidoros (see also above); 4. Hauck and Aufhäuser 18, 5-6 Oct. 2004, lot 443, 2.58 (for the correct reading of the obv. legend, see *Supp.* I).

**3115** Variant with ΜΗΤΡΟΦΑΝΟ or ΜΗΤΡΟΦΑΝ: now L 1995-6-5-95 ex Thackray, 4.93 (axis: 1). Another example, as 3115: P 321.

### Dionysopolis

**S2-I-3122A** AE. 18 mm, 5.29 g (1). [1]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; bare head, r.  
ΔΙΟΝΥΣΟΠΟΛΙΤΩΝ ΠΟΤΑΜΩΝ[ ]ΟΔΟ[ ] ;  
Dionysus standing, l., with grapes and thyrsus

**1. P 2002/150** (ex Hirsch 220, 21-22 Feb. 2002, lot 1537), 5.29. Same obverse die as *RPC* I, 3122/1 but different name which is incomplete: perhaps Potamon [The]odo[rou]?



### Apamea

**3124** Wreath on reverse is of oak, not laurel.

**3130/3. Afyon Museum 841**, 2.99. The ethnic ΑΠΑΜΕΩΝ can now also be read on this new specimen, confirming the attribution.



**3133** Monogram not drawn correctly.

### Fulvia Eumenea

**3139-41** R.A. Fischer, *Fulvia und Octavia* (Berlin, 1999) has provided a die study and commentary (pp. 141-9, 227-41, 283-93): 45 specimens from 11 dies. See also Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 21-22 March 2000, lot 273, 7.78.

**3139/15.** Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 21-22 March 2000, lot 273, 7.78.

**3140/6.** P 2013/497 (ex RBW), 6.11 (3140/4-6: axis is 9).

**3141/4.** Lindgren I A950A (obv. misidentified); 5. Afyon 6103; 6. RBW, 3.62; 7. RBW (ex Van der Dussen 23, 6 Apr. 1995, lot 396), 3.82; 8. RBW (ex Van der Dussen 23, 6 Apr. 1995, lot 397), 2.90.

Countermark: monogram on the obv. of 6

**3142/3.** Kovacs coll., 4.72 (axis: 12); 4. PV, 3.96 g.

**3143/6.** RBW (ex Classical Numismatic Review, 1993 First Quarter, lot 355), 2.45; 7. Yale (ex PRF), 3.20; 8. RBW (ex Künker 124, 16 March 2007, lot 8803), 2.97 (the reverse legend is in 5 lines, not 4 as usual: EYM/ENEΩN/KAΣTOPIΣ/ΣΩTIP/A).

**3147/15.** Goddard coll. R217, 4.14 g (19 mm; axis 12). *RPC* 1, 3147 has rev. 'Zeus, standing l., holding flower; to l., eagle', and cites BMC 37 corrected. This coin fits the unrevised description of BMC 37 (also illustrated in Sear *GIC* 277) and that of *SNG Cop* 391 (i.e. no eagle to l of Zeus).

**3151** Specimen with countermark: CNG MBS 57, 4 April 2001, lot 818, 2.76.  
Cmk: draped bust r. (*GIC* -).

**3151/15.** Münz Zentrum 90 (1997) lot 229, with countermark: head r. (*GIC* -).

**S3-I-3151A.** AE. 16 mm, 3.11 g (1). Axis: 1 (1) [0]

As 3151

Same legend as 3151; Cybele seated, r.

**1. Barbara coll.**, 3.11



### Sebaste

**3153/8.** Klagenfurt; 9. Lambros. 8-9: casts in Winterthur.

**3155/2** For an obverse brockage from the same die, see B. Kapossy, *Römische Provinzialmünzen aus Kleinasien in Bern* (Milan, 1995) no. 64, 6.90; 33. Münz Zentrum 100, 2 March 1999, lot 205 (group with E), but with legends retrograde on both obv. and rev.).

### 'Eucarpia'

**3159/20.** Now CNG EA 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 78.

**3160/7.** Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 21-22 March 2000, lot 279, 2.92.

### Sibia

**S-3162A** AE. 17 mm, 2.26 g (1). [0]

As 3162, but ΚΑΛΛΙΚΛΗΣ ΚΑΛΛΙΚΛΟΥΣ ΣΙΒΙΑΝΩΝ

**1. Private Coll. I** ex Münz Zentrum 84 (1995) lot 184, 2.26. This is struck from the same die with ΓΑΙΟΣ as the L specimen of 3162, but 3162/1-2 have a reverse signed by ΚΑΛΛΙΚΛΗΣ ΚΑΛΛΙΣΤΡΑΤΟΥ. It seems hard to accept the coincidence of two different men with the same name, and so one should perhaps conclude that one of the patronymics is a mistake (presumably Kallikles Kalliklous, by dittography).



**3163/3.** Now Winterthur G 7125, 7.84. The obv. legend is ΤΙΒΕΠΙΟΣ; 4. CNG MBS 54, 14 June 2000, lot 1118, 6.10.

### Acmonaea

**S3-I-3168A** AE. 17 mm, 4.46 g (1). Axis: 11 (1) [0]

ΓΑΙΟΣ; bare head, r.

ΚΡΑΤΗΣ ΑΚΜΟΝΕΩΝ; Artemis advancing r., drowing arrow from quiver with her r., holding

bow in his l.; stag to r.

**1. CNG EA 195, 10 Sept. 2008, lot 154** (ex A. Malloy 6, 12 March 1976, lot 383), 4.46. Probably a coin of Gaius Caesar, as the magistrate Krates is known under Augustus.



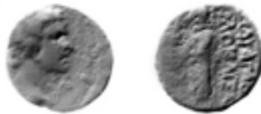
**3173** Add Cop 25 to list of specimens.

**3176/1** has [NEPΩN] CEBACTOC AKMONEIC, though most other specimens have NEPΩNA CEBACTON AKMONEIC, as catalogued (so also, e.g., Afyon 1200, 1308).

### Synnada

A study of the coins of Synnada has been made by K. Stabler, *The Roman Coinage of Synnada, Phrygia* (inpublished MA dissertation, University of Durham, 1997). Many new specimens are included, especially from Afyon museum.

**3179/2. Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1981.74.159** (H.B. Wells coll.), 4.48. On this specimen, it is clear that there is a lituus on the obv. before the head.



**3186/2** is P 2032 (= Wa 5622), not P 2033 (= Wa 6522); move P 2033 to *RPC* 3189. Not all the later coins have a 6 o'clock axis.

**3189** Add P 2032 (= Wa 6523) from *RPC* 3186.

### Iulia

**3192/6.** Gorny and Mosch 156, 6 March 2007, lot 1782, 1.95

### Prynnessus

**3195corr.** Reverse legend is ΚΑΙΚΙΟΣ ΠΟΝΤΙΚΟΣ ΠΡΥ

**2. Afyon museum 2779,** 3.33. This new clearer coin shows that the original restoration

[ΙΟΥΛ]ΙΟΣ ΠΟΝΤΙΚΟΣ was incorrect. The coin should presumably be associated with *RPC* I, 3204 with ΚΑΙΚΙΟΣ [ ]ΟΝ[ ], although the coins are of rather different style (and so were tentatively attributed to different emperors in *RPC* I).



**S-3200A** As 3200, but ΑΡΤΑΣ ΠΡΥΜΝΗΣΣΕΩΝ



**1. Afyon museum 859,** 4.57.

**3205/5.** Now Winterthur G 6549. The rev. legend ends with ΠΡΥΜΝΗ.

**3209/23.** Now Lanz 117, 24 Nov. 2003, lot 588.

### Docimeum

**3212/12.** Lambros 1884 (cast in Winterthur), with the cmk. *GIC* 224.

**3213/7.** Countermark *GIC* 224 on the G coin = M 2, 485, 2 = *SNG* Glasgow 2042) is not noted; 10. Gotha (cast in Winterthur).

**S-3213A** AE. 15 mm, 4.87 g (1). [0]

NEPΩN ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; draped bust, r.  
ΔΟΚΙΜΕΩΝ; temple with six columns

**1. Giessener Münzhandlung 48, 2 April 1990, lot 468** = Hirsch 174 (May 1992) lot 575 = Hirsch 187 (September 1995) lot 1094, 4.87 (see *RPC* I, plate 195).



**3215** The obverse of Bankhaus Aufhäuser 12, 1-2 Oct. 1996, lot 492 reads ΑΓΡΙΠΠΙΝΑΝ CEBACTHΝ (3.33 g).

**Cotiaecum**

See also 5435, below.

**3224/3**. Hirsch 187 (September 1995) lot 1109; 4. Zurich (cast in Winterthur).

**S-3226A** AE. 15 mm, 4.07 g (3). Axis: 12. [3]

BMC 3

ΡΩΜΗΝ ΚΟΤΙΑΕΙΣ; bust of Roma, turreted, r. ΕΠΙ Κ ΣΕΚΟΥΝΔΟΥ; Cybele seated, as 3226 1. L = BMC 3, 4.72; **2. P 852bis**, 4.09; 3. L 1995-6-5-96 (ex Thackray), 3.40. Omitted in error; this is the companion piece to 3226 (Senate minted under Galba. Not in Cop or vA.

**Amorium**

See below, Uncertain 5457 (in fact a coin of Amorium, under Claudius).

On Amorium, see now C. Katsari, 'The development of political identities in Roman Phrygia from the second century BC to the third century AD: the case of Amorium', *Annali* LII (2006), pp. 87-117; C. Katsari, C. S. Lightfoot and A. Özme, *The Amorium Mint and the Coin Finds*, Amorium Reports 4 (Berlin, 2012). A concordance between Katsari and *RPC* is given below:

Katsari	RPC I
C1-2, p. 62 and Pl. 3	3230
C3, p. 62	S2-I-3230A
C4-24, pp. 62-3 and Pl. 3-4	3231
C25-8, pp. 63-4 and Pl. 4	3232
C29-49, pp. 64-5 and Pl. 4	3233
C50-1, p. 65 and Pl. 5	certainly Methymna 2337
C52-9, p. 65 and Pl. 5	?
C60, p. 66	no explanation and no illustration for the inclusion of this coin described as CEBACTOC, head of emperor; before, lituus/CEBACTOC, head of emperor; r; before, lituus), Mi Laffranchi 696
C61, p. 67	?
D1-24, pp. 67-8 and Pl. 5	3235
D25-31, pp. 68-9 and Pl. 5	3236
D32-3, p. 69	?
E1-21, p. 69-70 and Pl. 6	3237
E22-28, pp. 69-70 and Pl. 6	3238
E29-33, p. 70 and Pl. 6	3239
E34-5, p. 70	Supp. 5457corr.
F1-12, pp. 70-1 and Pl. 6-7	3240

F13-17, p. 71 and Pl. 7 3241

F18-22, pp. 71-2 and Pl. 7 3242

**S2-I-3230A**. AE. 19-20 mm, 7.32 g (1). Axis: 12(1) [0]

As 3230

]MOKP[; eagle with caduceus standing, r.

**1. Yale** (ex PRF), 7.32. Same obv. die as 3230/1.



**3233/11**. Gotha (cast in Winterthur).

**3235/3** No trace of monogram and no final N to OYEIΨANIW.

**3235/2, 3236/3, 3238/2**: monogram is AMOP.

**3241/4**. Albuquerque VSO 95, 18 Nov. 1998, lot 22.

**Philomelium**

**3245/4**. Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1981.74.149 (H.B. Wells coll.), 2.34.

# LYCIA - PAMPHYLIA

## Lycian League

**3317** The results of an analysis by EDS (analisi spettroscopica per dispersione elettronica) are the following: Cu: 83.4%; Sn: 9.2%; Pb: 7.4 % (R. Martini, 'Monetazione bronzea orientale di Augustus tra emissioni imperiali, coniazioni provinciali. E produzioni locali: i 'sesterzi' della Lycia ed i 'Dupondi'?' della serie AVGV/STVS (Asia Minor) alla luce di nuove analisi metallografiche', in O. Tekin ed, *Ancient History, Numismatics and Epigraphy in the Mediterranean World. Studies in memory of Clemens E. Bosch and Sabahat Atlan and in honour of Nezahat Baydur* (Istanbul, 2009), pp. 231-245.

**S-3308A** AR drachm.

AY; head of Augustus, r.  
MA; cithara; to l., aphiaston

**1. MM 81, 18 Sep. 1995, lot 186, 3.56.**



**S-3309A** As 3309, but head l.

**1. Giessener Münzhandlung 84, 13 Oct. 1997, lot 5537, 3.43 g.**



**3317** (Troxell 190). Another example in Fethiye museum, 25.7 g.

**3324** Artemis does not always have a quiver.

**S2-I-3339A** AR. 18 mm, 3.21 g (1). Axis: 2(1) [0]

As 3334-9

Same legend as 3334-5; Apollo Patroös standing l., holding bow in his r. hand

**1. Hauck and Aufhäuser 18, 5-6 Oct. 2004, lot 433, 3.21**



**3341** For a specimen with the countermark P in a circle on the obverse, see C Leake p. 150 (Nicaea) = *SMG* 1883.

**3345** Specimens countermarked M in circle and B in circle in NY (Uncertain ex Holzer).

**S2-I-3351A.** AE. 17-18 mm, 4.00 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

As 3351-2  
AYTOKPATΩP ΓEPMANIKOΣ; Apollo Patroös

**1. Yale** (ex PRF), 4.00.



**S-3352A** AE. 15 mm, 2.79 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

[TIBEP]IOΣ KAAVAΔIOΣ[ ]; tripod  
AY; clasped hands with 2 corn ears and poppy

**1. P 9** (= Wa 3011), 2.79. A unique quarter unit?



**Balbura**

**3354**/3. Yale (ex PRF), 5.52.

**3355**/2. CNG 38 (1996) lot 676, 5.11. This confirms the reading of the obverse as ΓΑΙΟC.

**Termessus by Oinoanda**

**3358-61** J. J. Coulton, 'Termessians at Oinoanda', *Anatolian Studies* 32, 1982, pp. 115-31, discusses the site of Termessos. He thinks that the Lycian Termessians established themselves at Oinoanda, so that the city was inhabited by two groups which retained their political structures.

A corpus of the coinage is given by E. Kosmetatou, 'The coinage of Lycian Termessos pros Oinoandois', *QT* 27, 1998, pp. 161-83:

<i>RPC</i> I	Kosmetatou
<b>3358</b>	XIV
<b>3359</b>	XII
<b>3360</b>	XI
<b>3361</b>	III (1st century BC).

Kosmetatou regards her series XIII and XV as smaller denominations of series XI, XII and XIV; their obverses are described as heads of Augustus and Tiberius, but look like busts of Artemis with a quiver on shoulder (and with a zebu rather than a horse on the reverse), as on series VI no. 2, which she dates to the 1st century BC.

**Attalea**

**p. 530** A. Johnston has pointed out that Baydur 161 (attributed to Nero), regarded in *RPC* I as doubtful is in fact a coin of Attalea in Lydia of the third century AD (cf. Cop 38).

**3364**/4. A Mavromichalè coll. 1904/05 iç' 205, 3.93 (axis: 12).

**Perga**

**3371** Add G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 444, 3.1 g.

**3373** Pfälzer Privatsammlungen *SNG* 263-7 has specimens countermarked with Artemis head (264, 266) and cult statue of Artemis (265). Some pieces have a different style.

**S2-I-3373A** Keckman *SNG* 655 has a rather peculiar variant legend, adding **TO** Δ at the end of the obv. legend after **NEPΩN KAICAP**; presumably it denotes his 4th regnal year.

**Silyum**

**S2-I-3376A** AE. 16 mm, 4.86 g.

[0]

Bare head, r.

ΣΙΑΛΥΕΩ[N]; head of Apollo, r.

**1. Giessener Münzhandlung 87, 2 March 1998, lot 368**, 4.86. The portrait looks very like Augustus.



**3377**/3. RBW, 4.14.

**Aspendus**

**3382ff** Pfälzer Privatsammlungen *SNG* 54-9 include further specimens. Pf. 54-55 (and 57?) are as *RPC* 3382; Pf. 56 as *RPC* 3385; Pf. 57 may be as *RPC* 3384 (or 3382); Pf. 58 seems to be different; Pf. 59 is as *RPC* 3389.

**Side**

**3395ff** Many more specimens and variants can be found in Pfälzer Privatsammlungen *SNG* 579-621; some (as *RPC* 3395) are attributed to Tiberius under Augustus.

C Mossop collection has several Julio-Claudian pieces, including:

- Tiberius, as 3391/B1, but C: 5.71
- Claudius, as 3398 (probably same dies), 3.93. Formerly identified in *RPC* as 'Uncertain emperor', but ] - ΚΑΑΥΔΙΟC can be read.
- Nero, as 3399: 4.80.
  - as 3400, but pomegranate in different place (below arm): 9.29.
  - as 3401: 5.07.
  - as 3403: 9.21.
  - as 3404: 5.18.

**S2-I-3396A** AE. 15-6 mm, 3.74 g (1). Axis: 1. [1]

Traces of letters; bare head r.

[ ]I Δ; half-length helmeted bust of Athena r., wearing aegis; before, pomegranate.

**1. L 2002-2-1-3**, 3.74. The portrait might be Tiberius, Claudius or Nero; it looks most like 3397 (Claudius) but the identification is not at all certain.



**3397/3**. Van der Dussen 24, 1-2 June 1995, lot 3099, reads TIBEP[ ] - ΚΑΑΥΔΙΟ[ ]; 4. Jacquier Katalog 30, Frühjahr 2003, lot 260, 4.28. Same obv. die as Van der Dussen 24, 1-2.6.1995, lot 3099 (cited in *Suppl. I*, with a wrong date). The complete obv. legend is therefore TIBEPIOC ΚΑΑΥΔΙΟC ΚΑΙCΑP.

**3399/4**. Hirsch 183 (1994) lot 955 (5.64 g).

**S-3401A** As 3401, but reverse legend is [ ]IΔ-HTWN

**1. Lerdhal coll.**



**Syedra**

**3405/6**. Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 683; 8. CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 1134 (ex Levante Supp. 69), 3.27.

# GALATIA

---

## Kings of Galatia

The question of the date of the formation of the province of Galatia and of the dates used on the coins of cities there is discussed by W. Leschhorn, 'Die Anfänge der Provinz Galatia', *Chiron* 22 (1992), pp. 315-36. He argues that the province was founded in 25 BC, that the dates on coins of Tavium date to an era beginning in 21/0 BC; his conclusion that the era of Pessinus and that of the province were the same depends on the interpretation of the coins probably minted there as provincial issues (since they lack an ethnic). See also Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 398-410 and 539-41.

For a review of Pisidian coinage, see P. Weiss, 'Pisidien: eine historische Landschaft im Licht ihrer Münzprägung', *Forschungen in Pisidien* (ed E. Schwertheim, 1992), pp. 143-65.

**p. 536** The coins of Deiotarus with Nike/eagle are sometimes thought to have a portrait of Fulvia as Nike and to have been minted at Eumeneia: see S. Mitchell, *Anatolia* p. 140 n. 160, A. Zwintscher, *De Galatorum tetrarchis et Amynta rege quaestiones* (Leipzig, 1892), pp. 29-30. This is as likely as the Phrygian cities mentioned on p. 536.

## Amyntas

**3502** Delete 3502/7 = vA 6106. Three specimens in Fethiye museum.

## Kings of Paphlagonia

**3508**/3. Now Sternberg XXVII, 7-8 Nov. 1994, lot 7; 4. Leu 77, 11-12 May 2000, lot 236, 3.97.

## Isinda

For a discussion of the era, see Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 395-97 and 538-39. He assigns the coins dated 1, 2, 3 and 4 (*RPC* 3510-11) not to the era of Polemo, but to an era of Amyntas or a local era starting perhaps in 38/7 BC; and the coins dated 1-23 (*RPC* 3512-13) to the era of the province of Galatia or a local era.

## Termessus

For a discussion of the era, see Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 392-5 and 537-8 (starting perhaps in 72/1 BC, so *RPC* 3514 would date to AD 58/9).

**3514** The thunderbolt seems to be a countermark; another specimen now in L (ex Thackray: 19 mm, 5.22 g, axis: 6): could the letters be ΛB?

## Ariassus

**3516**/2. *SNG* Bern 1381, 3.19; 3. C Mossop, 2.95. Leschhorn, *AA* p. 397 does not accept that the coins refer to an era.

## Uncertain (Pisidian?) colony

**3517**/3. Now Lanz 88 (Benz), 23 Nov. 1998, lot 813; 4. RBW coll., 3.90 (ex Dorotheum, 29 Nov. 1996, lot 39), this specimen suggests that the name of the colony might begin with the letter A, since the reading could be ... COL IVL A[ ]; but the A is not certain, and 3517/3 had suggested a rounded letter like a C, G or O; 5. Mu (ex Hauck und Aufhäuser 15, 11-12 March 2000, lot 268), 6.77. The name of the colony is still missing.

## Cremna

For a discussion of the era, see Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 397-8 and 539. He assigns the dated coins (*RPC* 3518-22) to the era of Amyntas or a local era, perhaps from 38/7 BC.

## Sagalassus

**S2-I-3522A** AE. 24 mm, 11.60 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

ΣΕΒΑΣ[ ]; bare head of Augustus, r.  
CΑΓΑΛΛΑC [ ]N; Zeus seated, l., with Nike and sceptre

**1. L 2001-3-35-2**, 11.60. The portrait is different from *RPC* I, 3523; same reverse type as

3525 for Nero.



**3523** For specimens found in excavations at Sagalassus in 1992, see (eds) M. Waelkens and J. Poblome, *Sagalassus II* (Leuven, 1993), p. 249 nos. 9-10; cf. no. 15? (similar portrait/seated Zeus on reverse).

### Apollonia (Mordiaem)

**3528/2.** F. Kovacs MBS XVI, 29 Sep. 2004, lot 262, 4.97.

### Lystra

**3539/4.** Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 501, 11.84.

**3540/2. Gorny and Mosch 181, 13 Oct. 2009, lot 1831,** 4.78 (the obv. legend IMP AVG seems complete); 3. Helios 5, 25 June 2010, lot 1074, 5.94.



### Claudiconium (= Iconium)

**3542/6.** Warsaw 88354 (among Uncertain), 5.05.

**3543/6.** Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 499, 3.15.

**3545/10.** Amsterdam (Uncertain, Six 606), 4.70 (axis: 12).

### (Koinon of) Galatia

**3546-51** S. Şahin, 'Bau einer Säulenstrasse in Attaleia (Pamphylien) unter Tiberius-Caligula', *EA* 25, 1995, pp. 25-7 suggests an alternative restoration for the inscription published by Mitchell and mentioned on *RPC* I, p. 545, but there is no new evidence for the emperors in question (Şahin prefers Tiberius and Caligula).

### Pessinus

**3555/9.** St Petersburg (J. Devreker, 'Les monnaies de Pessinonte: un supplément', *EA* 24, 1995, pp. 85-90, at p. 85 no. 2, with Taf. II.1, 2), 9.75. Devreker says it is a variant without the word **CEBACTOC**, but the illustration suggests that there is a trace of letters below the emperor's bust, so the coin would seem to be a normal one.

### (Koinon of) Galatia

**3560/1.** Now CNG EA 244, Wagner coll., 10 Nov. 2010, lot 329.

**3562** Van der Dussen 24, 1-2 June 1995, lot 3970 reports a second countermarked example (but unillustrated).

**S3-I-3563A** AE. 18 mm, 4.35 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

NEPΩNOC CEBACTOC; laureate head, r.  
[ ] CEBACTH; Nike advancing l. with wreath and palm

**1. Kovacs,** 4.35. Although there is no place name, the style and legend are exactly the same as 3562-3, and so an attribution to Galatia must be right. This coin would, then, seem to be the smallest denomination (rather than the probably false 3564, with Poppaea).



**3565/10.** Now MM list 589 (August 1995), lot 1094, and list 592 (Jan. 1996), lot 28.

**3566/3.** Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1982.86.126 (H.B. Wells coll.), 6.20.

**3567/10.** Zurich Bibliothek; 11. Uncertain; 12. Gotha (with cmk. *GIC* 345). 10-12: casts in Winterthur.

### Tavium

**3568corr.** The correct description is as follows:

TPOKMΩN; Zeus seated, facing, with vertical sceptre in r. hand  
CEBACTHΩN; bull standing l.

3. Triton V (Freedman coll.), 14-15 Jan. 2002, lot 524, 13.20; 4. Boston MFA 65.548, 12.92.

### Amasea

For the era, see Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 115ff and 466-69.

**3571** See now J. Dalaison, *L'atelier d'Amaseia du Pont: recherches historiques et numismatiques* (Numismatica Anatolica 2, Ausonius Éditions, Bordeaux, 2008).

**3571****corr** Reverse legend is AMAΣΕΩΝ ΕΠΙ  
ΒΑΣΙΛΑ

3. Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1052; **7. P 867** (Grand Duc). The correct description and reading of the reverse are clear on this specimen (the 'uncertain object' seems actually to be some sort of a fold in a veil). This coin is struck from the same reverse die as P 838 (= *RPC* 3571/4). The reference in the inscription is to Basila, the legate of Galatia, whose name appears on other coins (*RPC* 3546-51). For a discussion of his date and hence the identity of the emperor, see the discussion in *RPC*. The coin has now been published by A. Burnett, 'Two missing governors', in *Character. Aphieromaste Mando Oeconomidou* (Athens, 1996), pp. 61-2.



# CAPPADOCIA

## Caesarea

**3609-19.** F. Kovacs, *Essays in Honour of Roberto Russo*, eds P. van Alfen and R.B. Witschonke, *Numismatica Ars Classica*, Zurich / London, 2013, pp. 397-404, plausibly suggests that the dates on the civic bronze coinage of Eusebeia are according to a Pompeian era, rather than the regnal years of Archelaus.

**3604/3.** Hoffman 1885 (cast in Winterthur), 3.61.

**S-3610A** As 3610 but dated IC̄ (year 16 = 21/0 BC)

**1. Kovacs coll.**, 5.15 (axis: 12) = Kovacs List 29 (1997) lot 13.



**3612** might be a coin of Tripolis in Phoenicia.

**3623c. var** Rev. legend GERMANICV[S CAES] TI AVGV COS II M: CNG MBS 45, 18 March 1998, lot 890, 3.94. A new variant of reverse legend with GERMANICVS CAES TI AVGVS COS II [PM]: G. Boersema, *VCoins* 8311, 3.81.

**3629/6.** Giessener Münzhandlung 71 (1995) lot 612, 7.55 (Germanicus, Artaxias).

**3637/5.** Now CNG MBS 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 965.

**3640/3.** Lanz 135, 21 May 2007, lot 559 (ex Hess, Löbbecke coll., 6 Jan. 1926, lot 944), 3.90.

**3643/3** Leu 54, 28 April 1992, lot 229, 2.31 (Nero, AC IT IB: Agrippina).

**S3-I-3643A** AR. 18 mm, 2.14 g (1). Axis : 12 [0]

As 3635.

As 3635 but IB.

**1. CNG EA 238, 11 Aug. 2010, lot 248,**

2.14 = Kovacs (since cleaning the weight is now 2.07). A denomination of 12 asses, only known so far for Nero and Agrippina (*RPC* 3643).



**3647, 3652-53** The rev. legend should be corrected to DIVOS CLAVD AVGVST GERMANIC PATER AVG.

**3648** I. Michaelidou-Nicolaou, 'Roman Cappadocian Silver Coins and Imperial Denarii in the Cyprus Museum, Nicosia', in eds B. Kluge and B. Weisser, *XII. Internationaler Numismatischer Kongress Berlin 1997. Akten - Proceedings - Actes* (Staatliche Museen zu Berlin Preussischer Kulturbesitz, Berlin, 2000), pp. 698-702, at p. 699 no. 7 describes a very odd coin of Nero. The description implies that it is a Latin drachm (*RPC* I, 3648) overstruck as a coin of Pontus (Nero and Polemo, as *RPC* I, 3829ff), although the details of the Latin legend are not clear on the illustration.

**3653** A variant with .. CLAVDIVS VGVST ... (*sic*): MM 81, 18 Sept. 1995, lot 658, 5.77.

**3655/5.** This specimen, which was formerly in the Oberhammer coll. of Munich, is now in Stuttgart, MK 1998/43, 12.35.

## Tyana

**3659/1.** B B-I; 2. L 1991-1-30-84 (= *RPC* 3659/3; see Supp. I); 3. Lindgren III, 959, 14.27; 4. Rutten and Wieland accessed via *VCoins*, 12.82; 5. Herakles Numismatics accessed via *VCoins*, 12.14; 6. Helios Numismatik 3, 29 April 2009, lot 684, 13.82.

**3660/1.** V GR 20210, 6.77; 2. P 750 (= *RPC* 3659/2); **3. P 1992/917**, 6.57 (ex Jacquier, Münzliste 14, 1992, lot 195); 4. Münz Zentrum 157, 12 Jan. 2011, lot 348, 5.56.



### Hierapolis (Comana)

**3661**/1. Now CNG 79, 17 Sep. 2008, lot 632 ex JSW, 6.10 (note corrected weight); 2. *NC* 2011, p. 75 (pl. 6, 1-2), 7.01; 3. Gorny & Mosch 160, 9 October 2007, lot 2018.

Cmk: NE / Z in circular incuse (*GIC* -: 2-3). See the discussion by K. Butcher in *NC* 2011, p. 75: 'The type was first published in *RPC I*, when a single specimen was known (our specimen appears to be from different dies). There it was tentatively proposed that the letter B on the reverse was a date ('year 2'), with reservations, because - unusually - there was no formula for 'year' preceding the number. A larger denomination with similar types, but with B at the end of the obverse legend, was published in the *RPC Supplement I*, S-3661A. The likelihood that B is indeed a date is reinforced by the new countermark on our specimen, which presumably refers to regnal year seven of Nero (NE[PWNO]Z). If this interpretation is correct, the coinage with 'year 2' was produced in the first years of Nero's reign, between AD 54-56 (Nero's portrait is clearly a young one), and the countermark 'year 7' between AD 59-61.'

**S-3661A** AE. 27 mm.

[0]

NEPWNOC[ KAAAYΔ]IOY KAICAPOC  
CEBACTOY B; laureate head, r.  
I[ ]TWN[ ]TW CAP; two mountains; that  
to r. surmounted by a statue

**1. Hirsch 181, 22 Feb. 1994, lot 539**, now Triton VIII, 11-12 Jan. 2005, lot 786 (ex Baldwin, MM, Vecchi, The New York Sale II, 2 Dec. 1999, lot 162). The rev. legend can be read as **ΙΕΡΟΠΟΛΙΤΩΝ [ΤΩΝ ΠΡ]ΟC ΤΩ ΣΑΡΩΙ**. A larger denomination corresponding to 3661. The B should not be taken as part of Nero's titles. The letter B also appears on the reverse of 3661. Perhaps denoting year 2 (see commentary there).



# CILICIA TRACHEIA

## Selinus

**S-3702A** AE. 21 mm, 8.59 g (4). [2]

Levante *NC* 1990, p. 229 nos. 19-22

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ ΜΕΓΑΣ ΕΠΙΦΑΝΗΣ ΣΕΛΙ; draped and diademed bust of Epiphanes, r.  
ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ ΜΕΓΑΣ ΚΑΛΛΙΝΙΚΟΣ; draped and diademed bust of Callinicus, r.

1. B Löbb, 9.86; 2. P, 8.57; 3. Krenzel coll.; **4. Private coll., Germany.** The corresponding coins for Epiphanes and Callinicus which were omitted in error. 5. Levante *ΣNG Supp.* I, 87, 7.02; 6. Gorny and Mosch 155, 5 March 2007, lot 224, 9.01.



**S-3702B** AE. 12 mm, 1.71 g (1). [0]

Levante *NC* 1990, p. 229 no. 23

ΦΙΛΟΠΑΠΠΟΣ; draped and diademed bust of Philopappus, r.  
ΣΕΛΙΝΟΥΣΙ; helmeted head of Athena, r.

**1. Krenzel coll.** (see Levante), 1.71.



## Anemurium

Pseudo-autonomous coins were probably struck during the first century, as shown by the hoard published by R. Ziegler, 'Zum Geldumlauf in Asia Minor', *Coin Finds*

and *Coin Use in the Roman World*, eds C. E. King and D. G. Wigg (Berlin, 1996), pp. 437-460.

**3704ff** Antiochus IV. For a new variety, see Lindgren III, 790a (6.61 g); Levante Supplement *ΣNG* 99.

**S-3707A** AE. 25 mm, 12.76 g (1). [0]

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ ΜΕΓΑΛΟΥ ΑΝΤΙΟΧ[ΟΥ]; diademed bust of Antiochus IV, r.  
ΒΑΣΙΛΙΣΣΑ ΙΩΤΑ[ΠΗ] ΑΝΕΜΟΥΡΕΥ[Ν]; diademed head of Iotape, r.

**1. Bankhaus Aufhäuser 6, 5 Oct. 1989, lot 219**, 12.76 (see *RPC* I, plate 195, 3707A). Larger denomination with the same types as 3707-8.



**3708/3.** L 1991-1-30-50, 2.71 g.

**S2-I-3708A** AE. 18 mm [1]

Helmeted bust of Athena, r. with aegis  
ΑΝΕΜΟΥΡΕΥΝ ΕΤ ΖΙ; Poseidon standing l., holding dolphin and trident

1. C (ex Mossop coll.)

**S2-I-3708B** AE. 18 mm, 4.82 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

Helmeted bust of Athena, r. with aegis  
ΑΝΕΜΟΥΡΕΥΝ ΕΤ ΗΙ; Poseidon standing l., holding dolphin and trident

**1. Bankhaus Aufhäuser 6, 5-6 Oct. 1989, lot 201** (= Ziegler, p. 450, no. 6), 4.82. These coins are dated year 17 and 18 of the reign of Antiochus IV, which correspond to AD 53/54 and 54/55. *RPC* I, 3705, was dated year 12.



Other pseudo-autonomous coins, which lack a date, but whose style is close to S2-I-3708A-B, might also have been struck under Antiochus IV (though a date in the Flavian period might also be considered: compare *RPC* II, 1705).

**S2-I-3708C** AE. 22 mm. Axis: 12 (1) [0]

Helmeted bust of Athena, r. with aegis  
ANEMOYPEWN; Poseidon standing l., holding  
dolphin and trident, r. foot on prow.

1. Ziegler, p. 450, no. 6 and Tafel 1, p. 458

### Corycus

**3711/1**. Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1090;  
3. NAC 64, 17-18 May 2012, lot 2440, 12.94.

**S-3711A** AE. 24 mm, 8.23 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

Laureate head (Tiberius?), r.  
KOPYKIΩTΩN; Nike standing l., l. foot on  
prow, holding transverse sceptre and aplustre

**1**. Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 502 (interpret-  
ing the reverse figure as Aphrodite Euploia, not  
Nike), ex **PV** = Kovacs List 29 (1997) lot 37  
(identifying the aplustre as an 'eagle?'), 8.23.



**S-3712A** AE. 24-5 mm, 9.74 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΩΣ ΜΕΓΑΛΟΥ ΑΝΤΙΟΧΟΥ ΕΠΙ[  
]; diademed head of Antiochus IV, r.  
ΒΑΣΙΑ[ ] ΙΩΤΑΠΗ ΚΩΡΥΚΙΩΤΩΝ; female  
figure (Iotape) seated l., holding patera

**1. P 1992/1000** (ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 9, 7-9  
Oct. 1992, lot 213), 9.74 g.



### Elaeusa-Sebaste

The coins in P attributed to Elaeusa (*SNG* 1164-65) are  
coins of Nicaea (*RPC* 2061) and Caesarea Maritima  
(*RPC* 4860).

**3721/4**. Jacquier, Münzliste 16, Herbst' 94, lot 368,  
6.24 (the position of the reverse legend is different).

### Olba

**3724/17**. Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 671;  
18. Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1157.

**3731/29**. Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 672.

**3738** The reverse reads KENNAT not KENNATΩN.  
A variant in Bankhaus Aufhäuser 12, 1-2 Oct. 1996, lot  
277 has ΤΗΣ ΙΕΡΑΣ ΚΕΝΝΑΤ, not ΤΗΣ ΙΕΡΑΣ ΚΑΙ  
ΚΕΝΝΑΤ (16.90). 7. Münz Zentrum 152, 2 Sep. 2009,  
lot 371, 19.10.

**3739/3**. P 2002/203, 9.17.

**3740/6**. B 444/1929, 11.88.

# KINGDOMS OF ASIA MINOR

## Kingdom of Pontus

The dates on the coins have been discussed by Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 78-106 and 459-61. He dates the coinage of Pythodoris (*RPC* 3803-7) to 23/4 or 22/3 (year 60) until 26/7 or 25/6 (year 63).

### *Pythodoris*

**3807** Confirmation is provided by the coin illustrated in Schulten (Köln) Oct. 1981, no. 102 = Leschhorn, *AA* Taf. 1.11.

### *Nero (?) and Tryphaena*

**S2-I-3809A** AR drachm. [0]

ΒΑΣΙΛΛΙΣΣΗΣ ΤΡΥΦΑΙΝΗΣ; in lines in a diadem

ΕΤΟΥΣ [I]H; laureate head of Nero (?), r.

1. Giessener Münzhandlung 95, 9 March 1999, lot 546, 3.61. An intriguing coin. The date year 18 is found on coins with portraits of Polemo and Tryphaena (*RPC* 3809) and on coins with portraits of Nero and Polemo (*RPC* 3830; cf. 3837 of Polemo and Britannicus (?); there are also coins with a portrait of Claudius and Polemo's name written out in a diadem for years 12-17 (*RPC* 3816-20). So the combination of Tryphaena and emperor is slightly surprising. However that may be the coin demonstrates that the years on coins of Tryphaena are the same as the regnal years on coins of Polemo and of Nero (cf. *RPC* pp. 567-8).

### *Polemo II*

**S-3820A** As 3820, but bust of Polemo rather than Claudius

**1. Kovacs coll.**, 3.39.



**3838/2. Donovan coll.**, 3.21; 3. Kovacs FPL 29 (1997) lot 31, 3.07. These coins confirmed the existence of this type.



## Kingdom of Armenia Minor

For the era, see Leschhorn, *AA* pp. 144-49 and 475.

**3839** The date on the P coin now is read as ET Γ by Y. Meshorer, 'Ancient Jewish Coinage. Addendum I', *INJ* 11 (1990-91), p. 112, which would date it to AD 56/7.

**S3-1-3840A.** AE. 21 mm, 7.64 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΩΣ Α[ΡΙΣΤΟΒΟΥΛΟΥ Ε]Τ ΙΓ; diademed bust of Aristobulus, l.

As 3840.

**1. CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 953**, 7.64. A new date: year 13 = AD 66/7.



## Kingdom of Armenia

A summary of the coins of the ancient Armenian rulers can be found in Y.T. Nercessian, *Armenian Coins and their Values* (Armenian Numismatic Society Special Publication no. 8, Los Angeles, 1995). This is based largely on the works of P. Bedoukian and should be read with the article by F. Kovacs, 'Additions and corrections to *Armenian Coins and their Values*', *Armenian Numismatic Journal* 30.3 (2004), pp. 83-6. Nercessian gives *RPC* 3841-2 to Tigranes V and 3843 to Artavasdes IV. Kovacs adds some extraordinary new coins and at-

tributions: Nercessian 178-9: traditionally attributed to Tigranes IV and Erato, are redated to AD 66/7 (TEK = Seleucid 325) and so to Tigranes VI; and attributed to Aradus (on the basis of the similarity of the reverse design, Tyche on a rudder). The new description of the reverse is plausible and clear on the coin illustrated by Kovacs pl. 5.8, but the attribution to Aradus is difficult, since the coin is stylistically different from coins of Aradus and since Aradus uses the date in the form TKC (*RPC* I, 4491-3). It is not clear who the king Tigranes might be: a Tigranes was appointed to Armenia in 60, but seems to have disappeared by 63. So it must be a possibility that TEK is not a date.

F. L. Kovacs, 'Tigranes IV, V and VI : New Attributions', *AJN* 20 (2008), pp. 337-50 and pl. 81-82. The author considers a number of coins traditionally attributed to Tigranes the Great, Tigranes III, Tigranes IV, and Tigranes V and reassigns them to the reigns of Tigranes IV, Tigranes IV with Erato, Tigranes V (Herodian Tigranes I) and Tigranes VI (Herodian Tigranes II). *RPC* 3841-2, attributed to Tigranes III ?, c. 10-5 BC, or V, c. AD 6 with Erato, are given to Tigranes IV, Second Reign (pro-Roman) with Erato, c. 2 BC and a new series attributed to their short reign (Kovacs p. 340, n° 5 and pl. 81).

See also J. Nurpetlian, 'Ancient Armenian Coins: the Artaxiad Dynasty (189 BC – AD 6)', *Berytus* LI-LII (2008-9), pp. 117-67: he rejects the *RPC* view that the coins ascribed Tigranes IV and V may have been coins of the same ruler, and suggests that *neos* means 'young', i.e. Tigranes V. On the question of Artaxias III and IV, he prefers the attribution to Artaxias IV (since he was not an Artaxias, he thinks this might explain the lack of a tiara).

For discussions of the coins of Artaxias III with tiara ΘΕΟΙΚ ΣΕΒΑΚΤΟΙΚ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΙ ΚΑΙ ΙΟΥΛΙΑ and horse ΒΑΚ ΑΡΤΑΞΕΙΟΥ ΤΟΥ ΕΚ ΠΟΛΕΜ ΚΑΙ ΠΥΘΟΔΩΡΗ, see E. Krenzel, *JNG* 63 (2013), pp. 1-16 and F. Kovacs, *Armenian Numismatic Journal* 10 (40), I (2014), pp. 19-25.

**3841/4.** History Museum of Armenia 19878/6, 15.03 (illustrated by F. Kovacs in *AJN* 2008, pl. 81, 3a).

**S2-I-3843A.** AE. 25 mm, 8.84 g (1). [0]

Nercessian – (numbered 186A by Kovacs)  
 ΒΑΚΙΑΕΥΣ ΤΙΡΙΑΘΗΣ Ε Α; bust of Tiridates, r.  
 ΒΑΚΙΑΙΣΣΑ ΚΛΕΟΠΑΤΡΑ Ε Α; female figure seated on throne, l., holding ??

**1. Kovacs** pl. 8.10, 8.84 (axis: 11).



**S2-I-3843B** AE. 26 mm, 10.80 g (1). [0]

Nercessian – (numbered 186B by Kovacs)  
 ΒΑΚ ΤΙΡ; bust of Tiridates, r.  
 ΒΑΚΙ[ ]ΑΤΡ[ ]; bust of Cleopatra r.

**1. Kovacs** pl. 8.11, 10.80 (axis: 12).



These two extraordinary coins are attributed by Kovacs to Tiridates I of Armenia and queen Cleopatra; he interprets the letters E and A and indicating year 1 = AD 63 (though presumably Tiridates could have counted from a variety of dates, including AD 54).

The Cleopatra is otherwise unknown.

The two coins are stylistically so different that we are probably dealing with either different mints or different periods.

**3844/2. MM Deutschland 19, Sammlung Righetti 7, 16 May 2006, lot 334, 9.22 (axis: 6); 3. Gemini VI, 10 Jan. 2010, lot 133, 6.56.**



3844/2



3844/3

### Artaxata

For civic coins of Artaxata, including one erroneously

attributed to Aegospotami (?) in *RPC* S-1738A, see M. Amandry, 'Du monnayage d'Artaxisata et de soi-disant monnaies d'Aegospotami' *BSEFN* 57:1 (2002), pp. 173-7, with discussion of date. The attribution of these coins to Armenia was confirmed by R. Vardanyan, as specimens of S2-I-3844B and S2-I-3844C were discovered on the site of Artaxisata. R. Vardanyan's article was published in Armenian in *Handès Amsorea* 2003 (2004), pp. 143-64 (for an English short résumé, see *Armenian Numismatic Journal* 1, 2, June 2005, p. 50 and a French translation under the title 'Monnaies municipales frappées en Arménie de 1 à 4 ap. J.-C.' is available at the Coin Cabinet, Paris). For a new dating of these series (between 34 and 31/30 BC, when there was a gap in the rule of the Artaxiad dynasty in Armenia), see now J. Nurpetlian, 'The Dating of the Civic Coins of Artaxata', *NC* 170 (2010), pp. 9-16 and Pl. 2, but offering no explanation to the two sets of numbering on the reverses of the coins.

**S3-I-3844α/1. L (deposit)**, 7.07; 2. L (deposit), 6.73 1-2. As S2-I-3844C, but H instead of AI in l. field and monogram below. If H is a date (= 8), these coins precede the group published in *Supp.* 2 and date from 2/1 BC.



**S2-I-3844A** Tyche head r./APTAEICATWN ΜΗΤΡΟΠΟΛΕWC; Victory l.; in field, l. and r., 10 (I) and 67 (ZE). Amandry A.

**1. CNG 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 769**, 5.77; **2. L (deposit)**, 3.83; 3. CNG MBS 82, Wagner coll., 16 Sep. 2009, lot 695, 5.20



**S2-I-3844B** Tyche head r./ in field, l. and r., 11 (AI) and ΠO in wreath. Amandry B1.

**1. NY 1984.66.385**, 11.03; 2-5. see Amandry; 6. CNG MBS 82, Wagner coll., 16 Sep. 2009, lot 696, 14.49.



**S2-I-3844C** = *RPC* S-1738A/1-2 (erroneously attributed to Aegospotami). As last but rev has palm. Amandry B2.

1. 1. L 2001-2-5-1 (ex *NumCirc* CIX, 1, Feb. 2001, GK0115); **2. CNG MBS 64, 24 Sep. 2003, lot 580**, 7.13; 3. Now P 2002/199; 4. Yale (ex PRF coll., ex Schenk Münzen Auktion Essen 65, 1993, lot 41; 5. L (deposit), 7.36; **6. L (deposit)**, 7.14; 7. CNG MBS 85, 15 Sep. 2010, lot 57 (ex CNG MBS 82, Wagner coll., 16 Sep. 2009, lot 697), 7.05; 8. CNG MBS 85, 15 Sep. 2010, lot 58, 7.77; 9. Gorny and Mosch 208, 15-19 Oct. 2012, lot 1877, 7.12. 6-7. A variant with a monogram in the l. field, below AI.



3844C/2



3844C/6

**S2-I-3844D** Tyche head r./APTAEICATWN ΜΗΤΡΟΠΟΛΕWC; Victory l.; ./ in field, l. and r., 12 (IB) and 69 (ΘΞ), and monogram. AD 3/4. Amandry C1.

**1. P M 7981**, 14.62



**S2-I-3844E** As last but rev. type is corn ear not Victory. Amandry C2.

**1. CNG MBS 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 770**, 7.09; 2. Formerly Renner coll., 7.45



**S2-I-3844F/1.** CNG MBS 85, 15 Sep. 2010, lot 59 (ex CNG MBS 82, Wagner coll., 16 Sep. 2009, lot 698), 3.58 (as 3844E, but smaller denomination).

**Commagene***Antiochus I*

**3846** Butcher, *CRS*, p. 454, suggests this is just a light example of 3485.

*Samosata*

**3848** For an example weighing 6.51, see Harlan Berk (April 1993), lot 526, now Nercessian coll..

**3850** An example weighing 2.89 in the Nercessian coll..

*Antiochus IV*

**3852-67** For the coinage of Antiochus IV, see Butcher, *CRS*, pp. 455-9.

**3857** For a variety with the reverse legend in horizontal lines, see G. Hirsch 175, 24 Sept. 1992, lot 520, 14.02.

**3859** For a specimen with BACI not ΒΑΣΙ, see *SVG* Bern 1832.

Zebu butting r.

BACIAEΩC and a monogram ΦΙΑ; aplustre.

**1. Kovacs**, 1.80. See comment on 3872A. Kovacs points out the similarity to S3658A, attributed to Caesarea (in his view erroneously).

**Commagene?**

**3868** Specimen now in L (1995-6-5-116 ex Thackray, 15.77) countermarked on rev. with imperial head r.

**Kingdom of Cilicia***Philopator*

**S3-I-3872A** AE. 18 mm, 2.46 g (1). Axis: 11 (1) [0]

Head of Apollo, with bow and quiver, r.

BACIAEΩC and a monogram ΦΙΑ; tripod

**1. Kovacs**, 2.46. Kovacs interprets the monogram on 3872A and 3872B as ΦΙΑ(οπατορος) and regards them as a smaller denomination of the coins of Philopator (3872). Taking them together, this does not seem implausible.



**S3-I-3872B** AE. 15 mm, 1.80 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

# CYPRUS

---

See also now I. Nicolaou, 'Additions to the counter-marked coins found in Cyprus', in *Character. Apheromaste Mando Oeconomidou* (Athens, 1996), pp. 194-99.

**3902-3** are attributed by I. Nicolaou, *Paphos II. The Coins from the House of Dionysus* (Nicosia, 1990) to Ptolemy, king of Cyprus in 80-58 BC (see no. 419-24). Other issues are attributed there to the reign of Cleopatra: Sv 1843 (nos. 425-61), Sv 1874 (nos. 462-68) and Wa 4838-9 (nos. 469-509. See pp. 114-16.

**3906-7** The proconsulate of A Plautius is dated by R. Szramkiewicz, *Les Gouverneurs de Province à l'Époque augustéenne; Contribution à l'Histoire administrative et sociale du principat* (1975) to AD 1/2. If this is correct then 3906-7 were struck at the same time as 3914-5 and 3908-13. They would then comprise an issue of three denominations, perhaps during Gaius' visit to the island.

**3909**/1. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 505; 9. Now Triton XIII, Guy Weill Goudchaux coll., 5 Jan. 2010, lot 241 (ex NAC 45, Barry Feirstein coll., 2 April 2008, lot 24).

**3911**/10. Now Lanz 94 (Benz), 22 Nov. 1999, lot 14.

**3914**/1. Now NAC 38, 21 March 2007, lot 8 (ex Are-tusa 3, 25 Nov. 1994, lot 245).

**3916** is attributed by Nicolaou, *op. cit.* to Commagene (AD 38-72): see nos. 587-90 and p. 117, where it is said that these coins are found sporadically, not in large quantities, on the island (but there are 24 specimens in Nicosia Museum). If the reverse of this coin is orientated with star above (to match obverse) it has a die-axis of 12, which is the same as other Cypriot coins of Augustus: see I. A. Carradice, 'The Coinage of Roman Cyprus', in (ed) V. Tatton-Brown, *Cyprus and the East Mediterranean in the Iron Age* (London, 1989), pp. 182-87.

**3919**/13. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 506.

**3927**/10. Mu, 23.75.

**3928corr.** The obv legend ends with P P (see 3928/8 = <http://www.smb.museum/ikmk/object.php?id=18238709>). 11. Mu, 25.59; 12. Museo Civico, Verona, 23.78 (axis: 12).

**3929**/16. Mu 26847, 15.44.

# SYRIA

Much new light has been thrown on the coinage of Syria, especially Antioch, by K. Butcher, *Coinage in Roman Syria: northern Syria, 64BC-AD 253* (London, 2004) (= Butcher, *CRS*). See also the collection of essays, *Les monnayages syriens: quel apport pour l'histoire du Proche-Orient hellénistique et romain*, (eds) C. Augé, F. Duyrat (Beirut, Institut Français d'Archéologie du Proche-Orient, tome 162, 2002).

## Pompeiopolis

**4003** Add G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 587, 7.95.

**4003/6a. RBW** (ex CNG 88, 14 Sept. 2011, lot 989), 13.09. The reverse has two series of letters. The first series is numbered 4003/1-6; the second 4003/7-11. The RBW specimen corrects the reading of the first series of letters as it is from the same reverse die as the one illustrated Pl. 151, 4003/1. In l. field, AI AN NI; in r. field, A ΛΓΡΑΗ. The significance of these letters remains very uncertain.



## Tarsus

**S-4003A** AE. 34 mm, 24.36 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

IOYΛΙΑ ΣΕ[ΒΑΣΤΗ]; head of Livia, r.  
[TAP?]ΣΕΩΝ; Zeus seated l., holding Nike(?)  
and sceptre

**1. Private coll. I**, 24.36. The attribution to Cilicia seems likely in view of the size of the piece; Tarsus or Rhosus are the obvious possibilities for the restoration of the legend, but the coin is not like the contemporary coins of Rhosus.



**4004/5**. Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1172; 8-9. Hirsch 187, 19 September 1995, lots 1040-41.

**4005/2**. Weight is given correctly as 15.16, but *SNG* Paris 1390 has 13.18 in error; 3. Triton V, 15-16 Jan. 2002, lot 1752, 14.79 (same obverse die as 3005/1-2).

## Augusta

A die study has been published by F-B. Karbach, 'Die Münzprägung der Stadt Augusta in Kilikien', *JNG* 40 (1990, published 1992), pp. 35-68. A concordance between *RPC* and his listing:

<i>RPC</i>	Karbach
<b>4006</b>	29-34 (4 obv. and 6 rev. dies)
<b>4007</b>	4-19 (11 obv. and 15 rev. dies; on his 5 the legend is only AYΓOY)
<b>4008</b>	1-3 (3 obv. and 3 rev. dies)
<b>4009</b>	35 ( <i>RPC</i> mistakenly gives year 6 as AD 26/7, instead of AD 25/6)
<b>4010</b>	-
<b>4011</b>	36-8 (2 obv. and 2 rev. dies)
<b>4012</b>	40-46 (3 obv. and 7 rev. dies)
<b>4013</b>	39 (and 26?: cf. footnote 13 on p. 42)
<b>4014</b>	20-25, 27-8 (6 obv. and 8 rev. dies)

*RPC* 4007 includes Karbach 5 and 4, 6-19. Karbach 5 should be separated since its reverse legend is only AYΓOY and since it seems to be a smaller denomination. *RPC* 4014/3 should be listed under 4013, since Levante (*SNG* Paris Cilicie 1893) notes that it is the same dies as Levante 1238.

**4010/1**. Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1089.

**S-4011A** AE. 32 mm, 22.43 g (1). [0]

[ΤΙΒΕΡΙΟΣ ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟΣ]; laureate head of Claudius, r. [ΑΥΓΟΥΣΤΑ]ΝΩΝ; Nike holding wreath and palm, walking r.

**1. Münz Zentrum 88, 7 Jan. 1997, lot 248** ex Münz Zentrum 81, 30 March 1995, lot 212, ex Hirsch 187, 19 Sept. 1995, lot 1078, 22.43. The coin should probably be attributed to Augusta, although little can be read of the reverse legend, and the restoration must remain tentative. No coinage was previously known for Claudius, and, if the attribution is correct, then this large denomination (not previously known for Augusta at this period) would parallel the large denominations struck for Claudius at Anazarbus (*RPC I*, 4059).

Countermark: laureate head r. (*GIC* 111ii). The countermark might be the same as on 4006/9, thereby supporting the attribution, but this is not certain.

See now W. Weiser, 'Neues zu kilikischen Münzen der frühen Kaiserzeit', *MÖNG* 39.2, 1999, pp. 26-7. Cf. Giessener 101, 2000, lot 623 (ΑΥΓΥΣΤΑΝΩΝ ΕΤΟΥΣ with possible reading of the date as AI), 4.18.



**4013/3.** Gorny and Mosch 108, 2001, lot 1509, 6.12.

**4014/16.** Hauck und Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 259, 4.71.

### Mallus

**S-4016A** 24-5 mm, 9.70 g (2). Axis: 12. [0]

CEBACTOC KAICAP; laureate head r. ΜΑΛΛΩΤΩΝ [ ]; Figure standing r., holding branch; uncertain object at feet to r.

**1. C Mossop** (= K. Butcher *NCirc* April 1993, p. 75, though the object he describes as a 'boar (?)' does not look like a boar on 2), 10.89; **2. Weigel coll.**, 8.51; 3. Hatay Museum (so Butcher, *op. cit.*). 2 is from a different reverse die from 1, but is perhaps from the same obverse die. Butcher suggests an attribution to Tiberius, but he notes

that the style is very different from that of other coins of the Julio-Claudian period. He identifies the figure on the reverse as Amphilochus.



4016A/1



4016A/2

**S3-I-4016B** AE. 26 mm, 10.70 g (2). Axis: 11 (1) [0]

KAICAP CEBACTOC; laureate head, r. ΜΑΛΛΩΤΩΝ; ΕΤΟΥΣ ΗΜ[?]; seated figure of Roma or Athena, holding out Nike and with spear and shield; to l., KYP

**1. Kovacs**, 9.61; 2. Gorny and Mosch 118, 14 Oct. 2002, lot 1788 (with clear city name, but identified as Commodus), 11.78. Kovacs suggests Mallus. Cilicia seems likely, in view of the size and elements of design and inscriptions. Mallus later used a Pompeian era, starting in 68/7 BC, so year 48 would be 21/20 BC. However it cannot be excluded that there is another numeral after HM. The coin published as S-4016A has a similar portrait (perhaps Tiberus?); but, as pointed out there, the style of portrait seems different from other examples of Julio-Claudian portraiture.



**4018/5.** Winterthur G 6479, 3.28.

**4019/2.** Now CNG EA 286, 5 Sept. 2012, lot 242 (ex CNG EA 90, 26 May 2004, lot 226).

**4020/5.** Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1980.86.184 (H.B. Wells coll.), 7.18.

**S-4021A** As 4021, but head left

**1. Leypold SNG 2527**, 8.45 (axis: 12); **2. Le-**

**vante**, 13.59. Same obv. die as S-4021A/1. A snake can be seen in the l. field in front of the neck; on the rev., the letters ΔΙΦ ΡΟΥ are clear and should be added also to 4021.



4021A/1



4021A/2

**4022/1.** Now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1092.

**4023/6.** Münz Zentrum 152, 2 Sep. 2009, lot 353, 5.07.

**S3-1-4024A** AE. 24 mm, 7.95 g (2). [0]

KAICAP M(?) CEBACTOC; laureate head, r. ΜΑΛΛΩΤΩΝ; facing figure of Athena Magarsis, with spear

**1. Muona coll.** (Finland) = *Scripta varia Numismatica Tuukka Talvio sexagenario dedicata* (Helsinki, 2008), pp. 29-30, 8.49; **2. Heritage Auction 18.04.2013, lot 24793**, 7.40. No date is very obvious on the reverse, though there may be traces of letters to the left of the figure of Athena on 1. J. Muona regards it as a coin of Otho, strongly influenced by coins of Antioch. However, the shape of the nose is more reminiscent, if anything, of Galba. It is hard to make sense of the apparent M in the obverse inscription. What seems to be the letter M could also possibly be the letters AA, as ΓΑΛ(BA) but that is only conjectural, and it does not really look like there is another letter before.



4024A/1



4024A/2

## Aegeae

**4025-9** Add IΔ.

**4030/2. Afyon museum 5256**, 11.54 (axis: 12). The reading on the reverse of this new second specimen is ΕΠΙ ΚΟΥΛΕΩΝΟC ΑΙΓΕΑΙΩΝ ΔΗΜ. The coin seems to have only the letters ΔΗΜ in the ligature, and re-examination of the original B coin suggests the same. If this is right, then the legend should perhaps be completed ΔΗΜ(αρχου); the name 'Demantes' should be deleted, and Culleo regarded as the demarch of Aegeae rather than as a Roman official. New specimens confirm that the coin is of Tiberius and that there is an obverse legend ΤΙΒΕΡΚΙΟΥ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟC CEBACTOY. **3. Museo Archeologico di Bergamo** (N. Vismara and R. Martini, *Notizie Archeologiche Bergomensi* 5 (1997), p. 240, no. 10) (reading ΤΙΒΕΡΚΙΟΥ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟC CEBACTOY) 10.99; 4. Winterthur 6287 ex Vecchi 1979, 9.83 (reading ]POC CE[ ]; axis: 12); **5. Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1980.86.151** (H.B. Wells coll.), 9.29 (obv. ends with ]OC CEBAC[ ]; rev. reads ΕΠΙ/ΚΟΥ/ΛΕΩΝΟC/ΑΙΓΕΑΙ/ΩΝ ΔΗ.



4030/2



4030/3



4030/5

**4034/4.** P 2002/204, 15.90; 5. Boston (cast in Winterthur); 6. Falghera 434, 14.36.

**4036/1.** Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1089; 4. RBW ex Gorny 62 (1993) lot 304, 10.82 (ΖΠ/ΜΙ in l. field); 5. RBW, 16.16 (ΜΙ-ΖΠ); 6. CNG MBS 55, 13 Sep. 2000, lot 964, 15.45; 7. *SWG* Pfälzer Privatsammlungen. Kilikien 55, 13.01; 8. Gorny and Mosch 156, 6 March 2007, lot 1793, 15.05; 9. CNG MBS 78, Wagner coll., 14 May 2008, lot 1364, 12.38 (same dies as 4036/2); 10. Helios 8, 13 Oct. 2012, lot 389, 13.77 (in

Supp. 2, read 4036/6 and 7, instead of 4 and 5).

**4037** See on S2-I-4037A.

**S2-I-4037A** AE. 26 mm, 9.17 g (1). Axis: 12 [0]

[ ]ΑΡΟΣ Σ[ ]ΒΑΣ[ ]; laureate head, l. ΑΙΓΕΑΙΩΝ ΑΝΔ; in three lines in wreath

**1. Yale, New Haven** (cast in Winterthur), 9.17. The reading of the obv. legend is uncertain. The obv. die is the same as that used for 4037. The legend on 4037A was read as ΓΑΙΟΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ ΥΙΟΣ by Bloesch (ticket with cast in Winterthur), but this seems less likely than the reading given here. ΤΙΒΕΡΙΟΥ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ as on 4031 would be a possibility.



**4038/2.** Cast in Winterthur, 11.34.

**4039/1.** CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 613, 22.37 = Herakles Numismatics, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) on 17 July 2009; 2. Malter Galleries Inc. Auction 81, 29 Sep. 2002, lot 103, 18.61; 3. Gorny and Mosch 156, 6 March 2007, lot 1794, 22.02; 4. Gemini IX, 8 Jan. 2012, lot 149, 22.70.

**4040/5.** NY ex Kreling (cast in Winterthur), 12.78; 6. *SNG Pfälzer Privatsammlungen. Kilikien* 56, 11.41.

**4042/3.** Now CNG EA 294, 16 Jan. 2013, lot 446 (ex CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1087).

**4043/2.** Now Donovan coll. (ex Levante 1699).

**4045/2.** W.C. Philipps Cat. 340, July 2007, lot 119 (ex W.C. Philipps Cat. 337, April 2007, lot 127).

**4046/2.** P 1971/264, 5.64; 3. O, 3.93; 4. Künker 133, 11-12 Oct. 2007, lot 7821, 5.02.

### Mopsus

**4047/5.** Rauch Sommerauktion 2013 I, 18 Sept. 2013, lot D 502, 8.66.

**4048/2.** Cast of the Venice specimen in Winterthur.

**4049/2.** V *SNG* Leypold 2535, 12.42; 3. CNG EA 296, 13 Feb. 2013, lot 161, 15.21 (the complete obv. legend is ΘΕΟC CEBACTOC ΜΟΨΕΑΤΩΝ; the rev. legend does not seem to include again ΜΟΨΕΑΤΩΝ, but letters can be seen under Livia's bust which might be a date; in r. field, T).

**4050/1.** NY 73.191.129, 9.11 (the weight was not mentioned).

**4051/2. CNG EA 272, 25 Jan. 2012, lot 243**, 11.00 (different dies, same monograms in l. field, another monogram between stool and throne which could not be seen on 4051/1).



**4054/6.** Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 666.

**4055/4.** Winterthur G 6988 (ex Schulten, 27 Mar. 1990, lot 571), 9.69.

**4058corr.** AE. 13 mm, 1.86 g (1). Axis: 12 [1]

ΘΙΡ; draped bust of Apollo, r.  
Same legend as 4057; tripod

**1. NY 1944.100.75445**, 1.86. Newell acquired this coin from Seltman and it is possible that this is indeed the Hirsch piece misdescribed in the Auction catalogue.



### Anazarbus

The coin attributed by Lindgren III, 771 to Anazarbus is in fact a coin of Laodicea (*RPC* I, 2837). See now R. Ziegler, *Kaiser, Heer und Städtisches Geld* (1993):

RPC	Ziegler	Comment
<b>4061</b>	29-34	Ziegler reads the reverse as ΚΑΙΣΑΡΕΩΝ ΤΩΝ ΠΡΟC ΑΝΑ(Z)ΑΡΒ(Ω); he had not seen the new coin 4061/8.
<b>4060</b>	35-43	Ziegler identifies the obverse as 'Claudius(?)'
<b>4059</b>	44-46	Ziegler identifies the figure on

- S-4060A** 47-49 the reverse as the emperor.  
 NEPΩN KAICAP; laureate head r. KAICAPEΩN ETOVC **Ϛ**Π; veiled head of Tyche, l.  
**4063** 50-69 Ziegler identifies the reverse figure as Boule  
**4062** 70-71

**4059/3.** Now Winterthur G 6650.

**4060/12.** Now Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996), lot 769.

**S-4060A/.** Rauch Sommerauktion 2013 I, 18 Sept. 2013, lot D 523, 2.47 (*GIC* 102 on obv.).

**4061/5.** Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 617. See W. Weiser, 'Neues zu kilikischen Münzen der frühen Kaiserzeit', *MÖNG* 39.2, 1999, pp. 23-6, and R. Ziegler, 'Ergänzungen zum Münzcorpus der Stadt Anazarbos in Kilikien', *JNG* 48/49 (1998/99), pp. 102-3. Ziegler 33 (*RPC* 4061/3), 34 and the new specimen published first by Weiser have no obv. legend and are given to Tiberius.

**4063 corr.:** A high quality specimen offered by CNG MBS 70, 21 Sep. 2005, lot 638 clearly shows a tessera in the hand of the Boule.

### Hierapolis (Castabala)

*Tiberius?*

**S-4065A** AE. 22 mm, 3.32 g (1). [0]

Laureate head, r.  
 IEPOΠOΛITΩN TΩN ΠP TΩ ΠYPAMΩ TH[Σ] IEPAΣ KAI AΣYΛOY; Tyche seated l., with river-god in front

**1. Sternberg XXV, 25-26 Nov. 1991, lot 298,** 3.32 = Winsemann Falghera (R. Martini and N. Vismara, *Monetazione provinciale romana II (Collezione Winsemann Falghera)* (1992), no. 377); 2. P 1999/634, 3.36 (axis: 12).



**S2-I-4065B** AE. 16 mm, 4.05 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

Laureate head, r.  
 IEPO[ ] TΩN ΠPO  
 [ΠY]PAMΩ[ ]; caduceus.

**1. L 2002-2-1-4,** 4.05. The smaller denomination corresponding to S-4065A.



### Epiphanea

**4066/3.** Now CNG MBS 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1256; 6. Amsterdam, Uncertain coins 1965/317, 8.52.

**4068/3.** Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1132.

**4069/1.** Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1133.

**4070/2.** L 1995-6-5-106 (ex Thackray: 18 mm, 5.17, axis: 12) confirms the date.

**4072/1** Now Vecchi Auction 7 (1997) lot 1200; 3. Münz Zentrum 154, 13 Jan. 2010, lot 279, 8.82.

### Princes Felix: uncertain colony in Cilicia

**4082-3** K. Butcher in (ed) C. S. Lightfoot, *Recent Turkish Coin Hoards and Numismatic Studies* (1991), p. 183 lists one example of 4082 and one of 4083 in Antakya Museum; both countermarked with branch on obverse.

**4082/4.** This specimen is now in the collection of Stuttgart, MK 1998/90, 13.88. It was never in the I-B or B collection, but was published by I-B from a cast given to him; **9. RBW**, 10.92; **10. RBW**, 14.22. Countermark: trophy (?) on the obv. of 10.



**4083/2.** Now RBW ex Vecchi 1.2.1996 lot 834; 15. Now RBW (ex CNG EA 181, 6 Feb. 2008, lot 210); 22. RBW (ex Lanz 66, 22 Nov. 1993, lot 415), 7.83; 23. RBW (ex Müller 75, 17 Sep. 1993, lot 223), 7.12; 24. RBW (ex Van der Dussen 24, 1 June 1995, lot 3953), 6.98; 25. RBW, 5.83; 26. RBW (ex A. Malloy XLIV, 13 Jan. 1996, lot 304), 5.58 **27. RBW** (on the obverse, cmk: BI-LI RVF and rudder (*GIC* -) (see *CIL* 3, 6790: an

inscription in the memory of D. and M. Billienus Rufus erected by their father, found in Lycaonia).  
Countermarks: trophy (?) on the obv. of 24; a branch on the obv. of 23; uncertain on 26.



### Uncertain Caesarea(s)

**4085-6** K. Butcher in ed. C. S. Lightfoot, *Recent Turkish Coin Hoards and Numismatic Studies*, p. 190 lists 10 specimens in Antakya Museum (smaller, Tyche, denomination). Afyon Museum has two examples of 4086 (inv. 4943, 5825, 7.45, 10.4) which were bought from a dealer called Mehmet Ertash who was based in Adiyaman. Both groups help to support the attribution to an otherwise unknown Caesarea in Cilicia.

**S3-I-4084A** AE. 16 mm, 3.26 g (4). Axis: 12 or 1 [1]

KAICAP[ ]; Bust of Apollo, with bow behind shoulder, right.  
ΕΤΟΥC Γ; tripod.

1. L 1995-6-5-97 (ex Thackray), 3.54; **2. Bern** (B. Kapossy, *Römische Provinzialmünzen aus Kleinasien in Bern* (Milan, 1995) no. 182, 3.57; 3. *NC* 171 (2011), pp. 75-6, 3.35; 4. Gorny and Mosch 160, 8 Oct. 2007, lot 2019, 2.59.

1-2 were listed in *Supplement I* as S-3658A, with coins of Caesarea in Cappadocia; but K. Butcher (*NC* 2011, pp. 75-6) has made a plausible link with the year 3 coins of an 'uncertain Caesarea' (*RPC* 4984). 3 was recorded with a large group of coins mainly from eastern Cilicia, of Tarsus, Anazarbus, Mallus, Hierapolis, Aegeae etc., and the lot included a specimen of *RPC* I 4086, 'Uncertain Casarea', of year 5. Butcher suggests that an attribution of the coin to the 'Uncertain Caesarea(s)' of eastern Cilicia under Claudius may therefore seem preferable to Caesarea in Cappadocia, and that it constitutes a smaller denomination accompanying *RPC* I 4084.



**4085/4**. MM Auction 81, 18-19 Sept. 1995, lot 832, ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 3, 7-9 Oct. 1986, lot 161), 9.95; 5. Finarte asta 995 [Fontana] (27.11.1996) lot 741 ex Lockett, 15.80; 6. Winterthur G 6901 (ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 5, 5-7 Oct. 1988, lot 244), 16.23; 7. Münzen Auktion Essen 79, 2000, lot 114, 13.62.

### 'Sistrupia'

**4087/5**. P 2012/274 (ex CNG XXVII, 29 Sept. 1993, lot 1287; CNG 91, 19 Sept. 2012, lot 662), 9.00; 6. Leypold *SNG* 2841, 8.45; 7. Triton XI, Villemur coll. 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 513, 9.74; 8. MM Deutschland 20, Righetti 8, 10 Oct. 2006, lot 764, 8.64; 9. CNG EA, Wagner coll., 1 Dec. 2010, lot 281, 7.08.

**S3-I-4087A** AE. 17 mm, 4.68 g (2). Axis : 12 [1]

Bare head, r ; in l. field, monogram ANT?  
CICTPIΠEΩN; in ex., THC IEPAC; two altars ?

**1. Private coll.** (= K. Butcher, 'Miscellaneous Provincials', *NC* 171 (2011), p. 77 and Pl. 6, 9), 4.40 ; **2. P 2012/275** (ex Künker 216, 8 Oct. 2012, lot 766), 4.95. Butcher comments (*NC* 2011, 77) that the coin appears to be a new type, a smaller denomination accompanying *RPC* I 4087. He points out that the reverse legend on the new type is much clearer, however, and must read something like CICTPIΠICΩN (or just possibly CICTPIΠICΩN; see enlargement at Plate 6, 10). No ethnic remotely like this can be identified in the ancient sources (including Stephanus of Byzantium), even allowing for differences in spelling. Butcher notes that the reverse type is difficult to identify with certainty, and the identification of two altars may be disproved by the discovery of a better specimen.



## 'Fleet coinage'

## Bibulus

**4088-93** See R.A. Fischer, *Fulvia und Octavia* (Berlin, 1999), pp. 191-211.

**4092/21**. NY 2008.24.8 (ex Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 515).

## Cleopatra and Mark Antony

**4094-6** See M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), p. 6, where the coins are given to 'Antioch's secondary mint' (but with no arguments for the attribution). Butcher, *CRS*, pp. 55-8, agrees with a date of 36BC, and is also uncertain about mint attribution.

C. Howgego (*JRS* 1993, p. 203) queries the interpretation of ΘΕΑ ΝΕΩΤΕΡΑ as meaning the younger queen Cleopatra Thea (of Syria), and suggests a return to the old interpretation as 'the younger goddess'.

**4095/4**. (variety with horse head behind Antony)  
**Numismatica Ars Classica 51, 5 March 2009, lot 127**, 14.96.



## Regulus

**4097/5**. CNG MBS 78, Villemur coll., 14 May 2008, lot 1389 (ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 9, 7-9 Oct. 1992, lot 274), 10.19; 6. Baldwin, MM and Vecchi, The New York sale I, 3 Dec. 1998, lot 174, 10.70 (= Giessener Münzhandlung 76 (1996) lot 344 = Giessener Münzhandlung 81 (1997) lot 561); 7. Lanz 141, 26 May 2008, lot 307 = Gorny and Mosch 181, 12 Oct. 2009, lot 1832, 9.09 (said to have been found around Anazarbos); **8**. T. Mitford recorded a further specimen from **Körpinik Hüyük** (T.B. Mitford, forthcoming).

The enigmatic coinage, in three denominations, was catalogued in *RPC* 1, 4097-9. It was originally at-

tributed in 1946 to Sidon (?) by Grant (*FITA* 125-6), on the grounds of stylistic similarity between the obverse portrait and those on coins of Balanea and Berytus. One piece (4097/4) was found after Grant had expressed his views in the excavations at Tarsus. A second specimen 'zusammen mit Münzen überwiegend ostkilikischer Städte erworben wurde (sie wurden von Jahrzehnten in der Curukova aufgekauft)' (R. Ziegler, *Münzen Kilikiens aus kleineren deutschen Sammlungen*, no. 1430). This is presumably the Çurukova in Adana province, not far away indeed from Tarsus. These suggested to *RPC* 1 that, if not indeed minted at Tarsus, they came from the Roman province of Syria, which in the early imperial period embraced Cilicia.

Körpinik Hüyük (4097/8) is in the far east of Cappadocia (see Barrington Atlas, map 64, grid H3: commentary by T. B. Mitford, citing the *Princeton Encyclopedia of Classical Sites* (1976), 259; and Mitford *ANRW* II.7.2 1980, 1161-1228/1980, pl. 2, to the NW of Elazığ). The new specimen thus provides a new, solid provenance, also in eastern Turkey, although it is some distance (about 400km) to the north east of Tarsus and Çurukova (and Anazarbus). We can now be very confident that the Regulus coins were minted in this general part of the world, even though greater precision is not possible at the moment.

Grant suggested that Regulus was a legate of Agrippa and tentatively identified him as Q. Articulcius Regulus, and dated the coinage 'not long after 20 BC', but in *RPC* I it was suggested that perhaps a slightly later date, late in the reign of Augustus, seemed more likely, in view of the parallel cited by Grant = *RPC* I, 4540 (Augustus, from Berytus under the legate Silanus). There is no new evidence for the identity of Regulus or the date of issue. Nor do we know if his title *strategos* means that he was a Roman official.



4097/5



4097/8

**4098/3**. Gorny and Mosch 215, 14 Oct. 2013, lot 962, 6.60.

**4099/2. Now CNG EA 250, 23 Feb. 2011, lot 240** = Lanz 154, 11 June 2012 lot 293 = <http://www.asiaminorcoins.com/gallery/displayimage.php?pid=7956>. The same obverse inscription CEBACTOY was omitted in *RPC* 1).



### CA coinage

**4101/7** weight is 26.58; 8. Now Triton XI, Wagner coll., 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 8745.98.

An analysis by XRF (R. Martini, 'Monetazione bronzea orientale di Augustus tra emissioni imperiali, coniazioni provinciali. E produzioni locali: I 'sesterzi' della Lycia ed I 'Dupondi'? della serie AVGV/STVS (Asia Minor) alla luce di nuove analisi metallografiche', in O. Tekin ed, *Ancient History, Numismatics and Epigraphy in the Mediterranean World. Studies in memory of Clemens E. Bosch and Sabahat Atlan and in honour of Nezahat Baydur* (Istanbul, 2009), pp. 231-245) proves that these coins are in brass (Cu: 84.9%, Zn: 14.8%), as was clear from visual inspection (*RPC* I, p. 603).

**4102** IMP AVGVST TR POT not AVGVST TR POT.

### Zeus tetradrachms

See also 4161, 4163.

**4108-21** See M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), pp. 6-8, where the coins are given to 'Antioch's secondary mint' (but with no arguments for the attribution). The coins are also discussed by Butcher, *CRS*, p. 60, who suggests transferring **4161** and **4163** to this group.

**4109/3** weight is 13.44 g; 6. CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1226, 12.73 (same obv. die as 1-5).

**4112/2** weight is 13.09 g.

**4113/9. ΣΩ API**: CNG MBS 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 994, 14.28. See also Hess 247, 29 June 1978, lot 290, 14.27.

**S-4114A** As 4114, but only HAI to left of Zeus

1. NY (*Annual Report of the American Numismatic*

*Society* 1993, p. 15 fig. 12).

**4117/1.** Now CNG MBS 82, 16 Sep. 2009, lot 832; 2. Jjencek, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) on 17 July 2009, 14.40. Probably same obv. die 4117/1 and 4116.

**4118** Weight of 4118/4 is 13.54 g.

**S-4119A** As 4199, but EP in l. field and ΔI in exergue

1. Prieur coll., 14.89 ex Asta Finarte 1004 (1997) lot 323.



**4120/2** now = MM Numismatics Ltd. Auction I (December 1997) lot 248 = CNG MBS 82, 16 Sep. 2009, lot 833.

### Tetradrachms of Divus Claudius and Nero

**4122-3** See M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), p. 8, where the coins are given to 'Antioch's secondary mint' (but with no arguments for the attribution). It is not clear that their no. 47A really does represent a new variety, as the 'ivy-leaf' is anyway perhaps the tie of the wreath. See also Butcher, *CRS*, pp. 68-9, who tentatively suggests that the coins may have been produced at Caesarea for use in Syria. Recent analytical work indicates that they were made in Caesarea, and presumably transported from there to Syria (see K. Butcher and M. Ponting, 'The Silver Coinage of Roman Syria Under the Julio-Claudian Emperors', *Levant* 41 (2009), pp. 61-80: pdf available at [http://www2.warwick.ac.uk/fac/arts/classics/staff/butcher/levant\\_article.pdf](http://www2.warwick.ac.uk/fac/arts/classics/staff/butcher/levant_article.pdf)).

### Antioch

See now K. Butcher, *Coinage in Roman Syria: northern Syria, 64BC-AD 253* (London, 2004) (= Butcher, *CRS*) and R. McAlee, *The Coins of Roman Antioch* (CNG, Lancaster/London, 2007). In Appendix 3 (pp. 402-5), a concordance between Butcher and McAlee. A new comprehensive catalogue listing of 1195 distinct silver

and aes types, with excellent plates.

**p. 620** first column: year 26 mentioned for medium denomination, but it doesn't appear in the catalogue or metrological table on p. 621. Delete.

## Silver

### Posthumous tetradrachms of Philip

**4124-6.** F. Kovacs has two tetradrachms in the name of Philip Philadelphus: one (as A. Houghton, C. Lorber and O. Hoover, *Seleucid coins: a comprehensive catalogue. Part 2, Seleucus IV through Antiochus XIII*, New York, etc., 2008, 2461 [3]) has monograms that he interprets as Sosius and Anthipatos, and which he attributes to Sosius in 38-36 BC; the other (as Houghton *et al.*, 2461[1]) has monograms that he interprets as referring to Gabinius.

**4125/4** Now in Pincock coll., Vancouver (monogram looks more like KA•).

**4126/7.** Now RBW; 8 is from Empire 4 (not 5), now McAlee coll.; 10. RBW, 15.00; 11. RBW (ex Albuquerque VSO 28, 20 June 1991, lot 52), 15.58.

**4127-34** The presence of a monogram has been omitted.

**4127** The existence of year 3 coins is confirmed by an example in the McAlee coll..

**4127-49** A hoard of 677 pieces has been published by R. McAlee, 'The Livia Hoard of Pseudo-Philip Tetradrachms', *AJN* 11, 1999, pp. 1-12 (many pieces from the first hoard are presumably those in CNG 49, 17 March 1999, lots 1028-44). Coins are attested for year 23 (ΚΓ: 3 specimens), for year 26 with the variation in date of L ΚÇ (1 specimen; previously L ÇK was known) and almost certainly year 36 = 14/13 BC (1 specimen: the reading L ΛÇ does seem likely even though the specimen is not completely clear and even though it shares an obv. die with coins of years 31, 32 and 33). This gives the last date for which posthumous Philips were made, and the die sharing with previous years suggests that the coinage petered out. McAlee also discusses weights and 'control marks'. He also refers to another small hoard of pseudo-Philips, some 25 specimens of years 3-6 (see his p. 6 note 9 for references to sale catalogues). His article was published too late to be taken account of by M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), which follows *RPC*.

**S2-I-4127A** AR. 16 mm, 3.74 g (1) [0]

Draped and turreted head of Tyche, r.  
ANTIOXEWN THΣ MHTPOΠOΛEΩΣ  
KAI AYTONOMOY; Tyche standing l.,  
holding rudder and cornucopiae; in exergue,  
Γ

**1. CNG MBS 63, 21 May 2003, lot 1045,**  
3.74 (ex Giessener Münzhandlung 60, 5 Oct.  
1992, lot 265). A drachm was already known  
for year 8 (see S1-4131A). This second known  
drachm dates from the year Caesar bestowed  
freedom upon Antioch.



**4130/3.** RBW, 15.03.

**S-4131A** AR drachm. 17 mm, 3.55 g (1) [0]

Draped and turreted head of Tyche, r.  
ANTIOXEΩN THΣ MHTPOΠOΛEΩΣ KAI  
AYTONOMOY; tripod; to l., AK; in exergue, H

**1. McAlee coll.** ex Tkalec AG (26 March 1991)  
lot 186, 3.55.



**4133/2.** C Mossop coll., 15.43. Same obverse die as  
4134/6 (year 12).

**S2-I-4139A** As 4139, but ΚΓ. See commentary on  
4127-49.

**4146/2.** Seen in Aleppo, 1991 (K. Butcher, *NC* 1993,  
p. 298).

**S2-I-4149A** As previous but L ΛÇ (year 36 = 14/13  
BC). See commentary on 4127-49.

### Augustus-Otho

**4150-200** See M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), pp. 9-14, which follows *RPC* with some variations, especially S2-1-4198A.

**4150/11.** McAlee coll., 14.90, now CNG MBS 63, 21

May 2003, lot 1046, 14.49.

**4159/5.** McAlee coll., 14.90.

**4160/2.** McAlee coll. ex Coin Galleries (13 Feb. 1991, lot 469), 15.02. Different dies.

### Tiberius

**4161** P. Lewis, 'The actual tribute penny', *Journal of the Numismatic Association of Australia* 10, 1999, pp. 3-13 suggests that this is the 'tribute penny'. He illustrates a 4th specimen on p. 9, same dies as 4161/1. Butcher, *CRS* p. 60, suggests associating **4161** and **4163** with the Zeus tetradrachms (**4108-21**). This is a good idea, though not conclusive (letter forms seem different).

**4162/4.** CNG MBS 82, 16 Sep. 2009, lot 841 (= Lanz 86, 18 May 1998, lot 386), 14.03, with variant reading [MH]ΤΡΟΠΟΛΙΣ; 5. CNG MBS 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1295, 14.94. See also on **4161**, above.



### Caligula

**4163corr./3.** R. Whiting coll., Helsinki, correcting the obv. legend to ΓΑΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟΣ; 4. NAC 64, 17-18 May 2012, lot 1104, 15.25.

**4164** Variant with no dot to l. (McAlee coll. = Hirsch 185 (1991) lot 701).

**4165/6.** NAC 64, 17-18 May 2012, lot 1105, 15.33.

**4167** weighs 14.65 g; it is not ex Coin Galleries 1979, but ex Empire 3 (1985) lot 180 which = *RPC* 4168/5.

### Nero

**4172-3** Butcher, *CRS* p. 64, plausibly suggests associating these coins with year 3.

**4173/2.** *SNG* Bern 1928, 3.04; **3.** **Amsterdam** (same dies as NY), 3.24 (holed).



**4175** Variant with dot below Agrippina's bust (McAlee coll. = Hirsch 185 (1991) lot 741).

**S-4175A** Obv. as 4174-5, rev. as 4176 (**McAlee coll.**, 13.40). Variety with dot under bust of Agrippina (Priour 74A).



**S2-I-4175B** As 4176 but tetradrachm (Priour 75A = Butcher, *CRS* p. 65, no. 3: McAlee coll.).

**4176/3** now McAlee coll., 6.16 g.

**4183** Butcher, *CRS* p. 65, regards this odd coin as a tooled example of **4182**.

**4185/2.** **Priour coll.**, variant with no dot to r.; **3.** **Lanz 117, 24 Nov. 2003, lot 590** (ex Giessener Münzhandlung 42, 11 Oct. 1988, lot 410), 15.10 (no dot in r. field).



4185/2



4185/3

**4187/6.** Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 721.

Butcher, *CRS* p. 68, agrees with an attribution of late Neronian silver to Antioch, though points to links with Alexandria, but 'a solution ...cannot be provided here'.

*Galba*

**4194/2.** Bowers and Ruddy FPL Summer 1981, 55, 15.20; 3. NFA Mail Bid Sale 12.10.1988, lot 786, 14.45 g.

**4196** Variant with ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΩΡ (*sic*) (McAlee coll.).

**S-4198A** As 4198, but crescent between eagle's legs

**1. Prieur coll.**, 15.03 g.

**Bronze**

For a full picture of the Antioch bronze coinage, see Butcher, *CRS*, especially pp. 307-350 (catalogue) and 494-8 (concordance with *RPC*).

**4201, 4203** Delete: probably misreadings for years 13 and 14.

**4202** Attested by the cast from V GR 21089.

**4207** The date on the specimen in L is off flan, so there is no good evidence for this entry, which should be deleted.

**4209** Two examples in summary, but only one listed. Could it be pre-Roman (cf. Cop 72)?

**4216-7** The thunderbolt is at the top.

**S3-I-4234A** As 4232 (Zeus/tripod) but year HI = 18 = 32/1 BC: **RBW**, 6.13.



**S-4240A** Perhaps add the civic bronze of year 29 (Cop 87: though date not very clear on plate).

**p. 620-3** Mention should be made of the additional pellets sometimes found on the reverses of SC bronzes.

*Augustus*

**S-4245A** As 4243, but SK

1. JSW, 3.29 [this is a correction of *RPC I*, p. 723 no. 4245A].

**4246/6.** McAlee coll., 18.29.

**4247/5.** Freeman and Sear 4, 14 Jan. 1998, lot 479 (with countermark NE/•B, *GIC* -: see E. Winsemann Falghera, 'Una contromarca inedita di Nerone su un dupondio (?) di Augusto della zecca di Antiochia all'Oronte', *Annotazioni Numismatiche* 29, Marzo 1998, pp. 671-2.

**S-4247A** As 4247, but with 10 leaves and portrait like tetradrachms of 5-1 BC

1. McAlee ex Hirsch 169 (20.2.1991), lot 750, 18.69.

**4249/2.** McAlee coll., 8.24. Same dies as 4249/1.

**4250-51, 4255-59** read ΚΑΙΣΑΡΑΠΙ, not ΚΑΙΣΑΡ.

**4256/3.** McAlee coll., 8.93.

**4261/4.** Another in McAlee coll., 8.43.

*Tiberius*

**4270/11.** Trade, with a countermark that seems to read LII.

**4271** A specimen in Winterthur (7130, 9.16) has an A at the beginning of the reverse legend, as 4270.

**4274/5.** McAlee coll., 15.35 (29 mm).

*Claudius*

**4277/9.** C Mossop. Countermarked with Athena (*GIC* 245).

**4277A** AE. 20-23 mm. [0]

As 4277, but smaller denomination

**1. McAlee;** 2. Lanz 117, 24 Nov. 2003, lot 557, 9.54 (same obv. die as S-4277A).



**4279/7. CNG EA 185, 2 April 2008, lot 223**, 14.65  
(cmk: swastika within square incuse on obv.)



**4281**corr. Obverse reads NERO GERMANICVS CAESAR[

**3. McAlee coll.** (NERO GERMANIC[); 4. Hirsch 169 (20 Feb 1991) lot 784 (not clearly legible). The legend on 3 indicates an attribution to Nero rather than Germanicus (cf. the comment on p. 621 regarding the date of the 'Germanicus' coin).

Butcher, *CRS* p. 359, suggests that this may date to the end of Claudius' reign.



**Nero**

**4283/4.** McAlee ex Münz Zentrum 71, 3 June 1991, lot 522, 15.51; 5. McAlee, 15.71.

**S-4283A** AE. 20 mm, 7.82 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

IM NER CL AV GER, as 4283  
SC, as 4283.

**1. McAlee**, 7.82. A smaller denomination of 4283.



**4284/2.** NAC 64, 17-18 May 2012, lot 2504 (ex NAC Q, 6 April 2006, lot 1690), 15.82. The beginning of the obv. legend is NERO GERM[ ].

**4285** The obv. legend can be read IM NER CLA CAESAR on another specimen, in the McAlee coll., 7.58.

**4295** probably does not exist (seems to be same dies as Cop 11 with date EMP = AD 96/7).

**4298** does not exist (Cop 162 is a coin of Domitian: cf. Cop 181).

**4301** perhaps does not exist: could be ZIP as 4323.

**Otho**

**4316/6.** Gemini VI, Dr. Stephen Gerson coll., 10 Jan. 2010, lot 787, 13.95 (with the cmk LVS = *Israel Numismatic Research* 1, 2006, pp. 97-9, fig. 1 [this coin]).

**4318/15.** L ex Thackray, 13.03. Countermarked with *GIC* 132 and 378.

**4321/5.** Triton III, 30 Nov. and 1 Dec. 1999, lot 792, 7.63.

**Seleucia**

**4324-7** Butcher, *CRS* p. 417, adds some new years.

**4238-9** M. and K. Pricur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tétradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), p. 139, which follow *RPC*.

**S2-I-4328A** AR. 26 mm, 14.85 g (1) [0]

As 4328, but EIP (year 115 = AD 6/7)

1. CNG MBS 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1378, 14.85. Previously known only for years 114 and 116.

**S-4332A** AE. 11 mm, 1.87 g (1). [0]

CEAEYKEW; veiled and turreted head of Tyche, r.  
ΠΙ; anchor

1. McAlee ex Lindgren 3, 1211A corr., 1.87. If ΠΙ is a date, then year 81 = AD 50/1.

### Apamea

**4336** Variant with MH in exergue (L 1995-5-6-182 ex Thackray, 6.86).

**S-4360A** As 4358-60, but Demeter/ears of corn with ΕΡΣ and ΧΡ

1. L ex Thackray, 5.90.

**4377** M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), p. 115, which follows *RPC*.

### Laodicea

**4379-85** M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), pp. 129-30, which follows *RPC*.

**4380.** A tetradrachm of year 28, not previously known, is in Coll. P (ex **Hess-Divo 320, 26 Oct. 2011, lot 217**, 15.13).



**4381/4.** Gemini III, 9 Jan. 2007, lot 339, 13.75. Another of the very rare silver tetradrachms of Laodicea.

**4382/3** (Cambridge) was published as *SNG* 5955, 13.82 g. Butcher, *CRS* p. 62, suggests a date in the reign of Caligula.

**S2-I-4382A** AR. 26 mm, 12.26 g (1). [0]

ΓΑΙΟΥ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΟΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ ΓΕΡΜΑ[  
]; laureate head, r; to l, Β; to r, ΦΙ  
[ΙΟΥΛ]ΙΕΩΝ ΤΩΝ ΚΑΙ ΛΑΟΔΙΚ[ΕΩΝ];  
veiled bust of Tyche, r. below, ΙΔ

1. Burstein (Peus 366, 2000) lot 1117, 12.26. The first silver coin for Caligula from Laodicea. It would be tempting to associate the tetradrachm for Divus Augustus with this new piece for Caligula, since both have ΦΙ, but the coins of Augustus are too heavy (average 13.51 g), and ΦΙ also occurs on silver of Nero. The weight difference does indeed suggest that the Divus Augustus piece was minted soon after the piece

of Augustus and well before Caligula's reign, i.e. early in the reign of Tiberius.

**4383/6-7.** CNG 84 (2010) lots 892-3, 13.69, 13.81 (catalogue says legends are corrected but they seem the same as in *RPC*).

**4391** another specimen (in trade) seems to read AP in exergue.

**4392** Lindgren 2063 has a countermark of ?an Apollo head.

**4394** Δ ΖΜ: **CGF VSO Monnaies XXIII, 27 Nov. 2004, lot 143**, 7.57



**4412** Date confirmed from specimen now in L ex Thackray, 3.46.

**4414.** The PV coin is now in RBW coll., 8.78.

**S3-I-4443A** AE. 12 mm, 1.51 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΙΟΥΛΙΕΩΝ ΤΩΝ ΚΑΙ ΛΑΟΔΙΚΕΩΝ; bust of Artemis with quiver, r.  
Δ; boar r.

**1. RBW**, 1.51. A new design for the smallest denomination (unless it is a new, even smaller one).



**4447A/9.** Donovan coll., 9.16.

### Gabala

**4455** K. Butcher reports other specimens with clear laureate head (*NC* 1993, p. 298).

### Balanea-Claudia Leucas

**4456** Is there actually ΔΙ in the exergue, or is this an error (point raised by MM 85, 11 April 1997, lot 177).

**4456/7.** RBW, 10.88; 8. RBW (ex Sternberg XXVI, 16

Nov. 1991, lot 262), 8.77; 9. RBW, 7.84; 10. RBW (ex MM 85, 11 Apr. 1997, lot 177), 7.70.

ΔΙ is not in the exergue, but under the forelegs of the quadriga.

**4460/13. Kovacs**, 8.26. This is a fine example, but where the letter N is unclear: it looks more like an A; but perhaps it is just the remains of a retrograde N (for which, see *RPC*).



**4465B corr.** The legends must probably be read as ΔΕΥΚΑΔΙΕΩΝ/ΧΡΥΣ ΔΕΥΚΑΔΙΕΩΝ: see **CNG MBS 57, 4 April 2001, lot 862** (3.38).



**Aradus**

**4466/8.** RBW (ex CNG MBS 64, 24 Sep. 2003, lot 739), 7.76.

**4473** but ΣΚΘ (not CKΘ): **RBW**, 9.95.



**S3-I-4481A** AE. 15 mm, 2.70 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [1]

Turreted and draped bust of Tyche, r.  
Aphlaston; on l., ΣΝΒ; on r., *kof* and Phoenician letters

**1. P 2004/38**, 2.70. This coin, dated year 252 = 8/7 BC, introduces a smaller denomination of types without imperial portrait at Arados. A coin dated 252 was already known for Augustus (*RPC* I, 4482).



**S2-I-4483A.** AE. 22 mm, 7.65 g (1). Axis: 12 [0]

As 4482-3  
ΑΡΑΔΙΩΝ; bull galloping, l.; above, ΣΞΓ

1. Toulouse Museum Saint-Raymond 2000.17.146 = *Périples méditerranéens. Antiquités d'Afrique du Nord et du Moyen-Orient au Musée Saint-Raymond* (Toulouse, 2003), n° 227, 7.65. Year 263 not previously recorded for any denomination.

**Marathus**

**4494/6.** RBW, 7.37.

**Orthosia**

**4501/9.** RBW (ex Superior, 8 Dec. 1993, lot 413), 6.61; 10. RBW (ex CNA MBS XVIII, 3 Dec. 1991, lot 317), 4.96; 11. RBW (ex NAC N, 26 June 2003, lot 1658), 4.96; 12-14. RBW, 9.68, 5.88, 5.40.

**4502/4.** RBW (ex Spink 71, 11 Oct. 1989, lot 106), 8.11; 5. RBW, 6.56.

**S2-I-4503A** As 4503, but LHA (year 38 = 27/6 BC)

1. L 1999-3-8-3, 6.11.

**S2-I-4505A** As 4505, but LAM (year 44 = 21/0 BC)

1. L 1999-3-8-4, 7.70.

**S3-I-4505B** AE. 19-21 mm, 7.14 g (4). Axis: 12 [1]

Laureate head, l.; in l. field, L Δ; in r. field, N [T?]  
ΟΡΘΩΣΙΩΝ (with square sigma); Baal of Orthosia in chariot pulled by two griffins, r.

1. CNG MBS 75, 23 May 2007, lot 857, 8.02; **2. Ronde coll.** (= *BSEF* 61-9, Nov. 2006, p. 238), 7.20; 3. P Y 28455/95 (ex Seyrig), 6.13; 4. CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1264, 7.21. *RPC* I, p. 645, was sceptical about Seyrig's attribution of this type to the reign of Tiberius. Seyrig based his attribution on ill-preserved specimens to year 4 of Tiberius. In 2006, A. Ronde published a coin belonging to his collection on which the date L Δ/N (54) was clear and also attributed the coin to the reign of Tiberius, dating it according to the Actium era to AD 23/24. On the specimen auctioned by CNG 75, N is absolutely clear and is likely followed by another letter, probably a T, which gives the year 354 of the Seleucid era, making this coin of Claudian date (AD 42/3), an attribution confirmed by Claudius' portrait on the obverse.



**S2-I-4505C.** AE. 20-21 mm. 7.20 g. Axis: ? [0]

Year 4 = AD 17/18

Laureate head of Tiberius, l.; in front, L Δ  
As 4503; above, [ ]

1. McAlee coll., 7.20. This issue was dismissed from *RPC*, though noted by Seyrig, because there was at the time insufficient evidence to justify an entry for Tiberius's year 4. But McAlee's coin proves Seyrig was right.

### Tripolis

**4509** R.A. Fischer, *Fulvia und Octavia* (Berlin, 1999) has provided a detailed study (pp. 165-8).

**4510/5.** RBW (ex Peus 336, 28 Apr. 1993, lot 166), 8.54; 6. RBW (ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 10, 5 Oct. 1993, lot 316), 8.77; 7. RBW, 8.85.

**S2-I-4511A** AE. 15/16 mm, 4.19 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [1]

Veiled head of Tyche, r.  
ΤΡΙΠΟΛΙΤΩΝ Λ ΖΠ[C]; Tyche

**1. P 2002/206,** 4.19.



### Botrys

**4523** corr. This issue should be dated to 37/36 BC, not 36/35, and the reverse type described not as a shield but as a grapes.

### Berytus

The coin of Divus Claudius (Lindgren III, 1364) presumably dates to the second century, like the coins of Divus Augustus (see *RPC* p. 648).

See now K. Butcher, *Small Change in Ancient Beirut, Berytus* 45-46 (2001-2002). Butcher gives details of many finds, and in the commentary discusses questions of chronol-

ogy, especially of the 'pseudo-autonomous' coins (p. 61). See also Ziad Sawaya's corpus, *Histoire de Bérytos et d'Héliopolis d'après leurs monnaies (Ier siècle av. J.-C. – IIIe siècle apr. J.-C.)*, IFPO, Bibliothèque archéologique et historique 185, Beyrouth, 2009.

**4529/3.** Private coll., 11.99 (axis: 11).

**4530/5.** RBW, 8.60 (weight not mentioned in *Supp.*); **6. RBW**, 12.64 (LN on the obverse); 7. RBW (ex Münz Zentrum 86, 11 Sep. 1996, lot 93), 11.30; 8. RBW (ex Malter XLV, 28 May 1991, lot 224), 8.68; 9. Triton X, 9 Jan. 2007, lot 425, 9.92.

Year 50 should be 31/30 BC, whereas the other dates (year 6 of Cleopatra's rule in Phoenicia and year 21 of her rule in Egypt) are 32/31 BC. These could perhaps be made compatible by supposing that the eras begin at different times of the year (suggesting that the coin was made in 31 BC), but this is not altogether convincing.



**S-4530A** As BMC 26, Rouvier 474 (for brief discussion, see *RPC* I, p. 648), but date L AN (51 = 30/29 BC)

**1. RBW** ex Hirsch 182, 5 April 1994, lot 399, 8.26.



**S2-I-4532A.** AE. 19-20 mm, 6.37 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

Veiled head of Tyche, r.  
BH[PY]TI L Γ[N]; dolphin and trident; on either side, pileus

**1. RBW,** 6.37.



**4534** The attribution to Berytus is confirmed by the presence of 2 specimens in the Beirut excavations (Butcher pp. 60 and 145 nos 358-9).

**4535** Specimen with rev. legend ending VVRV now in L (1995-6-5-105 ex Thackray, 6.20): imitation?

**4544**/13. Now Lanz 94 (Benz), 22 Nov. 1999, lot 158.

**4546corr** Claudius's head is bare, not laureate.

### Sidon

For coins allegedly of Augustus in year 104, see *AMC* 1490 and *SMG* Bern 2289. However, the date is not clear on either specimen and they are perhaps coins of Caligula, as *RPC* 4612.

**4548-61** B.E. Levy, 'The autonomous silver of Sidon (107/106 BC - AD 43/44)', in eds B. Kluge and B. Weisser, *XII. Internationaler Numismatischer Kongress Berlin 1997. Akten - Proceedings - Actes* (Staatliche Museen zu Berlin Preussischer Kulturbesitz, Berlin, 2000), pp. 324-332, provides a listing and study of the late silver of Sidon, and observes that all the late didrachms from 6/5 BC seem to come from the a single obverse die; she also lists an unique didrachm (not in *RPC*) for year 136 = AD 25/6. M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), pp. 157-8 follow *RPC*.

**4552** Delete. B. Levy tells us that the 'date' is in fact a control mark, which - like the obverse die - is otherwise recorded in c. 50 BC; she would date the issue to 49/8.

**S2-I-4558A** As 4558, but ΒΠ (30/29 BC). P de Clercq 363, 6.71.

**S2-I-4560A** As 4560, but ζΑΡ (AD 25/6). Jerusalem Hebrew Univ. no. 6030, 5.47. B.E. Levy, who has informed us of this coin, says that it is 'odd looking'.

**4600** Add: Phoenician inscription on rev. (below).

**S3-I-4601A** AE. 20 mm, 7.75 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [1]

Turreted and veiled head of Tyche, r.

[Σ]ΙΔΩ/[Ν]ΟΣ on r. and Θ[Ε]/ΑΣ on l.; Nike standing on prow, r., holding wreath and palm; in field, l. and r., [L] Θ Π

**1. P 2004/38**, 7.75. This coin, dated year 89 = 23/22 BC, was known from Rouvier 1391 and Baramki 129 (and pl. XXIV, 3), but omitted from *RPC* I.



**S-4609A** AE. 24 mm, 8.30 g (2). Axis: 12. [1]

Bare head of Augustus, r.; behind, Η Χ  
ΣΙΔΩΝΙΩΝ; Europa on bull galloping l. Date illegible

**1. Trade (1991)**, 8.46 (see *RPC* I, plate 195, 4609A); 2. NY (1944.100.61675), 8.14. The importance of this type lies in the letters behind the head. On 2 they look like E on its side above an X, but this is possibly because of a die break obscuring the correct reading (clear on 1), which is H above X. Together with the similar letters on 4610 and 4577, the letters here can stand only for 8 chalkoi; the letters on 4610 are for 6 chalkoi and on 4577 for 4 chalkoi. The date on 4609A is not clear, but is probably year 123, since this is the date on 4610 and 4577, and since the bare head and style of the reverse suggest the late Augustan period. Curiously these coins show that the chalkous at Sidon was half the weight of the chalkous further north, at Antioch (see *RPC* I, p. 623); but there may have been more chalkoi to the Sidonian obol.



### Tyre

Brooks Levy has pointed out that several more years are recorded for shekels and half-shekels; the main source of these is the hoard from Qumrân (M. Sharabani, 'Monnaies de Qumrân au Musée Rockefeller de Jérusalem', *Revue Biblique* 1980, pp. 274ff) and an unpublished hoard seen in trade. The Qumrân hoard terminated in 9/8 BC, and can add 7 new years for shekels and 9 for half-shekels; the trade hoard, consisting only of shekels and of later date, can add 7 more years for shekels. Most of these were included in the Addenda of *RPC* I, pp. 723-4. Other information has been provided by Levy ('Levy'), and a new additional list is given here, based on her data (for which we are very grateful). It is hard to avoid the conclusion that eventually every year will probably be attested.

The most important new shekels are those of 59/60, 60/1, 62/3, 63/4 and 64/5, all of which are later than those recorded in *RPC* I; there has also been mention of one of 65/6. A half-shekel was already recorded for this year (*RPC* I, 4706). This must inevitably affect the

picture of the direct link between the end of the shekels and the commencement of the Antioch silver; although it is still clear that Tyrian silver is very rare for the last few years, it does nevertheless seem to continue until the outbreak of the Jewish War.

*Shekels*

<b>4629A</b>	ϠΓ	34/33 BC	Qumrân no. 45-8
<b>4635A</b>	PA	26/25	Qumrân no. 80-1
<b>4636A</b>	ΠΓ	24/23	Qumrân no. 85-6
<b>4638A</b>	ΠϚ	21/20	Qumrân no. 92, 95-6, 99
<b>4639A</b>	PH	19/18	Qumrân no. 106
<b>4642A</b>	PIB	15/14	Qumrân no. 112-23
<b>4647A</b>	PIH	9/8	Qumrân no. 153, Trade hoard
<b>4647A</b>	PKA	6/5	Trade hoard
<b>4647C</b>	PKB	5/4 BC	Trade hoard
<b>4650A</b>	PKZ	AD 1/2	Levy
<b>4650B</b>	PKH	AD 2/3	1. P 2012A; 2. Trade hoard
<b>4653A</b>	ΠAB	AD 6/7	Levy
<b>4653A</b>	ΠAΔ	AD 8/9	Trade hoard
<b>4654A</b>	ΠAϚ	10/11	Trade hoard
<b>4654B</b>	ΠAZ	11/12	1. P; 2. Trade hoard
<b>4654C</b>	ΠAH	12/13	Trade hoard
<b>4654D</b>	ΠAΘ	13/14	Trade hoard
<b>4655A</b>	PMA	15/16	Levy
<b>4655B</b>	PMB	16/17	Levy
<b>4461A</b>	PNA	25/6	Levy
<b>4662A</b>	PNE	29/30	Levy
<b>4669A</b>	ΠEϚ	40/1	Levy
<b>4669B</b>	ΠEΘ	43/4	Levy
<b>4672A</b>	ΠOΓ	47/8	Levy
<b>4679A</b>	ΠΠB	56/7	Levy
<b>4680A</b>	ΠΠE	59/60	Levy
<b>4680B</b>	ΠΠϚ	60/1	Levy
<b>4680C</b>	ΠΠH	62/3	Levy
<b>4680D</b>	ΠΠΘ	63/4	Excavations at Gamala on the Golan Heights (among over 6200 coins: see D. Syon, 'The Coins from Gamala-Interim Report', <i>INJ</i> , 12 (1992-93), pp. 34-55).

**4680E** PϠ 64/5 Princeton etc. (Levy)

*Half-shekels*

<b>4681A</b>	ΠIZ	40/39 BC	Qumrân no. 27, 31-3
<b>4681B</b>	ΠH	39/38	Qumrân no. 35-6
<b>4681C</b>	ϠE	32/31	Levy
<b>4681D</b>	ϠϚ	31/30	Qumrân no. 56
<b>4683A</b>	PA	26/25	Qumrân no. 79
<b>4683B</b>	PB	25/24	Qumrân no. 83
<b>4683C</b>	ΠΓ	24/23	Qumrân no. 84
<b>4683D</b>	ΠϚ	21/20	Qumrân no. 93-4, 97-8, 101
<b>4683E</b>	PZ	20/19	Qumrân no. 104

<b>4685A</b>	ΠIG	15/14 BC	Qumrân no. 127
<b>4687A</b>	ΠAA	AD 5/6	Princeton
<b>4687B</b>	ΠAB	AD 6/7	Levy
<b>4687C</b>	ΠAΓ	AD 7/8	Levy
<b>4687D</b>	ΠAΔ	AD 8/9	Levy
<b>4687E</b>	ΠAZ	11/12	Levy
<b>4688A</b>	PMB	16/17	Levy
<b>4688B</b>	ΠMΓ	17/18	Levy
<b>4691A</b>	ΠMH	22/23	Glasgow 11
<b>4692A</b>	PNA	25/6	Levy
<b>4693A</b>	ΠE	34/5	Princeton
<b>4695A</b>	ΠEΓ	37/8	Levy
<b>4701A</b>	ΠO	44/5	Levy
<b>4702A</b>	ΠOΓ	47/8	Levy
<b>4703A</b>	ΠOϚ	50/1	Levy
<b>4686B</b>	ΠIIA	AD 55/6	Princeton.

LHS 100, 23-24 April 2007, lots 331-9: a noteworthy collection of half-shekels ranging from year 137 (AD 11/12) to year 173 (AD 47/48).

**4619-706** M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), pp. 161-3, follow *RPC* but do not include the additional material in *RPC Supplement I*.

**S-4680B** Another specimen: Keshet coll., Boston.

**S2-I-4680Ba** As 4680A, but year ΠIIZ = 187 = AD 61/2 [0]

**1. CNG MBS 53, 15 March 2000, lot 661, 13.67.**



**S3-I-4681A** PH (98), 29/8BC, **Sneh coll.**, 6.97.



**S3-I-4702A** ΠOΘ (179), AD 53/4, **Private coll.**, 13.79.

**S2-I-4702Aa** As S4701A, but year ΠOB = 172 = AD 46/7 [0]

1. Trade, 6.56.



**Ptolemais**

p. 658. Coin of Ptolemais struck in the Caesarian period in year 9 = **RBW**, 11.12.



**4740/6.** Now NY 2008.24.9 (ex Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 516); 12. Nomos AG (100 Distinctive Numismatic Items, Winter-Spring 2008, lot 74), 9.41 (fine portrait of Antony).

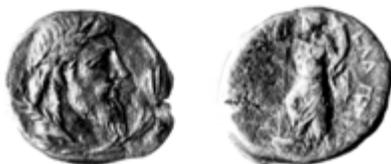
**S-4743A-B** As 4743, but year 30 (perhaps) and 31 (certain). Information from Alla Stein.

**S-4743C** 20 mm. [0]

Year 31 = 19/18BC

Laureate head of Zeus, r., with laurel(?)-branch over shoulder; all in wreath  
ΠΤ[ ]; Tyche (?) standing l., with ? (sceptre/stylis) and cornucopia; Λ ΑΛ

**1. Israel Museum 1687.**



**4749 corr./9 Sneh coll..** The new coin shows that the inscription begins with NERO and that there is a lituus before the bust as this new specimen shows clearly.

A specimen of this type of Nero was discovered on the site of Gamala, destroyed in August/September 67, thereby providing a terminus ante quem for the coin (D. Syon, 'The coins from Gamala - Interim report', *INJ* 1992-93 [1994], pp. 34-55, at p. 54 no. 76.



**4740/12.** RBW (ex Coin Galleries, 7 Nov. 1990, lot 343), 11.77; 13. RBW (ex Superior, 8 Dec. 1995, lot 1411), 7.24.

**4742/4.** RBW (ex Superior, 8 Dec. 1993, lot 171), 8.64; 5. RBW, 10.30

**Dora**

**4752/5.** RBW, 8.22; 6. RBW (ex Heritage 3003, The Shoshana coll., 9 March 2012, lot 20607), 7.08 (Meshorer Dora 13: this coin).

**4758. Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1980.85.275** (H. B. Wells coll.), 10.40.



**Chalcis**

**4773/5.** Now CNG EA 196, 1 Oct. 2008, lot 144; 6. Heritage, World and Ancient Coins Signature Auction, Long Beach 3026, 25-27 Sept. 2013, lot 23225, 4.07.

**4774/10-11.** RBW (ex Triton XII, Wagner coll., 6 Jan. 2009, part of lot 1255), 6.22, 5.27

**S-4774A** AE. 19-21 mm, 4.13 g (2). Axis: 12. [0]

Head of Zeus, r.  
Nike walking r. holding wreath and palm; in field, l. and r., N - E; Λ ΒΠΣ to r.

**1. RBW, 3.53;** 2. Kovacs coll., 4.73 (probably the same pair of dies, year 282 = 32/1 BC); **3. RBW** (ex Colosseum Coin Exchange 67, 21 Jan. 1993, lot 183), 6.69.



4774A/1



4774A/3

**4775/8.** Now RBW (ex Triton XII, 6 Jan. 2009, part of lot 1255), 7.11.

**4776/1.** Now RBW (ex Triton XII, 6 Jan. 2009, part of lot 1255).

**S-4776A** AE. 18 mm, 4.27 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

Diademed head, r.  
ZHNOΔΩΠΟΥ; Athena standing l., holding  
Victory with spear and shield

**1. Kovacs coll.,** 4.27.



**S2-I-4776B** AE. 13 mm, 2.42 g (1). Axis: 9. [0]

ZHNOΔΩΠΟΥ; bare head of Zenodorus, r.  
Athena standing l., with spear and shield

**1.** RBW, 2.42.

**4777/3.** CNG Triton XVI, 8 Jan. 2013, lot 736, 14.75.

### Damascus

**p. 663** Rosenberger 15 (Nero) is a coin of Hierapolis in Phrygia (perhaps under Commodus).

**4781/14.** Now CNG 46, 24.6.1998, lot 474.

**4782/9.** RBW (ex Lindgren 1251), 6.96; 10. RBW (ex DNW 29 Sep. 2008, lot 5686), 7.47.

**S-4785A** As 4785 but ΛΓΠΣ

**1.** PV, 3.09.

**4787** There are wide variations in lettering, weight and size; head is Apollo.

**4804** Delete (it is an altered coin of Antioch, BMC 116-7).

**4804/2.** A. Spaer, 5.16 (axis: 12). The date seems to be OT, but might actually be a damaged version of ZOT, as there seems to be some sort of mark before the OT.

### Gadara

**4809-10** Monika Bernett has pointed out that the coins dated year 34 cannot date to 31/0 since they give Augustus the title *sebastos*. The era must in this case be not the normal Pompeian era but a different, probably Augustan one. A. Stein [= Kushnir-Stein], *Studies in Greek and Latin Inscriptions on the Palestinian Coinage under the Principate* (Ph.D. thesis, Tel-Aviv University, 1990), discussed Gadara on pp. 26-8, and after confirming, on the basis of inscriptions and coins of Elagabalus, that year 1 = 64/3 BC, she went on (pp. 27-8): 'Apart from a single issue all known dates conform to an era of 64 BC. The only exception is the series dated 'year 34' and bearing on the obverse the portrait of Augustus and the legend ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΙ. The era employed cannot be that of 64 BC since by this calculation the coins would have been struck in 31/30 BC - too early a date for Octavian to be called ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ (Augustus). The era in question is most probably that of 31 BC (often called 'Actian') used at the time by many other cities of Syria. This would date the coins to 3/4 AD. The use of the 'Actian' era was discontinued after the death of the first princeps. The next emission of the city - from the time of Tiberius - is dated by the city era, and so are all its subsequent issues.'

**p. 666** Rosenberger 11 is a coin of Imbros (*RPC* 1734).

**4811** Rev. illustration is upside down. This is perhaps anyway a coin of Selge.

**4812** Palm branch to r. on obverse.

**4820** *SNG* Bern 2202 seems to read CEBA[ ]CAPI, suggesting a different obverse reading (ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ in *RPC* was taken from Spijkerman, but is not, in fact, clear on any of the three specimens cited in *RPC*). But the date is not clear on the Bern piece.

### Nysa-Scythopolis

Many more specimens in the RBW coll. (only unusual coins listed here); see also Lindgren III 1660 ('Tiberius, uncertain'). On Gabinius, see D. Hendin, 'Rare coins of Nysa Scythopolis portray Gabinius', *The Celator* September 1992, pp. 46-7.

**4825-8** Full studies have now been published by R. Barkay, 'Coins of Roman Governors issued by Nysa-Scythopolis in the Late Republican Period', *INJ* 13, 1994-99, pp. 54-62; and R. Barkay, *The Coinage of Nysa-Scythopolis (Beth-Shean)*, *CNP V* (Jerusalem, 2003). A concordance between *RPC* and her catalogue follows:

RPC	Barkay		
4826	1	Gabinius (57-55 BC)	5.52 (10+)
-	2		4.01 (9)
4825	3		6.10 (10+)
S-4825A	4		3.11 (3)
4827 and S-4828A	5	Crassus (54 BC)	6.00 (8)
4828	6	Bassus (46/5 BC)	5.06 (8)
4829	7	Caligula (AD 39/40)	5.50 (10+)
4830	8		2.00 (3)
4831	9	Claudius (AD 51/2)	8.20 (10+)
4832	10		5.87 (10+)
4833	11		5.00 (7)
4834	12 + 12a-c	Nero (AD 66/7)	11.00 (10+)
4835	13		6.50 (10+)

Barkay's figures are based on much more material than *RPC*. Barkay 2 are coins similar to *RPC* 4826, of poor style, with an ivy leaf behind Nike (see the illustration of 4826/12 in the *Suppl.*), and with a die axis of 1 o'clock whereas the rest of the coinage is struck with dies adjusted at 12. Barkay 5 should include S-4828A as the coin illustrated under her no. 5 and the RBW coin illustrated in the *Suppl.* are from the same obv. die, but she connects S-4828A with her no. 6 (pp. 38-9). Barkay 12a-e details the countermarks found on Nero's coinage.

Barkay plausibly suggests that the rev. figure on 4-6 is Dionysus with a thyrsus rather than a sceptre (as *RPC*). She identifies the heads on the obverses as portraits of Roman governors (i.e. 1-4: Gabinius; 5: Crassus; 6: Bassus). However, the heads on 1-2, described as 'laureate (?)' (*RPC*) or 'diademed' (Barkay) do not look like portraits, and probably represent a wreathed head of Dionysus. The heads on 3-4 certainly look like portraits and Gabinius is the obvious choice, especially in view of the letters **ΓΑΒ**. The heads on 5-6 are dated to 55/4 BC and (probably) 46/5 BC but they are of a much poorer style, and though there is no inscription accompanying them, they could well be later portraits honouring him (so *RPC*) rather than portraits of later governors. As for the relative chronology of 1-2 and 3-4 Barkay is probably right in using the sequence of reverse legends as a criterion.

**4825/8**. RBW (ex Lindgren III, 1660), 6.85; 9-11. RBW, 5.24, 4.64, 4.28.

**S-4825A** AE. 17 mm, 4.31 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

**ΓΑΒ**; bare head, r.  
[ΤΩΝ ΕΝ ΤΗ ΝΥ]ΣΗΙ; Dionysus standing l., with cantharus and sceptre

**1. RBW**, 4.31.



**4826/10-11**. RBW, 7.07, 6.57; variety with unclear retrograde reverse legend: **12. RBW**: 6.70 (axis: 1); variety with obverse head wearing an ivy wreath (?): **13. RBW** (= *Celator* p. 46 no. 1), 6.81; 14-22. RBW, 6.75, 6.49, 6.26, 5.51, 5.50, 5.47, 4.42, 3.89, 3.74. The correct reading of the rev. legend is - NYCH (not - NYΣHI).



**4827/3**. RBW, 5.78; 4. RBW, 7.13. 4827/1, 3 and 4: same obv. die.

**4828/4-5. RBW**, 4.77, 4.49. Both clearly have L Θ. Coins 1, 4 and 5: same obv. die.



**S-4828A** As 4828, but probably dated L H (year 8 = 57/6 BC)

**1. RBW** (= *Celator* p. 46, fig 4), 5.70, same obv. die as **4827/1**.



### Marisa

Coins have been attributed to the city of Marisa by

S. Qedar, 'The coins of Marisa: a new mint', *INJ* 12 (1992-3), pp. 27-33. Some of these, with a helmeted head/eagle seem to read MAPICHNWN. Others read ΓΑ and ΜΑ, and bear the date Λ Γ; there are two designs: Tyche/eagle and helmeted head/palm branch with snake. The second legend is plausibly restored Γα(βειντιεῶν) Μα(ρσιηνῶν), and indeed we know that the city was rebuilt by Gabinus. Qedar also identifies the helmeted head as possibly a portrait of Gabinus, but this does not seem very plausible. The first occurrence of the head is on coins with the legend only MAPICHNWN, which would naturally be dated before the reconstruction of the town by Gabinus; moreover the head seems to have earrings and drapery around the neck, both normal features of female heads. An Athena head is perhaps a more likely identification.

H. Gitler and A. Kushnir-Stein, 'A new date on coins of Marisa in Idumenaea and its historical implications', *SNR* 83 (2004), pp. 87-94, have added further coins, including some dated ΛΒ, and also interpreted the helmeted head as Athena. They also discuss the beginning of the era (year 1 = [60-]59 or [59-]58 BC), and discuss the role of the early governors in the region.

### Caesarea Paneas

**4842/1.** Now in Donovan coll. (ex Newman); 9. excavations at Gamala, Golan Heights (*INJ* 12 (1992-93), p. 49 no. 37); 10. *Numismatic Circular* April 2000 no. 1408.

**4843/8.** MM List 441, Feb. 1982, lot 26, 6.29.

**4844/4.** Münzen und Medaillen Deutschland 1 (1997) lot 497, 6.88.

**4845/1.** L 1908-1-10-1714 (Hamburger coll. = P. Joseph, 'Palästinensische Münzen aus der Sammlung Leopold Hamburger', *Frankfurter Münzzeitung*, Sep. 1902, 309/26 and Taf. 16, 26); 2. Now CNG EA 248, 26 Jan. 2011, lot 320 (on the obv., crescent in field); 5. Lanz 94, L. Benz coll., 22 Oct. 1999, lot 236 (ex Sternberg XV, 11-12 April 1985, lot 352), 7.09; 6. Vaughn Rare Coin Gallery e284 accessed via Vcoins (ex Ira and Larry Goldberg Coins and Collectibles 41, 27 May 2007, lot 2443), 6.24.

### Caesarea Paneas or Maritima

**4847-8:** see on 4985. Barag (quoted there) states that 4848 'is fairly common among the finds from Caesarea [sc. Maritima] and its vicinity', though he gives no precise evidence. If so, then the coins would be associable with Caesarea Maritima (or its port, see Barag), but the

links with the coins of Caesarea Paneas would still need to be explained.

### Irenopolis Neronias Sepphoris

**4849/14.** The weight is 8.28; reference should be Hess-Leu 45 (not Leu 45).

**4850/1.** This coin illustrated by Meshorer, *A Treasury of Jewish Coins* (Jerusalem, 2001), n° 128; 4. Triton VIII, 11-12 Jan. 2004, lot 798, 7.71 (on this specimen, the city name is ΝΕΡΩΝΙΑΔΙ, not ΝΕΡΩΝΙΑC).

### Caesarea Maritima

**4858/3. Goldberg Coins & Collectibles, Inc. 41 (2007), lot 2439.** More of the obv. inscription is visible on this new specimen: [ K]ΑΛΑΥΔΙΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒ[ΑΣΤΟΣ].



**4860, 4862** The cmk. LVS (*GIC* 597), not otherwise recorded for 4862, is discussed by D. Barag and S. Qedar, 'A Countermark of the Legio Quinta Scythica from the Jewish War', *INJ* 13 (1994-99), pp. 66-9. They discuss further the name of the legion (Scythica rather than Macedonica).

**4860/3.** B 429/1901 (not 1909), 12.54.

**4861/3.** Excavations at Gamala, Golan Heights (see *INJ* 12 (1992-93), p. 49 no. 38); 4. Gemini VI, 10 Jan. 2010, lot 695, 8.27.

**4862-3, 4865:** see on 4985.

### Ascalon

**p. 674 and 4866-7** Cleopatra's coins are dated year 55, not 45, and 56 (or 53?), not 46 (or 43?); the BC dates given are correct. A. Spaer in the article cited on p. 673 follows a dating based on year 1 = 103/2, but year 1 = 104/3 (as G.F. Hill, in *BMC*) is preferred here; the latest Seleucid date known (see Spaer) is 104/3 and one would expect the last Seleucid date to be the same as the first year of autonomy. The dates given in *RPC I*

are based on Hill's dating.

A further problem exists with the interpretation of the portraits on silver coins of Ascalon, since, as A. Spaer has pointed out to us, the coin with a male portrait traditionally to year 50 (BMC 19) is actually of year 56 (= 49/48 BC; see also NFA Mail Bid sale 1989, no. 803.), in the middle of the Cleopatra portraits. These coins are published by A. Spaer, 'The Royal Male Head and Cleopatra at Ascalon' in M. Amandry and S. Hurter eds, *Travaux de numismatique grecque offerts à Georges Le Rider* (London, 1999, pp. 347-50. Parallel to the silver coinage portraying Cleopatra, there exists a silver coinage portraying a male head which cannot be identified with certainty dated year 55 (50/49 BC) and 56 (49/48 BC) = Spaer p. 348, e and f (Plate 36, 5-7). H. Gitler and D. M. Master, 'Cleopatra at Ascalon: Recent Finds from the Leon Levy Expedition', *Israel Numismatic Research* 5 (2010), pp. 67-98. The authors publish all known specimens of the autonomous tetradrachms of Ascalon minted during the first century BC. They show that *RPC* 4867 should be deleted (4866/3 and 4867/1 refer to the same coin), that Spaer's dating of an issue with a male portrait head to the year 56 is wrong (the coins should be dated to the year 55). They also publish a new series with Cleopatra's portrait dated year 65: 40/39 BC.

**4866-8** M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), p. 183, who follow *RPC*.

**S3-I-4867** AR. 25-26 mm, 12.42 (3). Axis: 12 [0]

Diademed bust of Cleopatra, r.  
ΑΣΚΑΛΩΝΙΤΩΝ ΙΕΡΑΣ ΑΣΥΛΟΥ; eagle standing l., on thunderbolt with palm over shoulder; in field, E/ΑΑ above dove to l. and L ΞΕ, to r.

**1. Israel Antiquity Authority 122226** (= Leon Levy Expedition to Ashkelon, Reg. N° 55064), 12.83 (Cat. N° 93 and Pl. 20, 93); 2. Israel Museum 15392, 12.42 (Cat. N° 95 and Pl. 20, 95); 3. RBW, 12.01 (Cat. N° 94 and Pl. 20, 94).



**4876A corr.** Reverse legend is clearly AP not ΑΣ

**1. CNG MBS 78, Villemur coll., 14 May 2008, lot 1296**, 2,63. The attribution to Ascalon is now even less certain.



**4877-78** A specimen in the PV coll. seems to have the date L ΒΑ[ in the r. field. Same obv. die as 4877 (year 101) and 4878 (year 105?); year [1]32 (e.g.) seems impossible. A puzzle.

### Gaza

**4895 corr** The date is ΞΖ = AD 5/6

3. Hebrew University, Jerusalem = A. Kushnir-Stein, 'Gaza Coinage dated LIC - a reappraisal', *SNR* 74 (1995), p. 55 no. 6 and pl. 2.

# JUDAEAN KINGDOM

---

For the rare countermark of a palm branch between letters CΠ on some coins of the procurators, see K.K.A. Lönnqvist, 'New vistas on the countermarked coins of the Roman prefects of Judaea', *INJ* 12 (1992-93), pp. 56-70. He dates the application of the countermark to c. AD 36/7 and expands the letters to σπειρα (= cohort).

See now Y. Meshorer, 'Ancient Jewish Coinage. Addendum I', *INJ* 11 (1990-91), pp. 104-32 = Meshorer, *Addendum*.

A number of articles in D.M. Jacobson and N. Kokkinos (eds), *Judaea and Rome in Coins 65 BCE – 135 CE* (London, 2012) discuss Judaeian coinage: and overview (A. Burnett), Roman influence (Barkay), Languages and scripts (Lykke), Galilean mints (Syon), Herod year 3 (Bracey), the prefects (Kokkinos) and the caduceus (Jacobson).

## Herod

**4901** See the discussions by J.-P. Fontanille and D. Ariel, 'The Large Dated Coin of Herod the Great: the First Die Series', *Israel Numismatic Research* 1 (2006), 73-86; D. M. Jacobson, 'Military Helmet or Dioscuri Motif on Herod the Great's Largest Coin?', *Israel Numismatic Research* 2 (2007), 93-101.

## Herod Antipas

**4918-37** M. Bernett has suggested that, if Antipas departed for Rome in spring 39, as Josephus may suggest, then it might be difficult to imagine a coinage for him in late 39/40. But it seems possible that coinage might have been made in his absence, and it is hard to believe that his era would be different from that of Philip. Moreover, as A. Kushnir-Stein has pointed out to us, Josephus' account provides no clear chronology.

## Philip

**4934** The form of the sigma is probably lunate rather than 4-barred.

**4938/4.** CNG MBS 46, 24 June 1998, lot 898 = Superior 8 Dec. 1995 (Herbst coll.), lot 1150, 6.94.

**S-4952A** As 4949, but year 37: Meshorer, *Addendum*.

**4954** Date should be AD 6, not 6 BC.

## Procurators

For metal analysis, see K. Lönnquist, A second investigation into the chemical composition of the Roman provincial (Procuratorial) coinage of Judaea, AD 6-66, *Archaeometry* 45 (2003), pp. 45-60.

## Agrippa I

**4975** Meshorer, *Addendum* reads the obverse of a new specimen as ]KYΠPOC[, and so identifies the portrait as that of Agrippa's wife. For a specimen from the excavations at Gamala (Golan Heights), see *INJ* 12 (1992-93), p. 48 no. 34.

**4976-77** For further specimens from the excavations at Gamala (Golan Heights), see *INJ* 12 (1992-93), p. 48 nos. 35-36.

**4976/6.** CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1131, 10.72; 7. Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 519, 11.53.

**4977** The reading of *RPC* and the identification as Caesonia are rejected by N. Kokkinos, *Antonia Augusta: Portrait of a Great Roman Lady* (London, 2002), pp. 101-3, 265-7. He prefers Antonia.

**4980** Meshorer, *Addendum* publishes a specimen on which he reads LB.

**4981** K. Lönnquist (A re-attribution of the King Herod Agrippa I 'Year 6' issue, *Liber Annuus* 47 (1997), pp. 429-440) has suggested a reattribution to Agrippa II and to Caesarea, but we still prefer Agrippa I and Jerusalem. This is not accepted by A. Kushnir-Stein, Some Observations on Palestinian Coins with a Bevelled Edge, *INJ* 14 (2000-2), pp. 78-83.

**4982** A very well-preserved specimen was in the Spaer coll., which seems to have the expected date LH in the exergue of the obverse (R. Deutsch, Archaeological Center Auction 40 part 1, 4 April 2007, lot 60, 13.00). However the reading of the date is not absolutely certain. The same coin confirms the end of the obv. inscription ( ]HPΩΔΗΣ). The reverse inscription is also reasonably clear: one can read (outer ring) [ ΑΓΡ] ΠΠΑ ΠΡ ΣΕΒ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΑ ΣΥΝΚΛΗΤ[ΟΝ ] and (inner ring) [ ]Μ ΡΩΜ ΦΙΛ ΚΑ ΣΥΜΑΧΙΑ[

**4983/8.** CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1032, 14.41.

**S-4975** The obverse is probably to be read as ΚΥΠΡΟC ΒΑCΚΙ[ΑΙCΚΑ]. 4975/1 can be read better as [ ] ΡΟC ΒΑ-CΙ[ ], as M. Amandry has confirmed; 2.

(see Maltiel-Gerstenfeld) is illegible; 3. (Meshorer, *Suppl.*) can be read [ ]ΚΥΠΡΟC [ ]; 4. (Gamala find) perhaps reads [ΚΥΠ]ΡΟ[C ] (note that the illustrations of Gamala 33 and 34 have been mixed up, as the darkness of the relevant photos shows). The reverse can be distinguished from the similar coins of Philip; for Philip the reverse legend reads outwardly, whereas for Agrippa it reads inwardly.

**4985-7** (see also 4847-8, 4862-5) D. Barag, 'The legal and administrative status of the port of Sebastos during the early Roman period', in A. Raban and K.G. Holum, *Caesarea Maritima. A retrospective after two millennia* (Leiden, 1996), pp. 609-14, distinguishes, for Agrippa, Claudius and Nero, between coins referring to the city of Caesarea and those referring to its port, Sebastos. He regards them as two distinct legal entities, even though he cites no parallel for this arrangement.

# EGYPT

The most important new work is *Catalogo Completo della Collezione Dattari Numi Augg Alexandrini*, ed A. Savio (Trieste, 1999). Its complete series of rubbings of the coins listed by Dattari (and also the supplementary coins he acquired after the publication of the book) enables many uncertainties to be resolved. The following abbreviation is used: DS.

E. Göltzer, *Entstehung und Entwicklung des alexandrischen Münzwesens von 30 v. C. bis zum Ende der julisch-claudischen Dynastie*, Berlin, 2004, has carried out more analyses of coins of the Julio-Claudian period.

The coin excavated at the site of Bakchias, in the Fayyum, and published by A.R. Parente in D. Gerin, A. Geissen and M. Amandry eds, *Aegyptiaca certa in Soheir Bakhoum memoriam. Mélanges de numismatique, d'iconographie et d'histoire*, Collezioni Numismatiche 7 (Milano, 2008), pp. 167, 174 no. 75 as a possible coin of Antony from Alexandria is more likely to be a coin of Claudius, as *RPC* 1, 5123. The portrait seems unlikely to be Antony as there are traces of wreath ties, and Claudius is a possibility. If the reverse design is rotated 180 degrees from the way it is published on p. 184, one can make out the legs of the eagle.

## Augustus

J.W. Müller, 'Sur les années de règne d'Auguste et de Tibère en Égypte', *BSEFV* 55, 5 (2000), pp. 88-93, provides a discussion of the era used by Augustus and cites astronomical data that confirms the traditional era whereby year 1 = 30/29 BC.

**S3-I-5002A** AE. 35 mm, 34.30 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [1]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; bare head of Augustus, r.  
ΚΑΙΣΑΡ (with square sigma) ; in laurel wreath.

**1. P 2008/66** (Collection of the late Soheir Bakhoum), 34.30. See D. Gerin, 'La petite collection alexandrine de Soheir Bakhoum' in D. Gerin, A. Geissen and M. Amandry eds, *Aegyptiaca certa in Soheir Bakhoum memoriam. Mélanges de numismatique, d'iconographie et d'histoire*, Collezioni Numismatiche 7 (Milano,

2008), pp. 21-36. See A. Burnett, *SNR* 88 (2009), 25-6. The earliest example of the large 'drachm' size bronze from Alexandria.



**5008** Specimen with ΑΙΟΥΙΑ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ (sic): Hudson coll., 8.19.

**S3-I-5014A** AE. 23 mm.

Bare head r.  
L KH in oak wreath.

Emmett (see below) points out that this coin is listed by G. Fiorelli, *Catalogo del Museo Nazionale di Napoli. Medagliere I. Monete Greche* (Naples, 1870), no. 9510 ('testa nuda di Augusto a dr./L KH in corona di alloro br. 23'). It sounds plausible enough but confirmation is required.

**S2-I-5031A** star / ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ around ΛΑΑ: DS 6604. Other of the small denominations might include new things (e.g. DS 6600), but they are insufficiently legible to be included.

**S3-I-5043A**. Liv2, Athena standing l. L ΛΘ, DS Supp 1 (Livia. Athena, diobolo, anno scritto a fianco 39, non conosciuto).

A series of small denomination coins of Augustus, not included in *RPC*, have been published online by Keith Emmett, at [http://www.coinsfromanegypt.org/html/library/emmett/emmett\\_aughtm](http://www.coinsfromanegypt.org/html/library/emmett/emmett_aughtm). (ex *The Celator*, Vol. 17.8, August 2003) = E in the list below. Such coins are very small and usually in poor condition, so caution is needed before accepting many of them. The least plausible are:

E11	Crescent	Wreath around LKC	E11 ex DS6600 (the rubbing in DS has been improved, so it is uncertain if it really has this decription; as it would be the earliest dated coin, caution is needed and confirmation is required)
E15	KAICAP LM; Star	CEBACTOC	Cited from Mionnet S14: seems implausible.
E18	Star KAICAP	ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ	Feuadent 548. Might perhaps originally have had a date?
E19	Lotus Flower	Star	D20 (illustrated in DS): this could be almost anything!

The other coins, not in *RPC*, are (mostly requiring confirmation):

E6	Star	ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟV LKH	E6 ex Cop26 (not illustrated in <i>SVG</i> , so presumably very worn: confirmation required)
E8	Star	ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟV; around LAA	E8 ex DS6604 (not fully clear)
E4	Crescent and Star	ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟV; around L AE	E4 ex Cop 27 (not illustrated in <i>SVG</i> , so presumably very worn: confirmation required)
E13	Crescent	Wreath around LAE	E13 ex Feuadent 559 (confirmation requires)
E2	Crescent	ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟV; around [L] AC	E2 = Emmett (illustrated) ex Lindgren, 0.86
E5	Crescent (and star?)	L AH in wreath	E5 ex Cop 29 (it could also have a star but might not: confirmation required).

## Tiberius

J.W. Müller, 'Sur les années de règne d'Auguste et de Tibère en Égypte', *BSFN* 55, 5 (2000), pp. 88-93 suggests that the traditional dates for Tiberius are wrong, since they ignore the last few days of August after Augustus' death. These should correspond to year 1 of Tiberius, with AD 14/15 being year 2 rather than year 1 as is normally assumed. He looks for astronomical support for this view in some of the designs of Tiberius' coinage. There is no compelling supporting evidence and he points out that in Syria year 1 = 14/15.

M. Shahin, 'A Hoard of Alexandrian Billon Tetradrachms found in 1967 in Kom Ausin', in D. Gerin, A. Geissen and M. Amandry eds, *Aegyptiaca sarta in Soheir Bakhoun memoriam. Mélanges de numismatique, d'iconographie et d'histoire*, *Collezioni Numismatiche 7* (Milano, 2008), pp. 155-64 lists 3 coins as belonging to year 11 of Tiberius (= AD 24/5). Two other coins attributed to year 11 have been published previously (see *RPC* I, p. 696): Milne 53 and Dattari 79. Milne 53 remains unclear, and D79 is definitely year 14 as we can now see in the rubbings in DS. Confirmation of the existence of tetradrachms for year 11 is still required.

**5088** cites 'Livia/peacock L $\zeta$ ' from 'D107 (doubtful?)'. The rubbing in DS 107 reveals only a female head/bird r. The annotation in DS adds 'LF' but that is not clear. Both the attribution to Livia and to Alexandria are very doubtful.

## 'Caligula'

See A. Burnett, 'The Alexandrian Coinage of Caligula',

in D. Gerin, A. Geissen and M. Amandry eds, *Aegyptiaca sarta in Soheir Bakhoun memoriam. Mélanges de numismatique, d'iconographie et d'histoire*, *Collezioni Numismatiche 7* (Milano, 2008), pp. 45-7.

**5106** A coin cited in the note from D108, with the comment (see also *RPC* p. 698) that the date is more likely to be year 3 than the year 4 given in D's text. DS 108 shows that the date is actually off flan! There is thus no evidence for pieces of year 4.

**5110** Specimen in lead (Jarman coll.).

DS 6624a is supposed to be a coin of Caesonia. It has a head r., and ?L $\Delta$  in wreath. But the head is not definitely female, and it is probably a coin of Tiberius, as *RPC* 5076 (it would be rather small, but perhaps an E as part of [Σ]E is visible to the r. of the bust?).

## Claudius

See now E. Christiansen, 'The Roman coins of Alexandria during the reign of Claudius', *RIN XCIV* (1992), pp. 91-112.

**S2-I-5121A** As 5121 but rev. lacks AYTOKPA and obv. legend reads ]EP[ ]AYTO: 1. Jarman coll. (25 mm, 7.89: the legend definitely ends AYTO rather than AYTOKP); 2. DS133 is probably another specimen of the same thing. The variant belongs with 5119-20 as a rare initial group of Claudian bronze.

**5125ff** There is a tiny lituus to the right of the neck, presumably to denote the denomination. Another example (as *RPC* 5126) now in L 1995-6-5-114 ex Thackray.

**5133** D117 is cited wrongly under *RPC* 5134; see DS 117.

**5134** Although D117 is wrongly cited here (see note to 5133), DS 6625 does attest the entry (and is the only known specimen; one wonders if coins 117 and 6625 were swapped by mistake?).

**5136** Another example of the rare silver drachm of year 3: Lanz 135, 21 May 2007, lot 529, 2.06.

**5152/2.** Amsterdam, 5.69.

**5166** DS 6626 is another specimen of the very rare tetradrachm of Antonia for year 6.

**S3-1-5166A.** 26 mm, 10.39 g (1)

AYTOKPA; Nike, l.

1. Bakchias B96/009/152F (A.R. Parente, 'Bakchias: I ritrovamenti monetali 1993-2002', *Fayyum Studies* 1 (2004), p. 38, no. 87), 10.39. The design occurs in year 6 on a smaller denomination (*RPC* 5169) and the denomination and design are known for years 2-4.

**5182** *RPC* p. 703, after 5182: 'D154 records a coin with eagle and thunderbolt and LIA on reverse: error for?'. DS 154 is annotated LIA, but LIA is equally possible.

**5192** The unique specimen cited from D183 is confirmed by the rubbing in DS 183. DS 6634 is probably a (less clear) second example.

**5194** Specimen with misengraved date (L IIIΓ): Hudson coll., 11.21.

**5196** The citation of D182 should be deleted. The rubbing in DS 182 looks more like LIB = *RPC* 5190.

**p.704, A** refers to a supposed coin of Claudius, year 15, cited from D154. DS 154 shows that the reading is clearly LIA (as indeed stated by Dattari's annotation). See also below.

**p.704, B** refers to a supposed coin of Agrippina, year 15, cited from D180. Dattari's annotation to DS 180 has LIE, but this is very uncertain. In fact the second letter of the date looks more like B, as LIB = *RPC* 5188.

## Nero

See now E. Christiansen, 'Nero's Alexandrian coinage revisited', *Character. Apheroma ste Mando Oeconomidou*

(Athens, 1996), pp. 92-6.

**S2-I-5201A** As 5201, but head of Agrippina I. DS 6635.

**5203** M. Bergmann, 'Pronoia Neou Sebastou', in eds B. Kluge and B. Weisser, *XII. Internationaler Numismatischer Kongress Berlin 1997. Akten - Proceedings - Actes* (Staatliche Museen zu Berlin Preussischer Kulturbesitz, Berlin, 2000), pp. 657-63.

**5219** D248 is wrongly cited here; it belongs to *RPC* 5229.

**5234** D212 cited in error (should be D214)

**5235** Add D220

**5247** Add D239

**S-5250A** As 5250, but radiate bust of Helios, r. on reverse

**1. NY** (*Annual Report of the American Numismatic Society* 1991, p. 15, fig. 19), 2.36. A second type with the value mark K.



**S-5262A** AE. 10 mm, 1.26 g (1). [0]

Head of Zeus, r.  
I in wreath

1. Kovacs (July 1992), 1.26; 2. **Kovacs**. This may perhaps be a coin of Alexandria under Nero (cf. *RPC* 5262); 3. The coin published as DS Supp 3 (Nerone. Corona, dichalkon, anno 10? = D283v.) might indeed be another specimen of the rare D283 = *RPC* 1, 5262 (value mark I in wreath, rather than year 10), but the obverse does not look much like Nero, and it may perhaps rather be another example of the (probably Neronian) coins with head of Zeus/I in wreath.



**S2-I-5272A** AE. 25 mm. Date L ENATOY on rev. [0]

E eagle standing r. (head turned to l.)

1. DS plate 10, no. 6663.

**S2-I-5276A** AE. 26 mm, 10.25 g (1). LI on rev. [0]

F ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑ; bust of Sarapis, r.

1. Pincock coll. (ex Monnaies Antiques, Geneva, 16 Nov. 1998, lot 585), 10.25; 2-3: see E. Christiansen, *The Roman Coins of Alexandria* (1988), p. 82, for specimens in Dresden and Stockholm. Christiansen regarded them as dubious, possibly bronze forgeries of the tetradrachms of the same year with the same reverse type, but the obverse is right for bronze coins. 1 looks like a bronze coin, so they must represent a new bronze denomination for year 10.

**5285** DS 281 shows that the date is clearly year 14, not 11 (see R. Pincock, 'Nero's large bronze coinage for Egypt', *NC* 1995, pp. 266-71 (6 specimens listed). See also 5286.

**5286** DS 280 shows that the date is clearly year 14, not 11 (see R. Pincock, 'Nero's large bronze coinage for Egypt', *NC* 1995, pp. 266-71 (5 specimens listed). See also 5285.

**5297** Specimen with retrograde obv. legend (Jarman coll.).

**S2-I-5300A** As 5300, but head of Poseidon l. DS 245 (perhaps just an engraver's error?).

**5304** DS 6660 has the eagle's head turned back to r.

**S-5319A** AE. 30 mm, 21.60 g (1). [0]

Obverse G  
Nike advancing r. with wreath and palm

**1. Kovacs coll.**, 21.60. This confirms the entry in D 276 (see *RPC* I, p. 710).



**S2-I-5138A** DS 276 shows clearly that (contra the statement on *RPC* p. 710: 'existence uncertain') the coin

(AE 30 mm, obv. G, rev. Nike with wreath and palm r.) does exist.

## Galba

**5347** (Capitoline temple type). DS plate 11, no number, is a second example.

## Otho

On the coinage of Otho, see now A. Savio, 'Note sui bronzi alessandrini di Otone', *SNR* 79, 2000, pp. 131-144 and tav. 14.

## Vitellius

**5374** It should have been noted that G 147 has a different and anomalous obv. legend (ΑΥΤΟΚ ΚΑΙΣ ΑΥΛΟΥ ΟΥΙΤΕΛΛΙΟΣ ΓΕΡ[ ]); as Macdonald notes in his catalogue, this can be disregarded since the obv. is reworked in modern times.

# UNCERTAIN

**5402** (P Coscon) C. Stannard, 'Overstrikes and imitative coinages in central Italy in the late Republic', in A. Burnett *et al.*, *Coins of Macedonia and Rome. Essays in Honour of Charles Hersh* (London, 1998), pp. 209-29, at p. 217 no. 38 identifies the undertype as a quadrans of Rome. This implies an origin from the western part of the Roman world, if not indeed somewhere in central Italy.

**5405/1**. Now P 2008/469; **2. CNG stock 2010** (ex Righetti coll.), 2.12. Same dies as 5405/1, but better preserved. The obverse legend seems indeed to read C.I.P.P, the last P being smaller, which points to Paterna (or Parium?). The reverse legend can now be read as VICI.ANT.AED. The letter after VIC was read as L in *RPC I*, but I seems preferable.



**5406** (ΧΑΛΚΟΥΣ)/2. Auctiones 24 (1994), lot 348 ex Kölner Münzkabinett 32 (1982), lot 198, 1.80.

**5409** (Q coinage) Four specimens in Amasya Museum (S. Ireland, *Greek, Roman and Byzantine Coins in the Amasya Museum* (London, 2000), p. 53 nos. 2096-9. These, further specimens, in addition to the two in Samsun and Amasra (see *RPC Supplement*) indicate beyond any real doubt that the Q coins emanate from somewhere in northern Turkey.

6. B 1876/322 (and not 1878/322 as stated in *RPC*); 21. Now Triton XI, 8-9 Jan. 2008, lot 504; 29. CNG MBS 75, 23 May 2007, lot 833 (ex H. Schulman, Mabbott coll. I, 6 June 1969, lot 387; Malter 34, 13 Dec. 1986, lot 341), 27.24.

**5410/12**. Now Triton V, 15 Jan. 2002 (Freedman coll.), lot 521; **15. RBW**, 7.58. With a countermark: star on obv. (= *GIC* 434). The star seems to be the same as on the coins of Sosius from Zacynthus, but the two northern Turkish provenances make this puzzling; 16. CNG MBS 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 959, 8.18, where it is suggested that this and *RPC I*, 4082-3 portray Sosius, quaestor in 39BC. But the attribution of the Q coins to northern Turkey makes this difficult; **17. RBW**, 8.60.



5410/15



5410/17

**5411/3**. (Q coinage) Stuttgart, MK 1998/91, 2.95.

**5412/ 2**. Now RBW; 4. (Vomanus) Afyon museum 5995, 10.5 (axis: 12). This new coin supports the attribution of the three denominations made in 26 BC with the names of the duoviri quinquennales to Turkey, though it does not help decide between the possibilities (e.g. Antioch, Olbasa, Comama, Cremna, Parlais or Lystra).

**5413/5**. Now RBW; 6. Now CNG EA 194, 20 Aug. 2008, lot 216; 7. Lindgren III, 1656, 4.84.

**5414/3**. Now RBW, ex PV coll.; 4. Jacquier Münzliste 17, Herbst' 95, lot 389, 5.02; **5. RBW** (ex Gorny and Mosch 126, 13 Oct. 2003, lot 1602), 3.76. This new specimen confirms the expected reverse legend of M MEMMIV; 6. RBW, 3.92; 7. RBW, 4.94.



**5416/8**. Now RBW coll.; 9. RBW coll., 17.26 (= Glendining (13.10.1992) lot 186); 10. RBW coll. (ex Kovacs MBS IX, 21 Nov. 1988, lot 281), 15.81; 11. Argenor, 27 April 2001, lot 100, 21.59; 12. Cyzicus (excavations of A. Akurgal) = H. Köker, *NC* 2007, p. 307, n° 16, 13.7; 13. Dascylaeum (now in Banderma Museum) [also mentioned by Köker, *NC* 2007, p. 307]; **14. RBW**, 13.75; 15. RBW, 15.87; 16. Warsaw 151030 (under Nicomedia), 20.21.

Countermarks: head of ram l. (12, 14-15); head of boar

r. (12, 14-15).

Uncertain coin with prow. A Gallic mint is favoured by *RPC*, but Richard Ashton points out some provenances that suggest Asia is also a possibility. Although 5416/7 was bought in Lyon, 5416/5 was found near Istanbul; two new specimens come from Turkey (12-13) and one



other has a Balkan provenance (14).

**5418** AE. 3.78 g (3). Axis: 3 (2) [1]

1. B, 2.56; 2-4. See *RPC* I; 5. Herrero 20 May 1991, lot 31, 4.14; 6. CNG EAuction 287, 26 Sept. 2012, lot 300, 4.63.

**5419/3. Shown by Barag** 22.5.91, 7.62; 4. Shown by Barag 'from Jordan', 6.84. Both from the same dies as the Glasgow piece (5419/2); 2-3 clearly have the aramaic legend shin nun taf (i.e. year) III followed by another character which might be aten, but might be something else. Probably not Nabatean (fabric, inscription). Cf. parallel of Zenodorus at Chalcis.



**5423/1.** Weight 8.22 (axis: 12); 2. Weight 7.85 (axis: 6); 4. C general collection 244/1948 ('Cyzicus'), 6.92; 5. Freeman and Sear, MBS 3 (10.12.1996) lot 724, 10.20; 6. MM Deutschland 3, 15-16 Oct. 1998, lot 223, 9.10. **7.** P 2002/207, 14.66; **8. Gorny and Mosch 134, 11-12 Oct. 2004, lot 1763,** 8.97. The obverse legend is still unclear. The design is quite reminiscent of later coins of Amisus (of Trajan = Rec 77a: e.g. L).



**5425** In fact a coin of Nicopolis, under Hadrian. It has the same reverse die as Paris *SNG* Cilicie 1901 and M. Oeconomides, *E. Nomismatologia tes Nikopoleos*, p. 82 no.

10 which is linked to coins with the ethnic of Nicopolis (see *RPC* III forthcoming, 578).

**5426/2. Lindgren III, 1657.** The obverse legend reads C-E/B-A/CT-OC; the reverse ΠΙ-[ ]/ΙΑ-[ ]/Ω-[ ]. Still unclear.

Two new specimens show that this is a coin of Myrina - see S2-1-2424A.



**5428/2. RBW** (ex Gorny and Mosch 208, 16-17 Oct. 2012, lot 1796), ex Plankenhorn coll., 1.97 (axis: 6); 3. Plankenhorn, 1.57 (axis: 6). These show that the legends are CEBACTOC/CEBACTH (not ICIN), though the attribution remains uncertain. Probably NW Asia.



**5430** Delete: in fact a coin of Scepsis (same dies as *RPC* I, 2325).

**S3-I-5430A** AE. 14 mm, 2.42 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]  
Bare head r.  
Unclear letters; bare head r.

**1. Kovacs,** 2.42.



**S3-I-5430B** AE. 15 mm, 3.29 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

Uncertain letters; bare male head, l.; behind, wing (?).  
Uncertain letters; tripartite structure (altar?).

**1. Kovacs,** 3.29.



**5432/6.** A Soutzos coll. = *SNG* 306, 4.57 (6), where it is attributed, without comments, to Stobi.

**5434** (The reference should be to FITA 371 n.9, not

379 n.9.) The identification as Livia and Julia has arisen from the classification of the B coin as such by Friedländer in 1847. It does, in fact, seem to be a coin of Faustina II, and a second specimen is catalogued as Faustina II from Delphi by *SVG Cop. Delphi* 164 (pointed out by P. Thackray). A third specimen occurs in the Winsemann Falghera collection 1085 (attributed to Mallus; the city-name is unclear and the obverse legend can be read only as ]-CCBACTH (pointed out by H.-D. Schultz). A generally similar coin (in B) was attributed by Svoronos to Faustina II at Delphi: see I. Svoronos *BCH XX* (1896), p. 49 no. 96 and pl. XXX.14. The coin published by Svoronos seems different from the others. None of them seems likely to be a coin of Delphi (the module is different; it would be later than any of the other coins of Delphi). The Svoronos coin has been re-examined by H-D Schultz, who is doubtful of the reading ΔΕΛ[. The city attribution of these coins seems uncertain at the moment.

**5435** An attribution to Cotiaeum seems likely, as a re-examination of the P specimen suggests the reading ΕΠΙ ΠΕΛΩΝΟ-ΚΟΤΙΑΕΩΝ. The piece may correspond as a half denomination to 3219.

**5436** Another clearer specimen is listed and illustrated in Mabbott 1715. This shows that the coin was made at Cnidus. The head on the obverse is of Demeter, with a poppy before; the reverse has the legends ΚΝΙΔΙ[ΩΝ] and the magistrate's name ΑΠΟΛΛΩΝΙΟΣ. The Mabbott catalogue gives the date as 100BC; without a fuller study of the coins of Cnidus, the only way of dating would still seem to be the analogy of fabric with coins of Rhodes, of the first centuries BC and AD; see now D. Salzmann, 'Unedierte Bronzen aus Knidos', *SM* 172 (1993), pp. 85-7.

**5437/4-5.** Plankenhorn coll. from the Pergamum area, 2.50, 2.16 (axes: 12, 3); 6. Lindgren III, 1658; 7. NY (Uncertain).

**5442** Delete: in fact a coin of Thessalonica (as *RPC I*, 1569).

**5444corr.** AE. 20 mm, 5.85 g (2). [1]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ; laureate head, r.  
ΒΡΙΟΥΛΕΙΤΩΝ; Cybele standing facing with lion on either side; in field, to l. and r., NO-MH

**1. Plankenhorn coll.**, 5.23 (found at Elaea);  
2. C (= *RPC* 5444/1), 6.46. This can now be identified as a coin of Briula. Both specimens are probably from the same dies. 2679 may perhaps be a half denomination.



**5445/2. Goddard coll. G291**, 4.45 (axis 12). This coin is the second example known of *RPC I*, 5445. Unfortunately, the reverse inscription giving name of the city in alliance with Sardis is again obscured.



**5452** Germanicus/Drusus: see S. Frey-Kupper, 'Germanicus und Drusus auf einer Münze von Panormos', *Schweizer Münzblätter* 164 (1991), pp. 90-95, for the definite attribution of this type to Panormus, Sicily and its dating to AD 14-19. She interprets the coins as a half denomination corresponding to *RPC* 642-3, which can therefore be safely identified as Tiberius and Livia. For a metal analysis, see on Panormus, 639ff. See also Martini, *Sicilia* nos. 395-96, who also attributed specimens to Panormus.

**5456** (Caligula). Delete: actually a coin of Domitian from Anazarbus, as Lindgren 2192, catalogued as a coin of Caesarea Paneas; the attribution is changed to Irenopolis, Cilicia on Lindgren p. 187, but the legend ΚΑΙΣΑΡΕΩΝ (also Rosenberger p. 39, no. 6) and the date, P, show that it is of Anazarbus. For the obverse, see also Levante 1369.

**5457corr.** AE. 17 mm, 3.91 g (2). Axis: 10. [1]

TIBEP[ ]OC ΚΛΑΥΔΙΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ; laureate head of Claudius, l.

ΕΠΙ ΜΑΡΚΟΥ ΚΑΙ[ ] ΟΥΛ[ ]; Zeus seated l., holding thunderbolt and sceptre; to l., monogram AMP

1. L 1850-3-26-126 (illustrated in *RPC I*), 4.43 (ΕΠΙ ΜΑΡΚΟΥ ΚΑΙ[ ]); **2. Afyon Museum 727**, 3.38 (ΕΠΙ ΜΑΡ[ ] ΟΥΛ[ ]). The Afyon coin shows that 5457 is a coin of Amorium, since to the left of the figure there is a monogram of AMP, as on other coins of Amorium (information from Richard Ashton). the second name is still unclear. The reverse design is the same as that found on the smaller denomination for Nero (*RPC I*, 3242) and Vespasian. 3. Weigel, despite this being the third specimen, the second name is still unclear (see *RPC Supplement I*, p. 50).



**5458/2. Plankenhorn coll.**, 3.12. Apparently same dies. This new coin suggests that the reverse may read KAICAP CEBACTOC. The coin was acquired at Edremit/Adramyteum.



**5459/2. BCD**, reading TI ΚΛΑΥΔ ΚΑΙCΑΡ on the obverse; the reverse legend starts with ΘΕ[.

**5460 K. Sommer** comments (*NC* 1996, p. 154 note 31): ‘The coin seems to be a coin of the Greek community of Apamea/Myrlea. The reasons given in *RPC* for not including the coin under Apamea are not compelling: (1) the fact that there was a colony at the place issuing coins does not necessarily mean that there was no Greek community still continuing in many of its old traditions; in fact, this coin could be taken as evidence that there was; (2) this would explain why the coin has Greek legends; (3) the type of Apollo Clarios is not strange at Apamea/Myrlea, as it was a colony of Colophon (cf. O. Hirschfeld, *RE* 1, 1894, s.v. Apameia (5), 2664), which is probably why Apollo and his symbols are very prominent on the coinage of Apamea (Rec 10-21, 28, 30f.). Moreover Pliny refers to Apamea as ‘nunc Myrlea Colophoniorum’ (*NH* V.143; he mentions the ‘colonia Apamena’ in 149), and whatever his source (probably Agrippa, cf. W. Kroll, *RE* 21, 1, 1951 s.v. Plinius (5), 271-439, 304f.), as he mentions Iuliopolis and Germanicopolis in the same context, it must be after the establishment of the colony at Apamea. Therefore as such an unexpected coin is unlikely to be a forgery, it should be accepted as authentic.’

**5462/1** Weight 2.98 (axis: 12); 3. Plankenhorn coll., with obverse legend: ΝΕΡΩΝ ΕΛΛΑΙΤΩΝ. The variant legend on 3 indicates the correct attribution of the coins; 4. A specimen has been found in a grave at Maymun Sekisi Hill, about 13-4km NE of Pergamum, thereby supporting the suggestion made in *RPC* of an attribution to the environs of Pergamum. It, together with other coins from the same necropolis, is published by A. Yaraş and D. Lenger in *NC* 2009, 403 no. 22.

**New Uncertain**

**S-5471** AE. 22-23 mm, 7.59 g (2). Axis: var. [0]

[ ] ; bare head, r.  
[ ] ; bull butting l.

1. CNG MBS 47, 16 Sep. 1998, lot 884 (part of), 6.21; **2. P 2007/54** (ex PV), 8.96; 3. CNG EA 191, Wagner coll., 9 July 2008, lot 166, 7.37. One was probably found in Africa; this and the style and fabric suggest an African origin. The identity of the portrait is uncertain.



**S-5472** AE. 28 mm, 15.43 g (1). Axis: 12 (1). [0]

KAI; bare head of Augustus, r.  
]ΕΣ; head of ?, r.; before; ?

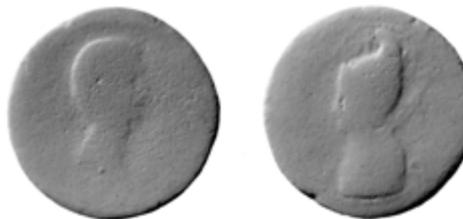
**1. Kovacs coll.**, 15.43. The letter before ΕΣ might perhaps be Μ. The size and general appearance suggests a western origin.



**S-5473** AE 29 mm, 10.79 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

[ ] ; bare head, r. (?Augustus)  
[ ] ; bust of Perseus, l., with harpa

**1. Kovacs coll.**, 10.79. Possibly western; possibly from southern Asia Minor, e.g. Cilicia.



**S-5474 corr.** AE. 21-22 mm, 10.13 g (2). Axis: 12 (1), 6 (1) [0]

ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΚΑΙCΑΡ; bare head of Augustus, r.  
ΤΙΒΕΡΙΟΣ ΚΑΙCΑΡ; bare head of Tiberius, r.

1. BCD, 10.58; 2. BCD, 8.88; 3. Eretria 99, 9.67.



5474corr./1



5474corr./3

M. Spoerri, 'Une émission au nom d'Auguste et de Tibère attribuable à Chalcis', *SM März* 2002/Heft 205, pp. 3-4, publishes 5474/3, a specimen found in 1967 at Eretria in the course of the excavations conducted there by the Swiss archaeological school. She is right to relate this coin to the two specimens in the BCD coll. published as *RPC S-5474* (one of which comes from Thessaly). The Eretrian specimen shows a monogram, XA, on the obverse, in front of Augustus' head. Because of the provenances and the monogram, M. Spoerri interprets the monogram as the abbreviation of Chalcis. But she rightly stresses the difficulties of inserting this coin into the provincial coinage of Chalcis.

**S-5475/1** is probably another specimen of S-1420A/1, possibly from the same pair of dies. Therefore S-5475/1 should be deleted and given to the Magnetes.

**S-5476** AE. 11 mm, 2.53 g (1). [0]

CAESAR [ ]; bare head, r.  
Star and crescent

1. **CNG 37, 20 March 1996, lot 1047** ('Drusus? Pontus?'), 2.53; 2. L 2001-3-35-3, 2.27 (axis: 3). This second specimen shows that the complete obverse legend is CAESAR.



**S-5477** AE 14 mm, 4.87 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

Bare head, r.  
Legend on two lines, apparently C[ ]/IIIW

1. **RBW**, 4.87. The head looks Augustan, or

perhaps Triumviral.



**S-5478** AE. 14 mm, 2.84 g (1). Axis: 12 (1). [0]

ANTIOXEΩN; bare head of Augustus, r.  
Caduceus on prow; all in wreath

1. **RBW** (ex Kovacs) 2.84. Antioch in Caria seems the most likely candidate, but this is not sure.



**S-5479** AE. 22 mm. Axis: 12 (1). [1]

]CEBACT[ ]; youthful male bust, dr. l.  
]IAΣEΩN (retrograde and not certain)[ ]; female bust l.

1. **C Mossop** ('Iasus'). The legend seems to be appropriate for Iasus, but it is by no means certain, and the coin does not resemble other coins of that city.



**S-5480** AE. 18 mm, 3.52 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

ΓAION[ ]CEBACTON[ ]; bare heads of Gaius and Lucius(?), facing each other  
EΠI TPΩIAO[ ]OY; basket with poppy and two ears of corn

1. **Plankenhorn coll.**, 3.52. An attribution to Elaea seems plausible, in view of the reverse type.



**S-5481** AE. 16 mm, 3.26 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

Inscription illegible; head in lionskin, r.  
ΚΩ[ ]; veiled head, r.

**1. L 1995-6-5-184** (ex Thackray), 3.26. An attribution to Cos (ΚΩ = ΚΩΙΩΝ) seems attractive, but it is not like other coins of Cos. It is not clear if the heads are supposed to represent, for example, Augustus and Livia.



**S-5482** AE. 20 mm, 4.72 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

Inscription illegible; veiled bust, r.  
Illegible; Cybele reclining on eagle flying r.

**1. L 1995-6-5-185** (ex Thackray), 4.72. P. Thackray suggests an attribution to Attuda, reading ΑΤΤΟΥΔΕΩΝ on the reverse, but this is not clear.



**S-5483** AE. 13 mm, 2.26 g (1). Axis: 12 [1]

ΝΕΡΩΝ; bare head r.  
CIEPOC (*sic*); eagle facing (head r.)

**1. P Uncertain**, 2.26.



**S2-I-5484** AE. 21 mm, 7.80 g (1). Axis: 12 [1]

TIBEP[ΙΩ] ΣΕΒΑΣΤΩ; laureate head of Tiberius, r.  
ΑΡ[ΟΥΣΩ] ΣΕΒΑΣΤΩ; head of Drusus, r.

**1. P 2004/180**, 7.80.



**S2-I-5485** AE. mm. 1.70 g (1). Axis: 12 [1]

Head of Tiberius (?), r.

Three cornucopias

**1. P 2004/181**, 1.70.



**S2-I-5486** AE. 21 mm, 7.90 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

Γ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ [ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ]; laureate head of Caligula, l.

ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟΣ; head of Germanicus, l.

**1. Rauch 60, 3-5 Nov. 1997, lot D 184**, 7.90; 2. *NumCirc* CVII, 8, Oct. 1999, lot 3778  
For a coin with similar types, see *RPC* 1572 (Thessalonica)



**S2-I-5487** (Uncert. of Thrace?) AE. 19 mm, 3.60 g (1). [1]

NERO CLAUDIVS CAESAR AVG GERM P M TR; laureate head of Nero, r.

VICTORIA AVGVSTI; Victory standing l, with wreath and palm branch

**1. L 2001-5-10-1** ex Hudson coll., 3.60; 2. Helios Numismatik (Munich) 1, 17 April 2008, lot 239 (ex Kovacs coll.), 3.98; 3. Helios ebay shop 2012, 4.04; 4. Pecunem 11, 29 Dec. 2013, lot 398, 5.00.

C. Howgego suggests that this might belong with the Thracian group of Neronian coins in Latin (*RPC* I, 1758ff). For the Flavian period, a smaller denomination was attributed to this source, similarly with designs which were not copied from Rome (*RPC* II, 510, 543).



**S2-I-5488** AE. 23 mm, 8.81 g (3). Axis: 12. [0]

Jugate heads of Divus Augustus and Livia.  
ΚΑΙ ΤΙΒΕΡΙΟΣ Κ[...]; Armenian tiara with five peaks.

**1. Kovacs coll.** (ex Righetti), 8.42 (after conservation, which could reveal the reverse legend); 2. Kovacs coll., 10.32; 3. Trade, 7.68; 4. Private coll., 10.96 (= J. Nurpetlian, 'An Intriguing Coin Type Depicting an Armenian Tiara', *NumCirc* CXX, 3, Sept. 2013, pp. 75-6, where the author recognises a Julio-Claudian portrait and a member of the imperial family on the obverse and offers different hypotheses: Augustus, Tiberius, Nero). F. Kovacs attributes this coin to the kingdom of Armenia, under the reign of Artaxias III (AD 18-35) (*Armenian Numismatic Journal* 10 (40), I (2014), p. 20.



**S2-I-5489** AE. 15-17 mm, 3.42 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

KAICA[ ] A(or Λ)[ ]; laureate head r.  
[ ] ANIAS M[ ]; eagle standing l. (head r.)

**1. Winterthur 7060** ex Kunker 21, 16-18 March 1992, lot 572 (tentatively attributed to Myndus). It is not clear that the letter to the left of the bust of the obv. really is a letter; if it is then it seems to be an alpha or a lambda. The rev. is difficult to complete; a name like Pausanias would fit but seems rather long given the relatively large size of the letters. If M begins another word (e.g. an ethnic) then one would expect only one more letter before -anias, to guess from the space available. It is not unlike the coin tentatively attributed to Ceramus (*RPC* I, 2773A: Uncertain mint in Asia).



**S3-I-5490** AE. 16 mm, 2.94 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [1]

ΔΙΔΙΟΝ ΓΑΛΛΟΝ; bare head (of Didius Gallus), r.

[ ] to r.; ΤΩΝ ↓ to l.; Zeus seated l. with eagle and sceptre

**1. P 2010/16**, 2.94. The portrait might perhaps be of A. Didius Gallus who was governor

of Britain in AD 52-57. The coin looks as if it comes from Syria or Cilicia; a non-imperial portrait suggests a date in Augustus' reign (though not at Cibra: see *RPC* I).



**S3-I-5491** AE. 11 mm, 1.78 g (1). Axis: 1 (1) [0]

Bare head, l.  
Female head, l. (uncertain letters before).

**1. Trade**, 1.78.



# Roman Provincial Coinage

Volume II

I.A. Carradice and T.V. Buttrey, *The Roman Imperial Coinage. Vol. II – Part I. Second fully revised edition. From AD 69 –96. Vespasian to Domitian* (London, 2007) includes several coins previously catalogued in *RPC* 2, especially the eastern denarii and Latin coins for Syria. The most

important groups are (all have some supplementary material, not listed here in this Supplement):  
For a concordance between *RPC* and *RIC*, see below (pp. 230-1).

<i>RIC</i>	<i>RPC</i>	
<b>Vespasian</b>		
756-64	1982-3, 1992-4, 2001	'Irregular dupondii, minted in association with 'for Syria' bronzes'
1390-449	801-49	Aurei and denarii from Ephesus
1450-51	859, S2-II-859A	Cistophori
1452-70	850-57	Denarii from Ephesus
1471-521	1451-88	Denarii and orichalcum from Asia
1522-63	1901-35	Aurei and denarii from Egypt, Judaea and Syria
1564-81	1985-2005	Orichalcum minted in Rome predominantly for Syria
<b>Titus</b>		
498-514	501-9	Thrace
515-8	860-3	Cistophori
<b>Domitian</b>		
831-40	526-33	Thrace
841-55	864-75	Cistophori

See below, on 511-43 and 1982-3, 1992-4, 2001, for discussion of the attribution of the 'restored' coins of Titus and Domitian; and of the dupondii of Vespasian

attributed to Syria. The other groups are not discussed further in this Supplement, but *RIC* lists a number of new varieties.

# CRETE

N. Litinas, 'Ostraca Chersonessi. Preliminary report', in A. Chaniotis (ed), *From Minoan Farmers to Roman Traders: Sidelights on the Economy of Ancient Crete* (Stuttgart, 1999), pp. 349-51, has published some ostraca which refer to denarii and their subdivisions. The subdivisions are indicated by the Greek letter χ, and it can be calculated that 1 denarius = 26 χ, possibly (he suggests) standing for tetrachalkia.

## Gortyn (Koinon)

5/5. Wagner collection, 9.73. This specimen completes the legends as follows : ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤ [ ]-[ΟΥΕΣ] ΠΑΣΙΑΝΟΣ Σ (retrograde) /ΕΠΙ ΑΝΘΥΠΙΑΤΟΥ ΣΙΑΩΝΟΣ.

11/5. Rauch Sommerauktion 2009 Katalog I – Antike, 17 Sep. 2009, lot 674, 7.55; 6. P 2009/263, 9.51; 7. P 2009/264, 8.60.

22/3. NY 0000.999.53782, 15.16.

**S3-II- 23A** AE. 25 mm, 9.18 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

As obverse of 22.  
As reverse of 23.

1. Aiello, 9.18



## Cydonia

48/8. G SNG 339 (= H II, 182/29), 5.49.

49/5. Bologna 48269 (Palagi), 14.10.

50/5. P 2009/268, 7.18.

**S3-II-50A** AE. 21 mm, 6.43 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [1]

Sv 146

KAICAP [ ]; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΕΠΙ ΑΙΡΙΝΟΥ (retrograde); hexastyle temple  
on podium with 3 steps



1. P 2003/257 (ex Auctiones AG 29, Righetti coll., 12-13 June 2003, lot 346), 6.43. Though published by Mionnet (*Supp.* IV, 343/301) and Sv, quoting a specimen from B, this coin was omitted from *RPC* II. The specimen known to Mionnet derived from Sestini and its obverse legend was read as KAICAP ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC. The reverse legend was read as A.I.PHNΘY by Sv.

51/6. G SNG 340 (= H II, 182/30 and pl. XLI, 14), 4.08; 7. P 2009/269, 4.56.

# ACHAEA

## Corinth

**S2-II-109A** AE. 26 mm, 12.40 g (1). [0]

IMP CAES DOMIT AVG GERM; radiate bust of Domitian, r.  
VICT AVG COR; Victory standing l., crowning trophy; at its base, seated captive.

**1. Lanz 105 (BCD), 26 Nov. 2001, lot 531** (ex CNG 38, 6-7 June 1996, lot 665), 12.40. same obverse die as 107/1; same reverse die as 110/1.



**111/4.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 530.

**S3-II-116A** AE. 27 mm, 16.68 g (1). Axis: 3 (1) [0]

IMP CAES DOMITIAN AVG GERM PP; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
COL [IVL FLAV] AVG CORIN; Dionysus (?).

**1. Pozzi 3857.** Same obv. die as *RPC* 114-6. The reverse type is described as 'Dionysos tenant un thyrses et un canthare; devant lui, une panthère?'



**122/2. Hamburg 142** (R. Postel, *Katalog der Antiken Münzen in der Hamburger Kunsthalle* [Hamburg, 1976]), 13.72.



**126/4.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 532.

**127/1.** Illustrated in error on pl. 6 as no. 128; 2: Gorny and Mosch 104, 9-10 Oct; 2000, lot 647, 7.72 g (the reading of the rev. legend is COL IVL AVG COR).

**128/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 533 (illustrated in error on *RPC* pl. 6 as no. 127).

**130/3.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 534.

**133/6.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 535.

**134/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 536.

**138/5.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 537.

**141/3.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 538.

**145/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 539.

**146/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 540 (correct description of reverse: Victory standing facing on globe, holding shield over globe and rudder).

**151/5.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 541.

**155/2.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 542.

**156/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 543.

**160/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 544.

**162/3.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 546.

**S3-II-163A** AE. 21 mm, 7.18 g (1). Axis: 5 (1) [0]

IMP CAES DOMIT AVG GERM; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
COL IVL AVG; chimaera, r.; below, COR.

**1. Jacquier Katalog 36, Sommer 2009, lot 245** (ex Lanz 105, Slg BCD, 26 Nov. 2001, lot 547 ; Jacquier Katalog 35, Sommer 2007, lot 337), 7.18. On *RPC* II, 162, Domitian wears the aegis and on 163, he is draped. Same obv. die as *RPC* II, 182/1.



**164/2.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 548.

**166/2.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 549.

**174/2.** Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 550, 5.99.

**175/2.** Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 551, 7.35.

**178/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 552.

**180/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 553.

**181/6.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 554.

**182/7.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 555.

**185/7.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 556; 10. Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 557.

**S3-II-186A** AE. 19 mm, 7.88 g (1). Axis: 3 (1) [0]

IMP CAES DOMITI AVG GER[.]; laureate head, r.  
As 183-5.

**1. CNG EA 243, 27 Oct. 2010, lot 244, 7.88**



**191/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 558.

**192/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 559.

**193/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 560.

**199/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 561.

**200/3.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 562.

**203/1.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 563.

**S2-II-204A** AE. 21 mm, 7.28 g (1). [0]

IMP CAES DOMIT AVG GERM; laureate bust of Domitian, r.

COL IVL FLAV AVG CORINT; Victory standing on globe l., holding wreath and palm.

**1. Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 564, 7.28**



**S3-II-206A** AE. 20-21 mm. [0]

IMP CAES DOMIT AVG GER; laureate head of Domitian, r.

COL IVL AVG COR; Zeus standing r., holding eagle and thunderbolt.

**1. Argos Excavations 77.520.1** (= P. Marchetti and K. Kolokotsas, *Le nymphée de l'agora d'Argos*, *Etudes Péloponésiennes XI* (Paris, 1995), p. 292, n° 4 and pl. 32, 191). The authors describe the type as 'un homme debout tourné à dr., la g. tendue en avant, la dr. le long du corps tenant un foudre'. A man holding a thunderbolt is obviously Zeus, and the type is very close to *RPC* 206. The difference between *RPC* 206 and 206A is the obverse legend: on 206, the legend ends with – GERM. This is not obvious on the specimen illustrated pl. 8, but this specimen is struck from the same obv. die as *RPC* 199, whose reading is clear.



**207/5.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 566.

**208/2.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 567.

**209/5.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 568.

**210/10-11.** Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lots 569-70, 4.21, 3.89.

**212/3.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 571.

**213/3.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 572 (on the reverse: the athlete holds a strigil (?) in his l. hand).

**215/4.** Now Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 573.

**216/3.** Lanz 105 (BCD), 2001, lot 574, 3.46.

### Patras

See also Penelopè Agallopoulou, *Themata nomismatokopias kai nomismatikès kuklophorias tôn Patrôn 14 av. J.-C. – 268 ap. J.-C.*, Archaïologiko Institutou Peloponnèsiakôn Spoudôn, Seira Monographôn kai Didaktorikôn Diatribôn T. 1 (Tripolis, 2012) who publishes stray finds from the Roman period found during excavations conducted at Patras between 1970 and 1982. 361 coins from Patras, ranging from Augustus to the Severan period, were unearthed and catalogued pp. 67-91. A concordance between Agallopoulou's catalogue and *RPC II* is given below:

Agallopoulou	<i>RPC II</i>
Domitian 1-24, pp. 71-2 and Pl. 4	253-61
Domitian 25-46, p. 72 and Pl. 4	221-26
Domitian 47-57, p. 73 and Pl. 4	236-43
Domitian 58-65, p. 73 and Pl. 4-5	234-5
Domitian 66-71, pp. 73-4 and Pl. 5	227-33
Domitian 72-3, p. 74 and Pl. 5	247-52
Domitian 74, p. 74 and Pl. 5	245

**219/4.** Brussels de Hirsch coll. 1340, 27.17 (acquired from Hoffmann in 1883; probably the example from the Dupré and Jarry collections, mentioned by B.E. Levy, *loc.cit.*, p. 40, n.8).

**222/3.** Now CNG MBS 81/2, The BCD Collection of Coins of the Peloponnesos Part II, 20 May 2009, lot 2786.

**228/1.** Now CNG MBS 81/2, The BCD Collection of Coins of the Peloponnesos Part II, 20 May 2009, lot 2788 (not *RPC* 231).

**247/5.** M, 9.95.

**251/3.** Now CNG MBS 81/2, The BCD Collection of Coins of the Peloponnesos Part II, 20 May 2009, lot 2789.

**254/3.** Now CNG MBS 81/2, The BCD Collection of Coins of the Peloponnesos Part II, 20 May 2009, lot 2790.

### Thespieae

**266/6.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 617a; 8. Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 617b, 4.84, 1h (rev. legend clockwise from top right).

**267/5.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 617c.

**268/4.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 618a; 6. Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 618b, 3.70, 5 g (rev. legend clockwise from lower left).

**269/1.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 618c, 4.43 (4.87 *errore*).

**270/6.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 619a.

**271/2.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 619b.

**273/3.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 620a (ex Sotheby's London, Virgil M. Brand coll., 25 Oct. 1984, lot 345 (part)).

**274/17.** Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 620b; 19. Now Triton IX, BCD Boiotia, 10 Jan. 2006, lot 620c.

### Magnetes

**276/2.** Righetti 7745, 5.29 (axis: 6).

# MACEDONIA

## Stobi

A catalogue of the coinage of Stobi, mainly based on the collection of the National Bank of the Republic of Macedonia (with more than 500 specimens!), was recently published by P. Josifovski, *Roman Mint of Stobi* (Skopje, 2001).

The concordance between *RPC* and his catalogue is as follows:

With imperial portrait

<i>RPC</i>	Josifovski
304	08-09
305	01-06
306	11-13
307	-
308	-
309	07
310	40-45
311	14-30
312	31-39

Josifovski does not know *RPC* 307-8; conversely, Josifovski 10 and 46 were not known to *RPC*. If Josifovski 10 is a variety of *RPC* 307, Josifovski 46 is more important, as it is the only coin known for Domitia (if it is genuine: see commentary).

Without imperial portrait

<i>RPC</i>	Josifovski
301	535-7
302	-
303	544

Josifovski adds 4 series without imperial portrait, which are also dated tentatively from Vespasian's reign.

**S2-II-302A** AE. 18 mm, 5.25 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

Josifovski 538.

STOBENSIVM; Victory standing r., on globe, holding wreath and trophy.

MVNICIPI; ox to r.

**1. Skopje, National Bank of the Republic of Macedonia**, 5.25.



**S2-II-303A** AE. 18mm, 3.29 g (2). Axis: 12 (1), 6 (1) [0]

Josifovski 539-40

MVN; in wreath.  
STOB; ox to r.

**1. Skopje, private coll.**, 1.78; 2. Skopje, private coll., 4.80



**S2-II-303B** AE. 17 mm, 2.1 g (1). Axis: 7 (1) [0]

Josifovski 541

MVNI; wolf and twins  
STOB; two crossed cornucopias; star in the centre.

**1. Private coll.**, 2.1.



**S2-II-303C** AE. 15 mm, 2.41 g (2). Axis: 3 (1), 6 (1) [0]

Josifovski 542-3

No legend; horse to r.  
STOB; three standards.

**1. Skopje, National Bank of the Republic of Macedonia**, 2.46; 2. Skopje, private coll., 2.36



**304**/3. A 1331β, 14.40; 5. Šeldarov coll. 174, 14.52.

**305**/2. Šeldarov coll. 175, 6.05; 3. Münz Zentrum 135, 10-12 Jan. 2007, lot 181, 8.23.

**306**/3. Now Winterthur 6881.

**S3-II-307A** AE. 30 mm, 15.15 g (2). Axis: 4 (1) [0]

Josifovski 10.  
As 307.  
As 307, but Tyche standing l.

**1. Šeldarov coll. 176**, 16.20; 2. Skopje, private coll., 14.10.



**309**/2. Skopje, Ohridska Bank 58, 15.38.

**310**/4. Now Gorny and Mosch 160, 8-9 Oct. 2007, lot 1853 (ex Lanz 106, 26-27 Nov. 2001, lot 332), 8.85 (no globe at end of truncation); 5-9. Kuzmanovic coll. 36-8, 42, 44, 9.52, 7.88, 7.46, 8.83, 12.40; 10. CNG EA 257, 8 June 2011, lot 224, 7.24.

**S2-II-310A** AE. 25 mm, 8.09 g (6). Axis: 6 [0]

T IMPERATOR AVG F COS VI; laureate head of Titus with small aegis, r.  
MVNICIPI STOBENSIVM; tetrastyle temple on podium with two steps

1. Now CNG EA 257, 8 June 2011, lot 225 (no aegis), 9.32; **3. Kuzmanovic coll. 39**, 7.66; 4-6. Kuzmanovic coll. 40, 41, 43, 9.33, 7.29, 7.34; 7. Tricarico coll., 7.6 (axis: 6).



**S3-II-310B** AE. 27 mm, 11.84 g (2). Axis: 6 [0]

[T IMP VESP]ASIANVS AVG F COS VI; laureate head of Titus, r.  
MVNICIPIVM STOBENSIVM; Tyche in short chiton standing l., holding Victory on her extended r. hand and cornucopia in l.; shield at her feet.

**1. Skopje, Ohridska Bank 61**, 11.54; 2. Kuzmanovic coll. 45, 12.13.



**S2-II-310Bcorr.** AE. 25 mm, 7.8 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0] = **S3-II-310C**

CAESAR AVG F DOMITIANVS COS V; laureate of head of Domitian, r.  
MVNICIPI STOBENSIVM; tetrastyle temple on podium with two steps

1. Private coll., 7.8 (= S2-II-310B/1); **2. Private coll.** The new specimen corrects the obverse legend, providing Domitian's exact title (= AD 77/8).



**312corr.** The obverse legend reads T IMP DOM CAES (not TITVS IMP DOM CAES)./8. CNG EA 257, 8 June 2011, lot 226, 8.32.

**S2-II-312A** AE. 20mm, 4.83 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

Josifovski 46

DOMITIA AVGVSTA; draped bust of Domitia, r.

MVNNICI (sic) STOB; tetrastyle temple on podium with two steps.

**1. St Petersburg** 2948, 4.83. This is the only known coin of Domitia; moreover, the legends on obv. and rev. seem to be reengraved and the spelling of municipium on the reverse is odd. So some uncertainty must attach to the authenticity of the coin.



On the coinage of Stobi, see also now P. Josifovski, *The Kuzmanovic collection. Stobi* (Skopje, 2010).

### Dium

**313/7.** CNG 55, 2000, lot 906 (ex H. Schulman, Mabbott coll., Oct. 1969, lot 302), 4.8; 8. CNG EA 221, 8 June 2011, lot 221, 7.39.

### Cassandrea

**S3-II-316A** AE. 20 mm, 5.74 g (1). Axis: 3 [0]

As 316, but bare heads of Titus and Domitian  
As 316

**1. CNG EA 236, 2010, lot 356, 5.74**



**317** See CNG 55, 13 Sept. 2000, lot 903 for confirmation of the obverse reading IMP CAES DOMIT AVGV GERM.

**317/4.** Yale (ex PRF), 7.35.

### Thessalonica

**319/14. A. Tricarico coll., 9.86** (same obv. die as Touratsoglou VI, giving the complete obv. legend:

AYTOKPATΩP KAICAP OYECΠACI).



**321var.** Hauck and Aufhäuser 16, 16-17 Oct. 2001, lot 289, 12.35 (obv. legend: AYTOK[ ] ΔOMITIANON K).

### Macedonian Koinon

**334/7.** Righetti, 8.15.

**336/13.** G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 123, 7 g.

### Amphipolis

**340/4.** G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 124, 6.8 g.

**342/7.** Baldwin, MM, Vecchi, *The New York Sale, Auction 2*, 1999, lot 146, 11.78.

### Philippi

**S3-II-342A** AE. 26 mm, 7.40 g (1). Axis: 12 [0]

IMP CAES VESPASIANVS AVGV COS III ;  
bare head of Vespasian, l.  
As 345

**1. Skopje, Ohridska Bank 32** (= Šeldarov coll. 345), 7.40. Coins for Titus and Domitian were known under Vespasian (*RPC* 343-4). This series is dated from AD 71.



**345/5.** Winterthur G 6608, 8.61 (DOM); 6. Brindisi Museo Provinciale 17851 (DOM), 8.40 (= *AIZN* 46, 1999, p. 239 no. 10 and tav. IX); 8. A Π 36 (DOM), 9.57.

**S2-II-345A** AE. 25 mm, 9.10 g (2). Axis: 7 (1) [1]IMP CAES DOMIT AVG GERM COS XV;  
laureate head, l.

As 345

**1. P 2002/413**, 9.16; 2. Private coll., 9.04.  
Only coins dated COS XIII were previously known.**S3-II-345C** AE. 26 mm, 8.60 g (1). Axis : 6 (1) [0]IMP CAES DOMIT AVG GER COS XVI [ ];  
laureate head of Domitian, r.

As 345

**1. Private coll.**, 8.60. Again there are 2 letters after XVI, probably PP.**S3-II-345B** AE. 26 mm, 11.50 g (1). Axis : 12 [0]IMP CAES DOMIT AVG GER COS XVI PP ;  
laureate head of Domitian, l.

As 345

**1. Heidelberger Münzhandlung H. Grün 53, 20-21 May 2010, lot 184** (ex Heidelberger Münzhandlung H. Grün 44, 10-11 Nov. 2005, lot 1116), 11.50. The obverse legend was read – COS XVI, but there are 2 vertical letters after XVI : either COS XVIII or COS XVI PP. As Domitian was never COS XVIII, the legend must be read as COS XVI PP. He was *cos xvi* in AD 92-94.

# THRACE

## Philippopolis

**351/12.** Now CNG MBS 53, 15 March 2000, lot 1046; 14. Now Righetti; 15. Florence (Uffizi) (cast of rev. in Winterthur); 16. CNG MBS 55, 13 Sep. 2000, lot 946, 24.68 (very clear specimen).

**352/4.** Gotha (cast of rev. in Winterthur). Several examples noted in trade (2002-4). The objects held in the left hand of the figure on the reverse are a bow and three arrows; 5. Lanz 132, 27 Nov. 2006, lot 369 (no weight). The figure on the reverse is interpreted as Apollo holding patera and lyre.

**353/4.** Now Künker 133, 11-12 Oct. 2007, lot 7828 (ex Künker 24, 10-12 March 1992 [not 1993], lot 323); 7. Milan; 8. Lischine. 7-8: casts in Winterthur.

**S3-2-354A** AE. 15 mm, 2.18 g (2). Axis: 6 [0]

Head of Hermes, l.  
ΦΙΛΙΠΠΟ-ΠΟΛΕΙΤΩΝ; caduceus.

**1. R. Effler coll.**, 2.14; 2. R. Effler coll., 2.22; 3. Hirsch 284, 26 Sept. 2012, lot 2219. This series without imperial portrait might date from the Flavian period, and has a parallel at Tomi (*RPC* II, 409).



## Abdera

On the coinage of Abdera, see now K. Chryssanthaki, *L'histoire monétaire d'Abdère en Thrace: VIe s. avant J.-C. - IIe s. après J.-C.*, *Meletémata* 51 (Athènes, 2007). The figures concerning the Flavian coinage are:

<b>356</b>	5.77 (8)	3 obv. dies
<b>357</b>	5.78 (10)	4 obv. dies
<b>358</b>	2.66 (4)	1 obv. die

**355/3.** Now F. Kovacs MBS XVI, 29 Sep. 2004, lot 221.

**355/4.** CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 922, 3.29.

## Perinthus

**362/** 8. Lanz 106, 26-27 Nov. 2001, lot 351, 17.76; 9. Ca HUAM 1986.382.176, 21.94.

**364/5.** CNG MBS 53, 15 March 2000, lot 1044, 10.62.

## Byzantium

**367-8** Add G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 96, 2.9 (poor).

## Calchedon

**S3-2-370A** AE. 22 mm, 4.43 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑ CEIBACTH (sic); head of Domitia, r.  
ΚΑΛΧΑΔΟΝΩΝ; poppy and two crossed corn ears; in field, l., monogram AB.

**1. A. Tricarico coll.** (ex Emporium Hamburg 70, 14-15 Nov. 2013, lot 152), 4.43. No coinage was known for Calchedon under the Flavian period.



# MOESIA

## Odessus

**401/3. Aiello** (ex Gorny and Mosch 170, 13-14 Oct. 2008, lot 1673), 8.60 (described as Agrippa!).



**S2-II-408A** AE. 20mm, 5.31 g (1).

AMNG 2505 and var

Laureate head of Zeus, r.  
TOMCITWN AΘAN(€); eagle

AΘAN: 1-6: see AMNG; AΘANC: 7. Righetti.  
The name AΘAN occurs on 408. The form of the ethnic occurs for Domitian.

**409/2.** Righetti (rev. inscription illegible).

**411/7.** Righetti.

**S2-II-412A** AE. 20mm, 4.56 g (4). Axis: 11

AMNG 2499

Laureate head of Apollo, r.; before,  
lyre

TOMITΩN Θ; Dioscuri

1. L BMC 4, 5.88; 2-8: see AMNG; 9. Righetti, 3.39. The style suggests a first century date; the form of the ethnic (with no epsilon) excludes Domitian and the form of the omega suggest a date after the Julio-Claudians.

**S2-II-412B** AE. 20mm, 3.90 g (3).

AMNG 2507

Laureate head of Zeus, r.  
TOMITΩN Θ; eagle

1-6: see AMNG; 7. Righetti. See note on S2-II-412B.

**S2-II-412C** AE. 17 mm, 3.69 g (1).

AMNG 2512

Veiled head of Demeter, r.  
TOMIT €MI; two torches

1. L BMC.5, 3.69; 2. Righetti (with TOMITΩN only). The letters €MI could as well be €ΠI.

## Callatis

See *supra* pp. 35-36.

**S3-2-401A** AE. 21 mm, 4.28 g (2). Axis: 12 [1]

AMNG 277 var.

Head of Heracles, r.  
KAA/AA; club and three ears of corn.

**1. SNG Stancomb 861**, 4.91 ; **2. V GR 7808**, 3.65

Compare the style of the head with the portrait of Vespasian on *RPC II*, 2810.



## Tomii

**403/10-11.** Righetti, 4.24, 4.87. 11 from same obv. die as 403/1.

**404/5.** Kagan coll., 4.99 (with full obv. legend: AYTOKPATΩP ΔOMETIANOC KAICAP).

**405/6.** Righetti, 4.98.

**406/3.** Gitbud and Naumann VCoins 2566, 4.60.

# THE NORTHERN BLACK SEA

---

## **Kings of Bosphorus**

**459/2.** Triton III, 30 Nov. and 1 Dec. 1999, lot 743, 7.83.

**493** Anokhin pl. XXVII, 484.

**494** Anokhin pl. XXVII, 485.

**495** Anokhin pl. XXVIII, 486.

## **Tyra**

The coinage of Tyra was catalogued by V.A. Anokhin, *Moneti Antichich Gorodov. Cerebro-Zapadnogo Pritchernomoria* (Kiev, 1989):

# LATIN COINS FROM THRACE

---

**S2-II-508A** AE. 27 mm, 10.51 g (1) [0]

As 508

VICTORIA AVGVSTI, S C; Victory advancing r., with wreath and palm

**1. Lanz 109, 27 May 2002, lot 372** (ex Naville, Bement coll., 25-28 June 1924, lot 788), 10.51.



**511-43** The restored coins of Titus and Domitian have been studied by H.Komnick, *Die Restitutionsmünzen der frühen Kaiserzeit* (Berlin, 2001). He attributes all the coins to Rome. His listing in one sequence is followed by I.A. Carradice and T.V. Buttrey, *The Roman Imperial Coinage. Vol. II – Part I. Second fully revised edition. From AD 69 -96. Vespasian to Domitian* (London, 2007), nos. Titus 399-497 and Domitian 822-30, but it is clear that they are unsure of the sole attribution to Rome (see commentary on pp. 191-3).

See also below, on Parium, for the possibility that ‘quadrantes’ also belong to this group of coins.

**532/11.** The New York Sale XXV, 5 Jan. 2011, lot 174, 13.37.

# BITHYNIA AND PONTUS

## Koinon of Bithynia

**601/3.** CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1063, 27.53; 4. Edgar L. Owen, Vcoins Vespasian-10358, 26.60.

**604/9.** CNG MBS 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 860, 11.39, also with the countermark MHTB (GIC 622); 10. Budapest (cast of rev. in Winterthur, where ticket says obv. legend begins AYTOKPAT rather than AYTOKPA).

**607/13.** Righetti 5747, 6.25.

**S3-II-608A** AE. 18 mm, 4.41 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣ [ ]; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
As 608.

**1. Gorny and Mosch 152, 9 Oct. 2006, lot 1775,** 4.41. This piece proves the reading of L BMC 7 was right. See commentary of 608.



**S3-II-610A** AE. 16 mm, ? Axis: 7 (1) [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣ YI; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΕΠΙ Μ ΣΑΛΟΥΙΔΗΝΟΥ ΠΡΟΚΛΟΥ; in field, ANΘΥ-ΠΑΤΟΥ.

1. Tieion excavations S. 11-15 (= D. Savaş Lenger, 'Coins from the Tieion Excavations, including an unpublished Koinon Bithynion Coin', *NC* 172 (2012), pp. 343-6 (ill. P. 344). This small denomination is similar to others signed respectively by the proconsuls M. Maecius Rufus (*RPC* II, 610) and M. Salvidenus Asprenas (*RPC* II, 614).

**611/8.** MM Deutschland 15, Righetti coll., 21-22 Oct. 2004, lot 274 (ex MM Numismatics I, 3 Dec. 1998, lot 179), 23.34, now CNG EA 226, 27 Jan. 2010, lot 375; 9. CNG MBS 53, 15 March 2000, lot 1075, 24.65, now

CNG EA 145, 9 Aug. 2006, lot 186.

**613/2.** CNG MBS 51, 15 Sep. 1999, lot 859 (with variant rev. legend ΕΠΙ Μ ΣΑΛΟΥΙΔΗ ΑΣΠΙΡΗΝΑ ΑΝΘΥΠΑΤΟΥ), 9.19.

**S3-II-613A** AE. 22 mm, 7.45 g (1). [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣ ΥΙΟΣ; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΕΠΙ Μ ΣΑΛΟΥΙΔΗΝΟΥ ΑΣΠΙΡΗΝΑ Α; basket with 3 poppy heads (?) and 2 ears of corn

**1. Humphries coll.,** 7.45 (die axis 1.30). This seems to be the missing denomination for Domitian for the proconsul Asprenas, parallel to 607 for Maecius Rufus and 616 for Naso, but curiously with a different design: one would have expected the spear and shield.



**616/3.** Delete PRF coll.

**618/1.** Now Yale (ex PRF, ex Emporium 54, 1987, lot 375), 5.04 (axis: 1).

## Prusias ad Mare

**625 corr./3.** Warsaw 49372, 5.85 (Domitian's head is radiate, not laureate).

## Nicaea

**628/8.** This specimen was also sold by Swiss Credit Bank Münzenliste n° 13, März 1974, lot 138 (136 on the plate!), now CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1057; 17. Münz Zentrum 161, 11 Jan. 2012, lot 277, 10.51 (cmk: TONZOY [*GIC* 568] on the obv.)

**S2-II-631A** AE. 25 mm., 11.51 g (1). [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΥ ΥΙΟΣ;  
laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΕΠΙ Λ ΑΝΤΩΝΙΟΥ ΝΑΣΩΝΟΣ ΕΠΙΤΡΟΠΟΥ;  
in field, ΝΕΙ ΚΑΙ ΠΡ ΒΙ; winged caduceus

1. Ebay 28/03/2003, # 3014590159, 11.51.  
Coins of the procurator L Antonius Naso are known for the Bithynian Koinon (*RPC* II, 615-8), but this and 631B are the first city issues in his name.

**S2-II-631B** AE. 19-20 mm, 4.12 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΧ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤ[ ]; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΕΠΙ Λ ΑΝΤΩΝΙΟΥ ΝΑΣΩΝΟΣ ΕΠΙΤΡΟ[ ];  
in field, ΝΙ ΚΑΙ ΠΡ ΒΙ; winged caduceus

1. **Yale** (ex PRF), 4.12. This is another denomination of an issue struck in Nicaea for Naso;  
2. CNG EA 290, 7 Nov. 2012, lot 252, 5.37; 3. MNS VCoins 22081, 6.07 (same obv. legend as S2-II-631A).



**632/4**. Cast of rev. in Winterthur (Incerta) labelled Osman 1903; 5. CNG MBS 64, 2003, lot 592, 24.00.

**634/2**. Vatican (cast in Winterthur).

**638/6**: now F. Künker 124, A. Wild coll., 16-17 March 2007, lot 8986 (ex Schulten, 11-12 April 1988, lot 394, not Schulten Oct. 1987); 7. G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 225, 12.26.

**S2-II-641A** AE. 25 mm, 7.78 g (1). Axis: 6. [0]

ΑΥΤ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣ ΓΕΡ;  
laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΝΕ ΠΡ; eagle on globe, head r.

1. **Weigel coll.** (ex K. Dorney website June 1998, lot 27), 7.78. The coin is a variant of 641, with a slightly different obv. legend, and two monograms instead of a legend on the rev. This is the first coin smaller than the sestertius-sized coins to have the monograms, which stand for ΝΕΙΚΑΙΕΙΣ ΠΡΩΤΟΙ.



**644corr.** Domitian's head is radiate.

### Nicomedia

**648/4**. Gorny and Mosch 134, 11-12 Oct. 2004, lot 1931, 24.13; 4. CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1058, 23.61.

**651/2. Tricarico coll.**, 7.17 (the legends are complete: ΑΥΤ ΚΑΙΣΑΡΙ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΩ ΟΥΕΣΠΑΣΙΑΝΩ ΝΕΙΚΟΔΟΜΗΛΕΙΣ/ΕΠΙ [ΜΑΡΚΟΥ ΠΛΑΝΚΙ]ΟΥ ΟΥΑΡΟΥ ΑΝΘΥΠΑΘΟΥ).



**653/2**. Warsaw 49413, 22.40 (the legend ends in ΣΕΒΑ[ ]).

**655/5**. Cambridge (Ma) HUAM 1983.56.21 (H.B. Wells coll.), 12.08.

**658/3. Forum Ancient Coins SH57026**, 10.05 (reverse legend ends with - ΒΙΘΥΝΙΑΣ Κ).



**S3-II-658A** AE. 23 mm, 8.76 g (2). Axis: 6 [0]

ΑΥΤ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒ ΓΕ; radiate head of Domitian, r.  
Η ΜΗΤΡΟΠΟΛΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΡΟΤΗ Β(Ε)ΙΘΥΝ;  
eagle standing l., wings spread, looking r. with wreath in beak.

1. **Vincens coll.**, 8.77; 2. Forum Ancient Coins, 8.75.



**661/4.** CGF, Monnaies IX, VSO, 30 Dec. 2000, lot 206, 10.76.

**662 S.** Middleton has pointed out that the figure on the reverse might be Astakos: see P. Weiss in *LIMC* II, p.902, C. Bosch, *Die Kleinasiatischen Münzen*, pp. 211-3.

**S3-II-663A** AE. 18 mm, 3.60 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]  
 ΑΥΤ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒ; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
 ΜΗΤΡΟΠΟΛΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΡΩΤΗ; poppy and two ears of corn

**1. Correa do Lago coll.**, 3.60 (this coin catalogued errone under *RPC* I, 664/2). Probably same obv. die as *RPC* I, 663.



### Juliopolis

**665/1.** Now MM Deutschland 15, Righetti coll., 21-22 Oct. 2004, lot 288 (axis: 12).

**667/2. A** (under Apamea), 7.43, 6h



### Prusias ad Hypium

**671/3. Brussels II, 55.520**, 25.35 (obv. legend ends with ΓΕΡΜΑ Σ; on the obv. cmk = *GIC* 608).



**675/2.** L 1999-10-7-2 (ex Giessener Münzhandlung 97, 11 Oct. 1999, lot 736), 25.21. This new specimen has a legible obverse ΑΥΤΟ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ, thus confirming the attribution to Domitian.

**676/7. G. Rohde Vcoins 17287**, 26.31 (obverse legend: ΑΥΤ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡΜ).



**678/ 6.** Münz Zentrum 117, 10-13 Sept. 2003, lot 169, 24.50 g (-ΓΕΡΜ). **7. A. Tricarico coll.** (Eirene (?) holds 2 ears of corn), 25.47; 7. Italian private coll., 26.5.



**S2-II-678A** 33 mm, 23.6 g (1) [0]

As *RPC* 675 but ends ΓΕΡ.  
 ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗ ΟΜΟΝΟΙΑ; Tyche seated l. (as *RPC* 683 but larger denomination)

1. eBay 3 Oct 2004, #3932675544.

**681var** Obv. legend is ΑΥΤ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣ ΓΕΡ: **1. Righetti**, 12.22 (axis: 6).



**684/3. Lambros 1886** (cast in Winterthur), with variant obv. legend ending ΓΕΡΜ rather than ΓΕΡ.



**685/4.** Gotha (cast in Winterthur)(housed under Tavium).

### Claudiopolis

**690/4.** CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 981, 22.75.

**S3-II-698A** AE. 21 mm, 3.76 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

Same legend as 698; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
As 698.

**1. T. Cheesman coll.**, 3.76.



### Tium

**699/3.** *NumCirc* May 1979, 5081 (ex Spink/Galerie des Monnaies SA Geneva, 15-16 Feb. 1977, lot 318), 5.23.

**S3-II-701A** AE. 24 mm, 7.21 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΟΡ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒ ΓΕ; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΑΣΚΛΗΠΙΟΣ ΤΕΙΑΝΩΝ; Asclepius standing facing, head l., resting on serpent staff.

**1. Moneta Numismatic Service VCoins 22080**, 7.21. The design of Asclepius was not

yet found on coins of Bithynia. The denomination seems to be intermediary between *RPC* II, 701 and 702.



**702/5.** Warsaw 57181, 4.95 (the obverse legend ends with is ΣΕΒ Γ).

**S3-II-703A** AE. 19 mm, 3.46 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΟΡ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ; radiate head of Domitian, r.  
ΤΕΙΑΝΩΝ; poppy between two corn ears.

**1. G. Rohde**, accessed via [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) 2007, 3.46. The obverse is identical (though it is a different die from the P coin illustrated) to *RPC* II, 703, and it is the same denomination.



### Uncertain of Bithynia

**709/3.** A Tricarico coll., 11.05; **4. A. Tricarico coll.** (ex CNG EA 222, 11 Nov. 2009, lot 302 (obv. legend ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΟΡ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡ)), 12.82.



**709var.** Obv. legend is ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΟΡ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒ ΓΕΡ: **1.** Ebay 4 May 2003, #3020861288; **2. A. Tricarico coll.**, 11.33 (5h)



**710var.** Obv. legend is ΑΥΤ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ Γ: **1. Private coll.**, 7.28 (axis: 7); **2. Private coll.** (the reading –ΤΑΙΟΥ on the reverse legend is confirmed).



**Sinope**

**715/5.** See now J. Casey, *Sinope. A Catalogue of Greek, Roman and Byzantine Coins in Sinop Museum (Turkey) and Related Historical and Numismatic Studies* (London, 2010), p. 30 no. 329.

**715/6.** CNG MBS 78, Wagner collection, 14 May 2008, lot 1265, 5.80.

**716/2.** Hirsch 248-249, 6 Feb. 2007, lot 1852 (unfortunately no weight).

**717/2.** See now Casey, p. 30 no. 330 (misread and misdated).

**722/2.** See now Casey, p. 30 no. 327.

**S2-II-723A** AE. 21 mm, 7.60 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

IMP CAES DOM AVG GERM; laureate head of Domitianus, r.  
C I F AN CXXXIIIX; Marsyas standing l., holding wine skin over shoulder

**1. CNG EA 126, 9 Nov. 2005, lot 165**, 7.60. It is possible that this coin represents in fact a good specimen of *RPC* 723.



Casey p. 30 no. 328 attributes a more or less illegible piece with wolf and twins on the reverse to the Flavian period, but this is not compelling.

# ASIA

## Asia: aurei and denarii

**801-58.** The revised edition of *RIC* 2 makes a number of changes to this section, and several new varieties are now known. One group may not exist (*RPC* 814-5), and there seems to be an additional group with a star and an annulet, as well as the coins with a star, also for Vespasian as cos v and Titus as cos iii (see *RPC* 852/3 and 6; and 856).

**810/2.** Lanz 109, 27 May 2002, lot 355, 3.24.

**827/2.** Lanz 112, 25-26 Nov. 2002, lot 395, 3.10 (the end of the obv. legend is off-flan and might read COS II as well)

**831** Lanz 135, 21 May 2007, lot 594 has the head of Domitian missing ('sekundär eradiert' [Damnatio memoriae]).

**841/6.** Hirsch 281, 2-4 May 2012, lot 723, 3.22.

**845/4.** Hirsch 281, 2-4 May 2012, lot 725, 3.15.

## Cistophori

**S2-II-859A** AR. 25 mm, 10.36 g (1) [0]

IMP VESP CAES AVG PONT MAX TRIB POT COS IIII; laureate head of Vespasian, r. COM ASIA; temple with four columns

**1. Lanz 106, 26-27 Nov. 2001, lot 312** (ex Giessener Münzhandlung 36, 8 April 1987, lot 442; Lanz 94, 22 Nov. 1999, lot 307), 10.36.

This is the second non-plated cistophorus of Vespasian, with a somewhat different reverse from *RPC* II, 859. Although it is from a different obverse die, it confirms the COS IIII reading for 859



**863/9.** Lanz 106, 26-27 Nov. 2001, lot 342, 10.81.

**866/10.** Leu 77, 11-12 May 2000, lot 542, 11.00.

**867/2.** CNG 57, 4 April 2001, lot 1170, 11.08.

**868/5.** CNG 57, 4 April 2001, lot 1171, 11.19.

**875/5.** CNG 57, 4 April 2001, lot 1175, 10.57; 6. CNG 57, 2001, lot 1176, 10.63 (but no G in exergue).

## Cyzicus

**880/3.** Righetti (long legend). The coin from the Huston catalog 134, 1994 (given as 1998 in error), lot 48, was listed in *RPC* II as possibly the third example known of the type 880. It is in fact a coin of Anazarbus, type *RPC* 1749, now in NY (inv. 2001.21.9): see *AJN* 13 (2001), p. 181, no. 13 and pl. 11, no. 7.

## Parium ?

**887/9.** A Stamoulès coll. 589, 5.12.

**888corr./8:** *SNG* Leypold 381, 6.40. This coin, together with a reexamination of the other specimens, suggests that the correct reverse legend is COS XVII (not XVI), which means that the series was struck in AD 95.

**p. 137** AE. 18 mm, 2.91 g (1). Axis: 6.

IMP T CAES DIVI VESP F AVG; head laureate, r.  
IVLIA AVGVSTA; veiled female figure (Julia as Vesta?) seated l., holding (?) and sceptre

1. JSW 1984 (BM photo-file), 2.91. An attribution to Rome was suggested for this and similar small bronze coins in *RPC* II, but I. Carradice suggests that an alternative possibility is the similar 'Latin aes from Thrace' (after *RPC* II, 510): similar obverse titles.

**Alexandria**

**896/3.** Now Helios 5, Vogl coll., 25 June 2010, lot 680.

**897/2.** Now Winterthur G 6086; 5. O (published by J. Milne, *NC* 1953, p. 23, n° 7 and pl. I)

**Assus**

**899/2.** Winterthur 6338, 5.87 (axis: 12). A second example, from the same dies though very worn, of the somewhat enigmatic 'Ioulia Augousta' coin.

**Gargara**

**901/2.** Countermark: *KM* 39, 7 mentions a K on its side 'im Felde eingeritzt' for a coin of Vespasian, omitted in error for *RPC* II, 901/2, but visible on the illustration at the top of the reverse.

**Antandrus**

**906/8.** Helios 5, Vogl coll., 25 June 2010, lot 692 (ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 8, 9-10 Oct. 1991, lot 375), 5.10 (if it is the same piece as 906/6, then the photos Pl. 39 are wrong; anyway Bankhaus Aufhäuser 7, 1990, lot 405 is not the same coin as Bankhaus Aufhäuser 8, lot 375, as stated in *RPC* II, as it is a coin of Ancyra).

**Germe**

K. Ehling's corpus, *Die Münzprägung der mysischen Stadt Germe in der römischen Kaiserzeit* (Asia Minor Studien 42, Bonn, 2001), has now been published. The equivalence between *RPC* and his catalogue is as follows:

<i>RPC</i>	Ehling	
925	32-34	1 obv. die
926	35-46	4 obv. dies
927	31	1 obv. die
928	30	1 obv. die
929	26-29	3 obv. dies
930	1-19	18 obv. dies
931	20-25	5 obv. dies

**929/3.** R. Effler coll., 3.04 (cmk S on the obv.: *GIC* 742).

**Nacrassa**

**933/6.** Now Jacquier Katalog 35, Sommer 2007, lot 338.

**Thyatira**

**941/4.** Now Yale, 2.30.

**943/3.** Lanz 117, 24 Nov. 2003, lot 657, 3.59.

**S3-II-946A** AE. 16 mm, 3.40 g. Axis: 6 (1) [0]

Laureate head, r.  
ΘΥΑΤΕΙΡΗΝΩΝ in wreath.

**1. Goddard coll. G293**, 3.40. Very close to *RPC* II, 946 with anepigraphic portrait of Herakles. John Goddard suggests that this is a similarly anepigraphic portrait of Titus. If correct, this would support the attribution of *RPC* II, 946-9 to the Flavian period.



**949corr./2.** M. Fox coll., 2.85 (Roma is draped).

**S3-II-949A** AE. 16 mm. 4.27 g (2). Axis: 12 [0]

As 949.  
As 944.

1. Private coll., 5.27; **2. M. Fox coll.**, 3.26. This new series combines the obverse of 949 and Domitia's reverse of 944.

**Elaea**

**957/8.** Gorny and Mosch 204, 5 March 2012, lot 1752, 2.57 (same pair of dies as 957/6 and 7).

**S2-II-957A** AE. 21 mm. [1]

[ ] CEBACTON; emperor laureate r.  
facing empress l.

ΕΛΛΑΙΤΩΝ; Persephone standing l., holding up corn ears and torch; to l., two corn ears

1. V. The identities of the emperor and empress are not sure, but could be Domitian and Domitia

### Myrina

**964/4-5.** G. Rohde, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) 2009, 5.00, 4.60.

**S3-II-964A** AE. 16 mm, 3.12 g (3). Axis: 12 (1), 9 (1) [2]

ΑΥΤΟΚΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΜΥΡΙΝΑΙΩΝ; laureate and draped bust of Apollo, r.; in front, lyre.

1. P 387, 3.24; 2. Mu *SVG* 591, 3.12; **3. Pecunem, Gitbud and Naumann Auction 2, 7 April 2013, lot 162, 3.00.**



### Aegae

**965-9** See also S2-I-2431A, for a coin with the name Nemeonikos, showing that the translation given in *RPC* II is incorrect and the word should be regarded as just a name.

**965/5.** G Rohde website March 2009, 10228.

**966/4.** Osman 1905 (cast in Winterthur), with variant reading ΟΥΑCΠΑCΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ; 5. Yale (ex PRF), 4.00.

**S3-II-967A** AE. 18 mm, 5.33 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

As 967.

As 969.

**1. CNG EA 257, 8 June 2011, lot 238, 5.33.**



**969/2.** P 2002/208, 3.89; 3. Jencek Ancient Coins and Antiquities, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) 2009, 4.14.

**S3-II-969A** 18 mm, 5.32 g [0]

ΟΥCΠΑCΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ; laureate head l.  
ΕΠΙ ΑΠΟΛΛΩΝΙΟΥ ΝΕΜΕΝΙΑΚΟΥ  
ΑΙΓΑCΩΝ; Isis standing facing with sistrum.

**1. H. Sneh coll., 5.32.** A hybrid of 967 and 969.



### Phocaea

**973/1.** Now L 2001-3-35-4 (ex Kovacs), 4.98.

**979** V. Heuchert suggests that the reverse depicts Dionysus rather than 'Phocaea (?)'.

### Temnus

**980/4. A new specimen** (private coll., 22 mm, 6.26) shows that the missing magistrate's name is ΔΙΟΝΥCΟΔΩΡΟΥ. This shows that the coins with the same name given by *RPC* II, 1038 to Teos must be misread: ΘΗΙΩΝ must be ΘΗΜΝΙ. *RPC* II, 1038 should therefore be deleted.



**S3-II-980A** AE. 18 mm, 3.59 g (1). Axis: 6 (1), 12 (1) [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ; laureate head of Domitian r.  
ΕΠΙ ΑΓΝΟΥ ΦΙΛΟΠΑΤΡΙΔΟC CΤ[ ],  
ΘΗΜΝΙ; Dionysus standing l. with cantharus and thyrsus.

1. Private coll. (ex eBay 17/3/07), 3.59; **2. A. Tricarico coll., 3.44.** A new and hitherto missing (for Temnus) denomination between the larger coins for Titus (*RPC* II, 980) and the smaller for Julia (*RPC* II, 981). A head of Dionysus appears on earlier coins, in the name of Asinius Gallus under Augustus (*RPC* I, 2447).



982/4. *SNG* Leypold 540, 11.38.

**Mostene**

990/1. Now Yale.

**S2-II-990A** AE. 16 mm, 2.50 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

ΜΟΣΤΗΝΗ; draped bust of Mostene, r.  
ΕΠΙ ΒΩΛΑΝΟΥ; Nike standing r., with wreath and palm

1. **L 2001-3-35-5**, 2.50. For city personifications and the use of the nominative singular to identify them, see *RPC* II, p. 33. For the name of the proconsul, see *RPC* II, 989-90.



**S3-2-991A** AE. 22 mm, 7.69 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΟΥΕΠΙΑΚΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ; laureate head, r.  
ΜΟCΤΗΝΩΝ; radiate hero with fouble axe on horse, r.; cypress, r.

1. **CNG 90, 23 May 2012, lot 994**, 7.69



992/2. Now Leu 72, 12 May 1998, lot 424; 3. F. Kovacs *MBS* XV, 1 Oct. 2003, lot 241, 5.33.

992corr/2. Now *CNG* 93, 22 May 2013, lot 802; 4. *EmporiumHamburg* 70, 14-15 Nov. 2013, lot 141, 6.64. The obverse legend ends with ΚΑΙCΑΠΕC.

**S3-2-992A** AE. 19 mm, 5.29 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

As 992 corr.  
ΚΑΙCΑΠΕΩΝ ΜΟCΤΗΝΩΝ; hero with double axe on horse, l.

1. **Rauch 89, 5 Dec. 2011, lot 1420**, 5.29



**Smyrna**

1026/5. Hauck and Aufhäuser 18, 5-6 Oct. 2004, lot 451, 2.89.

**Teos**

**S2-II-1037A** AE. 25 mm, 10.84 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

[ ] CΕΒΑCΤΟC ΘΙΩΝ; laureate and cuirassed (or draped?) bust of Vespasian, r.  
ΤΙΤΟC ΚΕCΑΠ (above) [ ]; bare head r. of Titus facing bare head l. of Domitian

1. **Winterthur 6360** (ex Rhousopolos), 10.84. Although the coin is not in good condition the readings do seem definite. This is the first coin of Teos for Vespasian's own reign, and is the same large denomination as is found for the first time otherwise only under Domitian (*RPC* II, 1039).



1038. Should be deleted. The coins are misread coins of 980 (see above, with Dionysodorus).

1042/5. Winterthur 6942 ex Schulten 1990 lot 353. Overstruck on a coin of Nero (cf. commentary on 1042-3).

**Ephesus**

On the coinage of Ephesus, see now S. Karwiese, *Die Münzprägung von Ephesos* (Wien, 2012). Concordance between Karwiese and *RPC* II:

Karwiese	<i>RPC</i> II
89	1066
90	1067
91	-
91A	-

92	1068
93	-
94	-
95	1077
96	1077
97	1069
98	1071
99	1071
100	1078
101	-
102	-
103	1070
104	F1064
105	-
106	-
107	1075
108	1074
109	1073
110-125	vacat
126	1076
127	1076B
128	-
129	1072
130	F1065
131	-

**F1064.** The false coin in Mu has been published by D.O.A. Klose, 'Münz- oder Gruselkabinett?', in *Internationales Kolloquium zur kaiserzeitlichen Münzprägung Kleinasiens, Nomismata I* (1997), pp. 254-60, at p. 257.

**1068/5.** G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 303, 7.75.

**S3-II-1073A** AE. 31 mm, 19.69 (2). Axis: 1 (1) [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ CΕΒΑCΤΟC ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟC; laureate bust with aegis, r. ΓΥΜΝΑCΙΑΡΧΙΑ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΗ ΑΙΩΝΙΟC, ΕΦΕCΙΩΝ; ephebe standing half-naked r.

**1. Berk**, 20.92; 2. Tire Museum inv. 2411, 18.46. These coins attest the foundation of the 'perpetual gymnasiarchy of Domitian'.



**1075/2. Vink coll.**, 9.54 (axis: 12). The authenticity of 1075/1 was suspect, but see S. Karwiese, 'ΠΟΛΙΣ ΠΟΤΑΜΩΝ. Stadt der Flüsse. Die Gewässer auf den ephesischen Münzen', *Kongr. Act. Cura Aquareum, Ephesos 2004* (2006), pp. 17-22. On this specimen, the name of the river is spelled ΚΛΑCΗΑC

(not ΚΛΑCΕΑC).



**1076/13.** Now Künker 133, 11-12 Oct. 2007, lot 7829.

**1089/7.** MM Deutschland 15, Righetti coll., 21-22 Oct. 2004, lot 576, 9.21.

**Tralles**

**1096/19** with variant obv. legend ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙ: **G. Rohde VCoins 12959**, 7.24.



**S3-II-1097A** AE. 28 mm, 10.44 g (1).

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ CΕΒΑCΤΟC ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟC; laureate head of Domitian r. ΤΡΑΛΛΙΑΝΩΝ; Herakles seated on rock, l.

**1. G. Rohde VCoins 12956**, 10.44



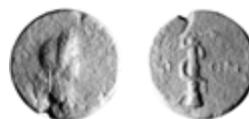
**Briula**

**1122/1. Tricarico coll.**, 6.9 (axis: 12). This may well be the very specimen cited by Imhoof Blumer from the trade, since exactly the same letters are missing on the obverse.



### Samos

1127/5. CNG EA 257, 8 June 2011, lot 240, 9.55.



### Priene

1144/8. Righetti 6213, 4.60; 9-10. B I-B (casts in Winterthur).

### Miletus

p. 177. The false coin in Mu has been published by D.O.A. Klose, 'Münz- oder Gruselkabinett?', in *Internationales Kolloquium zur kaiserzeitlichen Münzprägung Kleinasien*, *Nomismata* I (1997), pp. 254-60.

1158/3. P 2009/250, 3.51.

### Cos

1163/4. Göttingen CR coll. 93.16, 3.96 (axis: 6). Thanks to this specimen, the obverse legend can now be read as OYECPIACIANOC CEBACTOC.

1164/5. Varesi 59a, 23-24 Nov. 2011, lot 246, 3.62.

1165/9. Helios 8, 13 Oct. 2012, lot 380, 3.89.

S3-II-1168A AE. 15 mm, 2.21 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

[ΔOMITIANOC] CEBACTOC; laureate head, r.  
[K]ΩΙΩ[N]; palladium.

1. **Göttingen CR coll.** (D27 108.15), 2.21. Though the beginning of the obverse legend is missing, there is no doubt that it is a coin of Domitian. The design of the palladium is common under Trajan and Hadrian.



S3-II-1171A AE. 15 mm, 1.78 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

[ ] laureate head, r.  
KΩ-IΩN; serpent staff.

1. **Göttingen CR coll.** (D23 101.11), 2.21. Though the obverse legend is missing, the portrait is Domitia.

### Rhodes

1184/2. Weight is 3.94. Axis of both 1184/1-2 is 6.

1185/3. RHJA, 3.04; 1-3. Inscription is POΔIWN, not POΔIΩN. Axes of 1 and 3 are 12, 6.

1194/5. P 2002/209 (ex Peus 366, 25 Oct. 2000, lot 685), 21.18.

### Stratonicæ

1196/2. Cast in Winterthur, showing that 2 is from the same dies as 1.

### Iasos

1201/2. Excavations at Iasos = S. Pennestri, 'Monete degli scavi a Iasos', *Bolletino di Numismatica* 40-43, 2003-4, p. 273 and Tav. 1, 2.

### Orthosia

1206/3. Winterthur G 7166, 6.40.

1209/5. CNG EA 145, Drewry coll., 9 Aug. 2006, lot 214, 4.90.

S2-II-1213A AE. 19 mm, 5.02 g (2). Axis: 12 [1]

ΣΥΝΚΛΗΤΟΣ; draped bust of Senate, r.  
ΟΡΘΩΣΙΕΩΝ; Dioscuri between horses

1. B B-I, 5.68; 2. Private coll., 4.36. This series was not included in *RPC* II but probably belongs to the Flavian period.

### Antioch (ad Maeandrum)

1220/6. Athens (cast in Winterthur).

### Aphrodisias

1225/6. Now Lindgren = Burstein (Peus 366, 2000) lot 670 = F. Kovacs, MBS XV, 1 Oct. 2003, lot 238.

**Sebastopolis**

**1248/3** : Moruzzi Numismatica, Flavia 2007, Catalogi di vendita a prezzi netti, lot 6, 8.60.

**Cibyra**

**S3-II-1262A** AE. 24 mm, 8.67 g (2). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

As 1262

Same legend as 1262; Zeus seated, r., holding out r. hand, l. resting on sceptre

**1. Gorny and Mosch 152, 9 Oct. 2006, lot 1798**, 8.89; **2. Lanz 147, 2 Nov. 2009, lot 304**, 8.44.



**1264/9. Yale** (ex PRF, ex Elsen 74, 21 June 2003, lot 527), 4.32.

**Laodicea**

**1280/5. A** Mavromichalè coll. 1904/05 ig' 768, 5.35, 6h.

**1282/3. Ex Myers**, 11-12 May 1972, lot 134.

**1283/2. Now CNG 90**, 23 May 2012, lot 1057; **3. MM FPL 325**, July 1971, lot 16; **4. Lanz 141**, 26 May 2008, lot 377, 16.08 (described as *RPC* 1282).

**1284/3. Herakles Numismatics**, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) on 17 July 2009, 15.27; **4. Pecunem Gitbud and Naumann 10**, 1 Dec. 2013, lot 301, 13.00.

**1289/7. CNG EA 194, S. Wagner coll., 20 Aug. 2008, lot 118**, 10.20.

**Sardis**

**1306/7. Now Yale**; **9. Yale (ex PRF)**, 2.98.

**1307/4. SNG Leypold 1192**, 4.20.

**1308/5. SNG Leypold, 1215**, 3.92.

**1309/4. Münz Zentrum 152**, 2 Sep. 2009, lot 299, 4.59.

**S2-1315A** AE. 22 mm, 9.06 g (1). Axis: 6. [1]

Τ[ ]ΟΡΟΣ; laureate and cuirassed bust of Titus, r.

ΕΠΙ Τ ΦΛ ΕΙΣΙΓΟΝΟΥ [ ]; Demos of Sardis standing, r., with Demos of Smyrna (?) standing, l.

**1. L 2001-5-1-2**, 9.06; **2. P 2011/226**, 10.36; **3. A. Tricarico coll.** (ex Hirsch 287, 7 Feb. 2013, lot 2231), 8.52 (on the obv. ]ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΟΡΟΣ[ is clear).

The obverse legend is presumably Τίτου Αυτοκράτορος; Καίσαρος would be possible as the second word, but it does look like an O before the P. The title occurs at Assus and Smyrna under Vespasian, but the genitive form is unusual and contrasts oddly with the dative, which is used on the coins of Eisigonos for Vespasian. The reverse design is much the same as on the coins for Domitian as sole emperor (*RPC* II, 1317), although the two demoi are not clasping hands. The similarity of design suggests the identification of the other demos as that of Smyrna, even though they are not named as on *RPC* II, 1317. This is only the second 'alliance' coinage from the reign of Vespasian (*RPC* II, pp. 6-7, 34).



1315A/1



1315A/2



1315A/3

**1317/7.** Now Yale (ex PRF). The correct reference to Hirsch 181 is 23-25 Feb. 1994 (not 1991).

### Daldis

**1326/3.** *SNG* Leypold 926, 5.55 (ΣΤΡΑΤΕΓΟΥΥ read in error for ΣΤΡΑΤΗΓΟΥΥ).

**S2-1327A** AE. 17 mm, 3.97 g (2). Axis: 12. [0]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ CЄ[; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
ΔΑΛΔΙΑΝΩΝ; Zeus standing l., holding eagle and sceptre.

1. Tübingen *SNG* 3678, 5.34; 2. Tübingen *SNG* 3679, 2.59. Same dies. Coinage is not otherwise known for Daldis under Domitian.

### Flavia Philadelphia

**1330/10.** Variant with ΦΛΑΒΙ not ΦΛΑΒΙΩΝ: *SNG* Leypold 1124, 4.23.

**1331/4.** *SNG* Leypold 1126 ('*RPC* 1335'), 2.88.

**1332/1.** Now Winterthur 6711; 3. Yale (ex PRF), 10.75 (axis: 12).

**1335/2.** Now *SNG* Leypold 1127.

**1339/2. A. Tricarico coll.,** 2.61. This second specimen confirms the reading of 1339/1.



### Silandus

**1351/3.** *SNG* Leypold 1242, 4.75; 4. Freeman and Sear Mail Bid 13, 25 Aug. 2006, lot 293, 6.94.

### Cadi

**1360/8.** Boston MFA 64.1172, 16.05.

**1361/9.** Now Boston MFA 64.1166.

### Aezanis

**1364/4.** Now CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 1022

### Synaus

**S2-II-1371A** AE. 18 mm, 5.10 g (1). [1]

ΘΕΑ ΡΩΜΗ ΘΕΟC CΥΝΚΛΗΤΟC; turreted and draped bust of Roma r. facing draped bust of Senate l.

CΥ[ΝΑΙΕΤΩΝ] ΑΠΟΛΛΟΦΑΝΟΥ ΑΡΧΟ; Apollo standing naked r., drawing arrow from quiver and holding bow.

**1. P 2002/151** (ex Gorny and Mosch 115, 5 March 2002, lot 1387), 5.10. For the name of the magistrate, see *RPC* II, 1371 (under Marcellus, reign of Vespasian).



**1373/3.** Cop *SNG* 698 (ω), 3.13; 4. von Aulock 3963 (ω), 3.12.

### Ancyra

**1378/6. A 5880a,** 9.98, 6h.



### Iulia Gordus

**1385/4.** *SNG* Leypold 945, 3.92 (with ΙΟΥΛΙΕΩΝ; see the reference to I-B, *LS* given in *RPC*).

### Eumeneia

**1386/15.** Now Yale (ex PRF), 4.15.

**1388** P. Weiss points out that the woman called Kl Terent Hylla is actually Kl Terentulla, the mother of a man known from an inscription, Kl. Valerianus Terentullianus (see 'Eumeneia und das Panhellenion', *Chiron* 30 (2000), pp. 617-39).

**1388/9.** Yale (ex PRF, ex Münz Zentrum 66, 22-28 Apr. 1989, lot 446), 2.42; 10. Righetti 8422 (ΑΡΧ ΚΑ ΤЄ[ ], 3.02 ex NAC.

**Cidyessus****1391/6.** A 58948, 4.55, 6h.**Cotiaenum****1404/2.** Lanz 92, 1999, lot 479, 12.10.**1409/4.** Yale (ex PRF), 2.96.**Midaenum****S2-II-1415A** AE. 33 mm [0]

ΑΥΤ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒ ΓΕΡ; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
 ΑΘΗΝΑ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΥ ΜΙΔΑΕΩΝ; Athena standing r., with spear and shield

**1. Burbules coll.** Same obv. die as 1415/1-2, and the same denomination (looking like a Bithynian coin). For 'Domitian's Minerva', see *RPC* II, p. 35, 37.

**Amorium**

On Amorium, see now C. Katsari, 'The development of political identities in Roman Phrygia from the second century BC to the third century AD: the case of Amorium', *Annali* LII (2006), pp. 87-117; C. Katsari, C. S. Lighfoot and A. Özme, *The Amorium Mint and the Coin Finds*, Amorium Reports 4 (Berlin, 2012). A concordance between Katsari and *RPC* is given below:

Katsari	<i>RPC</i> II
G1-15, pp. 72-3 and Pl. 7	1420
G16-33, pp. 73-4 and Pl. 7	1421
G34-41, p. 74 and Pl. 7-8	1422
G42-45, pp. 74-5 and Pl. 8	1423
G46-49, p. 75 and Pl. 8	1424
G50-54, p. 75 and Pl. 8	1425
H1-2, pp. 75-6 and Pl. 8	S3-II-1425A (see below)

**1420/13.** Now Boston MFA 63.794, 10.93.**1423/3.** Boston MFA 63.241 (ex *Hesperia Art Bulletin* 21, lot 260), 7.17; 4: NY 1998.18.72, 6.10 (ΛΟΝΓΕΙΝΟΥ).**S3-II-1425A** AE. 19 mm, 4.28 g (2). Axis: 5 (1) [0]

ΕΠΙ Α ΑΝΤΩΝΙΟΥ ΛΟ; helmeted bust of Roma, r.  
 ΡΩΜΑΙΩΝ ΠΡΟΣ ΑΜΟΡΙ; two hands clasped

1. Elsen List 60, Oct. 1983, lot 22, 4.29 (= W. Leschhorn, 'Die kaiserzeitliche Münzprägung in Phrygien...', *Nomismata* 1 (Milano, 1997), p. 60 (Taf. II), 12; Katsari H1); **2. MM Deutschland 30, 28 May 2009, lot 790** (=Katsari H2), 4.28.



# UNCERTAIN OF ASIA MINOR

---

## **Denarii with o**

**1451-69.** The revised edition of *RIC* 2, by I. Carradice and T. Buttrey, makes a number of changes to this section, including a few new additions.

**1455/4.** Bankhaus Aufhäuser 20, 16-18 Oct. 2007, lot 270, 3.39.

## **Orichalcum coins of AD 77-8**

**1470-88.** The revised edition of *RIC* 2, by I. Carradice

and T. Buttrey, makes a number of changes to this section, including a few new additions.

**1476/4.** Hauck and Aufhäuser 16, 2001, lot 288, 3.27.

**1483/2.** CNG 61, 25 Sep. lot 1705; 3. CNG MBS 64, 24 Sept. 2003, lot 1022, 2.83. 1483/1-3 are all struck from the same obv. die whose legend must be read T CAESAR (and not CAES) IMPEP (sic) PONT.

# LYCIA-PAMPHYLIA

On the creation of the province of Lycia-Pamphylia under Vespasian, see now B. Iplikcioglu, 'Die Provinz Lycia unter Galba und die Gründung der Doppelprovinz Lycia et Pamphylia unter Vespasian', *Anzeiger der Phil.-Hist. Klasse* 143 (2008), pp. 5-23.



## Lycia

**1503/6.** CNG 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1240, 3.46; 7. G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 436, 3.18.

## Side

**1523-80** See F. Rebuffat, 'Le monnayage de bronze de Sidé sous le règne de Domitien', *RN* 153, 1998, pp. 75-80.

**1523/6.** Boston MFA 71.340, 23.48 (ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟC).

**S2-II-1523A** AE. 27 mm, 13.48 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

As 1523

CIΔHTWN; Athena standing l., holding nike and spear with shield; owl (?) at her feet, l.

**1. Yale (ex PRF)**, 13.48.

## Aspendus

For the correct attribution of the previously Uncertain 2804, and the new larger specimen, see D. Salzmann, 'Vespasian in Aspendos', *SM* 201 (2001), pp. 8-9. They are now listed as S2-II-1520A and B.

**S2-II-1520A** AE. 23 mm, 7.50 g (1). Axis: 12. [0]

KAICAP; laureate head of Vespasian, r.  
AC; Apollo, radiate, standing facing with laurel branch; to l., lyre; to r. tripod

1. Private collection, 7.50.

**S2-II-1520B** (= *RPC* II, 2804) AE. 20mm, 7.35 g (1). Axis: 12 [0]

KAICAP; laureate head of Vespasian, r.  
AC; facing busts of Hera and Zeus

1. Trade, 7.35.

**S2-II-1520C** AE. 20mm, 5.13 g (1). Axis: 1. [0]

KAICAPS- [ ]CIIACIANO; laureate head of Vespasian, r.  
AC-II [ ]; cult statues of the Aphroditai Kastnietides

**1. Private coll.**



**1525/1.** now Burstein (Peus 366, 2000) lot 841.

**S2-II-1524A** AE. 23 mm, 8.14 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΔΟΜΙ[ ]ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚ; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
CIΔHTW[ ]; Athena standing l., crowning a trophy, thunderbolt in l. hand.

**1. Gorny and Mosch 104, 9-10 Oct. 2000, lot 707**, 8.14.



# GALATIA - CAPPADOCIA

## Apollonia

**1601/2. H Sneh coll.** H Sneh suggests that the coin depicts Vespasian, not Titus as described in *RPC II*, reading the beginning of the obverse legend as AYTO-KPATOPI KAICAP... and not as TITON AYTOKPAT-OPA... But the interpretation of the inscription is very difficult.



## Antioch

**1604/4. P 2003/487** (ex Gorny and Mosch 126, 13-14 Oct. 2003, lot 1870), 8.75. The reverse legend is COL ANT, as on 1604/2; 5. A Mavromichalè coll. 1904/05 iç' 442, 7.23 (axis: 12).



**S2-II-1605A** AE. 21 mm, 5.81 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [1]

[ ]ITIANO CAESARI [ ], laureate head, r.  
As 1604-1605.

**1. P 2003/488** (ex Gorny and Mosch 126, 13-14 Oct. 2003, lot 1871), 5.81. The issue struck in AD 76 can now be completed with a series struck for Domitian Caesar.



## Lystra

**1606/3.** Now CNG MBS 54, 14 June 2000, lot 1124; 4. M. Nedim Mamakli collection (M.T. Göktürk, 'Lykaonia sikkeleri', *Anadolu Nedeniyetleri Müzesi* 1997 (1998), p. 67 no. 42, attributed to Iconium), 4.46 (axis: 3); 4. Gorny and Mosch 165, 17 March 2008, lot 1559, 4.79; 5. Helios Numismatik 7, 12 Dec. 2011, lot 609, 4.95; 6. CNG EA 271, 11 Jan. 2012, lot 339, 5.33; 7. Rauch 14<sup>th</sup> live e-Auction, 14 Dec. 2013, lot 192 (ex Rauch, 13<sup>th</sup> live e-Auction, 28-29 June 2013, lot 352), 7.04.

**S2-II-1606A** AE. 18-9 mm, 4.24 g (2). Axis: ? [1]

vA Lys., p. 516

IMP. T. CAE. AV[ ]; laureate head of Titus, r.  
COL IVL LVS; helmeted bust of Athena, l.

**1. Kovacs MBS XVI, 29 Sep. 2004, lot 267,** 4.37; 2. B I-B (= MG 120 = vA, Taf. 26, 8), 4.10. I-B hesitated between Domitian and Trajan. The Kovacs specimen, from the same pair of dies as the B specimen, proves in fact that this is another issue for Titus; 3. Rauch 90, 4 June 2012, lot 388, 4.86.



## Claudiconium (= Iconium)

**1607.** The reverse is more likely Cybele than Hades.

**1608/9.** Jencek Ancient Coins and Antiquities, accessed by [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) 2009, 7.62.

**S3-II-1608A** AE. 19 mm, 3.54 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΔOMITIANOC K[ ]; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
[KA]AYAİKONIE[ΩN]; Victory holding wreath and palm walking r.

**1. Gorny and Mosch 165, 17-18 March 2008, lot 1577**, 3.54. The Greek series is now completed with this coin of Domitian.



**1611/2.** M. Nedim Mamakli collection (M.T. Göktürk, 'Lykaonia sikkeleri', *Anadolu Nedeniyeleri Müzesi* 1997 (1998), p. 70 no. 60), 5.12 (axis: 6). This new specimen allows the legends to be completed: DOMITI CAIS AVG F and COLONE ICONIE.

### Koinon of Galatia

**1614/3.** Gorny and Mosch 138, 7-8 March 2005, lot 1759, 18.90

**1617/3. CNG 84, 5 May 2010, lot 859** (ex Gorny 181, 12-13 Oct. 2009, lot 1855, 12.58 (the obv. legend as Σ and not C, ΚΑΙΣΑΡ instead of ΚΑΙ; on the obverse, the legend ends in ΠΡΕΣΒΕΥΤΟ).



### Ancyra

**1618/5.** NY 1981.66.1, 20.14.

**1621/5.** Criona coll., Istanbul; 6-7. B I-B. 5-7: casts in Winterthur.

**S2-II-1623A** AE. 20mm, 3.08 g (1) [1]

Draped bust of Men, on crescent, r.  
ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗΝΩΝ ΤΕΚΤΟΣΑΓΩΝ in four lines

**1. B (= I-B, GM 750/747); 2. vA 6129, 3.08.** This series without imperial portrait was omitted from *RPC II*, but probably belongs to the Flavian period as the legend ΣΕΒΑΣΤΗΝΩΝ ΤΕΚΤΟΣΑΓΩΝ figures only on *RPC II*, 1620-3.



### Tavium

**1624/6.** Warsaw 84060, 19.00 (same obv. die as 1624/1-2).

### Pessinus (?)

**1627/5.** Boutkowski 1886 ; 6. St Petersburg (5-6 : casts in Winterthur) ; 7. Warsaw 66521, 5.14 ; 8. G. Rohde VCoins 7302, 9.05 ; 8-10. Amasya Museum 76.15.23, 78.2.21, 84.8.31, 6.67, 5.84, 6.90 (= S. Ireland, *Greek, Roman and Byzantine Coins in the Museum at Amasya (Ancient Amaseia)*, Turkey, London, 2000, no 1762-3, 1998). No 1998 is placed among the uncertain but the photo of the obverse suggests *RPC* 1627 (probably the same obv. die as 1627/1) as indicated in the text ; 11 = 1722/1 (see note below on 1722), with variant of obv. legend.

**1628/1.** Now CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 946; **2-3. Amasya Museum** 74.39.3, 80.4.1, 7.52, 7.51 (= S. Ireland, *Greek, Roman and Byzantine Coins in the Museum at Amasya (Ancient Amaseia)*, Turkey, London, 2000, no. 262-3). Thanks to Amasya 80.4.1, illustrated, the reverse legend of 1628 can be completed as ΕΠΙ ΝΕΡΑΤΙΟΥ ΠΑΝΣΑ. On the obv., the round countermark with CB seems unknown to *GIC*.



The fact that one specimen of 1627 was probably found at (or around) Samsun, three others at (or around Amaseia) and two of 1628 at (or around) Amaseia, quite far from Pessinus, may indicate that the attribution to Pessinus (?) needs to be seriously questioned.

### Amasea

**1630-2** See now J. Dalaison, *L'atelier d'Amaseia du Pont: recherches historiques et numismatiques* (Numismatica Anatolica, Ausonius Éditions, Bordeaux, 2008).

**1630/6.** Gorny and Mosch 155, 5 March 2007, lot 212, 11.81.

**1631/5.** Burstein (Peus 366, 2000) lot 475, 6.23 (city view).

**Caesarea**

**1636** For ΕΥΟΥΥC, read ΕΤΟΥΥC!

**1645/5.** Boston MFA 63.76, 6.94 (ex Glendining, Woodward, 27/IX/1962, lot 370).

**1651/20.** CNG 88, The Sierra coll., 14 Sept. 2011, lot 1015, 6.83 (the reverse legend reads ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ CΕΒΑC ΥΙΟ ΕΤ Θ, not CΕΒ ΥΙΟ ΕΤ Θ). It is possible that other coins cited by *RPC* have this legend. *RPC* 1651/18 (= Metcalf Hoard 51 and Pl. 3) has – CΕΒΑC, though it was not noticed by Metcalf.

**S3-II-1661A.** AR. 13 mm, 1.65 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΩΡ ΤΙΤΟC ΚΑΙCΑΡ CΕ; laureate head of Titus, r.  
As 1661.

**1. A 5949,** 1.65.



**1662/4.** Now MM Deutschland and Nomos AG Auktion 12, 11 Apr. 2003, lot 249.

**1664/1.** Now Boston 63.80.

**1665/6.** Now Boston 63.79.

**S2-II-1665A** AR. 20mm, 6.38 g (1). [0]

ΑΥΤ ΚΑΙ ΔΟΜΙΤ CΕΒΑCΤΟC ΓΕΡΜ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑ CΕΒΑCΤΗ; laureate head of Domitian r. facing draped bust of Domitia l.  
No legend; emperor in quadriga r., holding laurel branch in r. hand and sceptre in l. hand

**1. Lanz 106, 26-27 Nov. 2001, lot 355,** 6.38.  
The new coin combines the obverse of 1662-4 with the reverse of 1666.



**S2-II-1665A/1.** Now T. Cederlind BBS 124, 27 March 2002, lot 85.

**1671/16.** Now Boston 63.78.

**1680/2. A 5948a,** 15.82 (axis: 1).



**1681/5.** Now Winterthur G 6656.

**1682/22.** G. Missere, F. Missere, *La collezione Missere di monete romane provinciale*, Modena, 1999, no. 626 ('An-cyra'), 5.95.

**Uncertain mint**

**1689/1.** Now CNG EA 244, Wagner coll., 10 Nov. 2010, lot 330.

**Kingdom of Armenia Minor**

**1692/4.** NY 1944.100.62306, 11.67 (countermark: uncertain on obv.).

# CILICIA

---

## Anemurium

'Pseudo-autonomous' coins were probably struck during the reigns of Titus and Domitian. To those already published (*RPC II*, 1705, 1712, 1713) must probably be added a type close to *RPC II*, 1713 which belonged to the hoard published by R. Ziegler, 'Zum Geldumlauf in Asia Minor', *Coin Finds and Coin Use in the Roman World*, eds C. E. King and D. G. Wigg (Berlin, 1996), pp. 437-460.

**1701/7.** Rauch Sommerauktion 2013 I, 18 Sept. 2013, lot D 553, 6.81.

**1706/5.** Lanz 106, 26-27 Nov. 2001, lot 352, 9.16.

**S2-II-1713A** AE. 15 mm, ?. Axis: 6 (1) [0]

No legend; Apollo standing l., holding branch in r. hand

No legend; stag standing r.

1. Ziegler p. 450, no. 5 and Tafel 1, p. 458.

## Titiopolis

**1714/5.** P.SNG 721; 6. P 2002/210, 6.26.

**S2-II-1714A** AE. 24 mm, 8.05 g (1). Axis: 12. [1]

ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟ[ ]; laureate head of Domitian, r.

[ ]ΤΙΟΠΟΛ[ ]I[ ]; Ares (?) standing l., holding out uncertain object and raising arm behind head

**1. L 2002-2-1-5**, 8.05. The obv. die is very close to that of 1714.



## Myus

Myus in Cilicia supposedly has an issue in the reign of Domitian (*ZfN* 12, 1885, pp. 334-5; cf. *BMC* p. xlvi), but this is in fact a misread coin of Nacrasa in Berlin (*RPC II*, 932/12).

## Celenderis

**1715/7.** Yale (ex PRF), 10.11.

## Coropissus

**1717/3.** Now Winterthur 7036.

## Olba

**1720/7.** Münz Zentrum 155, 28 April 2010, lot 271 (ex Münz Zentrum Lagerkatalog-Antike, Feb. 2010, lot 379; Münz Zentrum 152, 2 Sep. 2009, lot 372), 12.30; 8. Münz Zentrum Lagerkatalog-Antike, Feb. 2010, lot 380 (ex MM Deutschland 19, Righetti coll. VII, 16 May 2006, lot 167; Münz Zentrum 152, 2 Sep. 2009, lot 373), 12.40.

## Pompeipolis

**1722/1.** The unique coin of Vespasian attributed to Pompeipolis by Levante, and accepted as such in *RPC*, is in fact a coin of Pessinus (?). The entry should be deleted from *RPC II*. The reverse legend was read as ΠΟΜΠΗΙΟΠΟ[ ], but ΕΠΙ Ν can be read before ΠΟΜΠΗ[ ], and the similarity of reverse type with 1627 makes it likely that the Levante coin is another specimen of *RPC* 1627. The obv. legend reads in fact ΚΑΙΣΑΡΙ ΣΕΒΑΣ ΟΥΕΣΠΑΣΙΑΝ[W] which is a variant of 1627.

**1723/6.** Rauch Sommerauktion 2013 I, 18 Sept. 2013, lot D 576, 8.92.

**1725/3.** Now RBW coll.; 4. Lanz 92, 4-5 June 1999, lot 344, 10.62.

**1726/** 4. Now RBW coll. (ex Jacquier 37, 7 Sep. 2012, lot 160); 5. RBW collection, 8.28.

### Tarsus

**1727-28** M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), p. 90.

**1727/7.** Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 687.

**1729** To the list of names in the l. field should now be added AAE/NIK: Triton V (Freedman), 15 Jan. 2002, lot 518, 13.97 and XAP/ΔIO (J. Noory coll.).

### Mopsus

**1740/2. Gorny and Mosch 186, 8-9 March 2010, lot 1640** (ex Giessener Münzhandlung 64, 11 Oct. 1993, lot 396, ex Giessener Münzhandlung 107, 2 April 2001, lot 322), 15.04; **3. P 2007/76**, 16.66.

1740/1-2: same obv. die.



1740/2



1740/3

**1742/4.** Rauch Sommerauktion 2013 I, 18 Sept. 2013, lot D 577, 4.19.

**1743/** 9. CNG MBS 60, 22 May 2002, lot 1257, 20.45; 10. Triton X, 9 Jan. 2007, lot 606, 19.80. This fine specimen proves that the obv. legend ends with – ΓΕΡΜ and the rev. legend with – ΒΕΡ. It was not noted that the sigmas are square.

**1744/2. Gorny and Mosch 134, 11-12 Oct. 2004, lot 2059** (ex Gorny and Mosch 122, 10-11 March 2003, lot 1822), 12.84).



### Anazarbus-Caesarea

**1749/6.** Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 618.

**1752/5.** Kovacs MBS XVI, 29 Sep. 2004, lot 269, 27.79.

**1753/1.** Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1108.

**1755/1.** Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1107.

### Flaviopolis

**1757/14.** Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 650.

**S3-II-1757A** AE. 26 mm, 15.79 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

As 1758.

As 1758.

1. Forum Ancient Coins (<http://www.forum-ancientcoins/gallery/displayimage.php?pos=-79286>), 15.79. A new denomination.

**1758/21.** Now CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 1102.

**1760/1.** L 1979-1-1-2589 (ex vA 5558); 7. Triton VII, Drewry coll., 11-12 Jan. 2005, lot 781, 3.33.

### Eirenopolis

**1762/** 7. Now CNG MBS 64, 23 Sept. 2003, lot 653; 10. Lanz 135, 21 May 2007, lot 614, 18.18 (no star in field). See Supp. 2.

**1762var. Lanz 117, 24 Nov. 2003, lot 658**, 20.24 (no star).



**1767/1.** Now CNG 79, 17 Sept. 2008, lot 628; **2. P 1993/458**, 3.33; 3. Tricarico coll., 2.6; 4. CNG EA 291,

21 Nov. 2012, lot 219, 2.77 (star behind Asclepius' head on the reverse); 5. CNG EA 294, 16 Jan. 2013, lot 464, 4.10.



**1768/5.** CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1091 (ex Waddell I, 9 Dec. 1982, lot 493), 11.94.

**1769/2.** Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1144.

### Aegeae

**1770/1.** Now CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 484; 3. B Fox (= IB, *KM* 427/15 and Taf. XVI, 16), 14.61. I-B reads EI API AM in field, r., but there is probably a third letter after EI, possibly P; 4. Gorny and Mosch 129, 8 March 2004, lot 240, 13.83 (with same letters as 1770/3).

**S2-II-1770A** AE. 31 mm, 23.83 g (1). [1]

BMC 20

Head of Asclepius, r.; before, serpent staff  
ΑΙΓΕΑΙΩΝ; Hygieia standing l. feeding serpent from patera; in field, ΕΙΡ (?) , ΦΙ (?) and ΒΩΝ (?)

1. L = BMC 20, 23.83. The tentative readings of the letters in the field including year 115 = AD 68/9 were made by Bloesch (noted under cast in Winterthur), but are very uncertain.

**1771/2.** Winterthur G 7062 (ex Kunker 21, 1992, lot 648), 17.51. This specimen seems to be from the same obv. die as 1771/1. Therefore the obv. legend should be read as ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΩΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ. The rev. die of 1771/1 is different from 1771/2. Under Domitian's neck, the letters ΚΡ ΔΙΜ or ΔΗΡ or ΔΜΡ are visible.

**1772/3.** Now CNG MBS 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1090 (indicated as Levante 1708 and *RPC* 1733: a mistake); 4. Private collection, Munich (cast in Winterthur), 12.93.

**1773/1.** Now CNG MBS 69, 8 June 2005, lot 1057.

**1774/4.** Mabbott 2106 (cast in Winterthur).

**1775/2.** B I-B, 7.51; 3. Washington, Smithsonian, 7.08. 2-3: casts in Winterthur.

**1779/2.** L = BMC 8, 3.98 (date unclear).

**1780/2.** Now Winterthur G 7064.

**1781corr./3.** Winterthur 6456. The new specimen provides some additional, if unsurprising letters to the obv. legend: [A]ΥΤ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΣΕΒ ΓΕΡΜ[ ]. In *RPC* II, ΦΙΛΩΤΑ should of course replace the mistaken ΓΙΛΩΤΑ in this entry.

**1782/3. Winterthur G 6456,** 14.23. The obv. legend is ΑΥΤΟ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΣΕΒ ΓΕΡΜ; 4. H. Wells collection (cast in Winterthur). The obv. legend should be ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΣΕΒΑ[ ]. [ ]ΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ. ΣΕΒ can be read on 3, while ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΣΕΒΑ[ ] can be read on 1 (illustrated in *RPC*). The complete legend would presumably have been something like ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ ΓΕΡΜΑΝΙΚΟΣ.



### Epiphanea

**1789/4. Private coll.**



**S3-II-1790A** AE. 17 mm, 4.26 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ; laureate head of Domitian r.  
ΕΠΙΦΑΝΕΩΝ; Tyche seated r. holding ?poppies; to r., ΑΞΡ.

**1. Private coll. (2006),** 4.26. The date = AD 93/4.



### Carallia

The coin attributed to Carallia in *SNG* Pfälzer Privatsammlungen. Kilikien 672 is a regular coin of Canatha, as *RPC* 2092.

# CYPRUS

---

M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetrachms and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), pp. 173-5.

**1818**/9. M, 23.28.

**1819**/3. Lcu 77, 2000, lot 536, 25.22.

# SYRIA

Much new light has been thrown on the coinage of Syria by K. Butcher, *Coinage in Roman Syria: northern Syria, 64BC-AD 253* (London, 2004). Although Butcher, *CRS*, was published after *RPC II*, account had already been taken of his views as he had kindly allowed access to his (then unpublished) PhD thesis.

## Aurei and denarii

**1901-35.** The revised edition of *RIC 2*, by I. Carradice and T. Buttrey, makes a number of changes to this section. For example, 1920 has been deleted, and some new varieties have been recorded.

**S2-II-1905A** AV. 7.30 g (1) [0]

As 1904-5  
COS ITER FORT RED; Fortuna standing, l.,  
resting on prow and holding cornucopiae

**1. CNG MBS 61, 25 Sep. 2002, lot 1678,**  
7.30.



**1906/6.** NAC 23, 27 May 2002, lot 1505, 7.50 = Lanz  
109, 2002, lot 353, 7.49.

**1910/2.** LHS 100, 23-24 Apr. 2007, lot 471, 7.53  
(same dies as BMC 523).

**1912/3.** Heritage, The Shoshana Collection of Ancient  
Judaean Coins, 8-9 March 2012, lot 20531, 7.49  
(same obv. die as *RPC* 1911/1, reverse legend outward  
from top l.).

**1913/1.** Now Antiqua Ancient Art and Numismatics  
VIII, 2000, lot 15.

**1923/1.** Now NAC 67, The Archer M. Huntington  
Collection of Roman Gold Coins, 17 Oct. 2012, lot  
132.

## Tetradrachms of Syria

See M. and K. Prieur, *The Syro-Phoenician Tetradrachms  
and their Fractions* (Lancaster PA and London, 2000), pp.  
16-23.

### Antioch: Vespasian, orichalcum coinage

**1982-3, 1992-4, 2001** In the new edition of *RIC 2.1*  
(2007) the coins of Vespasian, Titus and Domitian with  
caduceus between crossed cornucopiae are listed under  
the mint of Rome as 'irregular dupondii, minted in  
association with 'for Syria' bronzes' (nos. 756-64, 767).  
They are separated from the other denominations  
(*RPC* 1984-90, 1995-2000, 2002-5 = *RIC* 1564-81. The  
discussion on p. 28 confirms the mint at Rome (and  
adds convincingly on this point the hybrid coins with  
'normal' Rome reverses [*RIC* 765-66]). T.V. Buttrey  
has now published 'Vespasian's Roman orichalcum: an  
unrecognised celebratory coinage' in D.M. Jacobson  
and N. Kokkinos (eds), *Judaea and Rome in Coins 65  
BCE – 135 CE* (London, 2012), pp. 163-86, where he  
demonstrates many western provenances, and so rejects  
the attribution of intended circulation in Syria. We  
prefer to regard the whole group of all denominations  
as a single group, minted at Rome and originally  
intended for circulation in Syria (so *RPC II*), and would  
explain the western provenances as resulting from the  
transfer back to the west of coins previously transported  
to Syria from Rome. We would support the view from  
the Syrian countermark XF recently discovered on one  
piece of 1983/21 (see below) and from the parallel of the  
orichalcum coins of Trajan which were originally made  
in Rome, then circulated (and were countermarked in  
Syria) and then transferred to Britain, where many are  
found today (see B. Woytek, *Die Reichsprägung des Kaisers  
Traianus (98-117)* (Vienna, 2010), pp. 171-2, 539-43,  
nos. 931-39, although he does not discuss the western  
and British finds or list them in his catalogue; but see  
D.R. Walker, 'The Roman Coins' in *The Temple of Sulis  
Minerva at Bath Vol 2 The Finds from the Sacred Spring* ed B.  
Cunliffe (Oxford, 1988), pp. 281-358, at pp. 288-9; A.S.  
Hobley, *An examination of Roman Bronze coin distribution in  
the western empire, A.D. 81-192* (Oxford, 1998), pp. 40).

**1983/21.** R. Deutsch Auction 41, lot 55 (pointed out  
by J. Goddard). Cmk: XF (*GIC* 729i).

**S3-II-1983A** As 1983 but rev. TR POT COS III  
CENSOR = *RIC* 2.1 no. 760 (hybrid with rev. for  
Titus).

**S3-II-1989A** As 1989, but PON TR POT: *RIC* 2.1 no.  
1570.

**1991/7.** Now The New York sale XXV, 5 Jan. 2011,  
lot 173.

# JUDAEA

---

A. Kushnir-Stein, 'The coinage of Agrippa II' *Scripta Classica Israelica. Yearbook of the Israel Society for the Promotion of Classical Studies* 21 (2002), pp. 123-31 has argued convincingly that the problems of the dated coins of Agrippa can be solved by suggesting that they were struck according to two different eras (49 and 60) and so at two different mints (era of 49 at Paneas; era of 60 unsure). It is not clear, however, according to which of the two eras his latest coins (years 34 and 35) are dated; thus coins cannot make a definite contribution to the date of the end of his kingdom at the moment. Her views are not accepted by N. Kokkinos, 'Justus, Josephus, Agrippa II and his Coins', *Scripta Classica Israelica. Yearbook of the Israel Society for the Promotion of Classical Studies* 22 (2003), pp. 163-80.

## Neapolis

**2221/7.** Gemini VI, Dr. Stephen Gerson collection, 10 Jan. 2010, lot 717 (ex Triton VI, 14-15 Jan. 2003, lot 578 [part]), 3.37.

**2224/2.** Gemini VI, 10 Jan. 2010, lot 718, 15.70. This specimen, much finer than the Berlin one (2224/1), provides an almost complete legend of the coin: ΑΥΤΟΚ ΔΟΜΗΤΙΑΝΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΣΕΒΑΣΤΟΣ [ΓΕΡ?]/ΦΛΑΟΥΙ/ΝΕΑΠ/ΣΑΜ Λ ΕΑ.

## Gaba

**2238/5.** Gemini VI, 10 Jan. 2010, lot 707, 13.52.

**2240/3.** Now Heritage, The Shoshana Collection of Ancient Judaeans Coins, 8-9 March 2012, lot 20617.

## Agrippa II

**2258** In obv. legend read CCBACTOC not CCBACACTOC!

**2261.** On this series, see now A. Burnett, 'Wife, Sister, or Daughter?', *INR* 6 (2011), pp. 121-5. The female head labelled CEBACTH on coins of Agrippa II of year 19 is interpreted as Julia, the daughter of the Em-

peror Titus, and all the coinage of Agrippa II, apart from the Latin series of years 25-26, is to be attributed to Tiberias, according to the late Alla Kushnir-Stein.

**2276/7.** Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 520, 11.54.

**S3-II-2272A** 35 mm, 28.66 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ [ΤΙΤΟΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ]

ΔΟΜΗΤΙΑΝΟΣ; cuirassed and laureate bust of Titus, r., facing laureate head of Domitian l.

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ ΑΓΡΙΠΠΙΑ ΕΤΟΥΣ ΚϚ; Pan, naked except for goat skin over shoulder, walking l., playing syrinx and holding pedum over l. shoulder; to r., tree trunk.

l. D. Hendin, 'A new medallion of Agrippa II', *Israel Numismatic Research* 4 (2009), pp. 57-61 = D. Hendin, *Guide to Biblical Coins* (5<sup>th</sup> ed, New York, 2010), no. 1281, 28.66. Hendin gives a different version of the obv. inscription, but that given here seems more likely (cf. *RPC* II, 2284).

**2281** Add ΓCPMA to end of rev. legend.

**2287/6.** Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 521, 3.69.

**2291** Obv. legend should read ...TITW ... CCBACTW.

**2292/5.** Add sic after ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ.

**2293** Same comment as for 2291.

**2296** Obv. legends reads ..KAICAPA... not ... KAICAPI..

## Domitian's provincial Judaeans coinage

**2302/3.** J. Noory coll., 11.97.

## The Judaea Capta coinage of Vespasian and Titus

K. Butcher, *Small Change from Ancient Beirut* (2001-2), p. 66, discusses the mint attribution (without coming to any firm conclusion).

# EGYPT

As for *RPC I*, the most important new work is *Catalogo Completo della Collezione Dattari Numi Augg. Alexandrini*, ed A. Savio (Trieste, 1999). Its complete series of rubbings of the coins listed by Dattari (and also the supplementary coins he acquired after the publication of the book) enables many uncertainties to be resolved. The following abbreviation is used: DS. Some of the smaller denominations (with no obverse legend) are poorly preserved, and not considered in detail here.

## Vespasian

T.V. Buttrey has pointed out that eBay 350401581940 (October 2010 = Amphora Coins) seems to be a year 1 tetradrachm with Vespasian as *sebastos*. In *RPC* p. 324-5 two other coins are mentioned, one in C (748-1950) and one in BM = BMC 224, which both seem very similar. The BM one was given to year 4 by BMC, but in *RPC* (p. 324, n. 14) it was taken to be of year 2. The C coin, seemingly of year 4, was also read as year 2 (*RPC* p. 325 n. 21). The ebay coin too might possibly be a bad year 2 (B). Alternatively, and indeed more plausibly, all three coins might be coins of year 4, but as yet no tetradrachms are definitely attested for that year.

**2426** The only coin cited was D 346, but DS 346 shows that it is a very corroded coin: the date seems to be ΛΓ, but the rev. is illegible and the obv. does not definitely seem to be Vespasian. Thus 'confirmation required' still.

**2446** The only coin cited was D373 and DS 373 shows that the date is not clear, though it could be LE = *RPC* II, 2439. So the entry for year 7 needs confirmation.

**S3-II-2452A** AE. 24 mm, ? [0]

ΑΥΤΟΚΡ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ ΟΥΕΣΠΑΣΙΑΝΟ; laureate head of Vespasian, r.

As 2452.

1. Didyma excavations.

**S3-II-2461A** AE. 28-29 mm, 14.24 g (1). Axis: 12 (1)[1]

ΑΥΤΟΚ ΚΑΙΣ ΣΕΒΑ ΟΥΕΣΠΑΣΙΑΝΟΥ;

laureate head of Vespasian, r.

ΖΕΥΣ ΣΑΡΑΠΙΣ; Zeus-Sarapis seated, l.; at feet, Cerberus; in l. field, Λ Ι.

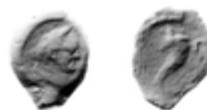
**1. P 2002/211**, 14.24. The first coin known struck in year 10 = AD 77/8.



**2758A** AE. 10 mm, 1.17 g (1). [1]

As 2578, but rev.cornucopia

**1. L 2001-5-10-2** (ex Hudson coll.), 1.17.



## Domitian

**2474** A second specimen (DS 6713) confirms the entry, but is insufficiently clear to help decide whether the legend is ΝΙΑΟΣ or ΝΕΙΑΟΣ.

**2478** was cited from only D435. The rubbings of DS 435 and of the second and third specimens DS 6709 and 6711 provide the confirmation required.

**S3-II-2479A**

Obv. A Helmeted bust of Athena, wearing aegis, r.

**1. Washington Numismatic Gallery Inc**, accessed via [www.vcoins.com](http://www.vcoins.com) on 25 Jan. 2007. One of the rare tetradrachms of year 2 (AD 82/3). The design is new for Alexandrian silver for any year for Domitian.



**2485** is one of the rare coins for Domitian with the title *germ* in year 2. It is uniquely cited from D583, but DS 583 shows that the presence of *germ* is uncertain; only [ ]ΣΑΡ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΣ[ ] is clear from the rubbing.

**2488** is the other of the rare coins for Domitian with the title *germ* in year 2. It is cited from two specimens. One of these, in New York, is illustrated in *RPC II*, and seems clear. The second was D618, but DS 618 shows that the reading is not clear.

**2500** was cited uniquely from D491, but DS 491 shows that the date is not clear, so the entry requires confirmation.

**S2-II-2512A** Year 5, bust of Alexandria r. DS 6729. The type is known for other years (e.g. *RPC II*, 2501 for year 4).

**2525** was cited from only D434. DS 434 shows that the date is not illegible, so confirmation is required.

**2536/2**. CNG MBS 76/1, 12 Sep. 2007, lot 1145, 8.68.

**2537** was uniquely cited from D493, and DS 493 confirms the reading.

**2541** The citation should be D578, not 579.

**2543** was cited uniquely from D486, but DS 485 shows that the date is not clear.

**2551** DS 444 shows that the coin has no rev. legend, so it is the same as *RPC II*, 2550. Delete 2551.

**2552** Second and third specimens: DS 6717-8.

**2555** The unique piece is now illustrated in DS 470.

**2561** The unique piece is now illustrated in DS 511.

**2565** The unique piece is now illustrated in DS 467.

**2569** was cited from two specimens neither of which had been illustrated, but DS 624 is sufficiently clear to provide confirmation.

**2574** was cited uniquely from D508, but DS 508 shows that the date is not clear and might be year 11.

**2575** was cited uniquely from D524, but DS 524 shows that the date is not clear.

**2584** D568 is actually a specimen of *RPC II* 2585, as DS 568 shows.

**S2-II-2587A**. 20mm, with hawk reverse (as 2569 for year 9). Year 10 is attested with two forms of the obverse: E from DS 6842 (plate 23) and EI from DS 6843.

**2589** A second specimen: DS 6822 (plate 23).

**2595** was cited uniquely from D537, but DS 537 shows that the date is not clear.

**S2-II-2595A** Griffin seated r with wheel (LI in exergue: Jarman; cf. BMC Suppl. 2751). Perhaps also DS 6831 (plate 23).

**2601** is obverse E, and there is no rev. legend. A new specimen from Umm Balad, also obv. E, is much clearer and shows that the figure is Demeter standing l. with corn ears and long torch (as was found standing r. for year 10: *RPC* 2576).

**2617** DS 549ff provides 13 more illustrations of Pharos coins, for years 11 to 15.

**2632** Despite note 69, D 473 has the normal obverse, as DS 473 shows.

**S2-II-266A** As 2666 but obv. bust to l.: DS 539-40.

**2686** D471 is an error for D474.

**2678** DS 456 is also quadriga to l.

**2694** The unique piece is now illustrated in DS 460.

**S2-II-2702A** 20mm, with uraeus reverse (as 2664-5 for year 12). Year 13 is attested by DS 6846 (plate 23).

**2709** was cited uniquely from D500; confirmed by DS 500 and 6744.

**2711** The unique piece is now illustrated in DS 457.

**2719** was cited from only 1 specimen: DS 6745 is a second.

**p. 338 note 16:** two coins were cited for Domitian with dates later than year 15, but not accepted by *RPC II*: (i) D459 was described as year 16, but the coin, as DS 459 shows, has an illegible year; and (ii) D553 was described as rev. design Pharos with the impossible year 19, but the date on DS 553 is not illegible. It is described by DS

as LIE, which is possible (*RPC* II, 2732).

### Small denominations

14 mm, 1.37 g (axis: 12) caduceus between corn ears L IA could also be Trajan L 2001-5-3-3.

11 mm, 0.90 g (axis: 12) three corn-ears LΘ S2-2759A. The type is recorded in *RPC* for Vespasian year 8. = L 2001-3-35-7.

11 mm, 1.11 g (axis: 12) cornucopia [L] Γ S2- 2766A. The type is recorded in *RPC* for Vespasian years 8-9. The portrait is clearly Vespasian = L 2001-3-35-6.

### Nomes

See now M. Weber and A. Geissen, *Die alexandrinischer Gaumünzen der römischen Kaiserzeit* (Wiesbaden, 2013).

#### *Upper Egypt*

##### *Arsinoite*

**S3-II-2770A** AE. 28 mm.

AYT KAIC ΘEO YIOC ΔOMIT CEB; laureate head of Domitian, r.  
Uncertain legend; Sobek-Geb/Kronos standing l., with bust and harpa .

l. Weber and Geissen, p. 193, no. I, pl. X.100 (very worn).

##### *Herakleopolite*

**2771.** Weber and Geissen, p. 180, no. I.

##### *Hermopolite*

**2772?** Weber and Geissen, p. 152, note 31, are also doubtful.

##### *Oxyrhynchite*

**2773.** Perhaps Saite or Sethroite and not Oxyrhynchite? Weber and Geissen p. 170 note 49.

**2774.** Weber and Geissen, pp. 169-790, no. I.1.

##### *Lower Egypt*

##### *Memphite*

**2775-6.** Weber and Geissen, p. 213, no. I.1.

##### *Mendesian*

**2777.** Weber and Geissen, p. 340, no. I.

##### *Saite*

**2778.** Weber and Geissen, pp. 243-4, no. I.

##### *Sebennyte*

**2779.** Weber and Geissen, p. 311, no. I.

**2780.** Weber and Geissen, p. 311, note 36 also incline to an attribution to the Sethroite nome.

##### *Sethroite*

**2781.** Weber and Geissen, p. 329, no. I.

# UNCERTAIN

**2801/8.** *SMG* Leypold 70 ('Fundort Schwarzmeerküste'), 11.50; 9. Münz Zentrum 121, 12-14 May 2004, lot 539, 14.30 (ex Münz Zentrum 117, 10-13 Sept. 2003, lot 195), 14.30 (KAI).

**2804** is a coin of Aspendus. See S2-II-1520A and B above.

**2805** now L 2001-5-1 (6.90 g; axis: 2).

**2807/2.** Rauch 9. e-live Auktion, 24-25 March 2011, lot D 241, 7.44. The legend of the reverse (?) seems to be AY TITΩ KAIΣAPI.

**2809/3.** eBay 250001640997 2 July 2006, 3.7; 4. Ancient Imports, Vcoins July 2006, 3.6.

**S3-II-2809A** AE. 18 mm, 4.82 g (1). Axis: 12 (1) [0]

As 2809.

Same legend as 2809; laureate heads of Titus and Domitian facing each other.

**1. Private coll.,** 8.42.



**2811/4.** Yale (ex PRF), 9.57.

**2812/3.** Now Peus 410, 31 Oct. – 1 Nov. 2013, lot 739; 6. Tübingen *SMG* 4744, 13.28; **7. Righetti 6370**, 9.75 (axis: 6), now CNG EA 219, 30 Sept. 2009, lot 360. This new specimen enables the inscriptions to be completed: ΑΥΤΟΚΡΑΤΩΡ ΟΥΕΣΠΑΙΑΝ ΣΕΒΑΚΤΟC and ΤΙΤΟC ΚΑΙ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC; 8. MM Deutschland 19, 16 May 2006, lot 471, 8.91; 9. CNG EA 239, 25 Aug. 2010, lot 441, 10.09; 10. CNG EA 277, 11 April 2012, lot 171, 9.94; 11. Hirsch 281, 2-4 May 2012, lot 722; 12. CNG EA 304, 12 June 2013, lot 318, 10.68.



**S3-2-2814A** AE. 19 mm, 4.67 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

As 2814.

No legend; Pegasus, r.

**1. CGB Monnaies 57, 20 Feb. 2013, lot 261,** 4.67.



**2816/1.** Now Elsen liste 250, Oct.-Dec. 2009, lot 263.

**S2-II-2818** AE. 17 mm, 4.90 g (1). [0]

ΣΕΒΑΣ ΚΑΙΣΑΡ; bare head, r.

Athena standing facing with spear and shield on basis

**1. Lindgren I, 359,** 4.90 (attributed to Dardanus). The portrait is identified as Tiberius or Augustus by Kovacs in the Lindgren catalogue, but it might be Flavian.



**S2-II-2819.** AE. 18 mm, 4.97 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΑΥΤ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟC ΚΑΙ ΣΕΒ ΓΕΡ; laureate head of Domitian, r.

ΝΕΙΚΗ ΔΟΜΙΤΙΑΝΟΥ ΣΕΒ; Victory walking

r., holding wreath in r. hand and trophy on l. shoulder

**1. MM Deutschland 15, Righetti coll., 21-22 Oct. 2004, lot 575, 4.97.** A new Bithynian issue?



**S2-II-2820** AE. 29 mm

[0]

T ET DOMITIANVS CAESARES; jugate

draped busts of Titus and Domitian l. SENATVS; Senate seated l., with branch and sceptre?

**1. Dundee;** 2-3. Oxford casts. Possibly Bithynia.



Concordance RPC II/RIC II, 1<sup>2</sup>

<i>Latin Coins from Thrace</i>		826	V 1422
		827	V 1424
<i>RPC II RIC II, 1<sup>2</sup></i>		828	V 1426
		829	V 1427
501	T 498	830	V 1428
502	T 499	831	V 1429
503	T 500	832	V 1430
504	T 507-8	833	V 1431
505	T 509	834	V 1432
506	T 511	835	V 1433
507	T 503	836	V 1435
508	T 512	837	V 1438
509	T 514	838	V 1441
510	T 513	839	V 1443
511-25	Restored coins = Rome	840	V 1437
526	D 831	841	V 1436
527	D 832	842	V 1439
528	D 833	843	V 1440
529	D 834	844	V 1442
530	D 837	845	V 1444
531	D 838	846	V 1445
532	D 839	847	V 1446
533	D 840	848	V 1447
534-42	Restored coins = Rome except	849	V 1448
	541 considered as a coin altered	850	V 1453
	from an original Titus	850A	V 1454
543	D 835	851	V 1455
		852	V 1456
		853	V 1457
<i>Ephesus</i>		854	V 1458
		855	V 1459
801	V 1390	856	V 1468
802	V 1391	857	V 1461, 1470
803	V 1392	858	V 1462
804	V 1394		
805	V 1395		
806	V 1396	<i>Cistophori</i>	
807	V 1397		
808	V 1399	859	V 1450
809	V 1400	S2-II-859A	V 1451
810	V 1402	860	T 515
811	V 1404-5	861	T 516
812	V 1406	862	T 517
813	V 1407	863	T 518
814	P. 162, n. 46	864	D 841
815	P. 162, n. 46	865	D 843
817	V 1408	866	D 845
818	V 1409	867	D 842
819	V 1411	868	D 844
820	V 1412	869	D 846
821	V 1413	870	D 847
822	V 1414	871	D 848
823	V 1415	872	D 849
824	V 1416	873	D 850-1
825	V 1421	874	D 852-3

875	D 854-5	1484	V 1517
		1485	V 1518
		1486	V 1519
<i>Uncertain of Asia Minor (RPC)</i>		1487	V 1520
<i>Mint(s) of Asia Minor (Uncertain : Ephesus ?) (RIC)</i>		1488	V 1521
Denarii		<i>Syria, Aurei and denarii (RPC)</i>	
		<i>Egypt, Judaea and Syria (RIC)</i>	
1451	V 1473		
1451A	V 1474	1901	V 1522
1452	V 1475	1902	V 1523
1453	V 1477	1903	V 1524
1454	V 1478	1904	V 1527
1455	V 1479	1905	V 1526
1456	V 1482	S2-II-1905A	V 1525
1457	V 1481	1906	V 1528
1458	V 1483	1907	V 1529
1459	V 1485	1908	V 1530
1460	V 1486	1909	V 1538
1461	V 1488 n. 66	1910	V 1533
1462	V 1489	1911	V 1534
1463	V 1491	1912	V 1535
1464	V 1487	1913	V 1537
1465	V 1494	1914	V 1539
1466	V 1492	1915	V 1541
1467	V 1495	1916	V 1542
1468	V 1493	1917	V 1543
1469	V 1496	1918	V 1544
		1919	V 1545
		1920	V 1546
Orichalcum coins		1921	V 1547
1470	V 1497	1922	V 1549
1471	V 1503	1923	V 1548
1472	V 1498	1924	V 1550
1473	V 1504	1925	V 1551
1474	V 1501	1926	V 1552
1475	V 1502	1927	V 1554
1476	V 1505	1928	V 1555
1477	V 1507	1929	V 1557
1478	V 1510	1930	V 1558
1479	V 1506	1931	V 1559
1480	V 1511	1932	V 1560
1481	V 1512	1933	V 1561
1482	V 1513	1934	V 1562
1483	V 1515	1935	V 1563

# Roman Provincial Coinage

Volume VII.1

Reviews of *RPC* VII.1 by D. Hollard, *Cahiers Numismatiques* 170 (décembre 2006), pp. 59-60; A. R. Parente, *RLN* CVIII (2007), pp. 553-6; B. Rémy, *Revue des Études Anciennes* 109, 2 (2007), pp. 843-4; A. Johnston, *SNR* 86 (2007), pp. 205-220; F. Dyrat, *Syria* 84 (2007), p. 347; T. Corsten, *Bryn Mawr Classical Review* 2007.08.67 (<http://ccat.sas.upenn.edu/bmcr/2007/2007-08-67.html>), 5 p.; A. Meadows, *ANS Magazine* 6,3 (Winter 2007), pp. 67-69; W. Weiser, *Geldgeschichtliche Nachrichten* 236, (Januar 2008), p. 55; W. Metcalf, *JRA* 21 (2008), pp. 595-7; E. Collas, *RN* 164 (2008), pp. 494-7; B. Overbeck, *JNG* 59 (2009), p. 246; C. Rowan, *Ancient West and East* 8 (2009), pp. 334-5.

For publications of general interest for the material covered by *RPC* VII.1, see now:

- L. Bricault (dir.), *Sylloge Nummorum Religionis Isiacae et Sarapiacae* [= *SNRIS*] (Paris, 2008).
- A. Johnston, *Greek Imperial Denominations, ca. 200-275, A Study of the Roman Provincial Bronze Coinages of Asia Minor*, RNS SP 43 (London, 2007).
- K. Martin, *Demos, Boule, Gerousia. Personifikationen städtischer Institutionen auf kaiserzeitlichen Münzen aus Kleinasien*, Euros 3 (Bonn, 2013).
- M. Spoerri Butcher, 'L'organisation de la production monétaire au sein de la province d'Asie à l'époque de Gordien III (238-244)', *SNR* 85 (2006), pp. 97-127.

For new material collections, see:

- F. Delrieux, *Les monnaies du fonds Louis Robert*, Mémoires de l'Académie des Inscriptions et Belles-Lettres 45 (Paris, 2012).
- E. Demirtaş, *Izmir Ticaret Tarihi Müzesi: Antik Dönem Sikke Koleksiyonu. Izmir Museum of Commercial History: Ancient Coin Collection* (Izmir, 2011).
- E. Petac, *La collection M.C. Sutz (Bibliothèque de l'Académie Roumaine) II: Cités grecques du nord de la Mer Noire, d'Asie Mineure et d'Afrique (collection Grand-duc Alexandre Mikhaïlovitch)* (Wetteren, 2009).
- SNG Turkey* 2, O. Tekin, S. Altınoluk, *Anamur Museum*, vol. 1: *Roman Provincial Coins* (Istanbul, 2007).
- SNG Turkey* 3, O. Tekin, S. Altınoluk, F. Körpe, *Çanakkale Museum*, vol. 1: *Roman Provincial Coins of Mysia, Troas, etc.* (Istanbul, 2009).
- SNG Turkey* 5, O. Tekin, S. Altınoluk, E. Sağır, *Tire*

*Museum*, vol. 1: *Roman Provincial Coins from Ionia, Lydia, Phrygia and etc.* (Istanbul, 2011).

*SNG Turkey* 7, O. Tekin, S. Altınoluk, *Ödemiş Museum*, vol. 1: *Roman Provincial Coins of Ionia, Lydia and etc.* (Istanbul, 2012).

M. Spoerri Butcher, 'Ephèse, Germè et Kadoi: Additions récentes au corpus des émissions provinciales de Gordien III (238-244)', in: S. Frey (ed), *La numismatique pour passion. Études d'histoire monétaire offertes à Suzanne Frey-Küpper par quelques-uns de ses amis à l'occasion de son anniversaire 2013* (Lausanne, 2013), pp. 243-254 (= Spoerri Butcher, 'Ephèse, Germè et Kadoi').

## Alexandria Troas

2/33. Çanakkale Museum 4931 (*SNG Turkey* 3, 366), 5.10, 21 mm, 60° (as 2/7-15); 34. Tire Museum 1991-8 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 555), 4.74, 20 mm, 60° (as 2/16-26).

## Cyzicus

7/5. CNG EA 68, 9 July 2003, lot 147, 9.37.

11/6. CNG EA 168, 11 July 2007, lot 106, 20.53, 35 mm (same dies as 11/2).

23/4. CNG EA 68, 9 July 2003, lot 146 (ex CNG EA 148, 20 Sept. 2006, lot 268), 8.01, 24 mm. New reverse die: KVZI-KH-NΩ – NEΩ//KOPΩN. Obverse die is A11.

26/4. CNG EA 282, 11 July 2012, lot 157, 5.35, 22 mm, 30° (same dies as 26/3).

27/22. Çanakkale Museum 6187 (*SNG Turkey* 3, 60), 5.20, 22 mm, 210° (as 27/1-9); 23. Çanakkale Museum 12129 (*SNG Turkey* 3, 61), 5.30, 21 mm, 30° (as 27/10).

31/2. CNG Coin Shop 774228, 4.44, 22 mm, 210° (same dies as 31/1).

45/4. Forum Ancient Coins, Members' Gallery, added 11 July 2012 ([www.forumancientcoins.com/gallery/displayimage.php?pos=-83994](http://www.forumancientcoins.com/gallery/displayimage.php?pos=-83994)), 5.35, 22 mm, 30°.

**Ilium**

**38/21.** CNG EA 288, 10 Oct. 2012, lot 303, 3.02, 17 mm, 360° (reverse type as 38/1-11); 22. Gitbud&Naumann 20, 3 Aug. 2014, lot 423, 4.54, 20 mm (as 38/1-11).

**42/16.** Gorny & Mosch 134, 11 Oct. 2004, lot 1941, 4.57.

**45/5.** Çannakale Museum 1772 (*SNG Turkey* 3, 642), 3.90, 18 mm, 330°.

**Elaea**

**98/3.** C. Rhodes coll., 2.91, 18 mm, 360°.

**Adramyteum**

**53/4.** Çannakale Museum 5826 (*SNG Turkey* 3, 41), 4.70, 27 mm, 150° (obv. die unclear, new reverse die with legend reading CTP AΠOΛIΝAΠI-OV AΔPAMVTH/NΩ-N).

**64/1-3 corr.** CTP • Λ • IOV • AΠO-ΛIΝAΠIOY VOV A/CI/AP-X/O/V; **1. Now F. Jarman coll.**



**65/3.** Yale 2004.6.2343, 6.80, 25.0 mm, 180° (ex PRF).

**Apollonia ad Rhyndacum**

**66/3.** Hirsch 264, 24 Nov. 2009, lot 687, 37 mm.

**67/2.** Yale 2008.83.129, 10.91, 27.9 mm, 180° (same dies as 67/1).

**Hadrianeia**

**71/3.** Forum Ancient Coins, added 21 Sept. 2008 ([www.forumancientcoins.com/board/index.php?topic=48008.0](http://www.forumancientcoins.com/board/index.php?topic=48008.0)), 33.22, 44 mm.

**Miletoupolis**

**89/4. Forum Ancient Coins**, Members' Gallery, added 7 Oct. 2006 ([www.forumancientcoins.com/gallery/displayimage.php?album=90&pos=129](http://www.forumancientcoins.com/gallery/displayimage.php?album=90&pos=129)), 6.40, 23 mm (new reverse die with legend reading [KTI] CTH-C MCIAHTOC).

**Germe**

**103/3.** CNG EA 271, 11 Jan. 2012, lot 330, 15.99, 360°; 4. Elsen 114, 15 Sept. 2012, lot 360, 16.46.

**108/13.** C. Rhodes coll. (ex CNG MBS 76, 12 Sept. 2007, lot 1060; Gorny&Mosch 115, 5 March 2002, lot 1369), 11.33, 29 mm, 180° (same dies as 108/3-11).

**S4-VII.1-111A** AE. 45 mm, 41.05 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

AVT [...] ANT – ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from front.

[...AI]-Λ • AΠICTONC-I-KOV // [ΓC] PMHNΩ[N]; Heracles sitting l. crowned by Tyche standing behind him with cornucopia, to l., Apollon standing with plectrum and lyre next to Artemis drawing arrow from quiver.

**1. CNG EA 326, 7 May 2014, lot 282,** 41.05, 42 mm, 180°. The reverse type of this coin is new for Germe, although all the deities it represents are known from the city's coinage. The obverse die is also new for Germe.



**112/6.** CNG EA 300, 10 April 2013, lot 146, 20.04, 37 mm, 180° (same dies as 112/1-2).

**113/4.** Harvard Art Museums 1983.56.148, 17.49.

**119/5.** C. Rhodes coll., 11.88, 29 mm, 180°.

**125/4.** CNG 90, 23 May 2012, lot 955, 12.12, 31 mm, 180° (ex Peus 366, M. Burstein coll., 29 Oct. 2000, lot 576).

**129/2.** Tire Museum 89-110 (*ΔNG Turkey* 5, 358, where it is suggested that Zeus holds an eagle and not a Nike), 5.60, 25 mm, 180°.

**131/16.** *Fonds Robert* 183 (bought in Istanbul, 1946), 7.41, 210° (as 131/1-9).

**132/2.** Now CNG 90, 23 May 2012, lot 956; 3. Now *Fonds Robert* 184 (bought in Balıkesir/Mysia, 1932), 14.99, 180°; 4. Now CNG Coin Shop 751429.

**141/24.** Gitbud&Naumann 21, 7 Sept. 2014, lot 377, 8.48, 25 mm (same die as 141/15-18).

**S4-VII.1-141A** AE. 25 mm, 9.3 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

- AVT K M AN • – • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; radiate and cuirassed bust of Gordian III l., holding shield and lance.
- ΓΕΡΜΗ – ΝΩΝ •; Tyche seated l. on chair with cornucopia and statue of Apollon holding lyre.

**1. VAuctions 270, 29 Sept. 2011, lot 222,** 9.3, 27 mm. The obverse die seems new for Germe as it does not quite match A14.



**142/6.** Harvard Art Museums 1996.226, 8.25 (as 142/2-5); 7. *Fonds Robert* 186 (bought in Balıkesir/Mysia, 1960), 5.99, 360° (as 142/1); 8. C. Rhodes coll., 8.44, 26 mm, 360° (as 142/1).

**143/9.** Now CNG EA 289, 24 Oct. 2012, lot 210.

**145/14.** *Fonds Robert* 185 (bought in Istanbul, 1955), 3.70, 210°; 15. C. Rhodes coll., 4.51, 20 mm, 180°; 16. C. Rhodes coll., 3.88, 20 mm, 180°.

**146/13.** C. Rhodes coll. (ex CNG EA 201, 17 Dec. 2008, lot 238 where weight is given as 3.22), 3.60, 19 mm, 360° (as 146/1-9); 14. CNG EA 279, 16 May 2012, lot 170, 3.74, 19 mm, 330° (as 146/1-9); 15. Harvard Art Museums 1981.74.270, 2.96 (as 146/1-9); 16. C. Rhodes coll., 3.62, 18 mm, 360° (as 146/1-9);

**17. C. Rhodes coll.,** 3.32, 18 mm, 330° (with a new obverse die, reverse seems to be R1).



**149/3. Peus 366, M. Burstein coll., 25 Oct. 2000, lot 577,** 10.62, 29 mm (as 149/1-2, but with slightly different reverse: ΕΠΙ ΑΙΑ ΑΠΙC-ΤΟΝΕΙΚΟV / ΓΕΡΜΗ; Apollon sitting l. on rock, l. arm on tripod and branch in r. hand. No table with amphora or griffin on this specimen); Spoerri Butcher, 'Ephèse, Germè et Kadoi', pp. 250-251, n° 5.



**150/1.** Now Lanz 100, 20 Nov. 2000, lot 253.

**153/1.** Now Künker eLive Auktion 31, 29-30 Oct. 2014, lot 293.

### Pergamum

**164/3.** Yale 2008.83.128, 25.17, 35.3 mm, 180°.

**170/4.** Harvard Art Museums 1983.56.34, 11.

### Pergamum and Nicomedia, alliance

**173/10.** CNG 87, 18 May 2011, lot 835, 44.02, 42 mm, 360° (reverse as 173/1-4).

**174/6.** Gorny & Mosch 199, 10 Oct. 2011, lot 597, 44.19 (ex Nomos 2, 18 May 2010, lot 208).

**175/6.** Now Lanz 154, 11 June 2012, lot 440.

### Acrasus

**178/1.** Now CNG EA 211, 3 June 2009, lot 318.

### Thyatira and Smyrna, alliance

**192/2. CNG EA 288, 10 Oct. 2012, lot 323,** 18.96, 36 mm, 180° (as 192/1, but new reverse die. ΕΠΙ Τ ΦΑΒ ΑΑΦ Α-ΠΟΛΙ-ΝΑΡΙΟV ΟΜΟΝ / Κ C/MV // ΘVΑΤΕΙΡΗ/ΝΩΝ).



**193/5.** Now Yale 2004.6.302, 7.22, 26.0 mm, 180° (ex PRF); 7. Yale 2004.6.303, 9.90, 26.5 mm, 180° (ex PRF).

**194/7.** Now Yale 2004.6.301, 7.92, 26.5 mm, 180° (ex PRF); 12. Gorny & Mosch 200, 10 Oct. 2011, lot 2198, 7.18.

### Thyatira

**198/9.** *Izmir* 70, 7.40, 29 mm (as 198/1-5).

### Daldis

**201A corr.** On the correct interpretation of the type, see M. Spoerri, 'Apollon et Cybèle à Daldis (Lydie)', *SM* Heft 226, Juni 2007, p. 59. The two deities facing each other are Apollo citharoedus l. and Cybele with tympanon and lion at her feet r.

**S3-VII.1-203A** AE. 22 mm, 5.16 g (2). Axis: 6 (2) [0]

ΦΟΥΡ ΤΡΑΝ-ΚΥΛΛΕΙΝΑ – CA; draped bust of Tranquillina r. with stephane, seen from front.

Δ-ΑΛ-ΔΙΑΝΩΝ; Artemis to r. holding recumbent stag by its horns.

**1. CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 796,** 4.50; 2. Forum Ancient Coins 27190, 5,81. Both coins are from the same pair of dies. These are the only coins of that denomination known so far in Daldis for the period 238-244.



### Cadi

**206/2.** Now CNG Triton XV, 3 Jan. 2012, lot

1400 (ex Stack's, The Vermeule, Ward, and Mexico Maxico Collections, 11 Jan. 2010, lot 274); **8. CNG EA 237, 21 July 2010, lot 97,** 23.0, 34 mm, 150° (as 206/1-7, but new reverse die ΕΠΙ Μ Ι ΔΗΜΗΤΡΙΟΥ ΟΥΜ ΑΡΧ – Α (?) / ΚΑΔΟΗΝΩΝ ΕΡΜΟC); Spoerri Butcher, 'Ephèse, Germè et Kadoi', pp. 251-252, n° 6.



**209/5.** CNG EA 127, 23 Nov. 2005, lot 163, 23.87, 38 mm.

**210/2. Roma Numismatics Ltd 4, 30 Sept. 2012, lot 2442,** 20.28, 38 mm, 180°. Very clear specimen showing indeed an altar r. of Tyche.



### Saitta

**220/3.** Gorny & Mosch 204, 5 March 2012, lot 1784, 7.36 ; 4. CNG Triton XVI, 8 Jan. 2013, lot 699, 6.42, 24 mm, 180°.

**223/11.** Lanz Auction 159, 8 Dec. 2014, lot 541, 8.5 (as 223/9-10).

### Sardis

**231/6.** Harvard Art Museums 1985.159, 10.92 (reverse as 231/4-5); 7. Athens MN 1891/92 Κς' 618, 14.15, 30 mm, 180° (as 231/1-3); 8. *Fonds Robert* 734, 12.50, 180° (as 231/1-3).

**233/34.** Harvard Art Museums 1981.74.51, 6.44 (as

233/7-21); 35. Ödemiş Museum 8457 (*SNG Turkey* 7, 422), 7.85, 25 mm, 180° (as 233/7-21); 36. Gitbud&Naumann 21, 7 Sept. 2014, lot 413, 7.24, 24 mm (as 233/7-21).

**234/3. CNG EA 195, 10 Sept. 2008, lot 147**, 46.35, 38 mm, 180° (As 234/1-2, but slightly different reverse:  $\epsilon\pi[\dots]-\Delta \epsilon\pi\mu-\text{O}\Phi\text{I}\Lambda\text{O}\nu \text{APX} // \text{C}\text{A}\text{P}\Delta\text{I}\text{A}\text{N}\Omega\text{N} / \text{B} \text{N}\epsilon\Omega\text{K}$ ; figure of Demeter standing r.[and not l. as for 234/1-2] facing seated Kore. No altar visible).



**235/1-4 corr.** The magistrate's name should probably read  $\epsilon\pi\text{I} \epsilon\pi\mu\text{O}\Phi$  on all the specimens; 4. Yale 2007.27.1, 7.33, 27.0 mm, 360° (ex Gorny & Mosch 156, 5 March 2007, lot 1775); 5. C. Rhodes coll. (ex **CNG EA 316, 4 Dec. 2013, lot 315**), 7.16, 26 mm, 180° (as 235/2, but much clearer reverse inscription).



**S4-VII.1-235A** AE. 24 mm, 7.06 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

AVT • K • M • ANT • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟ; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind;  
 $\epsilon\pi\text{I} \epsilon\pi\mu\text{O}\Phi\text{I}\Lambda\text{O}\nu \text{C}\text{A}\text{P}\Delta\text{I}\text{A}\text{N}\Omega\text{N} \text{B} \text{N}\epsilon\Omega\text{K}\text{O}\rho\text{O}\nu$ ; Zeus standing to l., eagle on his r. and sceptre in his l.

**1. C. Rhodes coll.**, 7.06, 24 mm, 180° (obverse is A6).



**237/20.** Tire Museum 90-5177 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 485), 4.82, 25 mm, 180°; **21. C. Rhodes coll.**, 7.34, 24 mm, 180° (as 237/1-6, with good example of obverse A5).



**239/15.** Tire Museum 85-146 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 484), 6.36, 26 mm, 180° (as 239/1-6).

**244 corr.** reverse legend reads ZEVK –  $\Lambda\text{V}\Delta\text{I}\text{O}\text{C}$  across the field; 2. Now CNG Triton V, 15 Jan. 2002, lot 1729; 3. Lanz 151, 2011, lot 857, 23.49 (ex Peus 366, Burstein coll., 25 Oct. 2000, lot 731); **4.** CNG Coin Shop 161101, 25.50, 41 mm, 360° (ex **Gorny & Mosch 114, 4 March 2002, lot 178**; Gorny & Mosch 121, 10 March 2003, lot 318; Gorny and Mosch 141, 10 Oct. 2005, lot 212; Stack's, Stack & Kroisos Collections, 14 Jan. 2008, lot 2313; Stack's Tallent & Belzberg Collections, 24 April 2008, lot 2148; Stack's, The Golden Horn Collection, 12 Jan. 2009, lot 2343; Stack's, The Saint Ludovico and Firth of Clyde Collections, 24 April 2009, lot 1463; Stack's, The Vermeule, Ward, and Mexico Mexico Collections, 11 Jan. 2010, lot 275). Incorrectly said to be identical with 244/2 by CNG and Stack's.



**245/2.** Now Harvard Art Museums 1984.811.29, 31.01.

### Philadelphia and Smyrna, alliance

**268/6.** Art Coins Roma 4, 5 Dec. 2011, lot 324, 20.74, 37 mm, die break on obv. (reverse as 268/4-5).

**269/10.** *Izmir* 68, 13.30, 34 mm (same as 269/5-6).

**269A/2.** Tire Museum 2749 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 456), 15.22, 32 (?) mm (described and illustrated as 23 mm), 180°.

### Cyme

**275/2.** Peus 366, M. Burstein coll., 29 Oct. 2000, lot 604, 22.08.

**277/7.** CNG EA 160, 14 March 2007, lot 182, 12.81, 28 mm.

**279/11.** CNG EA189, 11 June 2008, lot 82, 4.96, 20 mm, 180°.

### Magnesia ad Sipylum

**286/1.** Now CNG 93, 22 May 2013, lot 801.

**288/14.** CNG EA 307, 24 July 2013, lot 177, 12.83, 29 mm, 360° (same dies as 288/11-13).

**290/23.** Gorny & Mosch 200, 10 Oct. 2011, lot 2175, 5.57 (reverse as 290/1-10).

### Phocaea

**299/13.** Harvard Art Museums 1981.74.503, 5.84.

### Smyrna

**308/3.** Now *Fonds Robert* 373 (bought in Yorga, plain of Barzova/Caria, 1934), 20.74, 180°.

**311/8.** Tire Museum 1660 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 295), 5.60, 26 mm, 360°.

**315/101.** Tire Museum 2645 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 296), 4.84, 23 mm, 180°; 102. Tire Museum 2007-475 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 297), 3.50, 22 mm, 180°; 103. Tire Museum 91-1307 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 298), 4.50, 21 mm, 180°.

**327/11.** *Fonds Robert* 374 (bought in Çağış/Mysia, 1960), 2.87, 180°.

**334/7.** CNG EA 160, 14 March 2007, lot 200, 11.52, 28 mm.

### Temnus

**S3-VII.1-339A** AE. 29 mm, 11.70 g (1). Axis: 6h (1) [0]

AY • KAI • M • ANT • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

CT AY NEIKO-CTPATOY B THME/IT-ΩN in l. and r. field; Demeter standing facing, head l., holding stalks of grain in r. hand and torch in l. Same obv. die as 340, but new reverse type.

**1. C. Rhodes coll.,** 11.70.



**343/20.** Tire Museum 384 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 20), 4.74, 23 mm, 180° (reverse legend unclear); 21. Tire Museum 1510 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 21), 4.92, 22 mm, 180° (as 343/11-18).

### Colophon

**351/13. C. Rhodes coll.,** 9.22, 29 mm, 150° (obv. with cmk Δ, possibly *GIC* 561).



**S3-VII.1-351A** AE. 30 mm, 10.94 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

AYT K M ANT • • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.  
ΕΠΙ CTP ONH-CIMOY ΚΟΛΟΦ/ΩΝΙ-ΩΝ; Athena standing to front, head turned l., with shield and long spear.

**1. CNG EA 288, 10 Oct. 2012, lot 306,** 10.94. Not only is the reverse type new for Gordian III, but the strategos Onesimos is so far also unrecorded for that period. The obverse die is already known (A4).



**352/3.** V *SNG Leybold* 2, 643.1, 3.70, 21.5 mm, 180°; 4. Tire Museum 92-189 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 24), 4.28, 22 mm, 360°; 5. Private coll. LB (= *SNRIS* 04, 3), 4.90, 22 mm, 180°.

### Ephesus

On the coinage of Ephesus, see now the catalogue presented by S. Karwiese, *Die Münzprägung von Ephesus 5: Katalog und Aufbau der römischen Stadtprägung. 1. Katalog* (Vienna, 2012) which includes references to coins found during the excavations in Ephesus.

Table of concordance between Karwiese and *RPC* VII.1:

Karwiese	<i>RPC</i> VII.1
845	387
846	389, rv 1
847 <sup>1</sup>	--
848	379
849	370
850	377
851 <sup>2</sup>	--
852	380
853	364, rv 1
854	364, rv 2-3
855	365
856	381
857	367
858	375
859	366
860	373
861	383
862	374
863	368
864	382
865	361, rv 2
866	361, rv 1
867	369
868	362
869	62 (F3)
870	371
871	376
872	372
873	390
874	363
875	384, rv 1-3
876	388
877	378
878	389, rv 2

<sup>1</sup> ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC / [ΕΦΕ]CΙ-ΩΝ; Nike standing to l., 3.5 g, 18 mm, Ephesus excavations 40/69, Stüegengasse 3, 'kein Foto vorhanden, Lesung etwas unsicher'. With 3.5 g, this coin seems slightly heavy for the time of Gordian. As the identification is unsecure, we have decided not to include it in our supplement.

<sup>2</sup> For this entry, Karwiese gives a reference to Munich *SNG* 224, where this coin is now given to Philip II Caesar.

879	384, rv 4
880	386, rv 2
881	386, rv 1
882	385, rv 4
883	385, rv 2-3
884	385, rv 1
885	385, rv 5
886 <sup>3</sup>	--
924	391
925	392
926	392/8 (see below)
927	396, rv 2
928	396, rv 1
929	394
930	395, rv 2
931-932	395, rv 1
933	393, rv 1
934	393, rv 2
935	S3-VII.1-398A
936	397
937	S4-VII.1-390A
938	398, rv 1
939	399

**362/6.** Now Peus 366, M. Burstein coll., 29 Oct. 2000, lot 625, 20.81; 9. CNG Triton XI, 8 Jan. 2008, lot 482, 21.65, 34 mm, 180°.

**365/5.** V *SNG Leybold* 2, 614.1, 12.50, 29 mm, 180°.

**366/3.** CNG EA 160, 14 March 2007, lot 189, 9.76, 29 mm.

**368/4.** Art Coins Roma 4, 5 Dec. 2011, lot 320, 12.03, 29 mm (reverse as 368/1-2).

**S3-VII.1-369A** AE. 37 mm, 20.44 g (1). Axis: 7 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤΟΚ • Μ • ΑΝΤ-Ω • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from front.

ΕΦΕCΙΩΝ Γ • ΝΕΩΚΟΡΩΝ; winged goddess (Nike ?) walking r., lifting her chiton with her r. hand and holding an unidentified object in her l. hand.

**1. CNG MBS 72, 14 June 2006, lot 1162,** 20.44. Spoerri Butcher, 'Ephèse, Germè et Kadoui', pp. 246-248, n° 2. Spoerri Butcher discusses the possible identifications of this winged goddess, as this type appears several times on the coinage of Ephesus, from Elagabalus to Valerianus.

<sup>3</sup> The reverse of this coin belongs to Elagabalus (Munich *SNG* 183, erroneously given as 'München 197'). The obverse however might well be of Gordian, but certainly not Ephesus.



**377/3.** Now Peus 366, M. Burstein coll., 29 Oct. 2000, lot 626, 5.69; 6. CNG EA 273, 8 Feb. 2012, lot 118, 5.54, 22 mm, 180°.

**S3-VII.1-379A** AE. 22 mm, 5.07 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

M ANT – ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟΣ; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

[ΕΦΕ]ΣΙΩΝ – Γ ΝΕΩΚΟΡΩΝ; Artemis huntress standing to front, a bow in her r. hand, drawing an arrow out of her quiver.

**1. CNG EA 273, 8 Feb. 2012, lot 119,** 5.07. Spoerri Butcher, 'Ephèse, Germè et Kadoi', pp. 248-249, n° 3.



**381/6.** Yale 2001.87.11862, 3.61, 21.2 mm, 180° (reverse as 381/1-2); 7. Yale 2001.87.11863, 5.25, 21.8 mm, 180° (reverse as 381/4, with star in exergue); 8. CNG EA 168, 11 July 2007, lot 113, 5.23, 22 mm (reverse as 381/4, with star in exergue).

**382/6.** CNG EA 273, 8 Feb. 2012, lot 117, 5.59, 22 mm, 180°.

**384/10.** Tire Museum 2007-16 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 178), 4.30, 23 mm, 360° (as 384/1-7).

**385/14. CNG EA 273, 8 Feb. 2012, lot 120,** 5.07, 21 mm, 30°, as 385/11-12, but with shorter reverse legend: ΕΦΕ-Σ-ΙΩΝ; Tyche standing l. with horn of plenty, holding statue of Artemis Ephesia in her r. hand. Spoerri Butcher, 'Ephèse, Germè et Kadoi', pp. 249-50, n° 4; 15. Tire Museum 92-1999 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 175) 4.38, 23 mm, 180° (as 385/1-2, Tyche with cornucopia and patera over flaming altar, but with shorter reverse legend Ε-ΦΕΣ-Ι-ΩΝ); **16. Ödemiş Museum 1751** (*SNG Turkey* 7,

88), 4.10, 21 mm, 180° (as 385/1-2 but with shorter legend Ε-ΦΕΣ-Ι-ΩΝ like 385/15); 17. Tire Museum 83-14 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 173), 3.84, 22 mm, 180° (as 385/3-9); 18. Tire Museum 91-2067 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 174), 5.54, 22 mm, 180° (as 385/3-9); 19. Tire Museum 92-2031 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 176), 3.94, 22 mm, 180° (as 385/10); 20. Tire Museum 85-161 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 177), 4.42, 21 mm, 180° (as 385/10).



385/14



385/16

**389/7.** Yale 2004.6.189 (ex PRF), 2.29, 17.0 mm, 180° (reverse as 389/1-4); 8. Peus 366, M. Burstein coll., 29 Oct. 2000, lot 627, 2.74 (as 389/1-4).

**390/7.** Yale 2004.6.2662 (ex PRF), 2.49, 16.5 mm, 180° (as 390/1-3); 8. Tire Museum 92-188 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 172), 2.94, 17 mm, 180° (as 390/1-3).

**S4-VII.1-390A** AE. 30 mm, 8.61 g (1). Axis : 10 (1)[0]

ΦΡΟΝ CABCΙ – ΤΡΑΝΚΥΛΛΑCΙΝΑ; draped bust of Tranquillina r. with stephane, seen from front (obverse die A36).

ΕΦΕCΙΩΝ – ΤΡΙC ΝΕ//ΩΚΟΡΩΝ; processional wagon drawn by two horses to r.

**1. Ephesus excavations, Magnetisches Tor, 67/81** (= Karwiese 937), 8.61, 31.5 mm, 300°. This would be the only coin of Tranquillina mentioning the third neocoria of Ephesus (all others emphasise the title ΠΡΩΤΩΝ ΑCΙΑC).



**391/5.** Tire Museum 85-11 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 186), 11.66, 31 mm, 180°.

**392/8. Tire Museum 1179** (*SNG Turkey* 5, 185), 9.52, 29 mm, 180° (as 392/1-7, but with reverse legend ΕΦΕCΙΩΝ – Α ΑCΙΑC).



**395/7.** Gorny & Mosch 200, 10 Oct. 2011, lot 2157, 9.39 (reverse as 395/1-4).

**396/7.** Peus 366, M. Burstein coll., 2000, lot 629, 10.78 (same obverse and reverse as 396/3).

**398/7.** Gorny & Mosch 186, 8 March 2010, lot 1596, 10.59 (ex Peus 398, 28 April 2009, lot 675, 10.61 g) (same dies as 398/2-5).

**S3-VII.1-398A** AE. 30 mm, 12.01 g (2). Axis : ? [0]

ΦΡΟV CΑΒΕΙ-ΤΡΑΝΚΥΛΛΕΙΝΑ; draped bust of Tranquillina r. with stephane, seen from front (A36).

ΕΦΕCΙΩΝ ΠΡ-ΩΤΩ-Ν ΑCΙΑC; Artemis standing r. with long torch.

**1. Rauch 87, 8 Dec. 2010, lot 705**, 12.51, 29 mm; 2. Ephesus excavations 133/93, Stadium (= Karwiese 935), 11.5, 31 mm. This reverse type is new for coins issued from 238 to 244. The obverse die is A36 for both coins.



**Ephesus and Alexandria in Egypt, alliance**

Table of concordance between Karwiese and *RPC* VII.1 for the homonoia coins:

Karwiese	<i>RPC</i> VII.1
887	407
888-890	417

891	418
892	414, rv 1
893	414, rv 2
894	414, rv 3
895	414, rv 4
896	404
897	409
898	403
899	400
900	413
901	401
902	406
903	415, rv 2
904	405
905	415, rv 3
906	415, rv 1
907	410, rv 3
908	410, rv 4
909	410, rv 1-2
910	419
911	412, rv 1
912	412, rv 2-3
914	411, rv 1
915	411, rv 2
916	416, rv 3
917	416, rv 1-2
918	416, rv 4
918A	416, rv 5
919	416, rv 6
920-921	420
922	402
923	408

**400/2.** CNG Triton VI, 14 Jan. 2003, lot 566, 50.37, 52 mm.

**S3-VII.1-400A** AE. 48 mm, 54.30 g (1). Axis: ? [0]

ΑΥΤ • Κ • Μ • ΑΝΤΩ – • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC • CΕΒ; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from front.

ΕΦΕ-CΙΩΝ ΚΑΙ / ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΕΩΝ / ΟΜΟΝΟΙΑ; Artemis Ephesia and Sarapis standing on base between the Tyche of Ephesus and the Tyche of Alexandria, sitting on either side, and the river gods Caystrus and Nile, reclining on the ground beneath the two Tyche. In the centre, bull Apis standing to r.

**1. Lanz 154, 11 June 2012, lot 441**, 54.30. Spoerri Butcher, ‘Ephèse, Germè et Kadoi’, pp. 243-245, n° 1 (where obverse legend is erroneously recorded as ΑΥΤ • Τ • Κ • Μ • ΑΝΤΩ – • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC • CΕΒ). See also W. Leschhorn, Zur Verbreitung ägyptischer Gottheiten in Kleinasien. Eine bisher unbekannte Homonoia-Prägung aus Ephesos, in R. Lehmann *et*

al., *Nub.Nefer – Gutes Gold. Gedenkschrift für Manfred Gutgesell* (Rahden/Westf., 2014), pp. 203-210.



**401/8.** Gorny & Mosch 114, 4 March 2002, lot 177, 24.85.

**404/4.** CNG EA 124, 12 Oct. 2005, lot 203, 22.15, 35 mm.

**407/2.** Now CNG Triton V, 15 Jan. 2002, lot 1725 (ex Bankhaus Aufhäuser 10, 5 Oct. 1993, lot 500); 3. CNG 66, 19 May 2004, lot 1075, 25.75, 38 mm.

**410/20 corr.** Artemis is not depicted as huntress with a quiver, but as Artemis Ephesia wearing a kalathos, a crescent and a star on either side of her headdress; **21. Private coll. LB**, 12.24, 29 mm, 210° (as 410/20, same dies); 22. Private coll. LB (= *SNRIS* 11, a4), 9.70, 29 mm, 180° (as 410/8-16).



**411/17.** Private coll. LB, 10.65, 31 mm, 180° (as 411/15-16).

**412/27.** Ödemiş Museum 2841 (*SNG Turkey* 7, 89), 9.52, 30 mm, 180° (as 412/1-9); 28. Private coll. LB (= *SNRIS* 05, a14), 10.98, 30 mm, 180° (as 412/16-26).

**414/2 corr.** Reverse 2 of type 414 shows Artemis Ephesia with a star and a crescent on either side of her headdress.

**416/30.** CNG 90, 23 May 2012, lot 970, 9.64, 30 mm, 180° (reverse as 416/9-26); 31. Tire Museum 94-144 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 183), 9.82, 30 mm, 180° (as 416/9-26).

**417/38.** Tire Museum 2877 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 181), 5.70, 22 mm, 180° (as 417/1-3); 39. Tire Museum 2042 (*SNG*

*Turkey* 5, 182), 5.76, 21 mm, 180° (as 417/22-24); 40. Private coll. LB (= *SNRIS* 25b, 5), 5.52, 22 mm, 180° (as 417/22-24); 41. Private coll. LB (= *SNRIS* 25b, 7), 5.31, 21 mm, 180° (as 417/19-21?).

**419/22.** Tire Museum 2070 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 180), 5.10, 22 mm, 180° (as 419/1-13); 23. Private coll. LB (= *SNRIS* 24a, 3), 6.37, 24 mm, 180° (as 419/15).

**420/11.** Rauch Summer Auction 19 Sept. 2011, lot 908, 4.65 (very clear specimen, reverse as 420/1-4, reads ΕΦΕCΙΩΝ – ΑΛ–Ε–ΖΑΝΔΡΕΩ–Ν); 12. Tire Museum 2007-469 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 184), 4.10, 22 mm, 180° (rv legend unclear); 13. Private coll. LB (= *SNRIS* 09a, 5), 5.27, 22 mm, 180° (as 420/1-4).

## Hypaepa

On Hypaepa, see now J. Nollé, *Zum Kult der Anaitis von Hypaepa und zu einigen Patriatraditionen der torrheischen Kaüstertal-Stadt*, *JNG* 62 (2012), pp. 127-195 and S. Altunluk, *Hypaepa. A Lydian City during the Roman Imperial Period* (Istanbul, 2013).

Table of concordance between Altunluk and *RPC* VII.1:

Altunluk	<i>RPC</i> VII.1
142	428
143	S4-VII.1-427A
144/1-6	431
144/7-8	427
145	423
146	422
147	433
148	432
149	429
150	421
151	424
152	426
153	425
--	430

**423/3.** CNG EA 248, 26 Jan. 2011, lot 278, 20.01, 33 mm, 180° (same reverse die as 423/1).

**424/3.** Art Coins Roma 4, 5 Dec. 2011, lot 323, 19.47, 34 mm.

**S4-VII.1-427A** AE. 30 mm, 11.27 g (2). Axis: 6 (2) [0]

AVT K M ANT ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC CCB; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

VIΠΑΙΠΗΝΩΝ ΕΠ – CTP ΑΙΑ ANT CT || ΤΑCΤΑ; hexastyle temple with statue of Artemis Anaitis.

**1. Efes 177-26-93** (= Altunluk type 143.1), 12.78, 30 mm, 180° (obverse is A5); 2. Tire Museum 702 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 424), 9.76, 33 mm, 160° (obverse and reverse legends slightly unclear as this coin is very worn. The obverse legend is said to end in AY according to *SNG Turkey*, but is nevertheless quite similar to 427A/1).



**429 corr.** This coin represents Torrhebos with a pektis and not Apollon with cithara, cf. Nollé, *JNG* 62, 2012, p. 191, fig. 15c.

**S4-VII.1-430A** AE. 21/22 (?) mm, 5.87 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

AVT K M ANT – ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

ΒΗΑΙΠΗ[ΝΩΝ ...] CT AIA ANT || ΤΑCΤΑ; Heracles standing r., leaning on club covered by lion-skin and resting on herme, his r. behind his back.

**1. Athens MN 5823a**, 5.87, 26 mm, 180°. This coin is struck on a flan (25 mm) that is larger than both its obverse and reverse dies (21/22 mm). One can assume that it was possibly intended to belong to the 21/22 mm denomination commonly used at Hypaipa, as no coins of 25 mm are otherwise known for Gordian III for that city. The obverse die used here (A9) is also found on issues of Acrasus and Stratonicea (cf. *RPC* VII.1, p. 143) where it is coupled with coins of 25 mm (associated with reverse dies of matching size). It is therefore possible that this coin was struck in the same workshop that manufactured coins for Acrasus and Stratonicea (on this, see as well M. Spoerri Butcher, *SNR* 85 (2006), pp. 102-104).



**433/9.** Tire Museum 1763 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 425), 6.12, 22 mm, 180°.

## Mastaura

**S3-VII.1-435A** AE. 29 mm, 9.67 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [1]

AYT K M ANT – ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

ΕΠΙ [ΓΡ] ΚΛ ΠΠΙΟΔΑΜΙ-[Α]-ΝΟΒ || [ΜΑ] CΤΑΥΡ[ΕΙ]/ΤΩΝ; male figure standing r. with axe (?) in his raised r. hand, holding with his l. hand the horns of a humped bull kneeling in front of him.

**1. P 2011/228**, 9.67.

The obverse die is identical to the one used for 434-435 (A1) and the grammateus mentioned on the reverse is the one who signed the other Mastaura coins issued for Gordian III.

The reverse type is so far unknown for Gordian. It shows the sacrifice of a humped bull. An almost identical representation can be found on a coin issued under Commodus (*RPC* IV online, temp. n° 1299; Glasgow *SNG* I, 1774). According to Stephanus of Byzantium (*s.v.* Mastaura), these religious ceremonies were organised in honour of the goddess Ma, also called Rhea, and the name of the city derived from them.



## Metropolis

**440/1.** Now Art Coins Roma 4, 5 Dec. 2011, lot 321.

**448/7.** Tire Museum 91-930 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 266), 9.34, 30 mm, 180° (as 448/4-6).

**S3-VII.1-449A** AE. 36 mm, 14.93 g (1). Axis : 6 (1)

AYT • K M ANT-ΓΟΡΔΙΑ[ΝΟC]; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind (obverse 4 of Metropolis).

ΕΠΙ CΤΡ ΙΟΥΛ ΠΟΡ-Κ Η[Ρ.....ΜΗΤΡ]-ΟΠΟΛΙΤΩ-[Ν?]; tetrastyle temple within which Ares, holding spear in his r. l. resting on shield. For a similar reverse type, see 439 (different magistrate).

**1. Harvard Art Museum 1983.56.256** (ex Bartlett Wells coll.), 14.93.



**451/6.** Tire Museum 2715 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 264), 18.06, 36 mm, 180° (very nice specimen); 7. Tire Museum 2717 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 265), 17.78, 36 mm, 180°.

**455/15.** Tire Museum 91-6 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 267), 2.14, 19 mm, 180° (as 455/4-7); 16. Tire Museum 94-108 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 268), 2.64, 18 mm, 180° (as 455/12, but reverse legend reads ΜΗΤΡΟ-ΠΟ-ΛΕΙΤΩ[N]).

**456/6.** Ödemiş Museum 8035 (*SNG Turkey* 7, 120), 5.46, 21 mm, 180° (as 456/4-5); 7. Ödemiş Museum 2009-11 (*SNG Turkey* 7, 121), 3.95, 21 mm, 180° (as 456/4-5).

**459/5.** Harvard Art Museums 1981.74.486, 2.31.

**460/7.** Tire Museum 79-37 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 269), 8.62, 30 mm, 180°.

### Nysa

**476/10.** Ödemiş Museum 1775 (*SNG Turkey* 7, 397), 2.52, 17 mm, 360°.

### Tralles

**487/7.** CNG EA 266, 19 Oct. 2011, lot 253, 22.10, 33 mm, 360°.

**489/10.** *Fonds Robert* 743 (bought in Nazilli/Lydia, 1947), 5.66, 360°.

**490/3.** Ödemiş Museum 6668 (*SNG Turkey* 7, 434), 6.20, 22 mm, 180°.

**493/6.** Private coll. LB, 4.96, 20 mm, 180° (= *SNRIS* 06, 4).

**497/13.** Anamur Museum 5.199.2004 (*SNG Turkey* 2, 10), 5.50, 21 mm, 360°; 14. Tire Museum 91-9 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 497), 3.38, 20 mm, 180° (as 497/1-6).

**498/9.** Tire Museum 1985 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 498), 6.00, 22 mm, 180°.

**499/4.** *Fonds Robert* 742 (bought perhaps in Kapıkırı [Heraclea] / Ionia), 2.46, 180°.

**506/2.** Now CNG EA 274, 22 Feb. 2012, lot 276.

### Magnesia ad Maeandrum

**S3-VII.1-525A** AE. 29 mm, 10.60 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤ Κ Μ ΑΝΤ ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ ΕΠΙ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΟΥC Β; infant Dionysus seated on cista mystica inside crescent, stars in field on either side of Dionysus

**1. Anamur Museum 3.70.2004** (= *SNG Turkey* 2, 7), 10.60, 180°.

The obverse die is already known (A 5), but the reverse type is entirely new for Magnesia ad Maeandrum. See M. Spoerri Butcher, 'Magnésie du Méandre et Dionysos' in: O. Tekin (ed), *Ancient History, Numismatics and Epigraphy in the Mediterranean World. Studies in Memory of Clemens E. Bosch and Sabahat Atalan and in Honour of Nezahat Baydur* (Istanbul, 2009), pp. 325-9.



**527/ 5.** Ödemiş Museum 4295 (*SNG Turkey* 7, 113), 10.81, 30 mm, 180° (as 527/1-3).

**532/9.** Gorny & Mosch 181, 12 Oct. 2009, lot 1775, 27.66 (sic), on broad flan; 10. Tire Museum 88-415 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 246), 7.98, 30 mm, 180°.

**S4-VII.1-532A** AE. 30 mm, 9.75 g (1). Axis : 5 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤ • Κ • Μ • ΑΝΤ • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

ΕΠΙ ΓΡ ΔΗΜΟ-Ν-ΕΙΚΟΝ Μ[ΑΓΝ]-ΗΤ-ΩΝ; Serapis seated to l. on throne, patera in his r. and sceptre in his l., Cerberus at his feet.

**1. Private coll. LB** (= *SNRIS* 12, b1), 9.75, 29 mm, 150°. The obverse die is A6 and the

reverse type is already known at Magnesia for the magistrate Democrates (*RPC* VII.1, 525).



**533/7.** C. Rhodes coll. (ex CNG EA 329, 25 June 2014, lot 262), 8.52, 29 mm, 30° (as 533/1-2).

**S4-VII.1-540A** AE. 30 mm, 10.02 g (2). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤ • Κ • Μ • ΑΝΤ • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

ΕΠΙ • ΓΡ • ΠΡΑΚΤ-ΙΚΟΥ • ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ •; infant Dionysus seated on round object (cista mystica or, perhaps, globe) inside crescent, three stars in field on either side of Dionysus.

**1. Private coll.**, 9.91, 29 mm, 180° (by courtesy of U. Klein). The obverse is A5; 2. Helios 5, 25 June 2010, lot 729, 10.14 (same dies as 540A/1). For a similar reverse type, see S3-VII.1-525A.



**S4-VII.1-543A** AE. 30 mm, 9.07 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤ • Κ • Μ • ΑΝΤ • ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

ΕΠΙ • ΓΡ • ΦΙΛΟΝ-[ΜΕ]-ΝΟV ΜΑΓΝ[Η]-ΤΩΝ; Athena standing to l., spear in r., l. resting on shield set on ground.

**1. C. Rhodes coll.**, 9.07, 29 mm, 180°.



**551/3.** Yale 2004.6.216 (ex PRF), 7.51, 29.5 mm, 180° (as 551/1-2); 4. *Fonds Robert* 332 (bought in Istanbul, 1947), 8.41, 150° (new reverse die, legend reading ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ ΝCΟ-ΚΟΡΩΝ ΤΗC ΑΡΤC/ΜΙ-ΔΟC).

**S4-VII.1-556A** AE. 21/22 mm, 4.98 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

ΑΥΤ Κ Μ ΑΝΤ ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from front (prob. A15).

ΜΑΓΝΗΤΩΝ; Apollon standing to front, head l., with bow in l. and branch in r.

**1. Tire Museum** 756 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 245), 4.98, 23 mm, 180°. Cmk *GIC* 324 on obv.



**559/8.** Ödemiş Museum 2726 (*SNG Turkey* 7, 114), 4.85, 23 mm, 180° (as 559/6-7).

**562/7.** CNG EA 137, 12 April 2006, lot 47, 2.36, 17 mm (reverse as 562/1-5); 8. Forum Ancient Coins, added 8 Oct. 2014 ([www.forumancientcoins.com/board/index.php?topic=98100.msg605764](http://www.forumancientcoins.com/board/index.php?topic=98100.msg605764) - [msg605764](http://www.forumancientcoins.com/board/index.php?topic=98100.msg605764)), 18 mm (as 562/6).

## Miletus

**565/8.** Peus 366, 26 April 2000, lot 647, 5.92 (reverse as 565/1-2).

**567/3.** Gorny & Mosch 126, 14 Oct. 2003, lot 1828, 6.00 (ex Peus 360, 27 April 1999, lot 625); 4. Peus 382, 26 April 2005, lot 620, 9.15 (crude engraving? Artemis is missing her bow); 5. Gorny & Mosch 147, 7 March 2006, lot 1836, 5.58 (same dies as 567/4); 6. Hirsch 284, 26 Sept. 2012, lot 2978 (same dies as 567/4).

**572/4.** Heidelberger Münzhandlung H. Grün 64, 20 Nov. 2014, lot 2006, 2.60.

## Samos

**580/26.** Heritage Auctions 3035, 3 Sept. 2014, lot 32133, 10.82, 28 mm.

**582/36.** CNG EA 295, 30 Jan. 2013, lot 306, 11.41, 30 mm, 210°; 37. Harvard Art Museums 1986.382.168, 10.21.

**586/31.** Tire Museum 79-56 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 306), 5.32, 23 mm, 180° (as 586/4-22).

**589/7.** Jacquier 37, 7 Sept. 2012, lot 401, 11.17 (same dies as 589/4-6).

**591/16.** Elsen 108, 12 March 2011, lot 503, 9.43 (same dies as 591/15).

### Halicarnassus

**598/9.** Now V *SNG Leybold* 2, 821.1 (ex Gorny & Mosch 115, 5 March 2002, lot 1376).

**601/3.** Now CNG Triton V, 15 Jan. 2002, lot 1731.

### Antioch ad Maeandrum

**603/2.** Art Coins Roma 4, 5 Dec. 2011, lot 322, 16.71, 34 mm.

**S3-VII.1-604A** AE. 35 mm, 18.24 g (2). Axis : 6 (1) [0]

AYT K M ANT – ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind.

ANTI-OXC-ΩN; tetrastyle temple with statue of Tyche on podium.

1. CNG 90, 23 May 2012, lot 1022, 17.46;
2. *Fonds Robert* 398 (bought in Inebolu/Caria, 1947), 19.02, 180° (from the same dies).

The obverse die used here is so far unrecorded for Antioch ad Meandrum. However, it was also used in Ephesus (A3), Nysa (A1) and Magnesia ad Maeandrum (A1) and definitely links Antioch to the «Ephesus» workshop, see M. Spoerri Butcher, 'L'organisation de la production monétaire de la province d'Asie sous Gordien III', *SNR* 85 (2006), p. 108sqq.



**609/5.** Now *Fonds Robert* 397 (bought in Solmaz/Caria, 1954), 9.37, 29 mm, 180°.

**S4-VII.1-612A** AE. 21 mm, 3.74 g (1). Axis: 6 (1) [0]

AYT K M ANT – ΓΟΡΔΙΑ[NOC]; laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from front.

ANTIOX-ΕΩΝ; Dionysus standing to l., thyrsus in l., cantharos in r. above panther.

1. C. Rhodes coll., 3.74, 180°.



### Aphrodisias

**622/11.** CNG EA 123, 28 Sept. 2005, lot 88, 17.06, 36 mm, cmk Δ (*GIC* 796 ?) on obv.

### Harpasa

For Harpasa, see now F. Delrieux, *Les monnaies des cités grecques de la basse vallée de l'Harpasos en Carie (IIe siècle a.C. - IIIe p.C.)* (Bordeaux, 2008), for which we give here a table of concordance :

Delrieux	<i>RPC</i> VII.1
HP/19	648, rv 1
HP/20	648, rv 2
HP/21	645
HP/22	644
HP/23	642
HP/24a	643, rv 1
HP/24b	643, rv 2
HP/24c	646
HP/25	641
HP/26	640
HP/27	639
HP/28	647

### Hydisos

On the coinage of Hydisos, see now F. Delrieux, 'Les monnaies hellénistiques et romaines d'Hydisos en Carie', in: P. Brun (ed), *Scripta anatolica. Hommages à Pierre Debord* (Bordeaux, 2007), pp. 57-86, where, on p. 71, additional references of publications mentioning *RPC* VII.1, 649 are given.

### Mylasa

13. CNG EA 127, 23 Nov. 2005, lot 148, 6.61, 25 mm.

654/5. *Fonds Robert* 604 (bought in Karacahisar [Hydisos] / Caria, 1946), 9.54, 180°.

### Neapolis

For Neapolis, see now F. Delrieux, *Les monnaies des cités grecques de la basse vallée de l'Harpassos en Carie (IIe siècle a.C. - IIIe p.C.)* (Bordeaux, 2008).

Table of concordance between Delrieux and *RPC* VII.1 :

Delrieux	<i>RPC</i> VII.1
NP/14	655
NP/15	657
NP/16	656
NP/17	658
NP/18	659

658/5. C. Rhodes coll., 21 mm, 360°.

### Cibyra

660/17. CNG 90, 23 May 2012, lot 1043, 19.83, 38 mm, 180°.

663/22. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1617, 12.05, 28 mm, 180°.

664/9. Now V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1618.

665/11. CNG EA 188, 28 May 2008, lot 248, 7.92, 22 mm.

670/15. Elsen 117, 15 June 2013, lot 404, 10.33.

### Accilaeum

675/17. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1374, 6.35, 24 mm, 180°.

### Acmonia

684/6. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1396, 6.60, 25 mm, 180°.

686/8. C. Rhodes coll., 6.75, 24 mm, 180° (new die combination: A8/R1).

688/18. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1397, 5.63, 24 mm, 180°; 19. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1398, 6.80, 25 mm, 180°; 20. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1399, 7.30, 26 mm, 180°.

689/12. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1400, 5.40, 24 mm, 180°;

### Alioi

692/17. Athens MN 25/5879, 9.96, 26 mm, 360° (as 692/11-16).

696/38. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1408, 6.25, 23 mm, 180°.

### Apamea

701/1. Now CNG Triton V, 15 Jan. 2002, lot 1735.

706/2. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1464, 7.13, 26 mm, 180°.

### Bruzus

707/18. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1479, 8.85, 28 mm, 180° (reverse as 707/7-16); 19. Gitbud&Naumann 14, 2 March 2014, lot 495, 10.6, 30 mm (as 707/7-16); 20. C. Rhodes coll., 8.27, 29 mm, 180° (as 707/12-16), ind. cmk on obv.

708/3. CNG EA 271, 11 Jan. 2012, lot 333, 7.12, 25 mm, 360° (reverse as 708/2).

710/20. Gorny & Mosch 134, 11 Oct. 2004, lot 1992, 10.37 (reverse as 710/1-13); 21. CNG EA 127, 23 Nov. 2005, lot 160, 11.31, 27 mm (reverse as 710/15); 22. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1480, 9.78, 26 mm, 180° (reverse as 710/16-18).

712/31. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1478, 7.65, 24 mm, 360°; 32. CNG EA 163, 25 April 2007, lot 173, 7.99, 25 mm.

### Eucarpeia

719/12. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1505, 11.34, 26 mm, 180°; 13. Tire Museum 1311 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 525), 9.88, 28 mm, 180°.

720/6. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1506, 10.95, 27 mm, 360°.

### Eucarpeia and Eumeneia, alliance

**S3-VII.1-720A** AE. 35 mm, 26.05 g (1). Axis: 7 (1) [0]

AYT K M AN – ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC; radiate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from front, cuirass decorated with gorgoneion.

ΕΥΚΑΡΠΕΩΝ ΚΑΙ ΕΥΜΕΝΕΩΝ // ΟΜΟΝΟΙΑ; Tyche of Eucarpeia and Tyche of Eumeneia standing facing each other, shaking hands above lighted altar; Tyche of Eucarpeia holds statue of Artemis huntress; Tyche of Eumeneia holds statue of Athena.

**1. Private coll.**, 26.05 (= B. Woytek, 'Eucarpeia - Eumeneia. Eine unedierte phrygische Homonoia-Prägung aus der Regierung von Gordianus III.', *SM* Heft 242, Juni 2011, pp. 35-41).



### Lysias

**722/30.** Now V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1685, 7.57, 28 mm, 360° (= vAulock, *Phrygien* II, 677); 40. V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1686, 9.08, 26 mm, 360°; 41. *Fonds Robert* 799 (bought in Izmir), 11.31, 150° (disposition of reverse legend unclear); 42. Tire Museum 93-58 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 541), 9.24, 28 mm, 360° (as 722/21-27); 43. Tire Museum 93-61 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 542), 8.18, 27 mm, 360° (as 722/21-27).

**723/10.** V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1684, 9.25, 26.5 mm, 180° (new reverse die : ΛΥC-ΙΑ-Δ-ΕΩΝ).

**724/35.** V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1687, 6.25, 23.5 mm, 360°.

**727/19.** Tire Museum 93-74 (*SNG Turkey* 5, 540), 3.96, 21 mm, 180° (as 727/1-11).

### Okokleia

**730/6.** V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1699, 8.90, 27 mm, 180° (reverse as 730/3-5).

**731/15.** V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1698, 10.73, 25 mm, 180° (reverse as 731/3-6).

### Sebaste

**736/8.** V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1741, 14.57, 30 mm, 180°.

**738/5.** V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1742, 7.38, 23 mm, 180°.

### Tripolis

**739/2.** Now CNG Triton XV, 3 Jan. 2012, lot 1395.

**741/8. C. Rhodes coll.**, new reverse die with legend reading TP[I]-ΠΟ-Λ-ΕΙΤΩΝ, although –as the rudder is barely, if at all, visible– the deity represented could potentially be Homonoia and not Tyche.



### Docimeion

**744/3.** Gorny & Mosch 156, 5 March 2007, lot 1779, 8.42.

**752/1.** Now Yale 2004.6.3029 (ex PRF).

### Dorylaion

**760/3.** V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1494, 3.25, 17.5 mm, 180°.

### Midaion

**762/2.** V *SNG Lepold* 2, 1695, 11.60, 31.5 mm, 180°.

**763/2. Elsen 117, 15 June 2013, lot 410,** 15.44 (same dies as 763/1, much clearer specimen).



**766/2. Collection M.C. Sutz** 457 (inv. 8364 [2145]), 9.45, 27 mm, 180° (as 766/1, but reverse legend reads M-ΙΑ-AEΩΝ).

**769/2.** C. Rhodes coll., 2.84, 19 mm.

### Nacolea

**775/2. Tire Museum 2003-552** (*SNG Turkey* 5, 543), 2.60, 20 mm, 360°. As 775/1, but with new obverse die: M ANT ΓΟΡΔΙΑΝΟC AVΓ, laureate, draped and cuirassed bust of Gordian III r., seen from behind. This die is already known for Midaion (A4), see *RPC* VII.1, 769 (= Winterthur II, 4190).



### Hadrianopolis-Sebaste

**800/9.** CNG EA 181, 6 Feb. 2008, lot 152, 25.69, 33 mm, 180°; 10. CNG EA 237, 27 July 2010, lot 100, 23.50, 32 mm, 210° (new obverse die).

**803/2.** Art Coins Roma 4, 5 Dec. 2011, lot 325, 26.34, 33 mm.

**805/3.** Now CNG EA 127, 23 Nov. 2005, lot 173; 6. V *SNG Leybold* 2, 1556, 25.90, 35 mm, 180° (reverse as 805/4-5); 7. Gorny & Mosch 181, 12 Oct. 2009, lot 1810, 26.99 (reverse as 805/4-5).

### Philomelium

**807/26.** C. Rhodes coll., 8.89, 25 mm, 210° (as 807/18-22).

**808/7.** Heidelberger Münzhandlung H. Grün 64, 20 Nov. 2014, lot 2079, 4.86.

**809/5.** Yale 2004.6.3078, 2.36, 17 mm, 210° (ex PRF); 6. V *SNG Leybold* 2, 1714, 2.34, 15.5 mm, 180°; 7. CNG EA 254, 20 April 2011, lot 193, 2.37, 17 mm, 180°; 8. Gorny & Mosch 212, 5 March 2013, lot 2460, 2.38.

# Index

## CITIES

### To RPC I and II

This index has two columns: the left is for the Julio-Claudian period (*RPC I*) and the right for *RPC II* (the Flavian period).

This Index is to catalogue numbers, or occasionally to page numbers (prefixed by p.). The index entry is marked + if it includes a new catalogue entry. An entry for a new city is marked with an asterisk (\*).

The index does not give references to cities mentioned in the general and provincial introductions or in the mint introductions to other cities. Nor does it include the minor corrigenda (see Introduction, p. x-xii).

#### **Julio-Claudian Period (*RPC I*)**

Abdera (Spain) 124-6  
Abdera (Thrace) 1727-31 +  
Abydus 2281-94 +  
Acci 133-45  
Achaea, uncertain 1453-70  
Achulla 798-801  
Acmonea 3164-77 +  
Adramyteum 2330-2 +  
Aegae 2427-31 +  
Aegeae 4025-46 +  
\*Aegium p. 67  
\*Aegospotami S-1738A (delete entry)  
Aezani 3066-106 +  
\*Africa, uncertain S-852A  
Agrigentum 658-60  
Alabanda 2806-23 +  
Alexandria 5001-378 +  
  
Alinda 2801-5 +  
Amasea 3571  
Amastris 2105-6  
Amisus 2143-54  
Amorium 3230-42 +  
Amphipolis 1626-45  
Anazarbus 4059-63 +  
Ancyra (Galatia): *see* Galatia (Koinon)  
Ancyra (Phrygia) 3108-15  
Anemurium 3704-8 +  
Anineta p. 445: *see* p. 121  
  
Antioch (Caria) 2829-36 +

#### **Flavian Period (*RPC II*)**

Abdera (Thrace) 355-7  
  
  
  
  
  
Aegae 965-9 +  
Aegeae 1770-82 +  
  
Aezani 1362-70  
  
  
Alexandria (Egypt) 2401-781 +  
Alexandria (Troas) 896-7  
  
Amasea 1630-3  
  
Amorium 1420-5 +  
Amphipolis 337-42  
Anazarbus 1746-56  
Ancyra (Galatia) 1618-23 +  
Ancyra (Phrygia) 1374-83  
Anemurium 1701-13 +  
  
Antandrus 906-9  
Antioch (Caria) 1217-20  
Antioch (Pisidia) 1603-5 +

- Antioch (Syria) 4124-323 +  
 Antipolis 531-2  
 Apamea (Bithynia) 2001-16 +  
 Apamea (Phrygia) 3124-38  
 Apamea (Syria) 4333-78 +  
 Aphrodisias-Plarasa 2837-45 +  
 Apollonia (Illyria) 1501-2 +  
 Apollonia (Pisidia) 3527-8  
 Aradus 4466-93 +  
 Arausio? 533  
 Ariassus 3515-6  
 Armenia (Kingdom) 3841-4 +  
 Armenia Minor (Kingdom) 3839-40 +  
 Arsennaria? 886  
  
 \*Artaxata S2-I-3844A-F  
 Ascalon 4866-93 +  
 Asia, Provincial coinage 2201-35  
  
 Aspendus 3381-90  
 Assorus 665-6  
  
 Astypalaea 2743  
 Attalea 3363-7  
 Attuda 2846  
 Augusta 4006-14 +  
  
 Babba 867-9  
 \*Baesuris S-53A  
 Balanea 4456-65  
 Balbura 3354-7  
 Bargasa 2827-8  
 Berytus 4529-47 +  
 Bilbilis 387-400  
 Bithynia, uncertain 2097-104 +  
  
 Bosporus (Kingdom) 1842-934 +  
 Botrys 4523-4  
 Briula 2679, S-5444  
 Buthrotum 1378-417 +  
 Byzantium 1770-82  
  
 CA coinage (Asia) 2227-35  
 CA coinage (Syria) 4100-7  
 Cadi 3062-5  
 Caesaraugusta 304-86 +  
 Caesarea (Iol) 880-3  
 Caesarea (Cappadocia) 3601-58 +  
 Caesarea(?s) (uncertain Cilicia) 4084, 4085-6 +  
 Caesarea-Anazarbus 4059-63  
 Caesarea Germanicia 2017  
 Caesarea Maritima 4858-65  
 Caesarea Paneas 4842-6  
 Caesarea Paneas or Maritima 4847-8  
  
 Antioch (Syria) 1901-2025 +  
  
 Aphrodisias 1221-5  
  
 Apollonia (Pisidia) 1601-2  
  
 Armenia Minor (Kingdom) 1692  
  
 \*Arsinoite nome S3-II-2770A  
  
 Asia 801-58  
 Asia Minor, uncertain 1451-88  
 Aspendus 1521-2 +  
  
 Assus 898-900  
  
 Bithynia (Koinon) 601-18 +  
 Bosporus (Kingdom) 451-79  
  
 Briula 1122-5  
  
 Byzantium 366-70  
  
 Cadi 1360-1  
  
 Caesarea (Cappadocia) 1636-88 +

- Calagurris 431-51  
 \*Calagurris-Celsa (hybrid) S-451A-B, S2-451C  
 Calchedon 1783-8  
 Callatis 1802 +  
  
 Carteia 111-23  
 Cartenna 884-5  
 Carthage 745-57  
 Carthago Nova 146-86  
 Carystus 1355-8  
 Cascantum 425-8  
 Cassandra 1511-7 +  
 Cassandra/Dium 1509-10  
 Castabala 4064-5 +  
 Castulonian Mines 132  
  
 Celsa-Lepida 261-80  
 \*Celsa-Calagurris (hybrid) S-451A-B  
 Centuripae 667  
 \*Ceos S-1300A  
 Cephallenia (Proculeius) 1359-62  
 Cephaloedium 634-5  
 Ceramus 2773-4 +  
 Calchedon 1783-8  
 Chalcis (Euboea) 1343-54 +  
 Chalcis (Syria) 4768-80 +  
 Chersonesus 1937-44  
 Chios 2412-24  
 Cibyra 2882-90  
 Cidrama 2874-81  
  
 Cilbiani: *see also* Nicaea  
 Cilbiani Superiores 2565-6  
 Cilicia (Kings) 3871-2 +  
 Cilicia, uncertain 4082-3  
 Cirta/Constantine 701-5  
 Cirta Nova (?) 706-8  
 Cius 2020-5  
 Claudiconium 3541-5  
  
 Clazomenae 2492-503  
 Cleopatra and Antony 4094-6  
 Clovius 601  
 Clunia 452-8  
 \*Cnidus S-5436 (delete entry)  
 Cnossus 926-37, 976-1009  
 Colophon 2523  
 Colossae 2891 (delete entry)  
 Comana (Pontus) 2157-61 +  
 Comana (Cappadocia) 3661 +  
 Commagene (Kings) 3845-67  
 Commagene? 3868-70  
 Constantine/Cirta 701-5  
 Corcyra p. 274: *see* p. 73  
  
 \*Calchedon S3-2-370A  
 \*Callatis S3-2-410A  
 \*Carallia: *see* p. 220  
  
 Cassandra 314-7 +  
  
 Celenderis 1715-6  
  
 Cibyra 1261-7 +  
  
 Cidyessus 1390-2  
 Cilbiani: *see also* Nicaea Cilbianorum  
  
 Claudiopolis 690-8 +

- Corinth 1116-237  
 Corinth 101-218 +  
 Coropissus 1717
- Corycus 3711-3 +  
 Cos 2724-42, ?S-5481  
 Cos 1161-72
- Cotiaeum 3218-27 +, ?S-5435  
 Cremna 3518-22  
 Crete 901-3  
 Crete (Koinon) 963-75, 1029-39 +  
 Crete (Koinon) 1-45 +  
 Crete and Cyrenaica 904-6  
 Crete and Cyrenaica (Crassus) 914-8  
 Crete and Cyrenaica (P. Lepidius) 907  
 Crete and Cyrenaica (L. Lollius) 908-13
- Cyme 2432-5  
 Cyprus 3901-35  
 Cyprus 1801-26
- Cyrenaica (Capito q. and Palikanus pr.) 938-41  
 Cyrenaica (Cleopatra and Antony) 924-5  
 Cyrenaica (Pupius Rufus) 919-23  
 Cyrenaica (Scato procos.) 942-5  
 Cyrenaica (Tiberius) 946-9 +  
 Cyrene 911-3, 917-8  
 Cyzicus 2239-51  
 Cyzicus 879-89
- Damascus 4781-806 +  
 \*Delphi p. 72  
 Daldis 1324-7
- Demetrius (Thessaly) 1421-4 +  
 Dertosa-Ilercavonia 205-9  
 \*Dionysopolis (Moesia) S3-I-1801A  
 Dionysopolis (Phrygia) 3116-23 +  
 Dioshieron 2556-62
- Dium 1503-8 +  
 Dium 313  
 Dium/Cassandrea 1509-10  
 Dium/Pella 1528-44  
 Divos Iulius 620-1  
 Docimeum 3211-5 +  
 Dora 4752-67  
 Dyme 1283-9  
 Dyrrhachium p. 289: see p. 80
- Ebora 50-1  
 Ebusus 479-82  
 Edessa 1518-27  
 Egypt 5001-378 +
- Elaea 2398-411 +, ?S-5480  
 Elaia 957 +  
 Elaesa/Sebaste 3714-22  
 \*Elatea S3-I-1342B  
 Eleutherna 953 +  
 Emerita 5-49 +  
 Emporiae 234-58  
 Entella 653-4  
 Ephesus 2569-632 +  
 Ephesus 1064-93  
 Ephesus and Philadelphia alliance 1332

- Epiphanea 4066-73  
 Ercavica 459-67 +  
 Eresus 2334-6  
 Eucarpia 3159-60  
 Eumenea 3142-52 +  
 \*Euipe S-2823B
- 'Fleet' coinage (Atratinus) 1453-61  
 'Fleet' coinage (Bibulus) 4088-93  
 'Fleet' coinage (Capito) 1462-70  
 Forum Iulii 534-6  
 Fulvia 3139-41
- Gaba 4855-7  
 Gabala 4449-55  
 Gadara 4809-24  
 Gades 77-97  
 Galatia (Kings) 3501-7  
 Galatia (Koinon) 3546-67 +  
 Gallia Comata? 537-8  
 \*Gargara S2-I-2324A  
 Gaza 4894-6  
 Germanus Indutilli l. (Gaul) 506
- Gortyn 1029-39 (?)  
 Graccurreis 429-30
- Hadrumetum 771-83 +  
 Halaesa 628-33  
 Halicarnassus 2720-2  
 \*Harpasa S-2823A  
 Henna 661-4  
 \*Hephaestia p. 88  
 Heraclea (Bithynia) 2087-96 +  
 Heraclea (Caria) 2852-62
- Hierapolis (Phrygia) 2930-83 +  
 Hierapolis-Castabala 4064-5 +  
 Hierapolis-Comana 3661 +  
 Hierapytna 955-6 +  
 Hierocaesarea 2384-91 +  
 Hippo Regius 709-16  
 Hypaepa 2527-55 +
- Iaiton 646-7  
 Iasus 2796-7, ?S5479  
 Iconium 3541-5  
 Ilercavonia-Dertosa 205-9  
 Ilerda 259-60  
 Ilici 187-99  
 Ilium 2300-18
- Ephesus and Smyrna alliance 1079-93  
 Epiphanea 1785-90 +
- Eumenea 1386-8
- Flaviopolis 1757-61
- Gaba 2232-41
- Gadara 2093-7
- Galatia (Koinon) 1614-7
- Gargara 901-2
- Germe (Mysia) 925-31
- Heracleopolite nome 2771  
 Hermopolite nome 2772?
- Iasus 1200-1  
 Iconium 1607-11 +

- Imbros 1734-8 +  
 \*Imperatoria Salacia *see* Salacia  
 Irenopolis Neronias Sepphoris 4849-50  
 Irippio 55-6 +  
 Irippio-Osset (hybrid) 57 +  
 Isinda 3510-3  
 Istrus S-1841A, S2-I-1841B-C  
 Italica 60-72 +  
 Iulia (Phrygia) 3191-3  
 Iulia Constantia Zilil 866 +  
 Iulia Pia Paterna 758-70  
 Iulia Patricia 127-131  
 Iulia Traducta 98-110  
  
 Judaea (Kings) 4901-53, 4973-92 +  
 Judaea (Procurators) 4954-72  
  
 Koinon of Macedonia (Thessalonica) 1610-25  
  
 Laelia 54 +  
 Lampsacus 2268-80  
 Laodicea (Phrygia) 2892-928 +  
 Laodicea (Syria) 4379-448 +  
 Larissa 1425-52 +  
 Lebedus 2521-2 +  
 Lemnos p. 316: *see* p. 88  
 Lepcis Magna 840-52  
 Lepida-Celsa 261-80  
 Lepti Minus 784-91  
 Libo 483  
 Lilybaeum 655-7  
 Lixus p. 212: *see* p. 61  
 Locri 1338-42 +  
 Lugdunum 511-6  
 Lugdunum (auxiliary mints) 508-9  
  
 Lycian league 3301-52 +  
 Lystra 3538-40  
  
 Macedonia, uncertain (Philippi?) 1656-61  
 Macedonian Koinon 1610-25  
 Maconia 3011-5  
 Magnesia (Ionia) 2690-701  
 Magnesia ad Sipylum (Lydia) 2448-60  
 Magnetes 1421-4 +  
 Mallus 4015-24 +  
 Marathus 4494-9  
 \*Marisa p. 169-70  
 \*Massalia pp. 49-50  
 Mastaura 2672-8  
 \*Matavo S-535 corr.
- Iulia Gordus 1384-5  
  
 Judaea (Kings) 2242-99  
 Judaea (Judaea Capta) 2310-13  
  
 Judaea (Roman administration) 2300-9  
 Juliopolis 665-7  
  
 Laodicea (Phrygia) 1268-99  
  
 Lycia 1501-5  
  
 Lystra 1606 +  
  
 Macedonian Koinon 331-6  
  
 Magnetes 275-6

- Mauretania, eastern, Imperial coinage 877-9  
 Mauretania, eastern, Regal coinage (Bocchus II) 873-6  
 Mauretania, eastern, uncertain 886  
 Mauretania, western, Regal coinage (Bogud) 853-6  
 Melita 672-4  
 Melos 1294-300  
  
 \*Mesambria S3-I-1789-90  
 Messene (Achaea) p. 248 +: see p. 66-7  
 Metropolis (Ionia) 2524-6  
  
 Miletopolis 2237-8  
 Miletus 2702-17 +  
 Mopsus 4047-58 +  
 Mostene 2461-2  
 Mylasa 2782-95  
 Myrina 2425-6 +  
 Mysomacedones 2567-8  
 Mytilene 2342-9 +  
  
 Narbonne 518  
  
 Nemausus 519-26  
 Nero/Claudius tetradrachms 4122-3  
 Nicaea (Bithynia) 2026-61 +  
 Nicaea Cilbianorum 2563-4  
 Nicomedia 2062-86 +  
 Nicopolis 1363-77 +  
 Nysa (Lydia) 2659-71 +  
 Nysa (Palestine) 4825-35 +  
  
 Odessus 1801  
 Oea 826-39  
 Olba 3723-42  
 Olbia 1945-7  
 Oppius 602-3  
 Opus 1338-42 +  
 Orthosia (Caria) 2824-6 +  
 Orthosia (Syria) 4501-8 +  
 Osca 281-303 +  
 Osicerda 468-9  
 Osset 58-9  
 Osset-Irippa (hybrid) S59A  
  
 Paneas 4842-6 +  
 Panormus 636-45, S-5432  
 Paphlagonia (Kings) 3508-9  
 Parium 2253-67 +  
 Patras 1245-82 +  
 Patricia 127-31  
 Pax Iulia 52-3 +  
 Pella 1545-50  
  
 Memphite nome 2775-6  
 Mendesian nome 2777?  
  
 Midacum 1415-6 +  
  
 Miletus 1150-8  
 Mopsus 1740-5  
 Mostene 987-95 +  
  
 Myrina 964 +  
  
 Nacrassa 932-8  
  
 Neapolis (Samaria) 2218-25  
  
 Nicaea (Bithynia) 627-47 +  
  
 Nicomedia 648-64 +  
  
 Odessus 401  
  
 Olba 1719-21  
  
 Orthosia 1204-13 +  
  
 Oxyrhynchite nome 2773-4  
  
 Parium? 887-9  
 Patras 219-62

- Pella/Dium 1528-44  
 Perga 3369-73  
 Pergamum 2354-78 +  
 Perinthus 1745-69 +  
 Perperene 2350-3 +  
 Pessinus: *see* Galatia  
 Philadelphia 3016-42 +  
  
 Philippi 1646-55  
 Philippi? 1656-61  
  
 Philomelium 3243-8  
 Phocaea 2436-45 +  
 Phoenice 1418-19 +  
 Pisidian colony, uncertain 3517  
 Piso Frugi 619  
 Pitane 2392-7 +  
 Plarasa: *see* Aphrodisias  
 Poemanenum 2252  
 Pompeiopolis 4001-3  
 Pontus, uncertain 2155-6 +  
 Pontus (Kings) 3801-38 +  
 Priene 2687-9  
 Princeps Felix 4082-3  
  
 Prynnessus 3194-210 +  
 Ptolemais (Cyrenaica) 916  
 Ptolemais (Syria) 4740-51 +  
  
 Regulus 4097-9  
 Rhodes 2744-72 +  
 Romula 73-6  
 Rutilus 3517  
  
 Sabratha 811-25  
 Sagalassus 3523-6 +  
 Saguntum 200-4 +  
  
 \*Salacia S-51A-B, S2-I-51C  
  
 Sardis (Caesarea) 2896-3010 +  
  
 Scepsis 2325-9, S-5430  
 Sebaste (Phrygia) 3153-8  
 Sebaste/Elaeusa 3714-22  
  
 Segesta 648-52  
 Segobriga 470-77  
 Segovia 478  
 Seleucia 4324-32 +  
 Selinus 3701-2 +  
  
 Perinthus 361-5  
  
 Pessinus (?) 1627-8  
 Philadelphia 1328-40  
 Philadelphia and Ephesus alliance 1332  
 Philippi 343-5 +  
  
 Philippopolis 351-4 +  
  
 Phocaea 972-9  
  
 Pompeiopolis 1722-6  
  
 Priene 1143-4  
  
 Prusias ad Hypium 668-87  
 Prusias ad Mare (Cius) 621-6  
  
 Rhodes 1173-94  
  
 Saite nome 2778  
  
 Samos 1126-42  
 Sardis 1305-23 +  
 Sardis and Smyrna alliance 1317  
  
 Sebastopolis 1240-8  
 Sebennyte nome 2779-80  
  
 Sethroite nome 2781

- \*Sexi S-123A  
 Sextus Pompey 486-7, 671  
 Sibia 3161-3 +  
 Sicily, uncertain 668-71  
 Side 3391-403 +  
 Sidon 4548-618 +  
  
 Sillyum 3374-80 +  
 Sinope 2107-42 +  
 Sisenna 668  
 'Sistripia' 4087 +  
 Smyrna 2463-91 +  
 Sosius 1290-3  
 Spain, uncertain 483-5  
 Stratonicea 2775-81  
  
 Syedra 3405  
  
 Synnada 3178-90  
  
 Tanagra 1313-29  
 Tarraco 210-33  
 Tarsus 4004-5 +  
 Tavium 3568-70  
 Temnus 2446-7  
 Teos 2511-20  
 Termessus (Pisidia) 3514  
 Termessus by Oenoanda (Lycia) 3358-61  
 Thaena 803-10 +  
 Thapsus 792-7  
 Thebes 1330-7  
  
 Thessalian League *see* Larissa  
 Thessalonica 1551-609 +  
 Thrace (kingdom) 1701-26  
  
 Thyatira 2379-83  
 Tingi 857-65  
  
 Tomi 1803-41 +  
 Traducta 98-110  
 Tralles 2633-58  
 Trapezopolis 2847-51  
 Tripolis (Lydia) 3047-58  
 Tripolis (Syria) 4509-22 +  
 Turiaso 401-24 +  
 Turrus Libisonis? 622-3  
 Tyana 3659-60  
 Tyndaris 627  
 \*Tyra S2-I-1947A-B  
 Tyre 4619-739 +  
  
 Uncertain coins 5401-67 +
- Side 1523-8 +  
  
 Silandus 1350-5  
  
 Sinope 714-25 +  
  
 Smyrna 996-1030  
  
 Stratonicea 1196  
 Stobi 301-12 +  
  
 Synaus 1371-3 +  
  
 Tarsus 1727-33  
 Tavium 1624-6  
 Temnus 980-3 +  
 Teos 1038-48 +  
  
 Thespieae 266-74  
  
 Thessalonica 318-30  
  
 Thrace (Latin coins) 501-43 +  
 Thyatira 939-49 +  
  
 Titopolis 1714 +  
 Tium 699-704 +  
 Tomi 402-12 +  
  
 Tralles 1094-1108 +  
  
 Tyra 493-5  
  
 Uncertain 2801-17 +

Uncertain (Gaul) 537-8  
 Uncertain mint (NW Spain) 1-4  
 Utica 717-44 +  
 Vienna 517 +  
 Zacynthus (Sosius) 1290-3  
 Zeus tetradrachms 4108-21 +  
 Zilil 866 +

Uncertain mint (Bithynia) 705-11  
 Uncertain mint (Cappadocia) 1689-91

### To RPC VII.1

This Index is to catalogue numbers, or occasionally to page numbers (prefixed by p.).

Accilaeum	675
Acmonia	684, 686, 688, 689
Acrasus	178
Adramyteum	53, 64corr, 65
Alexandria Troas	2
Alioi	692, 696
Antioch and Maeandrum	603, S3-604A, 609, S4-612A
Apamea	701, 706
Aphrodisas	622
Apollonia ad Rhyndacum	66, 67
Bruzus	707, 708, 710, 712
Cadi	206, 209, 210
Cibyra	660, 663, 664, 665, 670
Colophon	351, S3-351A, 352
Cyme	275, 277, 279
Cyzicus	7, 11, 23, 26, 27, 31, 45
Daldis	201Acorr, S3-203
Docimeion	744, 752
Dorylaion	760
Elaea	98
Ephesus	362, 365, 366, 368, S3-369A, 377, S3-379A, 381, 382, 384, 385, 389, 390, S4-390A, 391, 392, 395, 396, 398, S3-398A
Ephesus and Alexandria, alliance	400, S3-400A, 401, 404, 407, 410corr, 411, 412, 414, 416, 417, 419, 420
Eucarpeia	719, 720
Eucarpeia and Eumeneia, alliance	S3-720A
Germe	103, 108, S4-111A, 112, 113, 119, 125, 129, 131, 132, 141, S4-141A, 142, 143, 145, 146, 149, 150, 153
Hadrianeia	71
Hadrianopolis-Sebaste	800, 803, 805
Halicarnassus	598, 601
Harpasa	p. 246
Hydisos	p. 246
Hypaepa	423, 424, S4-427A, 420corr, S4-430A, 433

Ilium	38, 42, 45
Lysias	722, 723, 724, 727
Magnesia ad Maeandrum	S3-525A, 527, 532, S4-532A, 533, S4-540A, S4-543A, S4-556A, 559, 562
Magnesia ad Sipylum	286, 288, 290
Mastaura	S3-435A
Metropolis	440, 448, S3-449A, 451, 455, 456, 459, 460
Midaion	762, 763
Miletoupolis	89
Miletus	565, 567, 572
Mylasa	654
Nacolea	775
Neapolis	658
Nysa	476
Okokleia	730, 731
Pergamum	164, 170
Pergamum and Nicomedia, alliance	173, 174, 175
Philadelphia and Smyrna, alliance	268, 269, 269A
Philomelium	807, 808, 809
Phocaea	299
Saitta	220, 223
Samos	580, 582, 586, 589, 591
Sardis	231, 233, 234, 235corr, S4-235A, 239, 244corr, 245
Sebaste	736, 738
Smyrna	308, 311, 315, 327, 334
Temnus	S3-339A, 343
Thyatira	198
Thyatira and Smyrna, alliance	192, 193, 194
Tralles	487, 489, 490, 493, 497, 498, 499, 506
Tripolis	739, 741



